



# Manual on Electoral Rolls

March 2023  
Document 10 - Edition 2



**भारत निर्वाचन आयोग**  
**ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA**  
Nirvachan Sadan, Ashoka Road, New Delhi-110001

*"No voter to be left behind"*



राजीव कुमार  
भारत के मुख्य निर्वाचन आयुक्त  
**Rajiv Kumar**  
Chief Election Commissioner of India



**भारत निर्वाचन आयोग**  
**Election Commission of India**



### Message

Elections are the foundation of democracy and the conduct of free, fair and transparent elections on the basis of electoral rolls is the mandate conferred on the Election Commission of India by the Constitution. The superintendence, direction and control of preparation of electoral rolls for elections to Parliament and State Legislatures is vested in the Election Commission of India. The process of preparation of electoral roll is carried out by the electoral machineries within the given framework of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 and Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 and in accordance with the Commission's guidelines and instructions issued from time to time.

This is the second edition of 'Manual on Electoral Rolls' which is updated version of previous one and consists of all present existing instructions on all aspects of electoral rolls issued over the years, especially inclusive of the changed scenario of provisions of four qualifying dates for preparation/updation of electoral roll and advance applications from prospective electors, that has been effected by the amendment in electoral laws. I am sure this Manual would prove immensely helpful to all electoral officials by giving them insight into various issues that would come across while preparation of electoral rolls and it will equip them to execute their responsibility more effectively and meticulously.

I would like to congratulate Sh. Rajesh Aggarwal, the then CEO, Manipur, and all members of the Committee for updating the Manual and all officers of Electoral Roll Division headed by Shri Hirdesh Kumar, Deputy Election Commissioner who have been part of this exercise, for rendering contribution to preparation of this Manual.

(Rajiv Kumar)



**अनूप चन्द्र पाण्डेय**  
भारत के निर्वाचन आयुक्त  
**Anup Chandra Pandey**  
Election Commissioner of India



**भारत निर्वाचन आयोग**  
**Election Commission of India**



**MESSAGE**

The Commission has been carrying out the mammoth task of preparation and updation of electoral roll for conducting elections in the country on regular intervals as per the schedule. The electoral machineries including Electoral Registration Officers accomplish such task within the given framework of electoral law. The Commission's instructions and directions issued from time to time not only remain guiding principle but also help them in executing their responsibilities effectively and meticulously. The Manual on Electoral Roll is the book enumerating relevant laws, eco-systems of electoral machineries, their roles, and responsibilities and how they are expected to be while executing their duties during preparation and updation of electoral roll.

This updated version of 'Manual on Electoral Rolls' has been prepared taking into account the recent amendment to electoral laws which have opened a wide spectrum for registration of young citizens with availability of four qualifying dates in a year. This Manual has reference of the main actions and operations that have to be accomplished and key responsibilities that have to be shouldered by the electoral system right from the top downwards and grassroots i.e. BLO upwards. As a Manual, it will be a valuable and facilitating Document to electoral system including stakeholders through the entire process of preparation and updation of electoral roll.

I would like to compliment the entire team of Electoral Roll Division under Sh. Hirdesh Kumar, Deputy Election Commissioner for coming with this useful, comprehensive, and nearly exhaustive volume on the whole process of preparation and updation of electoral roll and I am sure it would of immense help to electoral managers in India and abroad.

  
**(Anup Chandra Pandey)**



अरुण गोयल  
भारत के निर्वाचन आयुक्त

**Arun Goel**

Election Commissioner of India



सत्यमेव जयते



भारत निर्वाचन आयोग  
Election Commission of India

No. 23/ERM/Committee/ERS/2022

June 13<sup>th</sup>, 2023



**MESSAGE**

Pure and transparently prepared electoral roll is always a bedrock to conduct a free and fair election. The Constitution of India has mandated Election Commission of India for the superintendence, direction and control of preparation of electoral rolls for elections to Parliament and State Legislatures. Towards accomplishing this constitutional responsibility, the Commission gives utmost importance to the exercise of preparation and revision of electoral roll. Updation of Electoral Roll Manual well before the elections to the eighteenth Lok Sabha is a step in this direction.

The process of revision and updation of electoral roll involves huge electoral machinery. Therefore, it is quite essential to codify roles of all our officials involved in the preparation of electoral rolls from the level of CEOs, DEOs, EROs/AEROs and down to the level of BLO, updated and make them aware about all the related electoral laws, rules and guidelines. Upon the Election Laws (Amendment) Act, 2021 coming into existence, significant new provisions have been introduced in rules and guidelines. This brings in relevance of the updated manual.

I would like to compliment the members of the Committee constituted for the updation of the Manual and Sh. Hirdesh Kumar, Deputy Election Commissioner for their meaningful contributions.

  
(Arun Goel)





हृदेश कुमार, भा.प्र.से.  
उप निर्वाचन आयुक्त  
Hirdesh Kumar, I.A.S.  
Deputy Election Commissioner



भारत निर्वाचन आयोग  
Election Commission of India



### **Foreword**

Preparation of electoral rolls is a constitutional responsibility of the Election Commission and pure and health electoral roll is prerequisite to conduct a successful election. The updated Manual on Electoral Rolls, brought out by the Election Commission of India, is an endeavour to provide an updated, comprehensive yet concise document incorporating all existing guidelines/instructions of the Election Commission on preparation and revision of electoral rolls and all activities relating thereto. Keeping in view the recent amendments in Laws, all subsequently issued guidelines have also been incorporated in the Manual. The chapters are divided by topics related to enrolment process, each topic covering the current state of regulations and the Election Commission's instructions to tackle various situations being faced by registration officers. A list of Frequently asked questions (FAQs) with their answers has also been provided at the end of the document.

I hope that this compilation will be beneficial, helpful and handy for electoral registration officers, stakeholders and all such persons from public who may be interested in the subject of electoral rolls. I would like to congratulate Sh. Narendra N. Butolia, Sr. Pr. Secretary, Sh. Ajoy Kumar, Pr. Secretary, Sh. Pawan Diwan, Secretary and entire team of Electoral Roll Division who have made possible this important task of updating the manual in a time bound manner.

  
(Hirdesh Kumar)



# Table of Content

## 1 Glossary of the Terms use

## 2 SECTION I - GENERAL 01

<b>CHAPTER 1 HISTORICAL BACKGROUND</b>	02-10
<b>CHAPTER 2 CONSTITUTIONAL AND LEGAL FRAMEWORK</b>	10
2.1 Introduction	11
2.2 Constitutional Provisions	11-12
2.3 Legal Provision and Rules	13-14
2.4 Executive Instructions of the Election Commission	14-15
2.5 Statutory Forms for Registration (Claims & Objections)	15-17

## 3 SECTION II - ORGANIZATIONAL SETUP 18

<b>CHAPTER 3 ADMINISTRATIVE MACHINERY</b>	20
3.1 Introduction	20
3.2 Statutory Administrative Machinery	20-23
3.3 Subsidiary Electoral Functionary	23-24
3.4 Electoral Roll Observers	24-25
3.5 Officials/Staff Deployed for Roll Revision to be on Deemed Deputation	25
3.6 Breach of Official Duty in Connection with Preparation of Electoral Rolls	26
3.7 Provision of Adequate Staff and Ban on Transfers/ Postings of Officials During Revision Period	26 27
3.8 Training of Officers Employed in Preparation and Revision of Electoral Rolls	
<b>CHAPTER 4 ELECTORAL REGISTRATION OFFICER</b>	28
4.1 Introduction	29
4.2 Appointment	29
4.3 Electoral Registration Officers for Council Constituencies	29
4.4 Duties and Responsibilities	29
4.5 Assistant Electoral Registration Officer	30
4.6 Basic IT Infrastructure	30
4.7 Transfer/Posting	30
4.8 Grant of TA/DA	30

<b>CHAPTER 5 BOOTH LEVEL OFFICER</b>	31
5.1 Introduction	31
5.2 Appointment	31-32
5.3 Duties and Responsibilities	33-34
5.4 Booth Level Officer's Register	34-35
5.5 Monitoring and evaluation	35
5.6 Training	35
5.7 Remuneration/honorarium and TA/DA for Booth Level Officers	35

## **4 SECTION III – BASIC CONCEPTS** 36

<b>CHAPTER 6 ELIGIBILITY CONDITIONS FOR ENROLMENT</b>	38
6.1 Introduction	38
6.2 Qualifications and Disqualifications for Registration	39
<b>CHAPTER 7 DETERMINATION OF CITIZENSHIP</b>	40
7.1 Introduction	40
7.2 Case of Migrants	40
7.3 Case of Married Women	40
7.4 Verification of Citizenship certificate	41
7.5 Determination of Citizenship of Homeless Persons	41
7.6 Documents of Citizenship	41
7.7 Determination of Citizenship under provisions of the Citizenship Act, 1955	42-44
<b>CHAPTER 8 DETERMINATION OF ORDINARY RESIDENCE</b>	45
8.1 Introduction	45
8.2 Proof of Ordinary Residence	46
8.3 Temporary absence	46
8.4 Mere ownership of a dwelling place	46
8.5 Homeless/pavement Dwellers	46
8.6 Sex Workers	46
8.7 Exceptions to the General Principle of Ordinary Residence	47-48
<b>CHAPTER 9 KEY ISSUES RELATING TO ELECTORAL ROLLS</b>	49
9.1 Minimum Age as on 'Qualifying Date'	49-50
9.2 Periodicity of Revision – When to Revise Electoral Rolls	51
9.3 Types of Revision	51-52
9.4 Language of Electoral Rolls	53
9.5 Electoral Roll for Legislative Assembly/ Parliamentary Constituency	53
9.6 Electoral Rolls for Legislative Council Constituencies	53
9.7 Electoral Roll Parts and Polling Stations	54
9.8 Polling Station and 'Section'	54
9.9 Layout and Structure of Electoral Rolls	55
9.10 Registration at Multiple Places	55-56
9.11 Reporting MIS Formats (Formats 1-8)	57

<b>CHAPTER 10 PRE-REVISION ACTIVITIES</b>	60
10.1 Introduction	60
10.2 Main Pre-revision Activities	61-83
10.3 Printing of Draft Roll	83
<b>CHAPTER 11 REVISION PROCESS</b>	84
11.1 Introduction	84
11.2 Publication of Draft Electoral Roll and Activities Relating Thereto	84-86
11.3 Claims and Objections	86-93
11.4 Supervision and Checks	94-96
11.5 Suo-Moto Action by Electoral Registration Officer During Revision Period	96-97
11.6 Appeal against Electoral Registration Officer's Decisions	97-98
11.7 Final Publication of Electoral Rolls	98-100
<b>CHAPTER 12 CONTINUOUS UPDATION</b>	101
12.1 Introduction	101-102
12.2 Data Entry During Continuous Updation	102
12.3 Preparation of Supplement for Elections	102-103
12.4 Appeal	103-104
<b>CHAPTER 13 OTHER IMPORTANT ASPECTS OF PREPARATION AND REVISION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS</b>	105
13.1 Introduction	105
13.2 Suo-moto Deletions	105
13.3 Disposal of Claims & Objections received after the Period of Claims & Objections during Revision Process	105
13.4 Disposal of Claims & objections and Printing of Supplements for the Constituencies Where Bye-Elections Announced during Revision Process	106
13.5 Whether Names can be added and EPIC issued before the Final Publication during a Summary Revision	106-107
13.6 General Guidelines for Deletion, Inclusions, Transposition & Corrections	107-109
13.7 Preparation of Final Roll in an Election Year	110-111
13.8 Preparation of Final Roll in Non-election Year	111
13.9 Preparation of Electoral Roll for Conduct of Elections by Returning Officer	111-112
13.10 Custody and Preservation of Electoral Rolls and Connected Papers	112-113
13.11 Disposal of Electoral Roll and Connected Papers	114

<b>CHAPTER 14 ELECTORS PHOTO IDENTITY CARDS (EPIC)</b>	117
14.1 Introduction	117
14.2 Rule Position regarding EPIC	117-118
14.3 Specification for EPIC	118-127
14.4 Functional Unique Serial Number (FUSN)	128
14.5 Specification of Digital Photograph for EPIC	128
14.6 Standards of Photography for EPIC	128
14.7 Procedure of Preparation of EPIC	129-130
14.8 Replacement EPIC	130-131
14.9 Delivery/Distribution of EPIC	131
14.10 Undistributed EPICs	132

## SECTION VI – CATEGORIES OF ELECTORS WITH SPECIAL PROVISIONS

<b>CHAPTER 15 REGISTRATION OF SERVICE VOTERS</b>	135
15.1 Introduction	135
15.2 Who is a Service Voter	135-136
15.3 Who is a 'Classified Service Voter'	137
15.4 Structure and Layout of the Last Part (List of Service Voters) in Electoral Rolls	137-138
15.5 Preparation of Last Part of Electoral Roll	138-140
15.6 Manner and Procedure of Registration of Service Voters	140
15.7 Process by Electoral Registration Officer	140
15.8 Submission of Forms by Service Personnel	141
15.9 Process at the Level of National Nodal Officer	141-142
15.10 Process and Verification by Record Officers/Commanding Officers/Authorities	142-143
15.11 Process at level of DEO	143-144
15.12 Process and disposal at level of ERO	144-145
15.13 Final Publication	145
<b>CHAPTER 16 REGISTRATION OF OVERSEAS INDIAN ELECTORS</b>	146
16.1 Introduction	146
16.2 Who is an Overseas Indian Elector	146
16.3 Manner and Procedure of Registration of Overseas Indian Electors	146-147
16.4 Process of Applications by Electoral Registration Officer	147-148
16.5 Inclusion of Names of the Overseas Indian Electors in the Roll	148
16.6 Intimation about Change in Address	148
16.7 Identification of Overseas Indian Elector at Polling Station	148

## 8

## SECTION VII – IT INNOVATIONS

149

<b>CHAPTER 17 COMPUTERIZATION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS</b>	151
17.1 Historical Background	151-152
17.2 Present Status	152
<b>CHAPTER 18 CITIZEN CENTRIC SERVICES:</b>	153
18.1 NATIONAL VOTER SERVICE PORTAL	153-154
18.2 VOTER PORTAL	154-155
18.3 NGRS	155-156
18.4 VOTER HELPLINE APP	156-157
18.5 PWD APP	158-159
<b>CHAPTER 19 ELECTION OFFICIAL CENTRIC SERVICES:</b>	160
19.1 SERVICE VOTER	160-161
19.2 GARUDA	162-167
<b>CHAPTER 20 ERO NET</b>	168
20.1 Introduction	168
20.2 Main functionalities	168-169
20.3 Citizen Centric Services through ERONet	169
20.4 Common Process Flow in ERO Net	169-173
20.5 DSEs, PSEs and Discrepancies in EPICs.	173-175
20.6 Election officials involved in ERO Net	176
20.7 Roles and Responsibilities of Election Officials in ERO Net	176-190

## 9

## SECTION VIII – PREPARATION AND REVISION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS FOR COUNCIL CONSTITUENCIES

191

<b>CHAPTER 21 CONSTITUTIONAL AND LEGAL FRAMEWORK OF LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS</b>	193
21.1 Introduction	193-194
21.2 Constitutional Provisions	194-196
<b>CHAPTER 22 ADMINISTRATIVE MACHINERY AND OTHER KEY FEATURES RELATING TO PREPARATION AND REVISION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS FOR COUNCIL CONSTITUENCIES</b>	197
22.1 Administrative Machinery	197-198
22.2 Format of Electoral Rolls of Council Constituencies	198-199
22.3 Language of Electoral Rolls	199
22.4 Polling Stations	199-200

<b>CHAPTER 23 PREPARATION AND REVISION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS FOR COUNCIL CONSTITUENCIES</b>	201
23.1 Introduction	201
23.2 Local Authorities' Constituencies	201-202
23.3 Graduates' Constituencies	202-206
23.4 Teachers' Constituencies	206-209
23.5 Special Efforts to Enroll All Eligible Persons	209
23.6 Special Guidelines for Collecting EPIC Numbers	209
23.7 Provision Regarding Registration at Multiple Places	210
23.8 Instructions Related to Transparency	210
23.9 Computerization of Electoral Rolls for Council Constituencies	210-211
23.10 Database Structure of Electoral Rolls for Graduates' and Teachers' Constituencies	211
23.11 Data After Final Publication	211
23.12 Continuous Updation	211

## **10 SECTION IX – MISCELLANEOUS** 212

<b>CHAPTER 24 SHARING OF ELECTORAL ROLLS</b>	214
24.1 Putting Electoral Rolls in Public Domain	214-215
24.2 Inspection of Electoral Rolls and Related Papers	215
24.3 Supply of Certified Copy of Electoral Rolls	215-216
24.4 Sharing of Electoral Rolls with State Election Commission	216-217
24.5 Sharing of Electoral Rolls with Various Government Departments	217-218
<b>CHAPTER 25 ROLE OF POLITICAL PARTIES</b>	219
25.1 Introduction	219
25.2 Concept of 'Booth Level Agent'	219-221
25.3 Free Supply of Copies of Electoral Rolls to Recognized Political Parties	221-222
25.4 Free Supply of Copy of Electoral Rolls to the Contesting Candidates of Recognized Political Parties	222-223
25.5 Providing Copy of Electoral Rolls in Alphabetical Order to Political Parties/Contesting Candidates	223
25.6 Free Supply of Copies of Electoral Rolls to MLAs	223
25.7 Supply of Copies of Electoral Rolls to Unrecognized Political Parties	223
<b>CHAPTER 26 OUTREACH INITIATIVES – SVEEP</b>	224
26.1 Introduction	224
26.2 SVEEP	224-226
26.3 National Voters' Day (NVD)	226-227



<b>CHAPTER 27 REGULATORY AUDIT</b>	228
27.1 Introduction	228
27.2 Scope of Audit	228
27.3 Types of Audit	228
27.4 Regulatory Audit of preparation and revision of Electoral Rolls	228-229
<b>CHAPTER 28 NATIONAL GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL SYSTEM (NGRS)</b>	230
28.1 Introduction	230
28.2 Major Subject Categories	230
28.3 Work Flow	230-231
<b>CHAPTER 29 LANDMARK JUDGEMENTS ON ELECTORAL ROLLS</b>	232-237
<b>Annexures</b>	238-390



# GLOSSARY OF THE TERMS USED

1. Absentee Voter – An absentee voter is that person who is found to be absent for a limited period from place of his ordinary residence where he is enrolled as an elector. An absentee may be with family or without family. But his name cannot be deleted, as in the existing law, a person absenting himself temporarily from his place of ordinary residence shall not, by reason thereof, cease to be ordinarily resident therein.
2. Addition – Addition means enrolment or inclusion of one's name in electoral roll of the constituency by the Electoral Registration Officer, in which the formers' place of ordinary residence is located, on application by the person concerned in Form-6.
3. AMF (Assured Minimum Facility) – The Election Commission has directed that every District Election Officer has to assure provision of the basic minimum voter friendly facilities and amenities such as ramp, drinking water, toilet, lighting, furniture, help desk and proper signage at each polling station. These fundamental facilities are called Assured Minimum Facility (AMF).
4. ASD List – In order to prevent impersonation of Absentee, Shifted and Dead Voters, whose names continue to appear in the electoral rolls, list of such voters (ASD List) is prepared polling station wise and provided to the concerned Presiding Officer. If any person listed in the ASD list turns up for voting, his identity has to be verified thoroughly before allowing the person to vote.
5. Assistant Electoral Registration Officer – The Election Commission may appoint one or more persons as Assistant Electoral Registration Officers to assist an Electoral Registration Officer in the performance of his functions. Every Assistant Electoral Registration Officer shall, subject to the control of Electoral Registration Officer, be competent to perform all or any of the functions of Electoral Registration Officer.
6. Appeal – Under the provisions of Rule 23 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, if a person has a grievance against the decision of the Electoral Registration Officer made with regard to claims & objections, he can prefer an appeal to the prescribed Appellate Authority, against the decision of the Electoral Registration Officer. The Appellate Authority shall give the appellant eligible opportunity of being heard before recording his final decision on an appeal. However, appeal will not have the effect of staying or postponing the final publication of the electoral roll.
7. Appellate Authority – Appeal shall be presented to the District Magistrate or Additional District Magistrate or Executive Magistrate or District Collector or an officer of equivalent rank as may be, notified as Appellate Authority in the Official Gazette by the Election Commission. The Appellate Authority, after satisfying himself that the said appeal has been presented within the prescribed time and in the manner required, shall give the appellant a reasonable opportunity of being heard. During the continuous updation there is a provision of second appeal also, which is allowed before the Chief Electoral Officer of the State. The decision of the Appellate Authority is final.
8. Auxiliary Polling Station – Where the maximum number of electors in a polling area exceed beyond the limit prescribed by the Election Commission, auxiliary polling station(s) is provided bifurcating/trifurcating the existing polling station. Generally, such auxiliary polling station is situated in the same polling station location in which the main (original) polling station is earlier housed. The serial number of auxiliary polling station(s) is indicated by adding a suffix to the serial number of the main polling station, like '100', '100A/1', '100A/2' and so on.
9. Booth Level Agent – In order to enhance the participation by recognized political parties in preparation and revision of electoral rolls, a provision for appointment of Booth Level Agent to complement Booth Level Officer during roll revision, has been made on the pattern of appointment of Polling agents/ Counting agents during election. Normally, one Booth Level Agent is appointed for one part of electoral rolls, though, a Booth Level Agent may be appointed for more than one part of electoral rolls provided the polling stations for the corresponding parts of electoral roll are located within the same polling station location. Booth Level Agent must be a registered elector in the relevant part of electoral roll for which he is appointed as it is expected that Booth Level Agent will scrutinize the entries in the draft roll of the area where he resides, to identify entries of dead/shifted persons.
10. Booth Level Officer – Booth Level Officer is a local Government/Semi-Government official, familiar with

the local electors and generally a voter in the same polling area, who assists in updating the roll using his local knowledge. He, under the overall supervision of Electoral Registration Officer, is responsible for field verification, collection of information/data regarding electors and preparation of roll of a part of electoral roll in respect of the polling area, assigned to him.

11. Chief Electoral Officer – Chief Electoral Officer is an officer of the State government, who supervises the work relating to preparation of electoral roll and conduct of all elections to Parliament and the Legislature of the State, subject to the overall superintendence, direction and control of the Election Commission.
12. Claims & Objections – Claims & Objections are the applications in statutory forms (Form 6, 6A, 7, 8, 17, 18 and 19) for inclusion/correction/deletion of names in/ from electoral roll or transfer of one's name from one part to another part of electoral roll.
13. Constituency – As amended from time to time, the Delimitation Order defines the territorial extent of each Assembly Constituency and the Parliamentary Constituency. A number of Assembly Constituencies comprise a Parliamentary Constituency. All Assembly and Parliamentary Constituencies are territorial, i.e. have fixed geographical boundaries. An exception is the Sangha Assembly Constituency in Sikkim which comprises of monks residing in recognized monasteries all over the State of Sikkim.
14. Control Table – Control Table or Master Table, as it is sometime called, contains name of all revenue, administrative and electoral unit in a state, such as Parliamentary Constituency, Assembly Constituency, district, tehsil, town, village, ward, post office, police station etc. which are required to enable the data integration of the database of all electors at the time of printing of electoral roll of a part.
15. CSV – A service voter belonging to Armed Forces or forces to which provisions of Army Act, 1950 are applicable, has option of either voting through postal ballot or through a proxy voter duly appointed by him. A service voter who opts for voting through a proxy is called Classified Service Voter (CSV).
16. Deletion – Deletion is the process of removing one's name from electoral roll by the Electoral Registration Officer on the basis of application in Form 7. Electoral Registration Officer can also delete one's name under his suo-moto powers.
17. District Election Officer – The Election Commission designates the head of district administration, variously known as Collector, Deputy Commissioner or District Magistrate, as District Election Officer of the district concerned. Subject to the superintendence, direction and control of Chief Electoral Officer, District Election Officer shall coordinate and supervise all work in the district or in the area within his jurisdiction in connection with the preparation and revision of the electoral rolls for all Parliamentary, Assembly and Council Constituencies within the district. District Election Officer is responsible for providing polling stations and the publication of the list of polling stations and for providing polling staff at elections.
18. Electoral Registration Officer – For the purpose of preparation and revision of electoral rolls of a constituency, the Election Commission, in consultation with the Government of the State, designates/nominates an officer of the State Government concerned, as Electoral Registration Officer. Electoral Registration Officer is the statutory authority to prepare the electoral roll of the Constituency under his charge.
19. Electoral Roll – Ordinarily known as 'voter list', electoral roll is a list of persons registered as electors residing in a constituency. For proper management, electoral roll of a constituency is divided into several parts which contain details of electors of the corresponding polling areas.
20. EPIC – Electors Photo Identity Card (EPIC) is issued by Electoral Registration Officer to all electors registered in the electoral roll of the Assembly Constituency under him, for establishing the identity of the concerned elector at the time of poll.
21. ERMS – Electoral Rolls Management System (ERMS) is a conglomeration of a number of IT applications developed by the Election Commission for assignment of duties for verification by Booth Level Officers, preparation and correction of electoral rolls, monitoring of electoral rolls and EPIC preparation by Electoral Registration Officers.
22. ERO NET - ERO Net is a web based system created to provide a platform to Electoral Registration

Officers and other officials to process claims & objections received online/offline and a complete and full proof network of all officials of the electoral machinery all over the country for close monitoring of the enrolment process. It also provides quality services to the citizens to check status of the applications submitted by them.

23. IIIDEM – The Election Commission set up an institute known as India International Institute of Democracy and Election Management (IIIDEM) in 2011 at its Secretariat with the objective of enhancing and upgrading learning, knowledge, skill and efficiency of the election officials. For the purpose, regular training programmes are conducted at IIIDEM for master trainers from the States before every revision of electoral rolls and general elections to State Assemblies/ Lok Sabha. Besides, IIIDEM also arranges courses for delegates/officials of election management bodies of other countries.
24. Modification – Modification is the process of making correction of the particulars/ existing entries in respect of an elector in electoral roll, on the basis of Form 8 submitted by the concerned elector.
25. Mother Roll – Whenever the Election Commission orders revision of electoral roll, the existing rolls are integrated into a single roll and published as a draft. After disposing of the claims & objections received during revision period, a supplement is prepared. Thus, at the final publication, there are two electoral rolls – the draft roll and the supplement, prepared during revision period. The basic roll published as draft is called mother roll.
26. NazriNaksha – NazriNaksha is an ordinary sketch map of the polling area prepared by Booth Level Officer, demarcating the geographical boundaries of the polling area, assigned to him and depicting settlements (habitation area), streets, roads, lakes/ rivers, important buildings like polling stations, post office, police station, health centres etc. NazriNaksha is prepared to avoid overlapping of habitations, specially in respect of newly developed colonies in the polling area.
27. NVD – The Election Commission has started a practice of celebrating National Voters’ Day (NVD) on its foundation day that is 25<sup>th</sup> of January every year throughout the country, with an objective raising awareness among electors about their democratic rights and duties.
28. NVSP – NVSP or National Voters Service Portal has been provided on the website of the Election Commission which provides certain e-services relating to registration in electoral roll for citizens and election officials. The portal was launched on 25<sup>th</sup> January, 2015.
29. Objection – One can object a proposed addition of a person’s name or against an existing entry in electoral roll. An objection can be made in Form 7.
30. Voter Information Slip – To facilitate voters in knowing the serial number of Electoral Roll of their polling Station, date of poll, time etc. ‘Voter information slips’ are distributed at least 5 days before the date of poll to all enrolled electors by the District Election Officer through the BLO. Voter information slip does not contain the photo of the elector and is not allowed as proof of identity at Polling Station.
31. Polling Area – A polling area is a well-defined and identifiable area demarcated with certain physical landmarks such as street, road, river, hills etc. All the electors residing in that particular polling area are enrolled in a separate part of electoral roll and vote at the polling station created for that polling area. Every constituency is divided among several polling areas.
32. Polling Party / Polling Personnel – During the poll, a polling station is manned by a team of 4-5 Government officials for conduct of polling at that particular polling station as per the programme announced by the Election Commission. Each polling party is headed by a Presiding Officer. The appointment of Presiding Officer and Polling Officials is made by District Election Officer.
33. Polling Station – Polling station is the room/hall fixed for holding poll where the electors of the concerned polling area cast their votes on the day of poll. It is also referred to as ‘polling booth’.
34. Polling Station Location/Polling Centre – Polling station location/polling centre is the building/ premises in which 1 or more than 1 polling station are housed.
35. Proxy – A service elector belonging to armed forces and para-military forces, may appoint any person as his proxy to give vote on his behalf and in his name. The proxy shall be an adult person ordinarily resident of that constituency. He need not be a registered voter but he must not be disqualified to be

registered as a voter.

36. Public Grievance Redressal System (PGRS) – Set up by the Election Commission to record and monitor all complaints received from citizens regarding electoral rolls and EPIC.
37. Qualifying date – ‘Qualifying Date’ is the date with reference to which the eligibility for enrolment in the electoral roll being prepared or revised is determined. At present, the qualifying date is the first day of January, April, July and October of the year in which an electoral roll is finally published. The eligibility of a person desirous to get registered in electoral roll is determined with the reference of the qualifying date.
38. Returning Officer – The Election Commission, in consultation with the Government of the State, designates/nominates an officer of the State Government concerned, as Returning Officer for a constituency for election to State Legislature or Parliament.
39. Regulatory Audit – A process developed to promote and ensure uniform compliance and conformance with election rules & regulations by the election machinery across the country. The Regulatory Audit consists of four distinct phases of activities – Pre Audit, Physical Audit, Post Audit and Audit follow up.
40. Section – ‘Section’ is a clearly identifiable area within a polling station. It denotes locality and area details and contains household wise individual elector details. It is determined considering the distribution of habitation, geographical landmarks, alignment of streets, plotting road networks, natural barriers etc. There is no fixed number of electors in a section as it may range anywhere between 50 and 100.
41. Service Voters – A service voter is a person having service qualification defined in the Representation of the People Act, 1950. Mainly speaking, Members of three wings of Defence, Central Para Military Forces, personnel belonging to State Armed Police Force posted outside the State and persons employed under Government of India posts abroad are eligible to be registered as service voters. The person having service qualification and get enrolled as service voters at their native places even though they actually may be residing at a different place of posting.
42. Shifted Voter – An elector who has left his place of ordinary residence and gone to some other place and there is no possibility of his returning back to the place. Electoral Registration Officer should delete name of such shifted voter from electoral roll after following due process under the existing law.
43. SLMTs – The Election Commission has devised a system of cascaded training of the officers deployed in preparation of electoral rolls and conduct of elections. The State Chief Electoral Officers nominate State Level Master Trainers (SLMTs) who are imparted trainings centrally at India International Institute of Democracy and Election Management (IIIDEM). These SLMTs conduct trainings to the election officials in the States.
44. Special Voters – The persons holding declared offices like President, Vice-President, Governors etc. are to be included in the part of the roll pertaining to the locality in which they, according to the address given by them, would have been ordinarily resident in the declaration prescribed for this purpose. These voters are called special voters.
45. Suo-moto correction – If an Electoral Registration Officer on his own motion is satisfied that any entry in electoral roll of the constituency under his jurisdiction is erroneous/defective or should be transposed to another place in the roll on the ground of shifting of his ordinary residence within the constituency by the person concerned or should be deleted on the ground of the concerned elector’s death or shifting of ordinary residence or non-entitlement for registration in electoral roll, the said Electoral Registration Officer shall subject to general/special direction given by the Election Commission, amend, transpose or delete the entry, after proper verification of the facts under due procedure.
46. SVEEP – Systematic Voters’ Education and Electoral Participation (SVEEP) is a programme initiated by the Election Commission in 2011 to increase voter awareness and facilitate electoral participation through voter registration and turnout in the youths, women, tribal and other marginalized sections of the society.

# SECTION I - GENERAL

CHAPTER 1  
HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

CHAPTER 2  
CONSTITUTIONAL AND LEGAL FRAMEWORK





## Chapter 1

# Historical Background

- 1.1 Elections, on the basis of electoral rolls consisting of names and details of local people, were introduced in India for the first time under the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (Morley Minto Reforms). The elective element for Indians in Legislature was further continued in 1919 Act and 1935 Act, however, in these Acts the eligibility for enrolment as electors was restricted to a miniscule section of Indians having certain high qualifications, like ownership of property, payment of income tax, holding of land, educational qualification, Government Service etc. After independence of the country in 1947, the Constituent Assembly, for fulfilling the aspirations and expectations of people of India decided that election to the House of the People and State Legislative Assemblies under Constitution of India should be on the basis of universal adult franchise.
- 1.2 The process of preparation of first electoral rolls on the basis of universal adult franchise was started in 1947, well before enactment of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 or inception of the Election Commission of India. The basic qualifications for registration in electoral rolls that time, were – (a) Citizenship of India, (b) 21 years of age as on 1st January, 1949 and (c) Ordinarily resident at a given place for not less than 180 days in the year ending on 31st March, 1948. As no delimitation of constituencies was made by that time, the draft rolls were prepared for the existing administrative units instead of well-defined territorial constituencies. The draft rolls were published by March, 1951 and claims and objections were disposed of by 2nd October, 1951.
- 1.3 In the meantime, under Article 327 of the Constitution of India, Representation of the People Act, 1950 was enacted. The 1950 Act provided for delimitation of constituencies and mechanism for preparation of electoral rolls. After completion of exercise of delimitation of constituencies as per the said Act, the draft rolls were arranged delimited constituency-wise and the final rolls were published in all States by 15th November, 1951. The total number of electors in the country (excluding Jammu & Kashmir) as per first electoral rolls was around 17.3 crore which constituted 49% of the total population as per 1941 Census. However, despite all these exercises, entries relating to a large number of female electors in Bihar, UP, MP, Rajasthan and Vindhya Pradesh had to be deleted as they were enrolled not by their proper names, but by the description of the relationship they bore to their male relationship (that is somebody's mother, somebody's wife etc.). However, after first revision, the system of preparation and revision of electoral rolls was gradually streamlined.

- 1.4 Originally, Section 23 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 provided for annual revision with respect to 1st March as the qualifying date.
- 1.5 After the first general election in 1952, the Election Commission directed that in respect of each of the 5 years from 1952 to 1956 the annual revision of electoral rolls in State should intensively cover 1/5th of the entire area of the State so that every locality might have its electoral roll intensively revised at least once before the second general election. Apart from this, the Election Commission also directed intensive revision of the rolls every year in respect of some special kinds of areas where the electoral rolls were likely to become inaccurate and out of date fairly soon after their preparation, e.g. (i) Urban Areas (ii) Areas with a floating labour population and (iii) Areas to and from where fairly large movements of population were known to have taken place.
- 1.6 Article 324 (6) provided that the President or the Governor of the State, shall, when so requested by the Election Commission, make available such staff as may be necessary for discharge of the functions conferred on the Election Commission by the Constitution. Still, in the original scheme of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 there was no statutory post of Chief Electoral Officer or some other electoral officers. The Election Commission had no control over the Chief Electoral Officers as they were appointed by the concerned State Governments. In 1956, the Parliament made an amendment in the Representation of the People Act, 1950 to provide a statutory post of Chief Electoral Officer for each state for supervision of preparation of electoral rolls subject to the superintendence, direction and control of the Election Commission. The said amendment act also provided for officers named as Electoral Registration Officer and Assistant Electoral Registration Officer at the level of each constituency for preparation and revision of electoral rolls for that constituency. In Section 13B (2) of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 a provision was made, that an Electoral Registration Officer may employ such persons as he thinks fit for the preparation and revision of electoral roll.
- 1.7 By the same amendment Act, in 1956, the requirement as to minimum period of 180 days of ordinary residence in a constituency during a prescribed qualifying year, before name of an applicant would be registered in the electoral roll of that constituency, was done away with.
- 1.8 After the General Elections in 1957, the Election Commission directed that during each of the three following years the electoral rolls related to 1/3rd of the entire area of every state should be revised intensively, while during the year 1961 the revision would be intensive only in respect of the urban areas, areas with floating and migratory population and service voters.
- 1.9 In 1958, the Parliament made another amendment in the Representation of the People Act, 1950 changing the definition of the 'qualifying date' as first day of January of the year in which the electoral roll for the constituency concerned was to be prepared or revised. The amendment was effective from 1st January, 1959. Consequently, in CEO's conference held in 1960, the Election Commission decided to order an annual revision of rolls starting on 1st January and completing on the 31st January of the year.
- 1.10 In the said amendment Act, provision of ownership/possession of a dwelling house as a condition for ordinary residence in a constituency in Section 20 was dropped.

Now, mere ownership/possession of a residential property does not bestow the residential qualification for registration in electoral roll. Besides, it was provided that a person absenting himself temporarily from his place of ordinary residence shall not, by reason thereof, cease to be ordinary residence. It was further added that MPs and MLAs/MLCs shall not, during the term of their office, cease to be ordinarily resident in the constituency, in which they are registered as elector at the time of election as such members, by reason of their absence from that constituency.

- 1.11 In November, 1960, the Central Government notified the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 superseding the Representation of the People (Preparation of Electoral Rolls) Rules, 1956. The 1960 Rules provided for a detailed procedure and manner of preparation of electoral rolls.
- 1.12 Subsequent to the general elections, 1962, the Election Commission directed that summary revision of electoral rolls should ordinarily be sufficient in the years 1963 and 1964. Intensive revision was again conducted in 1965 in 40% of the country, while electoral rolls in respect of the remaining 60% areas comprising all urban areas and habitations with floating population was intensively revised during 1966.
- 1.13 Earlier, Section 21 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 provided for annual revision of electoral rolls, but by the time, the Election Commission was convinced that it was wastage of resources and time to revise the electoral rolls of all the constituencies every year. Therefore, on the recommendation of the Election Commission, an amendment was made in 1966 in Section 21(2)(a) to provide for revision before each general election and each bye-election. Section 21(2) (b) provided that the Election Commission can order a revision of electoral roll even if no election is immediately due. Though the condition of annual exercise of preparation of electoral rolls was done away with the above amendment, the Election Commission continued the system of revising electoral rolls annually in the subsequent years.
- 1.14 By the same 1966 amendment, the electoral machinery was strengthened by providing a statutory officer for each district in a state, named as District Election Officer, for the purpose of coordination and supervision of all work relating to preparation and revision of electoral roll for the constituencies within the district. Further, the amendment also made a provision in Section 20 for person having service qualifications for his registration in electoral roll of the constituency in which, but for his having such service qualification, he would have been ordinarily resident.
- 1.15 Sensing the possibility of a mid-term poll due to split in Indian National Congress in 1969, the Election Commission ordered a revision of electoral rolls during the period from 15th November, 1969 to 15th January, 1970 and the same rolls were used in the mid-term election held in February-March, 1971.
- 1.16 In 1975, with a view to be prepared for general elections, the Election Commission took early steps for revision of the electoral rolls under a crash programme and directed all the States and Union Territories that the existing rolls should be published as draft rolls on 1st January, 1975 and claims & objections should be invited up to 16th January, 1975. This procedure was adopted with intention to reduce the consumption of paper, volume of printing and expedite the revision of rolls.

- 1.17 The Election Commission, further directed that simultaneously, there should be house to house enumeration of voters by the officially appointed enumerators in accordance with the system of Electoral Card. On the basis of the enumeration, following two lists were prepared - (i) list of persons who were eligible to be registered in the electoral roll but whose names were not previously included in the draft rolls and (ii) list of persons whose names were included in the draft rolls but who were since dead or had ceased to be ordinarily resident in the constituency. Having regard to large scale shifting of population to various new colonies in Delhi it was considered desirable that the draft rolls should be prepared afresh on the basis of lists prepared instead of the existing rolls after house to house enumeration, the draft rolls were published on 10th February, 1975 and they were finally published on 7th April, 1975, while in all other states the final publication was made on 28th February, 1975.
- 1.18 Since the general election to the House of the People was not held in 1976 due to extension of tenure of the existing House till March, 1977, the Election Commission decided in March, 1976 to undertake summary revision of rolls with reference to 1.1.1976 as the qualifying date. The electoral rolls so revised in 1976 were accepted to be valid for the general election in 1977. However, with a view to update to the extent possible, the Election Commission, through a press note, exhorted all duly qualified persons to file claims not later than 5th February, 1977. Efforts were made to dispose of all such claims and objections to ensure the accuracy of the roll.
- 1.19 Keeping in view the general elections in 1985, the Election Commission announced a staggered programme of revision of rolls, in such a way that the electoral rolls of all rural constituencies could be intensively revised in 1983 with reference to 1.1.1983 as the qualifying date and those of all urban constituencies with reference to 1.1.1984 as the qualifying date. To achieve optimum accuracy of electoral rolls and to ensure revision of rolls in an orderly and systematic manner, the Election Commission directed to all officers, from Chief Electoral Officers to Electoral Registration Officers/Assistant Electoral Registration Officers, to undertake visits and spot checks at random.
- 1.20 The electoral rolls of all constituencies were revised intensively in 1987 and 1988, followed by a special revision in 1989.
- 1.21 On the recommendation of the Election Commission, an amendment was again made in 1989 to make a provision in the Representation of the People Act, 1950 for Chief Electoral Officer, District Election Officers and all other officers/staff employed in preparation and revision of electoral rolls, to be on deemed deputation to the Election Commission for the period, during which they are so employed. In pursuance of constitutional amendment in Article 326, a further amendment was also made in the Representation of the People Act, 1950, to reduce minimum age from 21 years to 18 years on the qualifying date. Consequently, the qualifying date in connection with revision of electoral roll in the year 1989 was made 1st day of April, 1989 instead of 1st day of January that year.
- 1.22 In 1992, the summary revision was ordered and thereafter in 1993, the Commission ordered for the intensive revision with reference to 1.1.1993 as the qualifying date. The Election Commission, in the year 1993, introduced Electors Photo Identity Card (EPIC) in all states under Rule 28 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960.

Accordingly, thereafter, EPIC details of electors were also captured in electoral rolls. In 1995, the Election Commission ordered to revise the electoral rolls intensively.

- 1.23 During last two decades, the Election Commission adopted more and more proactive role in the areas of electoral registration and voter participation. The Election Commission reviewed the entire gamut of issues relating to revision of electoral rolls as well as the efficient and systematic management of electoral roll with a particular focus on a coordinated approach to the management of scheme of EPICs with the revision of electoral rolls. In a meeting with Chief Electoral Officers in 1997, a comprehensive agenda note was prepared on the issue. The note was discussed in a meeting with the recognized political parties held in May, 1997 in New Delhi. On the basis of detailed interaction with the Chief Electoral Officers and political parties, the Election Commission embarked upon various new projects to improve the quality of electoral rolls. Computerization of electoral rolls was one of the links of the chain of such innovative measures. The decision for computerization of electoral rolls was taken in 1997 though, the work practically started in 1998. Consequently, the Election Commission took a conscious decision for not ordering intensive revision till the roll is cleaned through computerization and therefore, during the years of 1999, 2000 and 2001 summary revision was ordered in respect of all States/Union Territories.
- 1.24 As a part of the comprehensive plan for use of Information Technology in electoral management and administration of electoral roll in a big way, initiated in 1997, the Election Commission launched its website on 28th February, 1998, just two days prior to start of counting of votes for General Election to 12th Lok Sabha. The website which has been an integral part of the overall management strategy of the Election Commission reflected its broad vision of moving into the internet way of computing for all major events and activities connected with preparation of electoral roll and conduct of elections.
- 1.25 Special revision of intensive nature was undertaken with reference to 1.1.2002 as the qualifying date in 20 States, while in the remaining States, the summary revision was ordered. Special revision of intensive nature was different from 'intensive revision' provided in the statutes, as during special revision of intensive nature, enumerators were sent to house to house verification with a working copy containing details of existing electors in a row with a blank row beneath for correction in the existing particulars and also for capturing details of newly eligible persons. In 2003, intensive revision was conducted in 7 states while all other states went for special summary revision, while in 2004, special summary revision was undertaken in entire country.
- 1.26 During special summary revision with reference 1.1.2005, photo electoral roll was introduced for the first time in all Assembly Constituencies of Kerala and Puducherry and some selected Assembly Constituencies in Haryana, Himachal Pradesh and Punjab. Photo electoral rolls were prepared by linking image of elector kept in EPIC database with the elector's details. Photo electoral rolls were prepared in other states in staggered manner during subsequent annual revisions and gradually photo electoral roll replaced the text roll.
- 1.27 In 2006, the Election Commission introduced the concept of appointing Booth Level Officers for each polling station area to ensure the fidelity of the electoral

rolls. Earlier, whenever the Election Commission ordered revision of electoral rolls, field staff was drafted temporarily for enumeration and field verification during the revision period. With the appointment of Booth Level Officer, the electoral machinery was further strengthened at the grass root level. Booth Level Officer is a local government/semi government official, generally a voter in the same polling area, who is instrumental and accountable for ensuring cleanliness of electoral roll of the area under his jurisdiction. Though, available on part time basis, the Booth Level Officer, under the overall supervision of Electoral Registration Officer is responsible for field verification, collection of information/data regarding electors, including dead/shifted voters and eligible persons in his part.

- 1.28 To improve the health of electoral roll, the Election Commission devised some reporting formats called as Formats 1-8 in 2008-2009. In these Formats, the Chief Electoral Officers are required to furnish Assembly Constituency-wise and polling station wise elector's data and projected population data twice during the revision of electoral rolls. The Chief Electoral Officers and Electoral Registration officers make thorough analysis of the electoral data in comparison with population data to check the gaps in electors population ratio, gender ratio and enrolment in youths, women and other deprived sections of society and to propose focussed strategy to close the gaps, so observed.
- 1.29 A special provision for citizens of India residing outside India was inserted in the Representation of the People Act, 1950 as Section 20A by the Amendment Act of 2010, wherein a provision was made for enrolment of every Overseas Indian citizen in the electoral roll of the constituency in which his place of ordinary residence in India was located.
- 1.30 To make the enrolment process more transparent and citizen friendly, the Election Commission decided to make call centers with a toll free telephone number functional at all State headquarters. On the Election Commission's request, BSNL allotted the toll free telephone number '1950' in 2011. This number is accessible from all landline and mobile telephones of the States without adding STD code. It can also be accessed from outside the State by adding STD code of the State capital. The citizens can make a call to the State call center using '1950' to enquire about the registration process, revision program and status of their claims & objections filed with Electoral Registration Officers/Assistant Electoral Registration Officers.
- 1.31 On basis of the findings of baseline studies conducted after General Election to Lok Sabha in 2009, the Election Commission felt need for creating awareness amongst citizens and making registration process more convenient and responsive and consequently, voter education programmes named as Systematic Voters' Education and Electoral Participation (SVEEP) were launched. In order to further reach out to the masses, in 2011, the Election Commission initiated practice of celebrating National Voters' Day on its foundation day, i.e. 25th January. On this occasion, functions are organised by the Election Commission and offices of Chief Electoral Officers in which awards are given to senior election officials of the states who have done exemplary work in the fields of voter registration and conduct of elections during the last calendar year. Besides, selected first time young voters in 18-19 years age group are distributed EPICs by the Chief Guests of the function. SVEEP activities have now become regular feature of every summary revision and election.

The Election Commission organized a Matdata Mahotsav/Voters' Fest, 2016 at Central Park, Connaught Place, New Delhi with the objective of familiarising the audience with the process of 'Electoral Registration' in particular and outreach to include the target groups like youths, prospective electors, women, marginalized groups, service voters, eligible Indian overseas electors and also to use the platform to connect with various stakeholders.

- 1.32 Before every revision programme, the Chief Electoral Officers are required to arrange training programmes for officials identified and deployed in the revision exercise. For the purpose of development of a reserve pool of resource persons and systemization of training infrastructure for regular trainings to such officials, the Election Commission set up an institute known as India International Institute of Democracy and Election Management (IIIDEM) at its Secretariat in June, 2011. In addition to organizing workshops/seminars with various international election management bodies, IIIDEM organizes periodic training programmes for state officials and officers of the Election Commission.
- 1.33 Further, the Election Commission has developed several IT applications, collectively known as Electoral Roll Management System (ERMS) for managing the huge electoral database and streamlining the monitoring system. Through these applications, regular exercise of error removal and de-duplication of multiple entries from electoral roll is done. The Election Commission has also extended facility of online submission of claims and objections. The Election Commission has further augmented system of citizen centric services. In this connection, National Voter Service Portal (NVSP) has been launched on the Election Commission's website for citizens on the occasion of National Voters' Day, i.e. 25th January, 2015. The services available on NVSP at the national level are – 'search your name in electoral roll', 'apply online', 'correction of entries', 'know your booth' and 'know your Booth Level Officer, Electoral Registration Officer and District Election Officer'.
- 1.34 The Election Commission created a separate Regulatory Audit Division (RAD) for the purpose of a systematic audit of processes and procedure as per the election laws in different States and Union Territories. The approach of regulatory audit is to identify critical gaps and create awareness among the election officials to carry out electoral responsibilities faithfully and with sense of accountability towards the stakeholders. The regulatory audit covers all areas of election process like preparation of electoral roll, EVM, polling process, SVEEP, training etc.
- 1.35 In 2015, the Election Commission launched a nationwide comprehensive programme, namely, National Electoral Roll Purification and Authentication Programme (NERPAP) from March to August with an objective of bringing an error free and authenticated electoral roll by linking EPIC data of electors with Aadhaar number, mobile number and e-mail of the electors. During this programme, the electors were extended facilities of web services on NVSP for online registration or making a call at '1950', a toll free number at state call centres for knowing status of their applications for enrolment, correction/modification or deletion of entries in/from electoral roll, preparation of EPIC or for making other related queries.
- 1.36 A similar programme called as National Electoral Roll Purification (NERP), 2016 has also been initiated this year. The twin objectives of NERP, 2016 are improvement of health of electoral roll and standardization of section, polling station boundaries

and locations. The Chief Electoral Officers of the states have been asked to undertake activities, in mission mode, relating to registration of all eligible persons in electoral roll, removal of multiple entries and names of absentee, shifted and dead electors from electoral roll and mapping of part boundaries and polling station location on GIS platform.

- 1.37 In 2016 Election Commission created a web based system namely 'ERO Net' to provide a platform to Electoral Registration Officers and other officials to process claims & objections received online/offline and to closely monitor the enrolment process. ERO Net also provides quality services to citizens and facility to check status of the applications submitted by them. The supervisory officers and the Commission can also monitor the progress online through ERO Net throughout the country.
- 1.38 In 2021, on the recommendation of the Election Commission, the Government has amended the Representation of the People Act, 1950 broadly covering the following important aspects on electoral rolls-
- Use of Aadhaar for electoral registration purpose
  - Four qualifying dates i.e. 1st January, 1st April, 1st July and 1st October to facilitate enrolment of electors especially the newly eligible ones.
  - Gender neutral provisions for service electors and special electors. Now both wife and husband of the service or special elector, if residing with her/his spouse is also eligible to be enrolled as service/special elector.
- 1.39. A new form 6B has been introduced to collect Aadhaar number from existing electors on voluntary basis for authentication of his entries in the electoral roll.
- 1.40. Form 1, 2, 2A, 3, 6, 7, 8, 11, 11A, 18 & 19 have been amended to incorporate the changes in Law & Rules. A new field has been created for Aadhaar number collection in these forms. Major changes have been made in Form 8, which will be used now for shifting of residence, correction of particulars in electoral roll, replacement of EPIC and marking as Pwd elector.
- 1.41. It may be seen from the above description that the process of preparation and revision of electoral rolls has come a long way since independence of the country and evolved into a robust and institutionalized system. The total number of electors has increased manifold, i.e., from 17.3 crore electors in the first revision to the tune of over 95 crore electors in 2023 annual revision.
- 1.42. As per the existing policy, special summary revision of electoral roll with reference to 1st January of the coming year as the qualifying date, is done in later part of each year (normally, in the months of September to December) in all States/Union Territories so the final publication of the electoral roll could be made in the 1st week of January of the following year. This is done because, as mentioned above, EPICs are to be distributed to first time young voters all over polling stations in ceremonial way on 25th January of each year as a part of NVD functions. The electoral roll, as directed by the Commission, can further be revised in the relevant quarter of the year with reference to the proximate date of elections. This will ensure voting rights for more number of electors especially youth turning 18 years with reference to the qualifying date(s). The electors now can submit Forms for inclusion and updation in advance. The Electoral Registration Officer will put the advance forms in different buckets, as per the eligibility criteria, for disposing them off during relevant quarter of the year.



## Chapter 2

# Constitutional and Legal Framework

### 2.1 Introduction

India has a comprehensive structure of laws to administer preparation and revision of electoral rolls. The formal legal framework rests on certain constitutional provisions, the Representation of the People Act, 1950 enacted thereunder and Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 framed under the said Act.

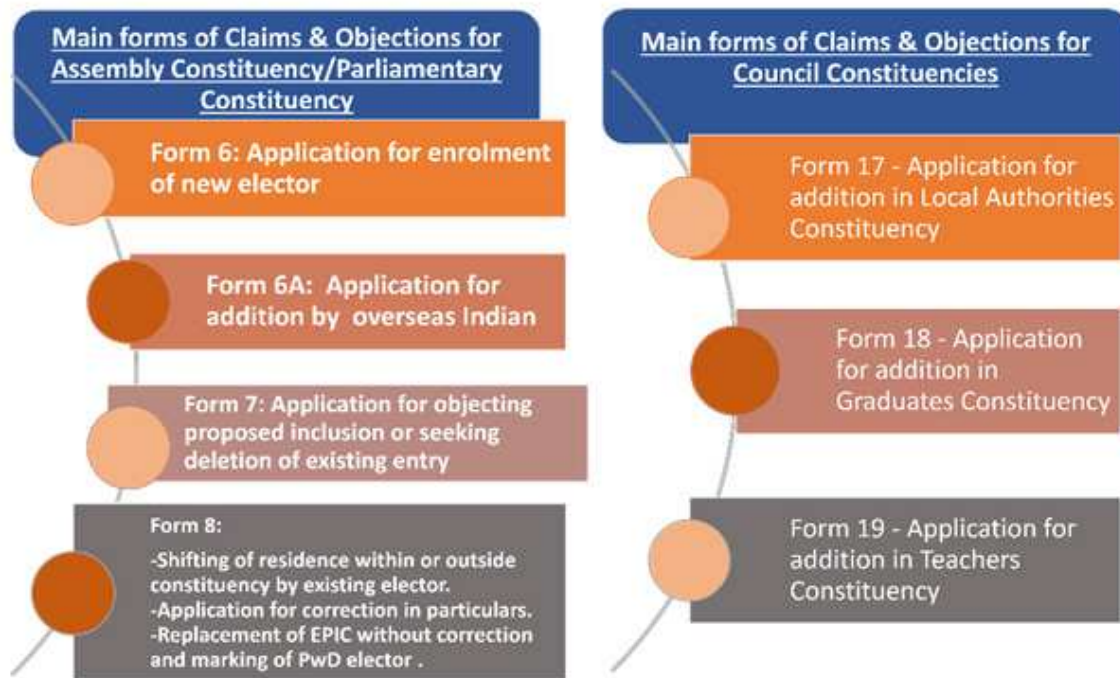
### 2.2 Constitutional Provisions

The Constitution of India has an independent and special chapter, 'Part XV' on Elections. The chapter consists of Article 324 to 329:-

- 2.2.1 \* Article 324 is the corner stone of the legal structure, under which the Election Commission has got plenary powers to take necessary action for the avowed purpose of having free and fair election.
- (i) Under Article 324 (1) of the Constitution of India, the superintendence, direction and control of the preparation of the electoral rolls for all elections to Parliament and to the Legislature of every State is vested in the Election Commission.
  - (ii) Article 324 (2) and (3) relate to composition of the Election Commission.
  - (iii) Article 324 (4) and (5) provide for appointment of Regional Commissioners and service conditions thereof.
  - (iv) Article 324 (6) places obligation on the President or the Governor of a State to make available to the Election Commission such staff as may be necessary for conduct of election and preparation of electoral rolls.

Article 324	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Superintendence, direction and control of ECI in the preparation of the electoral rolls</li><li>• Composition of the Election Commission</li><li>• Appointment of Regional Commissioners and service conditions thereof.</li><li>• Obligation of President or the Governor of a State to make staff available.</li></ul>
Article 325	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• One general electoral roll for every territorial constituency.</li><li>• No person shall be ineligible for inclusion in the electoral roll on grounds of religion, race, caste or sex.</li></ul>
Article 326	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Universal adult suffrage for registration in electoral roll.</li><li>• Qualifications and disqualifications for registration in electoral roll.</li></ul>
Article 327	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Parliament has been authorized to make law with respect to all matters relating to elections to either House of Parliament or either House of the Legislature of a State.</li></ul>
Article 328	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• State Legislatures authorized to make law with respect to all matters relating to elections to the Legislature</li></ul>
Article 329	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Bars courts to intervene in the matters of delimitation of constituencies or allotment of seats</li><li>• No election shall be challenged except by an election petition before the court.</li></ul>

2.2.2 Article 325 of Constitution of India provides that there shall be one general electoral roll for every territorial constituency and no person shall be ineligible for inclusion in any such roll or claim to be included on grounds only of religion, race, caste or sex.



2.2.3 Article 326 provides for universal adult suffrage and qualifications and disqualifications for registration in electoral roll. Under this Article every person who is a citizen of India and who is not less than 18 years of age on such qualifying date as may be fixed in that behalf by or under any law made by the appropriate legislature and is not disqualified under the Constitution or any law made by the appropriate legislature on the ground of non-residence, unsoundness of mind, crime or corrupt or illegal practice, shall be entitled to be registered as a voter at any election to the House of the People or to a State Legislative Assembly.

2.2.4 Parliament has been authorized by Article 327 of the Constitution to make provisions by law with respect to all matters relating to, or in connection with, elections to either House of Parliament or to the House or either House of the Legislature of a State including preparation of electoral rolls. In exercise of such power, the Parliament has enacted the Representation of the People Act, 1950.

2.2.5 Similarly, under Article 328, State Legislatures have been authorized to make law with respect to all matters relating to elections to the Legislature of the concerned state including preparation of electoral rolls.

2.2.6 Article 329 bars courts to intervene in the matters of delimitation of constituencies or allotment of seats to such constituencies made under Article 327 or 328. Similarly, no election to either House of Parliament or to either House of any State Legislature shall be challenged except by an election petition before the court.

## 2.3 Legal Provisions and Rules

The electoral rolls are prepared and revised, subject to the overall superintendence, direction and control of the Election Commission under Article 324 of the Constitution, in accordance with the provisions of Representation of People Act, 1950 and Registration of Electors Rules, 1960. The said Act and Rules have detailed provisions relating to procedure of preparation of electoral rolls and various activities pertaining thereto and also the electoral machinery responsible for preparation and revision of electoral rolls as per the given procedure. These legal provisions have a complete mechanism for any person who has a grievance relating to registration in electoral rolls to avail of the remedy as provided for in them. The Supreme Court has maintained that any matter relating to electoral rolls can only be challenged in accordance with these legal provisions.

2.3.1 Representation of the People Act, 1950 – In exercise of Article 327, the Parliament enacted the Representation of the People Act, 1950. The Act came into effect on 12th May, 1950.

- (i) Section 3-13 relates to allocation of seats in House of People and State Legislatures and procedure of delimitation of constituencies.
- (ii) Section 13A-13CC deals with the electoral machinery at the State and District level.
- (iii) Sections 14-25 provide for preparation of electoral rolls for each constituencies under the supervision, direction and control of the Election Commission and cover the qualification/disqualification for registration of an elector and other conditions applicable to the preparation and revision of the electoral rolls.
- (iv) Section 27 deals with preparation of electoral rolls for Council Constituencies.
- (v) Sections 28-32 provide for general provisions relating to Central Government's powers to make rules, for providing staff for performance of duties in connection with preparation and revision of electoral rolls, barring jurisdiction of Civil Courts and punishment in case of making false declaration and breach of official duty.

### Section Details

#### Sections 3-13

- Allocation of seats in House of People and State Legislatures.
- Delimitation of constituencies.

#### Sections 13A-13CC

Electoral machinery at the State and District level.

#### Sections 14-25

- Preparation of electoral rolls of constituencies
- Qualification/disqualification for registration of an elector
- Preparation and revision of the electoral rolls.

#### Section 27

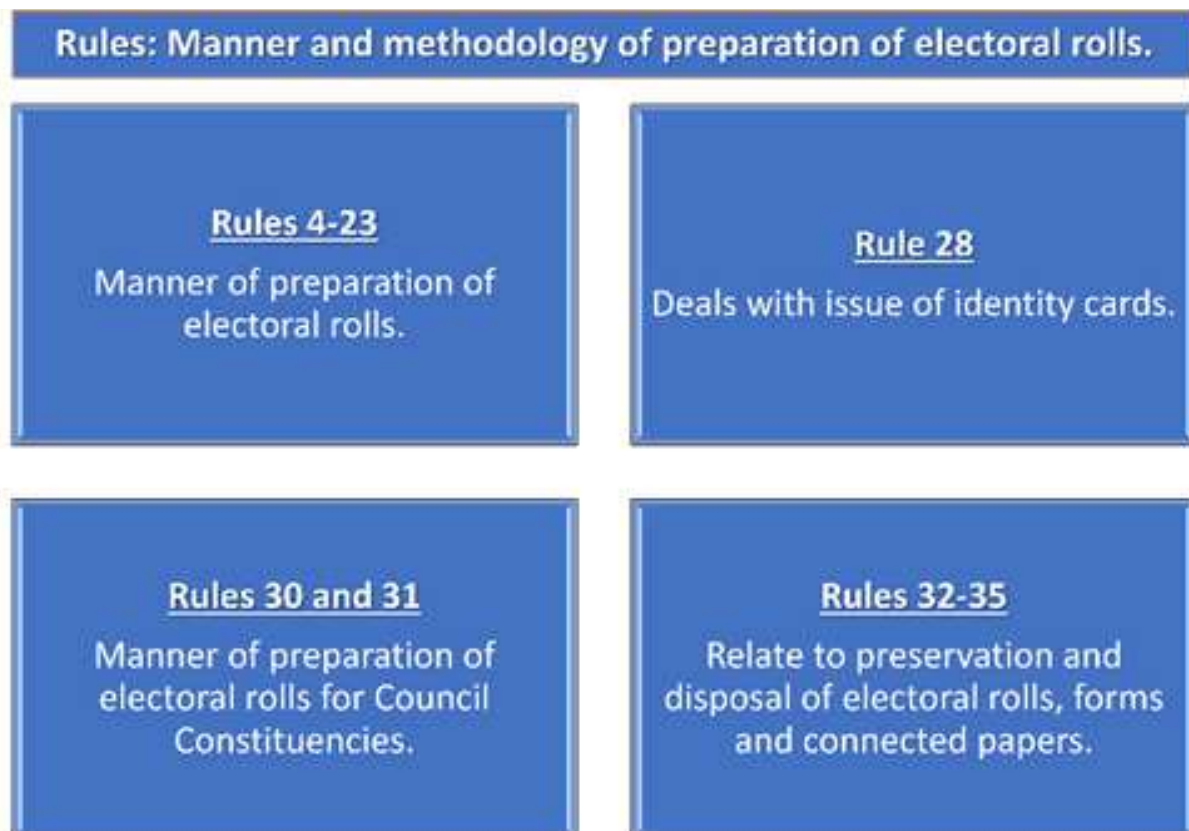
Preparation of electoral rolls for Council Constituencies.

#### Sections 28-32

- Provisions for Central Government's powers to make rules,
- Providing staff for performance of duties in connection with preparation and revision of electoral rolls,
- Barring jurisdiction of Civil Courts and punishment in case of making false declaration and breach of official duty.

2.3.2 Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 – Initially, rules for registration in electoral rolls were made in 1950, named as the Representation of People (Preparation of Electoral Rolls) Rules, 1950. Later on, these rules were replaced by a new set of rules in 1956 under the name of Representation of People (Preparation of Electoral Rolls) Rules, 1956. Finally, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 28 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, the Central Government, after consulting the Election Commission, framed Registration of Electors Rules, 1960. The rules were published by Ministry of Law on 10th November, 1960. These rules provide the manner and methodology of preparation of electoral rolls.

- (i) Rules 4-23 relates to the manner of preparation of electoral rolls.
- (ii) Rule 28 deals with issue of identity cards.
- (iii) Rules 30 and 31 provide for manner of preparation of electoral rolls for Council Constituencies.
- (iv) Rules 32-35 relate to preservation and disposal of electoral rolls, forms and connected papers.



## 2.4 Executive Instructions of the Election Commission

The Representation of the People Act, 1950 and the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 leave several matters of detail to be decided by the Election Commission. Under these enabling provisions and inherent powers of superintendence, direction and control of electoral rolls under Article 324 of the Constitution of India, the Election Commission has been issuing a number of instructions which supplement the statutory provisions, wherever necessary. The Supreme Court has, from time to time, held that in areas where the existing laws are silent the Election Commission is required to exercise its power under the rule of law and norms of natural justice and issue all such directions which are necessary for the purpose of conducting smooth, fair and free elections. The Election Commission has been, therefore, issuing various

executive orders for improvement in existing electoral rolls, strengthening of electoral organization for providing assistance to statutory authorities responsible for preparation of electoral rolls, ban on transfers/posting of officials involved in the exercise and putting safeguards for maintenance and security of electoral database.

2.4.1 Though the Election Commission's instructions and directions are binding upon the election authorities and the State Governments and political parties generally respect and comply with such instructions and directions issued for the purpose of conducting smooth, fair and free elections, however, these instructions and directions do not have force of law. There are clearly two restrictions on the scope for exercise of plenary powers by the Election Commission. First, the Election Commission's instructions shall be in conformity with the existing law and secondly, the said instructions shall not be against the principle of natural justice.

## 2.5 Statutory Forms for Registration (Claims & Objections) -

Rules 7, 8B, 13 and 31 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, provide for the following Forms for Claims & Objections. These forms are well structured, with separate panels for capturing necessary details and adequate space for filling them up by hand. The Election Commission has also provided facility of online submission of these forms, particularly, Form 6, 6A, 7, and 8 which have been amended recently. The amendment made in October, 2013, provided for space for pasting photograph and some additional fields. In 30th December 2021, the Ministry of Law, Govt. of India, on the recommendation of the Commission, notified the amendments in the Representation of the People Act, 1950. Subsequently to implement the amendments, the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 was also notified on 17th June, 2022. By these amendments the Forms 1, 2, 2A, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 11A, 18 and 19 have been revised. New Forms namely, 6B and 11B have also been introduced. These forms are described as under:

### Main Forms of Claims & Objections FOR AC/PC

- Form 6: Application for enrolment of new elector
- Form 6A: Application for addition by overseas Indian
- Form 7: Application for objecting proposed inclusion or seeking deletion of existing entry
- Form 8: Shifting of residence within or outside constituency by existing elector, application for correction in particulars, replacement of EPIC without correction and marking of PwD elector

### APPLICATION FOR CORRECTION IN PARTICULARS, REPLACEMENT OF EPIC WITHOUT CORRECTION AND MARKING OF PwD ELECTOR FOR COUNCIL CONSTITUENCIES

- Form 17 - Application for addition in Local Authorities Constituency
- Form 18 - Application for addition in Graduates Constituency
- Form 19 - Application for addition in Teachers Constituency

**FORM 1: Statement as to place of Ordinary Residence (native place) by a Person holding a Declared Office.** There are 13 offices which have been declared by the President, namely, (1) The President of India, (2) The Vice-President of India, (3) Governors of States, (4) Cabinet Ministers of the Union or of any State, (5) The Deputy Chairman and Members of the Planning Commission, (6) The Ministers of State of the Union or of any State, (7) Deputy Ministers of the Union or of any State, (8) The Speaker of the House of the People or of any Legislative assembly, (9) the Chairman of any State Legislative Council, (10) Lieutenant Governors of Union Territories, (11) The Deputy Speaker of the House of the People or of any State Legislative Assembly, (12) the Deputy Chairman of the Council of States or of any State Legislative Council and (13) Parliament Secretaries of the Union or of any State. The revised Form provides for furnishing of Aadhaar number for authentication of entries in the electoral roll. The same Form is applicable in case of spouse of a declared office holder, if she/

he ordinarily resides with her/his spouse and is otherwise eligible for registration. (Annexure 1)  
**FORM 2: Statement as to place of Ordinary Residence (native place) by a member of the Armed Forces.** Members of Indian Army, Navy and Air Force and personnel of Central Para-Military Forces, namely, General Reserve Engineer Force (Border Road Organization), Border Security Force (BSF), Indo Tibetan Border Police(ITBP), Assam Rifles, National Security Guards (NSG), Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF), Central Industrial Security Force (CISF) and Sashastra Seema Bal (SSB), who are eligible to be registered as service voters apply in this Form. The revised form provides for furnishing of Aadhaar number for authentication of entries in the electoral roll. The same Form is applicable in case of spouse of such personnel, if she/he ordinarily resides with her/his spouse and is otherwise eligible for registration. (Annexure 2)

**FORM 2A: Statement as to place of Ordinary Residence (native place in the State) by a member of as Armed Police Force of a State, who is serving outside that State.** The same Form is applicable in case of spouse of such personnel, if she/he ordinarily resides with her/his spouse and is otherwise eligible for registration. (Annexure 3)

**FORM 3: Statement as to place of Ordinary Residence (native place in India) by a person employed under the Government of India in a post outside India.** The same Form is applicable in case of spouse of such personnel, if she/he ordinarily resides with her/his spouse and is otherwise eligible for registration. (Annexure 4)

**FORM 4: Letter of request.** This Form is given to the occupant of the premises to complete the statement regarding names and particulars of adult citizens who have completed 18 years of age and who are ordinarily residing in the premises.(Annexure 5)

**FORM 5: Notice of publication of electoral roll in draft.** The notice is issued by Electoral Registration Officer to electors of the constituency inviting them for inspection of draft electoral roll, specifying the place and the hours of inspection with qualifying date and period for lodging claims & objections. This Form is being revised. (Annexure 6)

**FORM 6: Application form for new voters.** Every claim shall be signed by the person desiring to be enrolled as a new elector in the roll in which the claimant desires his name to be included. The applicant must submit his photograph along with Form 6 itself. (Annexure 7)

**FORM 6A: Application for inclusion of name in electoral roll by an overseas elector.** Every claim shall be signed by the person desiring to be enrolled as an elector in the roll in which the claimant desires his name to be included. The applicant must submit his photograph along with Form 6A itself. (Annexure 8)

**Form 6B: Letter of information of AADHAAR Number for the purpose of Electoral roll authentication** – This application can be preferred by a person whose name is enrolled in the existing electoral roll for the purpose of authentication of his entries in Electoral roll. (Annexure 8.1)

**FORM 7: Application for objection for proposed inclusion or seeking deletion of name in existing electoral roll.** This shall be preferred only by a person whose name is already included in that roll in which the name objected to appears. (Annexure 9)

**FORM 8: Application for shifting of residence within or outside constituency, correction in particulars, replacement of EPIC without correction and marking of PwD elector:** This shall be preferred only by the person to whom that entry relates. (Annexure 10)

**FORM 9: List of Applications for inclusion of names received in Form 6, prepared by Electoral Registration Officer.** (Annexure 11)

**FORM 10: List of Applications for objection to inclusion of names received in Form 7, prepared by Electoral Registration Officer.** (Annexure 12)

**FORM 11: List of objections/ application for correction of entries/ replacement of EPIC/ marking of PwD received in Form 8, prepared by Electoral Registration Officer.** (Annexure 13)

**Form 11A: List of applications for shifting of address within the constituency received in Form 8**

**Form 11B: List of applications for shifting of address outside the constituency received in Form 8**

**FORM 12: Notice of hearing of a claim.** The notice is given by Electoral Registration Officer a claimant for hearing informing the date, time and place of such hearing. (Annexure 16)

**FORM 13: Notice to the objector.** The notice is given to the objector with reference to his objection to the inclusion of name of a person. The notice mentions the date, time and place of hearing. (Annexure 17)

**FORM 14: Notice to the person in respect of whom objection has been made.** The notice mentions the date, time and place of hearing. (Annexure 18)

**FORM 15: Notice of hearing of an objection to particulars in an entry.** The notice mentions the date, time and place of hearing. (Annexure 19)

**FORM 16: Notice of final publication of electoral roll.** (Annexure 20)

**FORM 17: Application for inclusion of name in the electoral roll for a local authorities' constituency.** (Annexure 21)

**FORM 18: Claim for inclusion of name in the electoral roll for a graduates' constituency.** (Annexure 22)

**FORM 19: Claim for inclusion of name in the electoral roll for a teachers' constituency.** (Annexure 23)





# SECTION – II

# ORGANIZATIONAL SETUP

CHAPTER 3  
ADMINISTRATIVE MACHINERY

CHAPTER 4  
ELECTORAL REGISTRATION OFFICER

CHAPTER 5  
BOOTH LEVEL OFFICER



## Chapter 3

# Administrative Machinery

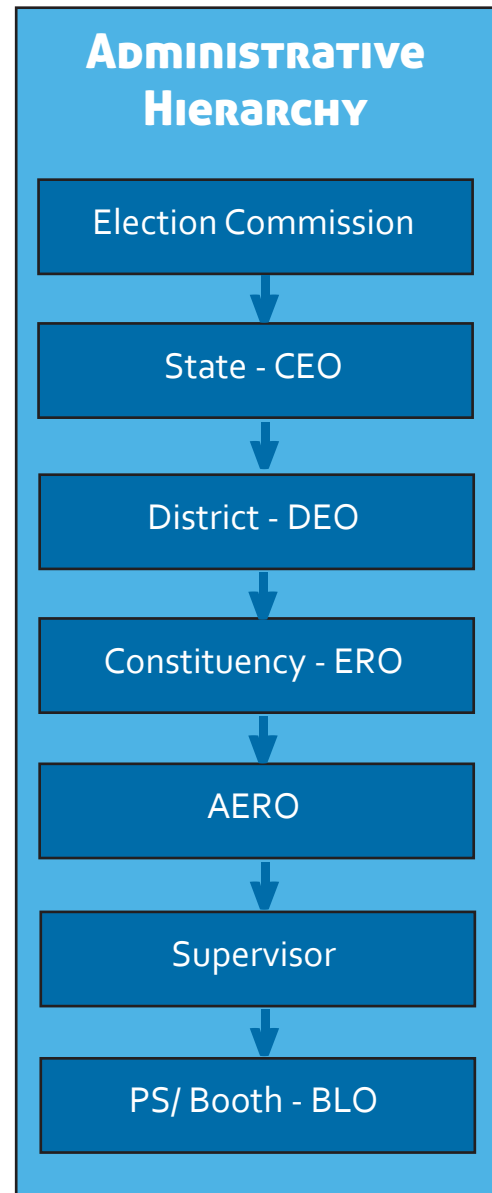
### 3.1 Introduction

The Constitution and statutes provide for independent election machinery consisting of the Election Commission at the apex level and hierarchy of officers at state, district and constituency level, for preparation of electoral rolls and conduct of elections in the country.

### 3.2 Statutory Administrative Machinery

3.2.1 Election Commission of India:- Article 324 of the Constitution of India lays down, inter alia, that the superintendence, direction and control of the preparation of the electoral rolls for all elections to the Parliament and to the Legislature of every State shall be vested in the Election Commission. The Election Commission is a permanent Constitutional Body created by Article 324, which came into existence on 25th January, 1950.

3.2.1.1 Composition of the Election Commission:- The Election Commission consists of the Chief Election Commissioner and such number of other Election Commissioners, if any, as the President may, from time to time, fix under Article 324(2). As per Article 324(3), when any other Election Commissioner is appointed by the President, the Chief Election Commissioner shall act as the Chairman of the Election Commission. The first Chief Election Commissioner was appointed on 21st March, 1950. From the time of its inception till 1989, the Election Commission functioned as a single member body, that is, consisting of only the Chief Election Commissioner. However, the President, in exercise of the powers under Article 324(2) referred to above, appointed two Election Commissioners on 16th October,



1989. The Election Commission was again a single member body from 1st January, 1990 but on 1st October, 1993 the President once again fixed the number of Election Commissioners at two, in addition to the Chief Election Commissioner, and since then, the Election Commission has been functioning as a three member body comprising the Chief Election Commissioner and two Election Commissioners. The Election Commissioners, by convention, are drawn from Senior Civil Servants of the rank of Cabinet Secretary or Secretary to Government of India or of an equivalent rank.

3.2.1.2 Conditions of service:- The conditions of service of the Chief Election Commissioner and other Election Commissioners are regulated by the Election Commission (Conditions of Service of Election Commissioners and Transaction of Business) Act, 1991. The tenure of the Chief Election Commissioner and other Election Commissioners is fixed as 6 years and retirement at the age of 65, whichever is earlier. In the matter of their retirement age, salaries and allowances, the Chief Election Commissioner and other Election Commissioners have been placed on par with a Judge of the Supreme Court of India. The Chief Election Commissioner shall not be removed from his office except in the same manner and on the same grounds as a Judge of the Supreme Court, while no Election Commissioner shall be removed from office except on the recommendation of the Chief Election Commissioner.

3.2.1.3 Functions of the Election Commission:- The main function of the Election Commission entrusted to it by Article 324 of the Constitution is the superintendence, direction and control of the preparation of electoral rolls for, and conduct of elections to Parliament and State Legislatures and to the offices of President and Vice President. As explained in the preceding Chapter, the Election Commission has vast powers or duties, which it exercises in conformity with the statutes for purpose of fulfilling its responsibilities of conducting a free and fair election. Article 324 empowers the Election Commission to issue directions where the enacted laws are either silent or have not made sufficient provisions to deal with certain situations arising in the conduct of elections. Though, such directions issued by the Election Commission may not have the force of law but the same are binding upon the election authorities. Apart from the primary functions relating to conduct of elections and preparation and revision of electoral rolls, the Election Commission has been entrusted with important duty of advising the President and the Governors in the matter of disqualification of sitting members of Parliament and State Legislatures, on all grounds other than the ground of defection. Besides, the Election Commission also performs quasi-judicial function of registration of political parties, recognition of such parties as national or state parties on the basis of their performance in elections and also deciding matters of party disputes.

3.2.1.4 Secretariat of the Election Commission and subordinate election machinery:- The Election Commission has a separate and permanent Secretariat, headquartered at New Delhi. However, it has no independent electoral organization at the field level.

Under Article 324(6), the President or the Governor of a State is obliged to make available to the Election Commission such staff as may be necessary for the conduct of elections and preparation and revision of electoral rolls. The Representation of the People Act, 1950 provides the regular election machinery in the field in Each State/UT comprising Chief Electoral Officer, District Election Officers, Electoral Registration Officers and Assistant Electoral Registration Officers. Besides, under the directions of the Election Commission, in every Polling Station there is a Booth Level Officer. At the time of preparation and revision of electoral rolls additional

staff is deployed to complete the exercise.

## 3.2.2 Chief Electoral Officer

3.2.2.1 Appointment:- The electoral machinery in each state is headed by a Chief Electoral Officer. He is appointed by the Election Commission in consultation with the concerned State Government under Section 13A of the Representation of the People Act, 1950. Originally, the Chief Electoral Officer was a non-statutory post on which an officer was appointed by the State Government concerned. However, on the Election Commission's recommendation, an amendment was made in 1956 to the Representation of the People Act, 1950 to insert Section 13A to make a provision for the Chief Electoral Officer as a statutory post who shall be designated/nominated by the Election Commission in consultation with the State Government. The Chief Electoral Officers are drawn from the senior bureaucrats of State Governments. Even an officer of the Central Government or Government of any other State can be appointed Chief Electoral Officer in a state, though this has not been done by the Election Commission so far.

**CEO is the statutory authority designated/nominated by the Election Commission in consultation with the State Government under Section 13A of the Representation of the People Act 1950 to supervise the preparation and revision of all electoral rolls and conduct of elections in a State. He is supported by Additional CEO, Joint CEO, Deputy CEO, Assistant CEO etc.**

3.2.2.2 Duties and Responsibilities:- The Chief Electoral Officer, subject to the superintendence, direction and control of the Election Commission, shall supervise the preparation and revision of all electoral rolls and conduct of elections in the State. The Chief Electoral Officers are on fulltime basis and they are not assigned any additional responsibilities by the State Government without the prior concurrence of the Election Commission. The Chief Electoral Officer has a separate office with certain senior officers of State Government known as Additional Chief Electoral Officer; Joint Chief Electoral Officer; Assistant Chief Electoral Officer and other office staff. These officers do not have any statutory position.

## 3.2.3 District Electoral Officer

3.2.3.1 Appointment:-

(i) Section 13AA of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 provides for the appointment of a District Election Officer in each district who shall be an officer of Government. Normally, the District Collectors/ District Magistrates/ Deputy Commissioners are designated and notified as

**DEO is the statutory authority designated/nominated by the Election Commission in consultation with the State Government under Section 13AA of the Representation of the People Act 1950 to supervise the preparation and revision of all electoral rolls and conduct of elections in a State. He shall prepare proposals for creation, rationalization and modification of polling stations. He is supported by Deputy DEO, Election Officer etc.**

the District Election Officers of their districts. However, there may be some exceptions to this normal practice due to administrative reasons.

- (ii) District Election Officer had no statutory responsibility before 1966. In 1966, Section 13AA (1) was inserted in the Representation of the People Act, 1950 providing a District Election Officer for each district who shall be such officer of the State Government, designated/nominated by the Election Commission in consultation with the State Government. Later on, District Election Officers were also appointed in Union Territories. Under the amended law in 2003, the Election Commission can designate even more than one officer as District Election Officers in one district if the Commission is satisfied that the functions of the office cannot be performed satisfactorily by one officer. This is being done in some districts of Assam. In such cases, the Election Commission specifies the area in the district in respect of each officer designated as District Election Officer in the district.
- (iii) The District Election Officers are appointed by designation, however, the Commission can appoint an officer as District Election Officer by name also.

3.2.3.2 Duties and Responsibilities:- The District Election Officer, subject to superintendence, direction and control of the Chief Election Officer coordinate and supervise all work in the district or in the area under his jurisdiction in connection with preparation and revision of electoral rolls and conduct of elections. Besides, under Section 25 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951, District Election Officer is responsible for providing sufficient number of polling stations for every constituency lying within his jurisdiction. He shall prepare proposals for creation, rationalization and modification of polling stations for all such constituencies and obtain the Election Commission's approval for the same through Chief Electoral Officer of the State/UT. In many states, Deputy District Election Officers or Election Officers are appointed to assist the District Election Officers in performing their election duties.

### 3.2.4 Electoral Registration Officer

(Please refer to Chapter 4 Electoral Registration Officer)

## 3.3 Subsidiary Electoral Functionary

Section 13B (2) of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 provides that an Electoral registration Officer may, subject to any prescribed restrictions, employ such persons as he thinks fit for the preparation and revision of electoral roll for the constituency. Accordingly, State Government officials of various categories are drafted for revision exercise every year for the said period.

### 3.3.1 Booth Level Officer

(Please refer to Chapter 5 Booth Level Officer)

### 3.3.2 Supervisors

3.3.2.1 Appointment:- The performance of Booth Level Officers shall be supervised regularly through a Supervisor. The officers for appointment as Supervisors should be drawn from class II officials of the State Government. The Election Commission has directed that class III officials can be appointed as Supervisors if the certificate is provided by the District Election Officers that no eligible class II official is available in the

district. The Election Commission has made it clear that the officers for appointment as Supervisors shall be provided by District Election Officers.

- 3.3.2.2 Duties and responsibilities:- Each Supervisor shall have, under his charge, a maximum number of 10 Booth Level Officers. Supervisor shall maintain check on quality of work done by Booth Level Officers and closely monitor their functioning. He shall work as a link between Booth Level Officers and Electoral Registration Officers/Assistant Electoral Registration Officers. Since Supervisors are engaged in activities relating to revision/preparation/updation of rolls, they shall also be deemed to be on deputation to the Election Commission and therefore under the disciplinary control of the Election Commission under the provisions of Section 13CC of the Representation of the People Act, 1950.
- 3.3.2.3 Monitoring and evaluation:- A standardized mechanism shall be developed for monitoring of performance of Booth Level Officer Supervisors. In the monitoring formats, there should be provision for senior officers like District Election Officers, Deputy District Election Officers, Electoral Registration Officers and Assistant Electoral Registration Officers to record their observations after random verification from time to time.
- 3.3.2.4 Remuneration/honorarium:- A Supervisor should be granted an annual honorarium of Rs. 12000/-.

#### 3.4 Electoral Roll Observers

- 3.4.1 Appointment:- Electoral Roll Observers are appointed to help the District Election Officers/Electoral Registration Officers during annual revision of electoral roll, in taking timely corrective measures and also to report the progress thereof to the Election Commission at least thrice during the entire revision period. In all those States, which have revenue divisions, Divisional Commissioners will be appointed as Electoral Roll Observers. The Chief Electoral Officers of such states shall forward the proposals for appointment of Roll Observers to the Election Commission. In other States, the Election Commission will appoint super time scale IAS officers posted in the state as Electoral Roll Observers in such a way that no Roll Observer will be required to observe the revision process in more than 5 districts. If the districts are too big, the Chief Electoral Officer may recommend more names for deployment as Roll Observers.
- 3.4.2 Duties and responsibilities:-
- 3.4.2.1 Electoral Roll Observer is required to visit each district of his charge at least three times during the entire period of summary revision. (Check Lists may be seen as Annexure 24).
- (i) 1st visit will be during the period of receipt of claims and objections.
- (ii) 2nd visit will be during the period of disposal of claims and objections by the Electoral Registration Officers.

**Electoral Roll Observers are appointed by ECI to help the DEOs/EROs during annual revision of electoral roll, in taking timely corrective measures and also to report the progress thereof to the Election Commission.**

- (iii) 3rd visit will be at the time of verification of the working copy by the Booth Level Officers/printing of supplements and final publication of the roll.
- 3.4.2.2 During the visit, the Electoral Roll Observer should not limit himself to the district headquarters. The Electoral Roll Observer should visit at least some polling stations of each of the Assembly Constituency. During 1st visit, the Electoral Roll Observer should convene a meeting of sitting MP/MLAs and representatives of political parties to hear their grievances/complaints and seek their active involvement in the revision process. Any member of public should be allowed to meet the Roll Observer for submitting any roll related complaints/issues. The Electoral Roll Observer shall send a detailed report to the Chief Electoral Officer with a copy to Election Commission immediately after such visit.
- 3.4.2.3 Electoral Roll Observer shall pay special attention to training aspect and on SVEEP activities as well as for preparation of NVD.

### 3.5 Officials/Staff Deployed for Roll Revision to be on Deemed Deputation

- 3.5.1 Under Section 13CC of Representation of the People Act,1950, Chief Electoral Officer, District Election Officers, Electoral Registration Officers/Assistant Electoral Registration Officers and all the officers referred to above or any other officer or staff employed in connection with preparation, revision and correction of electoral roll shall be deemed to be on deputation to Election Commission of India for the period for which they are so employed and shall be subject to control, superintendence and discipline of the Election Commission of India. During the period of revision of rolls, any transfer or disciplinary action of an Electoral Registration Officer/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer should be done only with the approval of the Election Commission. For other roll related staff, it can be done with the approval of Chief Electoral Officer concerned. Any violation of the same shall be viewed seriously by the Election Commission.
- 3.5.2 Section 13CC was inserted in the Representation of the People Act, 1950 by an amendment in 1988. There was a controversy on the interpretation of provisions of Section 13CC of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 and corresponding provision in Section 28A of the Representation of the People Act, 1951. However, that was settled down now as the Government and the Election Commission reached a settlement by mutual agreement in 2000 which was ratified by the Supreme Court. Under the terms of this agreement, the Election Commission directed in March, 2003 to take disciplinary action against three Collectors in Madhya Pradesh for dereliction of duties and lack of proper reason on their part in connection with the revision of electoral rolls in Khergon, Rewa and Shahdol districts. Though, the matter was resolved without imposing any penalty on the officers, the Election Commission has instructed that the suspension of any officer on the recommendation of the Election Commission should not be revoked without its prior concurrence. The Central Government has also advised all State Governments to comply with the Election Commission's instructions.

### 3.6 Breach of Official Duty in Connection with Preparation of Electoral Rolls

- 3.6.1 If any officer mentioned above or other person deployed to perform any official duty in connection with the preparation and revision of electoral roll or the inclusion or exclusion of any entry in or from that roll, without reasonable cause, is guilty



of any act or omission in breach of such official duty, he shall be punishable under Section 32 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than 3 months but which may extend to 2 years and with fine.

3.6.2 No court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under Section 32 of the Representation of the People Act 1950, unless there is a complaint made by order of, or under authority from, the Election Commission or the Chief Electoral Officer of the State concerned.

3.6.3 No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against any such officer or other person for damages in respect of any such act or omission as aforesaid.

### 3.7 Provision of Adequate Staff and Ban on Transfers/Postings of Officials During Revision Period

3.7.1 The Election Commission has directed to the State Governments to strengthen manpower and IT infrastructure in offices of Chief Electoral Officers, District Election Officers and Electoral Registration Officers. Besides, during the period of summary revision, the Election Commission reiterate its instructions to the State Governments to make provision of adequate staff and fill up all existing vacancies of posts of the District Election Officers, Electoral Registration Officers and Assistant Electoral Registration Officers.

3.7.2 The Election Commission has also directed that no officials connected with exercise of revision of electoral rolls like District Election Officers, Deputy District Election Officers, Electoral Registration Officers and Assistant Electoral Registrations should be transferred from their places of posting without its prior concurrence, from the commencement of the revision process till its completion. In case it becomes absolutely necessary to transfer any of the above key election officers, the State Government should send detailed proposal with full justification to the Election Commission and the Election Commission will consider such proposal on merit, on a case to case basis. However, all transfers arising out of regular promotion/probation (AIS as well as SCS) have been kept out of this ban.

3.7.3 The cases of transfer of the Booth Level Officers can be decided by the Chief Electoral Officer at his own level.

3.7.4 Further, no such officer should be associated with the work relating to revision of electoral rolls -

- (i) against whom any disciplinary action is pending or recommended, or
- (ii) against whom major penalty has been given, or
- (iii) against whom a serious criminal case is pending in any court of law, or
- (iv) who was transferred out during any previous revision of roll or conduct of election for inefficiency or wilfully violating the Election Commission's directions. In case of doubt, the Chief Electoral Officer should decide the matter, in consultation with the Election Commission, wherever felt necessary by him.

3.7.5 Posting of substitute officers:- The State Government shall invariably consult the Chief Electoral Officer while posting any substitute officer. The Chief Electoral

Officer may take a decision, in consultation of the Election Commission, where felt necessary.

### 3.8 Training of Officers Employed in Preparation and Revision of Electoral Rolls

As clear from the above, no officer except the Chief Electoral Officer is available for full time for the purpose of preparation and revision of electoral rolls and therefore, these officers are subjected to periodic administrative reshufflings by the concerned State Governments. The officers are transferred and new persons join in their place. The newly posted officers require orientation and training to accomplish the tasks assigned to them by the Election Commission and Chief Electoral Officers during preparation and revision of electoral rolls. Keeping in view requirement of regular trainings, the Election Commission has set up a training institute, known as India International Institute of Democracy and Election Management (IIIDEM) in June, 2011 at its Secretariat with the objective of enhancing and upgrading learning, knowledge, skill, efficiency and behaviourism in the election officials. IIIDEM draws annual calendar for regular training programmes and conduct trainings for State Level Master Trainers (SLMTs) from the states before every revision of electoral rolls and general election to keep them abreast of the fundamentals of election laws and existing instructions. It prepares/updates detailed and elaborate training manuals supplemented with printed material and power point presentations for such training classes. The SLMTs further impart trainings to the Electoral Registration Officers/Assistant Electoral Registration Officers, Booth Level Officers and other field level officials to be drafted for revision work as per the cascaded training programmes arranged in the states.

## Chapter 4

# Electoral Registration Officer

### 4.1 Introduction

The Representation of the People Act, 1950 provides that for the preparation and revision of electoral rolls, there shall be an officer called the Electoral Registration Officer. As the electoral rolls are prepared Assembly Constituency-wise, for both for parliamentary and assembly elections, in all States, except the State of Union Territories having no assembly constituencies, Electoral Registration Officers are appointed for assembly constituencies.

**EROs are appointed under Section 13B of the Representation of the People Act 1950. Normally, the civil service/revenue officers of Sub Divisional Officers or officers of equivalent status are appointed as the Electoral Registration Officers for the Assembly Constituencies within their respective jurisdiction as far as practicable**

### 4.2 Appointment

4.2.1 According to Section 13B of the Representation of the People Act 1950, the electoral roll for each constituency shall be prepared and revised by an Electoral Registration Officer, who shall be such officer of Government or of a local authority as the Election Commission may, in consultation with the State Government designate or nominate in this behalf.

Normally, the civil service/revenue officers of Sub Divisional Officers or officers of equivalent status are appointed as the Electoral Registration Officers for the Assembly Constituencies within their respective jurisdiction as far as practicable. In case sufficient number of Sub Divisional Officers is not available in a state for appointing as Electoral Registration Officer then the officers of Tehsildar or equivalent status may also be considered for appointment as Electoral Registration Officer. The Electoral Registration Officers are permitted to deploy such persons as they think fit, subject to such restrictions as may be imposed by the Commission, for the preparation and revision of the Electoral rolls.

4.2.2 An Electoral Registration Officer normally can hold charge of not more than two Assembly Constituencies. In Union Territories where the electoral rolls are also prepared for Parliamentary Constituencies, separate Electoral Registration Officers are appointed for Parliamentary Constituencies.

### 4.3 Electoral Registration Officers for Council Constituencies

For each of the Graduates', Teachers' and Local Authorities' constituencies of the Legislative Council, an Electoral Registration Officer is appointed. Normally, the Divisional Commissioner/ Deputy Commissioners or Officers of equivalent status are appointed as Electoral Registration Officers for the purpose and Deputy Commissioners/Sub-Divisional Magistrates in the district included in any Graduates' or Teachers' constituency are appointed as Assistant Electoral Registration Officers. Generally, no Assistant Electoral Registration Officers are appointed in any of the local authorities' constituencies.

## 4.4 Duties and Responsibilities

The Electoral Registration Officer is the statutory authority to prepare, revise or correct the electoral roll of the constituency under his jurisdiction. He is custodian of the electoral roll. Main responsibilities of Electoral Registration Officer during revision process are as follows:-

- 4.4.1 Drawing up a plan of action for completion of revision according to the schedule fixed by the Commission giving a detailed timeline for completion of each activity within the different stages of revision;
- 4.4.2 Procurement of different types of forms and stationery in sufficient quantities;
- 4.4.3 Identification and appointment of various functionaries viz. Booth Level Officers,
- 4.4.4 Designated Officers (DOs), Supervisors or other staff required for revision;
- 4.4.5 Preparation of training modules and adequate training to Booth Level Officers and Designated Officers through Master Trainers, well in advance;
- 4.4.6 Publication of Draft of the Roll by making a copy of the roll available for inspection and display of a notice in Form 5 appended to Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 and causing uploading of draft roll on the website;
- 4.4.7 Preparation of Formats 1-8 and furnish the same to the Election Commission;
- 4.4.8 Giving further publicity to the approved revision programme, as considered necessary;
- 4.4.9 Supplying, free of cost, 2 copies of the draft roll to every recognized political party in the state;
- 4.4.10 Convening meetings of representatives of political parties and requesting them to go through the draft roll and point out corrections therein, if any;
- 4.4.11 Maintenance of the lists of received Forms 6, 6A, 6B, 7 and 8 in Form 9,10,11,11A and 11B in duplicate and exhibiting the same on notice board in his office;
- 4.4.12 Enquire into or getting inquired into the claims and objections received;
- 4.4.13 Issuing notices of hearing in case of claims and objections where required;
- 4.4.14 Taking final decision and passing orders on the claims & objections taken for consideration;
- 4.4.15 Intimation of the final decision to the applicants in respect of their claims & objections;
- 4.4.16 Review and monitor closely the quality of work of the Assistant Electoral Registration Officers, Supervisors, Designated Officers and Booth Level Officers;
- 4.4.17 Inclusion of names inadvertently omitted and deletion of names wrongly included under relevant provisions of law;
- 4.4.18 Preparation of Formats 1-8 giving electoral data as per the proposed final electoral roll and comprehensive analysis of electors' data and census data. Analyse Formats 1 to 8 and formulate/implement strategies to address the anomalies, such study may reveal.
- 4.4.19 Publication of the final electoral rolls along with the supplements of additions, deletions and corrections;

4.4.20 Supply 2 copies of the finally published roll, free of cost, to every recognized political party of the state and cause uploading of final roll on website.

(\* Ref.: ECI letter No.3/ER/2021/SDR/Vol.II dated 23rd June, 2022)

#### 4.5 Assistant Electoral Registration Officer

Section 13C of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 provides for the appointment of one or more persons as Assistant Electoral Registration Officers to assist the Electoral Registration Officers in the performance of their functions. After considering the situation with regard to revision of electoral rolls, the Commission has directed, in supersession, of its earlier instructions that adequate number of AEROs should be appointed on full time basis, in such a manner that an AERO should not be assigned more than 3000 forms during the period of Special Summary Revision.

#### 4.6 Basic IT infrastructure in office of Electoral Registration Officer/ Assistant Electoral Registration Officer

The Election Commission has directed that each Electoral Registration Officer/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer shall be given at least one computer with internet connectivity, one printer, one telephone and one data entry operator, wherever such infrastructure is not available.

#### 4.7 Transfer/Posting of Electoral Registration Officer/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer

Under the provision of Section 13CC of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 any officer or staff engaged in work of revision/preparation/correction of electoral roll shall be deemed to be on deputation to the Election Commission for the period during which they are so employed and such officials, during the said period, be subject to the control, superintendence and discipline of the Election Commission. The Election Commission has directed that before every summary revision the State Government should ensure that no officials connected with exercise of revision should be transferred without the prior concurrence of the Election Commission during the period of summary revision.

#### 4.8 Grant of TA/DA to Electoral Registration Officer/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer

Electoral Registration Officer/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer can be sanctioned TA/DA as per rules applicable to the concerned state for their tours in the field in connection with exercise relating to preparation/revision of electoral roll.

## Chapter 5

# Booth Level Officer

### 5.1 Introduction

The Election Commission, on the basis of experience in General Election to West Bengal Legislative Assembly held in 2006, introduced the concept of appointing Booth Level Officer, as an instrument for collecting actual field information with regard to electoral roll corresponding to a polling station assigned to him. Booth Level Officer, generally an elector in the same polling area is familiar with local electors and under the overall supervision of Electoral Registration Officer plays an important role in preparation and revision of electoral roll of his part.

### 5.2 Appointment

5.2.1. Booth Level Officers are to be appointed by the Electoral Registration Officer under Section 13B (2) of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 after obtaining approval of the District Election Officer. They shall be deemed to be on deputation of the Election Commission of India under section 13CC of the RP. Act, 1950.

**BLOs are appointed by the Electoral Registration Officer under Section 13B (2) of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 after obtaining approval of the District Election Officer**

5.2.2. Booth Level Officer can be appointed from the following suggested list of categories of Government/Semi Government employees: -

- (i) Teachers
- (ii) Anganwadi workers,
- (iii) Patwari/Amin/Lekhpal,
- (iv) Panchayat Secretary,
- (v) Village Level Workers,
- (vi) Electricity Bill Readers,
- (vii) Postman,
- (viii) Auxiliary Nurses & Mid-wives,
- (ix) Health workers,
- (x) Mid-day Meal workers,
- (xi) Contract teachers,
- (xii) Corporation Tax Collectors, and
- (xiii) Clerical Staff in Urban area(UDC/LDC etc.)

- 5.2.3. Besides the above list, the following official/individuals can also be appointed/drafted as BLO: -
- (i) Central Government employees can be drafted only when prescribed/suggested 13 prescribed options have been exhausted.
  - (ii) Group 'B' officers can be drafted if prescribed/suggested 13 prescribed options have been exhausted.
  - (iii) Willing Retired government servant only where serving government servants are not available within the polling area. However, in rural area, the District Election Officer shall give a non availability certificate (Annexure-25(I)) in such cases.
  - (iv) Any specific category as and when required on case to case basis by CEO of concerned State, after prior approval of the Commission.
- 5.2.4. To the extent possible, a Booth Level Officer should be an elector in the polling station where she/he is deputed as Booth Level Officer. However, for the urban area ACs, if it is found more feasible by the CEO, work area may be aligned with their work place of original department/organization.
- 5.2.5. Following points should also be ensured before deployment of BLOs:-
- a. Efforts should be made to ensure that one BLO is made responsible for one part of the electoral roll. However, in case of inadequacy of manpower, one BLO can be made in charge of at the most two parts of electoral roll.
  - b. Female Booth Level Officers should be deployed in the polling stations, where the imbalanced gender ratio in electoral populace is observed, to motivate the unregistered women to come forward and get themselves enrolled in electoral rolls.
  - c. For cantonment areas, as far as practicable, staff of the concerned cantonment authorities should be appointed as Booth Level Officers.
  - d. Teachers shall be drafted minimally as Booth Level Officers. However, where necessary, they should be drafted for Booth Level Officer work during holidays and during non-teaching hours and non-teaching days so as to avoid any loss of academic work. It must be ensured that no teacher of a single-teacher-school is deployed for this purpose.
  - e. No employee associated with security services, essential services, and public utilities or involved in commercial/revenue-generating activities should be drafted as Booth Level Officer.
  - f. Physically challenged persons (including visually, handicapped and hearing and speech impaired persons), may not be drafted for BLO duty unless they express their willingness to take the work. While giving exemption in case of deployed PwD employees, ERO has to satisfy himself that the person concerned is actually having disability as claimed.
  - g. Utmost care must be taken while deploying semi-government employees as BLO and credentials of such workers should be verified thoroughly to ensure that they do not have any political allegiance.
  - h. Where polling stations are set up separately for males and females of a particular polling area, then only one BLO will be appointed for these two

polling stations lying within the same polling area. Similarly, only one BLO be appointed for main polling station and its auxiliary polling station.

- i. For difficult geographical areas, BLOs can be appointed for group of sections and such appointment shall be made in such manner so as to cover the entire area allotted to them and no section of polling station should remain uncovered. However, there should be clear demarcation of jurisdiction among the BLOs to avoid any over-lapping/duplication.
- J. The activities for BLOs should be planned in such away it doesn't affect the working of their parent department.
  - Booth Level Officer would continue to discharge the responsibilities assigned to him by his parent office and would remain generally under the control of his administrative department, but he would not be transferred without prior permission of the District Election Officer.
  - This will be the responsibility of the Booth Level Officer that he does not proceed on leave in any circumstance without making over his election related charge. Even in case of his transfer, he should ensure to hand over all election related papers, records and registers to his successor within the prescribed time. If his successor is not appointed, the Booth Level Officer would proceed on transfer only after handing over all election related papers, records and registers to his Electoral Registration Officer or to an Assistant Electoral Registration Officer.

### 5.3 Duties and Responsibilities

- 5.3.1. The Booth Level Officers play vital role in preparation and revision of electoral rolls, for which they shall make a thorough study of the roll of the part assigned to them and shall make frequent field visits to the areas in the said part and interact with local people, particularly, elders and grass root level elected representatives and identify the names of the dead/shifted/duplicate voters in the roll, which need to be removed by the Electoral Registration Officer.
- 5.3.2. Under overall control and superintendence of ERO, basic duties of Booth Level Officer will be as follows: -
  - (a) Collection of claims and objections from the applicants on behalf of ERO/AERO.
  - (b) House to house visit during annual summary revision and checking of overlapping, migration, transfer/shifting.
  - (c) House to house visit to collect data/forms/information during any special drive of ECI.
  - (d) Identification of shifted/dead/non-existing electors.
  - (e) Physical verification of Polling Station location of assigned part at the time of rationalization of polling station and uploading of photos and locations including the longitude and latitude of the center on GARUDA App.
  - (f) Digitization of all forms received in physical mode, through GARUDA App.
  - (g) Analysis of polling station data to identify gaps in electoral roll with special focus on enrolment of youths in 18-19 age group and women and to take necessary corrective measures.



- (h) Checking spellings, multiple/duplicate entries, part header page, photos etc. of electors in the roll.
- (i) Collecting photos of the residual voters.
- (j) Collecting mobile numbers/e-mail ID of electors.
- (k) Submitting reports/forms to Electoral Registration Officer so that notice can be issued to the persons whose names have to be deleted.
- (l) Display of draft roll/prescribed notices at designated locations.
- (m) Reading of rolls in gram/ward sabhas- Liaisoning with RWAs in urban areas for registration.
- (n) Distribution of EPIC, returned undelivered from India Post.
- (o) Correct Serialization of the houses and correct arrangement of sections falling within the part
- (p) Coordination with Booth Level Agents (BLAs)
- (q) Detailing of Forms received
- (r) Preparation of Nazri Naksha with an ordinary geographical demarcation to avoid overlapping, specially in respect of newly developed colonies.
- (s) Identification of dead and shifted voters during period of continuous updation.
- (t) Work related to ChunavPathshala
- (u) Distribution of voters information slip at the time of elections as per the schedule prepared by Returning Officer and maintenance of record there of.
- (v) Ensure timely survey of Absentee Voters and distribution/collection of Form12D by them.
- (w) Ensure pick-up and drop facilities to senior citizens and PwD electors on poll day.
- (x) Manning Help Desk at polling station and maintenance of alphabetical electoral roll on the day of poll.
- (y) Any other work related to the electoral roll of the concerned polling station as assigned by ERO and related to poll as assigned by the RO of the constituency.
- (z) Maximization of EPIC coverage.
  - (aa) Impart simple voter education at registration time.
  - (bb) Arrangements of SVEEP activities eg. Street plays, dramas, wall writings etc.

## 5.4 Booth Level Officer's Register

5.4.1. Every Booth Level Officer shall be provided with a kit bag inscribed with Election Commission of India logo. The BLO Kit may contain the following items:

- (a) Kit Bag, preferably made of Eco friendly material.
- (b) Cap with ECI Logo and "BLO" inscribed on it.
- (c) BLO's Register.
- (d) BLO's identity card.
- (e) A copy of Hand book for Booth Level Officer.

- (f) A brochure having links of CEO/DEO websites, link of PPTs of all training module and BLO magazine.
- (g) Writing pad with sufficient papers.
- (h) Blank Register.
- (i) Pen, Pencil, eraser, ruler etc.
- (j) Sufficient number of blank Forms 6, 6B, 7 and 8.
- (k) Before every annual revision of electoral rolls, a Booth Level officer shall be provided baseline electoral roll data of the concerned polling station and analysis of Formats 1-8.

5.4.2 The Booth Level Officer shall keep record of door to door survey done by him in Booth Level Officer's Register, which has now been standardized and simplified in 9 Statements, which is enclosed here with at Annexure-'25(II)'. BLO's Register is being digitized and put on Garuda App by ECI-IT Division. BLO's Register on Garuda App will also have baseline electoral roll data of the concerned polling stations and pre-filled Formats 1 to 8 using ERONET database.

## 5.5 Monitoring and Evaluation

The performance of Booth Level Officers shall be evaluated through well-defined layers of supervision and control through a battery of supervisors. The Chief Electoral Officers shall instruct Electoral Registration Officers to update personal details and mobile numbers of Booth Level Officers, correct demarcation of polling station areas and co-relation of Booth Level Officers with their respective polling areas and updation of polling station numbers in control tables. Accountability factor shall be spelt out in clear terms to Booth Level Officers that their job is crucial for fidelity of electoral rolls and their performance will be closely monitored. The Chief Electoral Officers shall ensure that in order to motivate the Booth Level Officers, a well-defined system of incentives and disincentives is also put in place. Withdrawal of BLO work from one official and simultaneously entrusting this to another official shall not be treated as/amount to punishment until and unless reason for withdrawal of work is specifically done and recorded as a punitive measure by the ERO/DEO.

## 5.6 Training

A comprehensive and meaningful orientation training should be imparted to all Booth Level Officers from time to time. Every newly appointed Booth Level Officer should invariably undergo induction training. Before every summary revision, a refresher training programme on need basis should be arranged to ensure that every Booth Level Officer is updated of his role and responsibilities. Updated Handbook for BLOs, as and when it is ready, shall be circulated to the CEOs of States/UTs for getting the same printed and distributed among the BLOs.

## 5.7 Remuneration/honorarium and TA/DA for Booth Level Officers

Remuneration/honorarium and TA/DA for Booth Level Officers:- The Election Commission has fixed a component of remuneration to the Booth Level Officers at Rs. 6000/- per annum. Besides, a minimum amount of Rs. 1000/- per annum should also be paid to a Booth Level Officer for house visits made by him during the period of summary revision. Booth Level Officers should necessarily be sanctioned TA/DA, if they make travels outside their polling station areas for the purpose of training.

# SECTION – III

# BASIC CONCEPTS

CHAPTER 6  
ELIGIBILITY CONDITIONS FOR ENROLMENT

CHAPTER 7  
DETERMINATION OF CITIZENSHIP

CHAPTER 8  
DETERMINATION OF ORDINARY RESIDENCE

CHAPTER 9  
KEY ISSUES RELATING TO ELECTORAL ROLLS



## Chapter 6

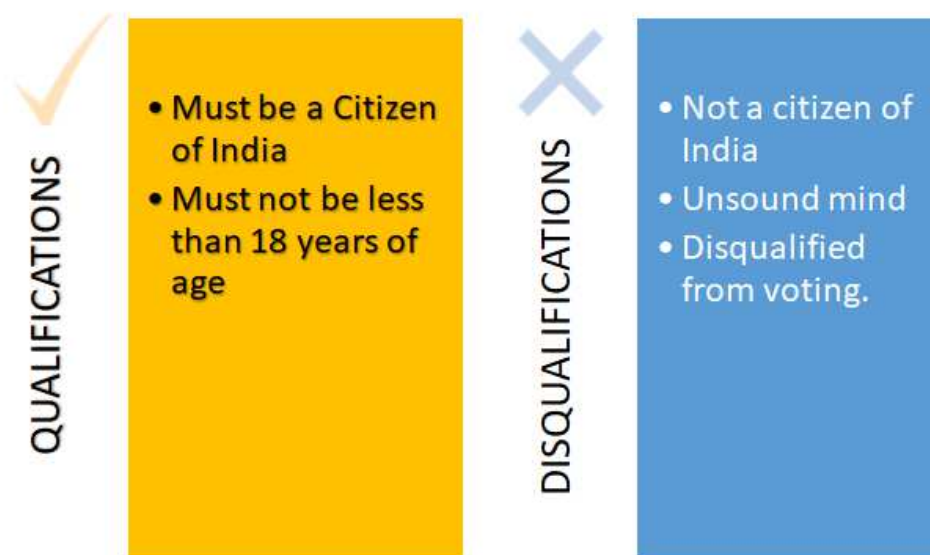
# Eligibility Conditions For Enrolment

### 6.1 Introduction

The statutory provisions and the Election Commission's instructions provide an adequate mechanism for preparation and revision of electoral rolls. However, the electoral system in the country is dynamic in nature and the registration authorities have to deal with many such questions for which the statutory provisions do not offer readymade solutions. This Chapter followed by Chapters - 7, 8 and 9 discuss certain such basic issues a registration authority has to face while considering claims & objections and preparing the rolls.

### 6.2 Qualifications and Disqualifications for Registration

Article 326 has provided for basic principle of adult suffrage in the country. This Article says that every person who is a citizen of India and who is not less than (18 years) of age on such date as may be fixed in that behalf by or under any law made by the appropriate legislature and is not otherwise disqualified under this Constitution or any law made by the appropriate legislature on the ground of non-residence, unsoundness of mind, crime or corrupt or illegal practises, shall be entitled to be registered as a voter. Accordingly, the Parliament has prescribed specific conditions of registration and disqualification for registration in electoral roll in Section 19 and 16 respectively, of the Representation of the People Act, 1950.



6.2.1 On the basis of the above provisions made in the Representation of the People Act, 1950 read with Article 326, a person applying for enrolment in electoral roll must be fulfilling each of the following conditions as well as must not be disqualified on the grounds mentioned below:-

6.2.1.1 Qualifications/conditions for registration as elector:- Any person applying for registration as an elector in an assembly or parliamentary constituency must fulfil the following eligibility conditions.

- (i) he must be a citizen of India
- (ii) he must not be less than 18 years of age on the qualifying date prescribed by law
- (iii) he should be ordinarily resident in the constituency concerned
- (iv) he must not be disqualified for such registration under the law made by Parliament

**In 1989, the 61st Constitutional Amendment reduced the voting age from 21 years to 18 years.**

6.2.1.2 Disqualifications for registration as elector The Constitution provides that appropriate legislature may prescribe any disqualifications for registration as elector on the ground of non-residence, unsoundness of mind, crime or corrupt or illegal practice at an election (art 326). Such disqualifications

for registration as an elector have been prescribed by Parliament in s 16 of the 1950 Act. According to that section, a person shall be disqualified for registration in an electoral roll, if he:

- (i) is not a citizen of India; or
- (ii) is of unsound mind and stands so declared by a competent court; or
- (iii) is for the time being disqualified from voting under the provisions of any law relating to corrupt practices and other offences in connection with election.

(Disqualifications for voting have been explained in Section 11A of the Representation of the People Act, 1951. It provides that a person shall be disqualified if he is convicted of an offence punishable under Section 171E and 171F of IPC and Sections 125, 135, 136 (2) (a) and 8A of the Representation of the People Act, 1951. The name of any person who becomes so disqualified after registration shall forthwith be struck off from the electoral roll in which it is included. In case the disqualification is removed by the competent court during the currency of the existing electoral roll, the Electoral Registration Officer can suo-motu restore name of the concerned person in electoral roll. As per Section 62 (5) of the Representation of the People Act, 1951, no person shall vote at any election if he is confined in a prison, whether under a sentence of imprisonment or transportation or otherwise, or is in the lawful custody of the police. However the proviso of the Section mentions that by reason of the prohibition to vote in under this sub-section a person whose name has been entered in the electoral roll shall not cease to be an elector.)

6.2.2 It is obvious from the above description that a person shall be eligible, for registration in electoral roll only if he fulfils the above conditions and simultaneously is not be disqualified on the grounds described above.

## Chapter 7

# Determination Of Citizenship

### 7.1 Introduction

- 7.1.1 The Electoral Registration Officer has to ensure that the electoral roll contains only the names of persons who are fully eligible and fulfil all the conditions for registration. One of such conditions of eligibility is that the elector should be a citizen of India. Therefore, when a claim application is preferred before the Electoral Registration Officer, he has to satisfy himself that the applicant is, inter alia, a citizen of India.
- 7.1.2 The Electoral Registration Officer holding the enquiry shall bear in mind that the enquiry being quasi-judicial in nature, he must entertain all such evidence, documentary or otherwise, as the concerned affected person may like to tender in evidence and its evidentiary value assessed and applied in decision making. The Electoral Registration Officer shall disclose all such material on which he proposes to place reliance, so that the concerned person has had a reasonable opportunity of rebutting such evidence. The concerned person, it must always be remembered, must have a reasonable opportunity of being heard.
- 7.1.3 Needless to state that the Officer enquiring into the matter must apply his mind independently to the material placed before him and without being influenced by extraneous considerations.

### 7.2 Case of Migrants -

- 7.2.1 In the case of persons who claim to be migrants from other parts of India, their statements should not be taken at face value. They will be required by the Electoral Registration Officer to adduce such evidence as may satisfy him in regard to the claim of migration from another place of India. In appropriate cases, the Electoral Registration Officer shall crosscheck the position with the District Election Officer of the District from where the claimants to have migrated.

### 7.3 Case of Married Women -

- 7.3.1 In the case of married women who change their residence as a result of marriage and who cannot produce documentary evidence as a proof of citizenship eligible for registration as voters, the following documents may also be accepted by the Electoral Registration Officer
- 7.3.2 Proof of being registered as voter as an unmarried girl, if her name was already included in the roll;
- 7.3.3 Proof of marriage, wherever possible;
- 7.3.4 Certificates issued by the headmen of both the villages, i.e., the village to which the woman belonged before marriage and the village to which she has moved after her

marriage, countersigned by a village level Government Official;

7.3.5 Where there is no village headman in existence, the certificate to the above effect issued by the Secretary, Gram Panchayat or an officer equivalent to village headman in terms of his powers and functions, and countersigned by village level Government Official.

7.3.6 A certificate issued by village headman, Panchayat President, etc., to the effect that a person is a citizen of India or a certificate issued by State Government authorities as regards permanent residence in the State, is not itself necessarily conclusive proof of citizenship. Any other document having a bearing on the question of citizenship should also be entertained and evaluated.

## 7.4 Verification of Citizenship certificate

7.4.1 Especially in the case of persons producing citizenship certificates, the genuineness and authenticity of each such certificate should be duly verified. Wherever there is any doubt, those cases should be referred to the authorities that issued those certificates. This is necessary as there is reason to suspect that some of these certificates may be bogus or issued without due care.

7.4.2 Before taking a final decision in the matter, the Electoral Registration Officer concerned will bear in mind the provisions of the Constitution and the Citizenship Act, 1955 and all related provisions having a bearing on the question of citizenship and then pass an appropriate order. It must be remembered that there is a provision for appeal against the decision of the Electoral Registration Officer. If any person whose citizenship is suspected is shown to have been included in the immediately preceding electoral roll, the Electoral Registration Officer or any other officer inquiring into the matter shall bear in mind that the entire gamut for inclusion of the name in the electoral roll must have been undertaken and hence adequate probative value be attached to that factum before issuance of notice and in subsequent proceedings. The onus of proof of citizenship shall initially lie on the applicant who applies for inclusion of his name for the first time. The Electoral Registration Officer must be satisfied that the person seeking to have his name enrolled is not disqualified, among others, by reason of his not being a citizen of India. In case of an objection filed in Form 7 seeking the deletion of name from the electoral roll on the ground that the person objected to is not a citizen of India, the onus of proof shall initially lie on the objector. It shall be ensured that such onus is fully discharged in accordance with law. Therefore, the Electoral Registration Officer would be justified in requiring the person concerned to show evidence that he is a citizen of India.

## 7.5 Determination of Citizenship of Homeless Persons -

In all such cases where homeless persons are registered in electoral rolls, a statement of such persons shall be recorded by the Booth Level Officer in which specific information about the place of his birth and the place of previous residence from where he has shifted to the present place of his ordinary residence, of such a person shall be asked for. This will help Electoral Registration Officer in deciding whether such a person is an Indian citizen or not.

## 7.6 Documents of Citizenship

7.6.1 Though, currently there is no standard and uniform document throughout the country to determine the citizenship, but there are some of the documents that



could be referred to by the Electoral Registration Officer while enquiring question of citizenship of the concerned person. These documents are as follows:-

- (i) National Register of Citizens (NRC), wherever it exists
- (ii) Citizenship certificate issued by a competent authority.
- (iii) A valid passport issued by the Government of India.
- (iv) Birth Certificate.

(The above mentioned documents are illustrative but not exhaustive.)

## 7.7 Determination of Citizenship under provisions of the Citizenship Act, 1955

7.7.1 As per the Citizenship Act, 1955, as amended from time to time, which has been enacted by Parliament under Article 11 of the Constitution, citizenship of India can be acquired by the following methods -

- (i) Citizenship by birth,
- (ii) Citizenship by descent,



- (iii) Citizenship by registration,
  - (iv) Citizenship by naturalisation,
  - (v) Citizenship provision covered by the Assam Accord, and
  - (vi) Citizenship by incorporation of territory.
- 7.7.2 The citizenship of persons born on or after 26th January, 1950, is governed by section 3 of the Citizenship Act, 1955. Such persons born in India on or after 26th January, 1950 have been classified into three categories, namely:-
- (i) Persons born on or after 26th January, 1950 but before 1st July, 1987 (i.e., up to 30th June, 1987);
  - (ii) Persons born on or after 1st July, 1987 but before the commencement of the Citizenship (Amendment) Act, 2003, i.e., before 3rd December, 2004 (up to 2nd December, 2004); and either of whose parents is a citizen of India at the time of his birth.
  - (iii) Persons born on or after 3rd December, 2004, where -
    - (a) both of his parents are citizens of India, or
    - (b) one of whose parents is a citizen of India and the other is not an illegal migrant at the time of his birth.
- 7.7.3 While issuing a clarification on registration of children of Tibetan Refugees in electoral roll, the Election Commission clarified that the Electoral Registration Officers should not deny enrolment to the person born on or after 26th January, 1950 but before 1st July, 1987, if they are satisfied that (a) the applicant was born in India, (b) he was born on or after 26th January, 1950 but before 1st July, 1987 and (c) he is ordinarily resident in the constituency in which the application for enrolment has been made.
- 7.7.4 As regards the persons born in India on or after 1st July, 1987 but before 3rd December, 2004, the matter shall be considered in light of Section (3) (1) (b) of the Citizenship Act, 1955. Under that section a person shall be treated as citizen of India, if at the time of his birth, either of his parents was a citizen of India. Thus, the person has to prove to the satisfaction of the Electoral Registration Officer that (a) he was born in India, (b) on or after 1st July, 1987 but up to 2nd December, 2004, and (c) either of his parents was a citizen of India at the time of his birth.
- 7.7.5 Further, it has also been clarified that an ERO has to decide eligibility condition for enrolment of a claimant in context with relevant Statutory provisions contained in R.P. Act 1950 and R.E. Rules, 1960 and the extant instructions of the Commission. To determine citizenship of person the provisions of the Constitutions and the Citizenship Act 1955 as amended from time to time shall be referred to.
- 7.7.6 The Election Commission, in this connection further clarified that under Section 3(2) of the Citizenship Act, the citizenship of India is not conferred merely by reason of birth in India in respect of certain persons whose parents enjoyed immunity from suits and legal process as is accorded to an envoy of a foreign sovereign power or whose father or mother is an enemy alien and whose birth occurs in a place then under occupation by the enemy. Normally, the former category of persons belongs to the diplomatic community of foreign states residents in India. As regards latter

category, There may be hardly any person who may have been declared as enemy alien. In case of doubt of any such person, the Ministry of Home Affairs may have to be consulted.

- 7.7.7 The above clarification given by the Election Commission covers children of all foreigners migrated to India.
- 7.7.8 If the Electoral Registration Officer is still not in a position to decide the question of citizenship of an applicant, he should refer to the Supreme Court's guidelines laid down by its order in Lal Babu Hussain vs. Electoral Registration Officer and Ors. in this matter (Please refer to Chapter 29 Landmark Judgements on Electoral Rolls). The Supreme Court has maintained that a question whether a person had never been an Indian citizen is distinguished from the question of any person having acquired citizenship of another country and consequent there upon his Indian citizenship having been terminated and that can be examined in a Civil Court. It was held that validity of a certificate granting citizenship by registration under Section 5(1)(c) of the Citizenship Act can be looked into to determine whether the elector is qualified or disqualified. It is clear that if Electoral Registration Officer has any doubt regarding issue of registering of any person applying for registration or considering any such objection against a person already enrolled in electoral roll, he should refer the case to Union Government, Ministry of Home Affairs for determining the issue under the Citizenship Act.

## Chapter 8

# Determination Of Ordinary Residence

### 8.1 Introduction

8.1.1 Originally, in the Representation of the People Act, 1950, it was provided that a person should be ordinarily resident in the constituency for not less than 180 days during a prescribed qualifying period before his name could be registered in that constituency. However, this condition was done away with, by an amendment in 1956. But the concept of 'ordinary residence' has not been defined clearly anywhere in the statutes. Section 20(7) of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 provides that the Electoral Registration Officer shall determine a question as to where a person is ordinary resident at any relevant time, with reference to all facts and to such rules as may be made by the Central Government in consultation with the Election Commission. The Central Government and the Election Commission have not made any rule on this subject till date.

**Ordinary Residence**  
**Section 20(7) Of The Representation Of The People Act, 1950 Provides That The Electoral Registration Officer Shall Determine A Question As To Where A Person Is Ordinary Resident At Any Relevant Time, With Reference To All Facts And To Such Rules As May Be Made By The Central Government In Consultation With The Election Commission. The Guwahati High Court Defined That The Term 'Ordinary Resident' Means A Usual And Normal Resident Of That Place, Residence Must Be Permanent In Character And Not Temporary Or Casual And It Must Be For A Considerable Time. The Resident Must Have Intention To Reside There Permanently. It Is The Place Where He Habitually Sleeps At Night. The Supreme Court Has Held That The Person Has To Have An Intention To Stay At That Place For A Considerably Long Time.**

8.1.2 However, some guidelines in this question are available in certain judicial pronouncements and administrative instructions of the Election Commission. (Please refer to Chapter 29 Landmark Judgements on Electoral Rolls) In *Dr. Manmohan Singh vs. the Election Commission of India & Others*, (Civil Rule No. 1087 of 1994) the Guwahati High Court defined that the term 'ordinary resident' means a usual and normal resident of that place, residence must be permanent in character and not temporary or casual and it must be for a considerable time. The resident must have intention to reside there permanently. It is the place where he habitually sleeps at night. The Supreme Court has held that the person has to have an intention to stay at that place for a considerably long time.

8.1.3 On the interpretation of the rulings of the Courts, the Election Commission has clarified that such a person need not be eating in that place but he should be sleeping regularly at that place.

## 8.2 Proof of Ordinary Residence -

The Election Commission has directed that while establishing the fact of ordinary residence of an applicant, the Electoral Registration Officer may ask for a copy of any of the following documents along with Form 6, as a proof of ordinary residence.

- (i) Water/Electricity/Gas connection Bill for that address (at least 1 year)
- (ii) Aadhaar Card
- (iii) Current passbook of Nationalized/Scheduled Bank/Post Office
- (iv) Indian Passport
- (v) Revenue Department's Land Owning records including Kisan Bahi
- (vi) Registered Rent Lease Deed (In case of tenant)
- (vii) Registered Sale Deed (In case of own house)

(As per ECI Lr.No.3/ER/2021/SRR/Vol.II, dated 23.06.2022 (Amendment in Election Laws and Rules)

**8.3 Temporary Absence** from place of ordinary residence will not deprive a person of the qualification of ordinary residence, if he possesses ability to return and has intention to return to that place.

**8.4 Mere ownership of a dwelling place** - Originally, possession of a dwelling place was deemed to be a condition for ordinary residence but in 1958 Amendment in Section 20(1) the provision was dropped. Now, mere ownership of a building/ property will not bestow upon the owner a qualification for ordinary residence.

**8.5 Homeless/pavement Dwellers** - Homeless/the persons living in sheds/pavement dwellers, who do not possess any documentary proof of ordinary residence are eligible for enrolment in electoral roll, provided they are ordinarily residing there, irrespective of the fact whether that is a private property or pavement or an encroachment on government land. In such case the Booth Level Officer will visit the address given in Form 6 for more than one night to ascertain that the homeless person actually sleeps at the given place. However, to avoid an eventuality of a homeless foreign national getting registered in electoral roll, the Election Commission has directed that in all such cases where homeless persons are registered in electoral rolls, a statement of such persons shall be recorded by the Booth Level Officer in which specific information about the place of his birth and the place of previous residence from where he has shifted to the present place of his ordinary residence, of such a person shall be asked for. This will help Electoral Registration Officer in deciding whether such a person is an Indian citizen or not.

**8.6 Sex Workers** - As in case of verification of homeless persons, as referred to in the preceding paragraph, the Election Commission has directed that in case of those sex workers who do not possess any documentary proof of place of residence, the documentary proof should not be insisted, however the Booth Level Officer will ascertain that the claimant actually resides at the place, mentioned in his/her Form 6, by visiting the given address and submit a verification report to the Electoral Registration Officer/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer, to this effect who will decide the case accordingly.

## 8.7 Exceptions to the General Principle of Ordinary Residence

- 8.7.1 Members of Parliament and State Legislatures Under the provision of Section 20 (1B) of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 Members of Parliament and the State Legislatures are entitled to be registered in their home constituencies notwithstanding the fact that they are away from their normal place of residence in connection with their duties as member of Parliament or State Legislature.
- 8.7.2 Persons holding declared offices
1. The holder of a declared office who desires to be registered as an elector in the constituency in which, but for his holding such office, he would have been ordinarily resident, can also get registered there. The following offices have been declared by the President under Section 20(4):-
    - (i) The President of India
    - (ii) The Vice-President of India
    - (iii) Governors of States
    - (iv) Cabinet Ministers of the Union or of any State
    - (v) The Deputy Chairman and Members of the Planning Commission
    - (vi) The Ministers of State of the Union or of any State
    - (vii) Deputy Ministers of the Union or of any State
    - (viii) The Speaker of the House of the People or of any Legislative Assembly
    - (ix) The Chairman of any State Legislative Council
    - (x) Lieutenant Governors of Union Territories
    - (xi) The Deputy Speaker of the House of the People or of any State Legislative Assembly
    - (xii) The Deputy Chairman of the Council of States or of any State Legislative Council
    - (xiii) Parliamentary Secretaries of the Union or of any State
- 8.7.3 A declared office holder will specify in his statement the place where he would have been ordinarily resident but for holding the aforesaid office. However, the statement made by the declared office holder is not final and it will be open to the persons who are in possession of such evidence to object to the inclusion of name of a holder of declared office. The spouse of a holder of declared office, \if such spouse ordinarily resides with his or her spouse , is also entitled to get registered in the electoral roll with his or her spouse.
- 8.7.4 Service Voters: Normally, the serving members of the armed forces of the Union or the central para-military forces, i.e. BSF, CRPF, CISF, ITBP, NSG, GREF (BRO) and Assam Rifles to which provisions of Army Act, 1950 have been made applicable (with or without modification), State Armed Police personnel posted outside the state, and the government servants posted outside India in Indian Missions are enrolled in their native places and not at their places of postings. They are called 'Service Voters'. Thus electors having service qualification are entitled to get registered at their native places which may be different from their place of ordinary residence.

The spouse of a service voter, /if such spouse ordinarily resides with his or her spouse, is also entitled to get registered in the last part of electoral roll with his or her spouse .

(As per ECI Lr.No.3/ER/2021/SRR/Vol.II, dated 23.06.2022 (Amendment in Election Laws and Rules)

- 8.7.5 Overseas Indian Electors: Under Section 20A of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, inserted vide the Representation of the People (Amendment) Act, 2010, which has come into force w.e.f. 10th February, 2011, every overseas elector, i.e., an Indian citizen who is absenting from his place of ordinary residence in India owing to employment, education or otherwise, and has not acquired citizenship of any other country and who is not included in the electoral roll, is entitled to have his name registered in the electoral roll of the constituency in which his place of residence in India as mentioned in his passport is located. In terms of Rule 8A of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, every overseas elector whose place of residence in India is located in the States/Union Territories of India, who has completed 18 years of age as the qualifying date, and is desirous of registering his name in the electoral roll, can submit claim application in Form-6A along with supporting documents for registration in the electoral roll of the constituency in which his place of residence as shown in the passport is located.
- 8.7.6 Students, if otherwise eligible, living in a hostel or mess or lodge more or less continuously, going back to their normal home or place of residence only for short periods, can be held to be ordinarily resident in the place where the hostel or mess or lodge is situated. However, if they so wish, they have the option of retaining their enrolment at their residence with their parents instead. [During intensive revision, students shall not be enumerated at their hostels. They can be enrolled subsequently on application in Form 6 with bonafide student and hostel resident certificate]. However, the course pursued by the said students should be recognized by Central / State Governments / Boards / Universities / Deemed Universities and such courses should be of not less than 1 year's duration. Such students who want to enroll themselves at the hostel / mess will have to attach a bonafide declaration duly certified by the Headmaster / Principal / Director / Registrar / Dean of the educational institution with Form 6 (as per the specimen as Annexure 26).
- 8.7.7 A person who is patient in any establishment (hospital) for treatment from mental illness/mental defectiveness, or who is detained in prison/other legal custody should not be included in the electoral rolls of the constituency in which such institutions are located, as under the provision of Section 20(2) they shall not by reason thereof be deemed to be ordinary resident therein.
- 8.7.8 Electors of Sangha Constituency In the Legislative Assembly of Sikkim one seat is reserved for the Sanghas belonging to Buddhist Monasteries in which all the electoral roll consists all Sanghas scattered throughout the state.

**8.8** It would be clear from above that all cases can neither be dealt with in an identical manner nor can any uniform rule be laid down to define 'ordinary residence'. Generally speaking, a person should not be enrolled at an address where he is staying temporarily; and on the other hand, he is to be enrolled at the normal place of residence even though he may be temporarily absent from there.

## Chapter 9

# Key Issues Relating To Electoral Rolls

### 9.1 Minimum age as on Qualifying Date

9.1.1 As mentioned above, Article 326 of the Constitution and Section 19 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 give right to be registered as a voter to an Indian Citizen of above the age of 18 years, if not otherwise disqualified. The statutes make it clear that right to be enrolled is a Constitutional Right yet there is no obligation on any authority to enroll every person above the qualifying age, in the electoral roll. The person is required to make application for the purpose to the Electoral Registration Officer in the prescribed form and manner.

9.1.2 The applicant should be of the minimum age on the qualifying date, which is under Section 14 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 is 1st day of January of the year in which the electoral roll is so prepared or revised. The Election Commission of India, in pursuance of the legal amendments in the Section 14(b) of the RP Act 1950 and consequent modifications in Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, has brought about necessary changes for preparation/revision of electoral roll of Assembly/Parliamentary Constituency. On the recommendations of ECI, the Ministry of Law & Justice recently amended the RP Act to provide for four qualifying dates i.e., 01st January, 01st April, 01st July and 01st October as eligibility for youngsters to register in electoral rolls as opposed to the earlier single qualifying date of 1st January only.

In pursuance of the above legal amendments, following consequent modifications have been made in Registration of Electors Rules, 1960: -

#### 'Qualifying Date' -

Qualifying date is that date with reference to which eligibility of an applicant is determined for enrolment in the electoral roll. Qualifying date is the first day of January of the year in which the electoral roll is finally published. Now it has been amended as four qualifying dates (i.e.) the first day of January, the first day of April, the first day of July and the first day of October of the year in which an electoral roll is finally published.





i. **Sub-Rule 1(A) of Rule 26 of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960: -**

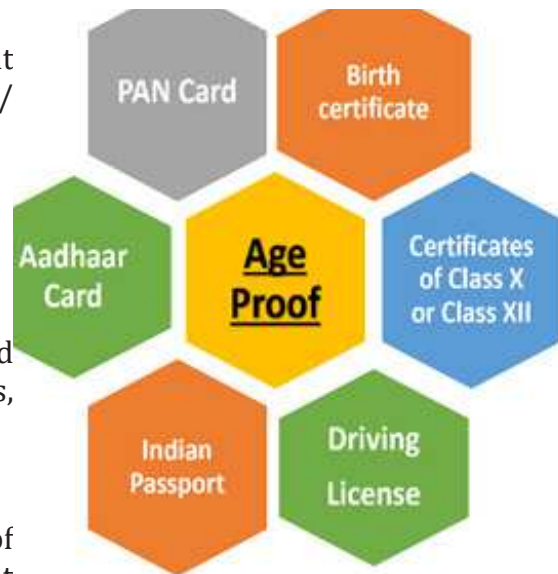
“(1A) Every such application as is referred to in sub rule (1), with reference to the qualifying dates 1st day of January, the 1st day of April, 1st day of July, 1st day of October of the year shall be presented to the registration officer in such manner as the Election Commission may direct.”

ii. **Rule 26A of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960: -**

“(26A) the list of amendments prepared with reference to the qualifying dates as specified in sub rule 1(A), shall be merged and integrated with last finally published electoral roll and published as draft electoral roll under rule 10 before every general election and bye-election and shall be put in public domain with reference to the qualifying date, proximate to the said election, as the Election Commission may direct.”

9.1.3 List of documentary proof of age The Election Commission has prescribed the following birth certificate/documentary proof of age:-

- a) Birth certificate issued by Competent Local Body/ Municipal Authority/ Registrar of Births & Deaths
- b) Aadhaar Card
- c) PAN Card
- d) Driving License
- e) Certificates of Class X or Class XII issued by CBSE/ICSE/ State Education Boards, if it contains Date of Birth
- f) Indian Passport
- g) Any Other Document for Proof of Date of Birth:- (If no core document is available) (Pl. Specify)\_(As per ECI Lr.No.3/ER/2021/SRR/Vol.II, dated 23.06.2022 (Amendment in Election Laws and Rules)
- h) In case none of the above document is available, an oath or affirmation in prescribed format (Annexure 27) made by either of the parents of the applicant (or by guru in case of an applicant in third gender category) can be given. In those cases where parental declaration is given as proof of age, the applicant will have to be present himself for verification before Booth Level Officer/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer/Electoral Registration Officer.
- i) Further, if none of the above document is available and neither of the parents is alive, the applicant can submit a certificate of his age given by sarpanch of the concerned Gram Panchayat or by a member of the concerned Municipal Corporation/ Municipal Committee.
- j) In case the applicant is more than 21 years and physically appears to be so to Booth Level Officer/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer/ Electoral Registration Officer, declaration of age by him will be taken as proof of age and no documentary proof will be insisted on. The age should be indicated in years and completed months as



on the qualifying date i.e. first day of January/ first day of April, the first day of July and the first day of October of the year with the reference to which electoral roll is being revised.

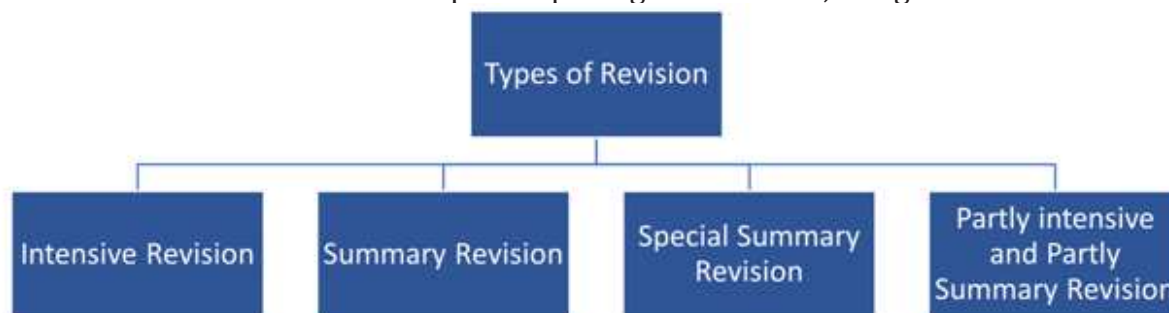
## 9.2 Periodicity of Revision - When to Revise Electoral Rolls

- 9.2.1 Earlier, it was provided that rolls shall be prepared every year with reference to 1st March of the year as qualifying date. The law was amended in 1956 to provide that the electoral roll once prepared shall thereafter be revised in every subsequent year. In 1958, the qualifying date was changed as 1st January of the year. The statutes underwent further change in 1966 to provide in Section 21 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 that the electoral roll for a constituency shall be revised before each election. Under Section 21(2)(b) the Election Commission may direct the revision in any year, if it so decides, even when no election is immediately due. Despite change in the law, the Election Commission has continued the convention of annual revision. Presently, the Election Commission orders revision of electoral rolls in every year with reference to four qualifying dates (i.e.) the first day of January, the first day of April, the first day of July and the first day of October of the year in which an electoral roll is finally published.
- 9.2.2 The Election Commission has discretion to dispense with revision of electoral rolls before an election, if it considers that such revision is either not feasible or not necessary, though, the Election Commission has to record the reasons for doing so, and notify the said reasons in official gazette for public.
- 9.2.3 Electoral rolls, once finally published, continue to be in force so long it is not further revised. It means there is an electoral roll for every constituency at every point of time and there is no vacuum.
- 9.2.4 The year of revision is the year in which the electoral roll after such revision is finally published and not the year in which such revision may have started.

## 9.3 Types of Revision

Rule 25(1) of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 says that the roll for every constituency shall be revised either intensively or summarily or partly intensively and partly summarily, as the Election Commission may direct.

- 9.3.1 Intensive Revision - The Rule 25 further states that where a roll is revised intensively it shall be prepared afresh. In other words, an intensive revision is a denovo process without reference to the earlier existing roll. The Enumerators/Booth Level Officers visit each house in the specific polling station area, assigned to them. Normally,



they make 2 visits - In the 1st visit, the houses are serially numbered, if not already

numbered by the local authorities; In the 2nd visit, they note down all relevant particulars of the eligible persons staying in each house in an electoral card. A copy of the electoral card is handed over to the head of the house hold or, in his absence, to any adult member of the family. A separate electoral card (separate page of enumeration pad/Booth Level Officer's Register) is used for one household. The work of Enumerators/Booth Level Officers is super checked by Supervisors, Assistant Electoral Registration Officers, Electoral Registration Officers and District Election Officers. On the basis of such enumeration, a manuscript is prepared in written form. The names in each part are arranged according to house numbers and are arranged in serial order. Thereafter, the manuscript is computerized and draft roll is prepared and published, inviting claims and objections. After disposal of such claims and objections, the roll is finally published.

9.3.2 Summary Revision - In a summary revision the roll is simply updated and there is no house-to-house enumeration. According to Rule 25, the Registration Officer shall cause to be prepared a list of amendments to the relevant parts of the roll and on the basis of such information as may be readily available, publish the roll together with the list of amendments as a draft inviting claims and objections. After disposal of the claims and objections filed during the period for filing claims and objection, the rolls are finally published. The final roll includes the draft published and the supplements prepared as result of the revision exercise.

9.3.2.1 Special Summary Revision - Where, by reason of any inaccuracies in the rolls, such as failure to cover any place or localities or blocks or any section of electors or for any other reasons, the Election Commission considers it necessary so to do, it may, after recording such reasons, order special revision of the roll of any constituency or part thereof. The procedure for carrying out special revision is determined by the Election Commission in each case having regard to the circumstances of the case and other relevant factors. Under this type of revision, the Election Commission may adopt changes in the existing procedure, suitable to the specific circumstances. For example, there is no provision for house to house verification during summary revision but the Election Commission may order house to house verification in all the constituencies or some specified constituencies during special summary revision. The Booth Level Officers, while undertaking field verification take Booth Level Officer's register containing pre-filled house-hold electors' details for verification. They indicate change/correction in the existing details and also make new entries in respect of fresh eligible persons. The Booth Level Officer also arrange reading out of the draft roll at Gram Sabhas/Ward Committees. Besides, during special summary revision special campaigns are also organized on the weekend holidays where the applicants can visit the designated locations to inspect draft roll or deposit their claims and objections, in addition to the normal practice of lodging claims and objections in the offices of Electoral Registration Officers. Now a days, the Election Commission generally orders special summary revision every year.

9.3.3 Partly Intensive and Partly Summary Revision - In such revision the existing electoral rolls are published in draft. Simultaneously, Enumerator/BLOs are sent to the households for verification. After disposing of claims and objections, supplementary lists of addition, deletions and corrections are prepared and published together with main(mother) roll form the finally published Electoral Roll.

## 9.4 Language of Electoral Rolls

Rule 4 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 provides that the electoral roll shall be prepared in such language or languages as the Election Commission may direct. Accordingly, the electoral roll is prepared in the official language of the State/Union Territory as directed by the Election Commission. In an Assembly Constituency, where more than 20% of the electors speak and use a language other than the official language and the number of people literate in that minority language is significantly high, the Election Commission will issue direction that it shall be printed and published in that minority language also. (The ballot paper is also printed in such cases in multi-lingual form). Besides, the electoral rolls in all metros should also be published in English. Service voters' list (last part) invariably will be in English language. Presently, the electoral roll is published in 16 languages including English in different states of country (Annexure 28).

## 9.5 Electoral Rolls for Legislative Assembly/Parliamentary Constituency

9.5.1 The electoral rolls are maintained Assembly Constituency (AC) wise except in the Union Territories not having Legislative Assembly. The statutes provide that for every Assembly Constituency, there shall be an electoral roll prepared under the superintendence, direction and control of the Election Commission in accordance with the provisions of Representation of the People Act, 1950.

9.5.2 Further, Section 13D of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 states that there is no separate electoral roll for any Parliamentary Constituency and the electoral roll of a Parliamentary Constituency consists of the electoral roll for all the Assembly Constituencies comprised with in that Parliamentary Constituency. It is not necessary to prepare or revise separately the electoral roll for any such Parliamentary Constituency. the Union Territories not having a Legislative Assembly are the exceptions. In case of Union Territories not having Legislative Assembly too, the rolls are maintained Parliamentary Constituency-wise.

9.5.3 The provisions relating to the preparation and revision of electoral rolls for Assembly Constituencies apply (mutatis-mutandis) also in case of preparation of electoral roll for Parliamentary Constituencies in the Union Territory not having Legislative Assembly.

## 9.6 Electoral Rolls for Legislative Council Constituencies

9.6.1 The extent, number of electors and number of members to be elected from Council Constituencies is determined by the Delimitation of the Council Constituencies Orders, as amended from time to time, under the orders of the President. The Legislative Council consists of members elected from Council Constituencies, members elected by the members of the State Legislative Assembly and the members nominated by the Governor. Most of the Council Constituencies are single-member constituencies. However, there are a few double-member constituencies. The Council Constituencies are:-

- (i) Graduates' Constituencies;
- (ii) Teachers' Constituencies; and
- (iii) Local Authorities' Constituencies.

9.6.2 The electoral roll of Legislative Council Constituencies is different from the rolls for

Assembly Constituencies. These are prepared under Section 27 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 and Rules 30 and 31 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960. The qualifying date and conditions of the registration are different in case of Council Constituencies, however, correction of entries and inclusion of names are done under Section 22 and 23 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, in the same manner as in respect of Assembly Constituencies. The detailed procedure for the preparation/ revision of electoral rolls for Council Constituencies is given in Chapter - 23 Preparation And Revision Of Electoral Rolls For Council Constituencies.

## 9.7 Electoral Roll Parts and Polling Stations

- 9.7.1 Rule 5(2) of the Registration of Electors Rule, 1960 mentions that an electoral roll of Assembly Constituency should be divided into convenient parts. Statutorily, a part is the smallest unit of the electoral roll. Each part of the electoral roll shall cover a well-defined and compact geographical polling station area. For each such polling station area there shall be a polling station (precinct) for voting by the electors of that part. Under Section 25 of the Representation of the People's Act, 1951, the District Election Officer is responsible for providing the polling station. Corresponding to each of the polling station, there shall be a 'part' of the electoral roll wherein all the registered voters residing within that well defined polling station area shall be enlisted.
- 9.7.2 Sub-rule (4) of Rule 5 of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 indicates that the number of the names to be included in any part should not ordinarily exceed 2000. The Election Commission has however, with voters convenience in mind, has directed that a part should not have more than 1500 Electors.
- 9.7.3 The number and name (and address) of the polling station shall be indicated on the title page of the part concerned of the roll. The part number of the electoral roll and the polling station number shall invariably be same and identical. At a particular polling station, arrangements for receiving the votes of electors belonging to that part would be made on the appointed day of polling. (For detailed guidelines relating to polling stations, please refer to 'Manual on Polling Stations' available on the Election Commission's website)

## 9.8 Polling Station and 'Section'

'Section' is a clearly identifiable area within a polling station. It denotes locality and area details and contains household wise individual elector details. It is determined considering the distribution of habitation, geographical landmarks, alignment of streets, plotting road networks, natural barriers etc. There is no fixed number of electors in a section. It may range anywhere between 50 and 100. It purely depends on decision of the Electoral Registration Officer while considering the above factors. The existence of number of sections in part helps in grouping the electors depending on their geographical distribution. Details of electors are maintained section-wise in the electoral roll database. Normally, all the electors of a household living at same door number or at the next door should be kept in the same section. The Electoral Registration Officer shall not break a section while bifurcating a polling station at the time of rationalization/modification of polling stations. Section is not a statutory unit.

## 9.9 Layout and Structure of Electoral Rolls

- 9.9.1 Title Page of constituency:- Every Assembly Constituency roll shall have a 'title page' showing the year of revision, the number, name, reservation status, extent of the constituency and the number of parts into which such roll is divided, followed immediately by a table of contents indicating in serial order the area covered by each part of the roll. A sample title page of Assembly Constituency roll is as Annexure 29. The title page shall always be followed by a constituency map. The constituency map shall depict clearly the extent and boundary of the constituency, major roads, railway lines, river and at least the administrative boundary of the block/tehsils/taluka (Annexure 30). At the end of the assembly roll there shall be the summary sheet (Annexure 31).
- 9.9.2 Part Header:- Each part of the roll also has an individual title page providing information about that part of the roll. Sample of this title page of a 'part' of the roll is as Annexure 32. This title page is followed by a sketch map (Nazri naksha) of the polling station area covered by the part. The sketch map shall clearly depict the extent and boundary of the polling area, settlements (habitation area), sections, streets, important landmark buildings like polling stations, post office, health centres etc. Thereafter, the elector details in prescribed format shall be provided (Annexure 33). At the end of roll of a part, there shall be a summary sheet (Annexure 34).
- 9.9.3 These parts shall further be organized into geographically identifiable 'sections'. There is no reference of section in the statutes, however, the Election Commission has directed that for proper identification of smaller units within the polling station area and for convenience to link all electors of the same household, the Electoral Registration Officer should divide the part in numerous sections with a number of electors ranging from 50 to 100. Under these 'sections', household-wise elector's details shall be entered. In the normal course, a building should not be scattered into different sections. A new section should always start with a new page. There is no limit on how many sections can be created in a part. While creating a new polling station from an existing polling station, the Electoral Registration Officer should not break a section.
- 9.9.4 Specifications of various particulars in electoral roll:-
- 9.9.4.1
- (i) The name of the Assembly Constituency and part no. shall be printed on each page.
  - (ii) Name of section and segment, if any, should be on the top of each page and each new section/segment shall start on a new page.
  - (iii) Section details should capture full postal address details.
  - (iv) There shall be 30 entries per page.
  - (v) The serial number of the elector in the part shall be given horizontally from left to right with three elector details boxes in each row.
  - (vi) The size of photo will be of size 1.5 X 2.0 cms.
  - (vii) Relation should be clearly reflected in elector details box. For example, the field name should read as "Father's name", "Mother's name", "Husband's name" or "Guardian's name" as the case may be.

- (viii) The footer in every page shall indicate “Age as on the qualifying date”, “page no. of the roll” for the part and also print “published by the Electoral Registration Officer”.

#### 9.9.4.2 Sequence of entries relating to electors in elector details box:-

- (i) The serial number shall appear on the left hand top corner in a box centered without leading zeroes, like 1 2 and so on.
- (ii) The EPIC number shall appear in the same row after the serial number of the elector.
- (iii) The name of the elector shall appear in the next row.
- (iv) Name of relation i.e. Father/Mother/Husband/Legal Guardian in case of orphan/ Guru in case of Third Gender shall appear in the next row.
- (v) House number of the elector shall appear in the next row.
- (vi) In the last row the Age and then Sex of the elector shall be indicated and
- (vii) The photograph of the specified size shall appear on the right side in a box opposite the above entries, as shown.

9.9.5 The elector details are arranged in 8-column format in a ‘text roll’ and photograph of the elector is provided additionally, in case of a ‘photo roll’. A sample of elector detail of photo roll is as Annexure 33 and of text roll is as Annexure 35. Normally, there are details of 45 electors on a page in text roll while in the photo roll one page contains details of maximum 30 electors.

9.9.6 The last part of the roll will have the list of Service Voters (SVs) (Annexure 36).

9.9.7 Name of Overseas elector is to be included in the relevant part of the roll of the constituency in which the place of his residence in India as mentioned in his passport is located. A separate section named “Overseas Electors” which is the last section of the roll of that particular part shall be created in which the said overseas elector is registered and name of the overseas elector will be kept in this section.

## 9.10 Registration at Multiple Places

Section 17 and 18 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 provide that a person shall not be entitled to be registered in the electoral roll of any constituency and in the same constituency for more than once. The Electoral Registration Officer has to ensure that multiple entries do not find place, it is why he conducts de-duplication exercise before revision. The statute does not provide for any specific penalty for registration as an elector in more than one constituency or more than once in the same constituency. The elector will render himself liable to penal action under Section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 only if he gets his name included in the electoral roll at multiple places despite knowing that his name is already included in the electoral roll and he suppresses that fact by making false declaration in claim application (Form 6). A person whose name is registered at multiple places can vote only once. If it is proved that he has voted more than once all his votes shall be void.

### 9.10.1 Penalty for making false declaration

9.10.1.1 If any person makes, in connection with the preparation, revision or correction of an electoral roll or the inclusion or exclusion of any entry in or from an electoral roll,

a statement or declaration in writing, which is false and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true, he shall be punishable under Section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine or with both.

Section 17 and 18 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 provide that a person shall not be entitled to be registered in the electoral roll of any constituency and in the same constituency for more than once

- 9.10.1.2 Under Section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, the offence is a non-cognizable, bailable offence, triable by any magistrate. A magistrate will take cognizance of such offence only upon a written complaint by the person aggrieved. There is a period of limitation for taking such cognizance, which is 1 year.
- 9.10.1.3 The period of limitation commences on the date of the order passed by the Electoral Registration Officer and not on the date of offence when the claim was submitted by the complainant. In case of crossing this limit, a complaint should be accompanied by an application for condonation of delay.
- 9.10.1.4 Section 31 is applicable not only on the person who has filed a claim application for inclusion or deletion containing the false declaration but also on the person who has presented such application on behalf of another person, including the person presenting bulk application.

## 9.11 Reporting MIS Formats (Formats 1-8)

After computerization of electoral rolls in 1998-99, a permanent electoral database has been created and therefore no de-novo intensive revision is conducted now-a-days, though, the Election Commission, from time to time, has been ordering special revision/special revision of intensive nature with house to house verification by Booth Level Officers. Before every revision, the Electoral Registration Officers are required to run de-duplication software and remove the multiple entries of electors found and verified in the electoral rolls. To further improve the fidelity of electoral rolls, a statistical tool in form of Formats 1-8 (Annexure 37) has been developed in 2008-09. In these formats, the Election Commission obtains polling station-wise and constituency-wise electors' data together with projected population data, information on inclusion and deletions, EPIC and photo coverage, details of polling station locations, data on Service Voters and migrated electors from Chief Electoral Officers twice, at the first time, before draft publication of rolls and again before finalization of the electoral rolls. The projected census data achieved by formula of decadal growth rate on 2011 census. The data is analysed to check the gaps in electoral roll, particularly, in the areas of gender ratio, elector population ratio, age cohort in enrolment. The Chief Electoral Officers propose the strategy to remove the imbalances observed in the areas. The Territorial Divisions in the Election Commission also analyse the data received in Formats 1-8 before giving approval to the Chief Electoral Officers for final publication of electoral rolls.



# **SECTION – IV**

# **PREPARATION & REVISION**

# **OF ELECTORAL ROLLS**

CHAPTER 10  
PRE-REVISION ACTIVITIES

CHAPTER 11  
REVISION PROCESS

CHAPTER 12  
CONTINUOUS UPDATION

CHAPTER 13  
OTHER IMPORTANT ASPECTS OF PREPARATION AND  
REVISION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS

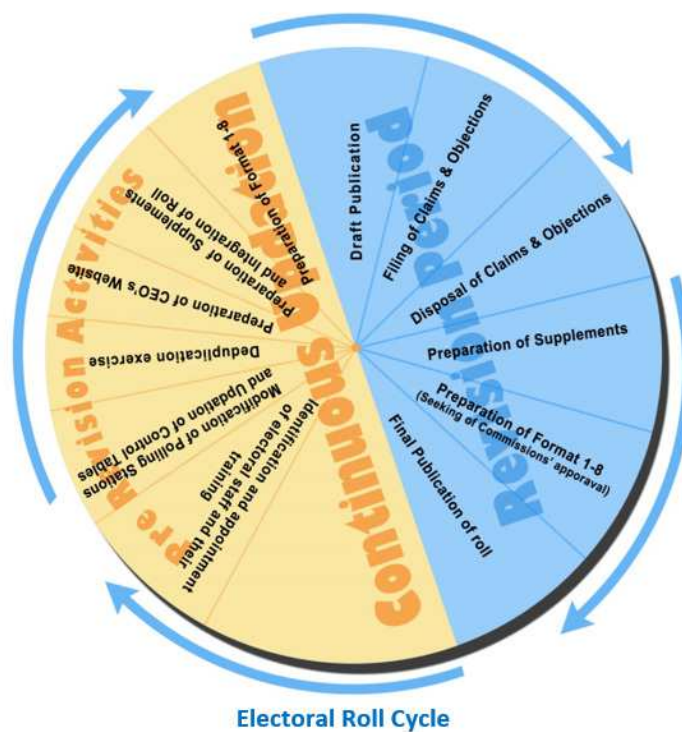


## Chapter 10

# Pre- Revision Activities

### 10.1 Introduction

The Election Commission places full emphasis on having pure and error-free rolls. For achieving objective of high fidelity electoral rolls, activities relating to preparation of electoral rolls are regularly done. The whole exercise of preparation of electoral rolls may be divided mainly into three stages – Pre-revision activities, revision process and continuous updation. An electoral roll continuously remains in a state of updating and preparation throughout the year, except for the period between the last date for making nominations in an election in a constituency and the date of declaration of result of the said election. Even during that period claims & objections can be received, though they can be taken for disposal only after the conclusion of the elections. Claims & objections for inclusion/deletion of names or modification of entries in the electoral roll can be lodged at any time after the final publication of the rolls until the next draft publication. The cycle of revision and continuous updation of electoral rolls has been shown in the diagram given below:-



## 10.2 Main Pre Revision Activities

<p>ER Cycle with broad timelines</p> <p>Revision Period (From draft publication to final publication ) -</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Draft publication – 1st /2nd Week of September.</li><li>• Periods of claims &amp; objections – 15-30days from date of draft publication.</li><li>• Spl. Campaign dates – 2 - 4 weekends during period of claims &amp; objections.</li><li>• Disposal of claims &amp; objections – by 30days from last date of claims &amp; objections.</li><li>• Preparation of supplements and Formats 1 – 8 – by last week of December.</li><li>• Final publication – 1st /2nd week of January of the following year.</li></ul> <p>Continuous updation (After final publication to draft publication of the next revision) –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Cont. updation – January to October.</li><li>• Pre-revision activities during cont. updation(July-August, i.e.-at least 2 months before draft publication) -</li><li>• Apptt. of staff &amp; their training.</li><li>• Modification of polling stations &amp; control table updation.</li><li>• De-duplication.</li><li>• Preparation of websites.</li><li>• Preparation of supplements &amp; integration of rolls.</li><li>• Preparation of Format 1 -8.</li><li>• Printing of draft roll.</li></ul>
---

For the purpose of achieving good quality electoral rolls, the pre-revision activities are now a days given the same weightage as revision activities. The pre-revision activities are started at least 2 months before announcement of schedule for revision of electoral rolls so that the district machinery will be having sufficient time to focus on each part of activities. Before the process of next summary revision is started, the following pre-revision activities are required to be done in a time bound manner:-

10.2.1 Appointment of Booth Level Officers, wherever not available and identification of revision staff such as supervisors, designated location officers etc.

10.2.2 Training and orientation of the officials to be deployed for revision exercise, i.e., Electoral Registration Officers/Assistant Electoral Registration Officers, Supervisors, Booth Level Officers etc. For training programme, suitable persons should be identified as State Level Master Trainers (SLMTs) for attending training at IIIDEM. These SLMTs would be used in the cascaded training programme for all

state officials drafted for revision work at the district level or constituency level. For training purpose, audio-visual training material and written hand-out should be used as per the requirement.

- 10.2.3 Identification of senior officers for appointment as Roll Observers and their orientation.
- 10.2.4 Rationalization of polling stations (please refer to 'Manual on Polling Stations' on Election Commission's website for checking the Election Commission's instructions issued from time to time on this subject).
- 10.2.5 Updating of Control Tables (including polling station updating) and database. All modifications in polling stations, sections etc. must be reflected in the Control Tables.
- 10.2.6 Suo-moto corrections in the roll since last publication – All suggestions regarding erroneous entries in the last final electoral roll received from political parties, RWAs should be checked and after following due procedure, if found necessary,

incorporated in the supplement of continuous updation.

10.2.7 De-duplication campaign to remove duplicate entries in the electoral roll - In order to find out cognizable number of multiple entries in the electoral rolls a software tool based on SQL server has been developed and given to all Chief Electoral Officers. The data should be pooled for de-duplication in across border state boundaries and also between urban and rural areas near big cities/metropolitan towns. Deletion of probable multiple/duplicate entries found by de-duplication software shall be deleted after due verification by Booth Level Officers and by following due process of law. If the name actually happens to be doubly appearing, then the person's name should be retained only at one location where he is ordinarily residing and deleted from the other location.

10.2.8 - Deletion of the names of electors of DEMOGRAPHICALLY SIMILAR ENTRIES (DSEs) from the electoral rolls.

1. Representation of the People Act 1950 and the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 make detailed provisions for preparation of electoral rolls. To supplement the statutory provisions, the Commission has been issuing instructions from time to time.

2. Section 22 of Representation of the People Act 1950, read with Rule 18 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 provides procedure of correction.

"Section 22-Correction of entries in electoral rolls: -If the Electoral Registration Officer (ERO) for a constituency, on application made to him or on his own motion, is satisfied, after such enquiry as he thinks fit, that any entry in electoral roll of that constituency should be deleted on the ground that the person concerned is dead or has ceased to be resident in the constituency or is otherwise not entitled to be registered in that roll, the ERO shall, subject to such general or special Directions any, as may be given by the Election Commission in this behalf, delete that entry" Further, Rule 18, interalia, says the following:

- "Rule 18-Acceptance of claims and objections without inquiry: -If the registration officer is satisfied as to the validity of any claim or objection, he may allow it without further inquiry after the expiry of one week from the date on which it is entered in the list exhibited by him under clause (b) of rule 16. Provided that where before any such claim or objection has been allowed, a demand for inquiry has been made in writing to the registration officer by any person, it shall not be allowed without further inquiry".

3. As it is clear from the provisions contained in Section 22 and Rule 18, referred to above, the ERO, either through a formal application or Suo-moto (without a formal application), can make deletion of a name from electoral roll subject to his satisfaction. To make the status of provision more clear and for future guidance of EROs, the Commission has, in supersession of all the existing instructions directed to issue the following SOP for deletions in demographically similar entries cases: -

Scenario A: Cases in which elimination of Demographically Similar

Entries (DSEs)/Multiple entries may be done Suo-moto:-

Demographically Similar Entries (DSEs) repeated within AC: DSEs will be those entries that are same in all respect i.e name, relation's name, relation

type, age, gender, are all same. There are two sources of reporting of such cases i.e. System generated DSE! or DSEs reported by BLOs/political parties. There may be two cases: -

- (i.) In addition to all five fields (i.e. name, relation's name, relation type, age, gender) address will also be matched. If all six fields including address is same then the latest entry shall be retained and all other multiple entries shall be eliminated suo-moto by table top exercise without verification.
- (ii.) If address doesn't match but all other fields i.e. name, relation's name, relation type, age, gender, are all same, then the name shall be retained in one place as opted for by the elector (after giving notice in prescribed Format-A and obtaining his confirmation of present residence or EPIC number) and deleted from all other places in the ER. Notice in Format-A must be sent by Registered Post with AO/Speed Post and after receiving reply necessary action will be taken by the ERO concerned. 15 days period from the date of issue of Notice will be provided for furnishing reply of the Notice to the elector via Confirmation letter. If no reply is received within 15 days then BLO will go to the address of the applicant and collect the confirmation letter from elector and do the necessary verification. Scenario B: For all other cases of Deletions, following SoP should be Followed: -
  - a) Intimation of elector not residing at the given address may come from any source, including through Form-7.
  - b) In each case Notice in enclosed Format-8 must be sent by Registered Post with AD or by Speed Post giving 15 days to respond.
  - c) If Postal Department returns the Notice mentioning the person not found at the address given, or if the elector does not respond within the stipulated notice period, then, the ERO shall send BLO concerned for field verification. If the BLO also does not find the person residing at that address, then after expiry of 15 days' notice period, deletion may be done by ERO on the basis of BLO's report, without obtaining Form-7.
  - d) If the elector responds back objecting to the deletion, then ERO shall conduct the hearing and dispose of Form-7, following due procedure.
  - e) If the concerned elector does not come for hearing ERO should go ahead and delete his name.
4. No Suo moto deletions shall be done in an election year, when a general election to State Assembly or House of People is due in the State concerned during the 6 months period ending on the date of expiry of the term of the said house. However, Suo-moto deletion can be done in special circumstances, after obtaining the Commission's approval.
5. All the records, communication and response in the matter shall be kept in the file (physical as well as in ERO-Net) separately for each of such electors uploaded in ERO-Net for future reference for 3 years. Provision for this will be made in the ERO-Net.
6. For the purpose of monitoring of removal of repeated entries, DEOs shall submit a monthly report (generated through ERO-net) to their respective CEO by the 10th of the following month reflecting the assembly constituency

wise figures of identified, confirmed and finally deleted cases. CEOs in turn, shall send a consolidated list of the same AC wise/District wise along with overall narrative progress report in the matter to the Commission by 15th of every month.

7. The list of proposed deletions and final deletions may be generated through ERO-Net, and monitoring dashboard for specific purpose of removal of repeated entries would be provided on ERO-Net.
8. Wide publicity may be given about options available for person, whose name has been deleted from the electoral roll wrongfully. These options are that either he/she can file an appeal under Section 24 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 within the prescribed period to the District Election Officer against the deletion of his/her name or submit a Form-6 before the Electoral Registration Officer for inclusion of his/her name in the electoral roll any time during summary revision or continuous updation of electoral roll.

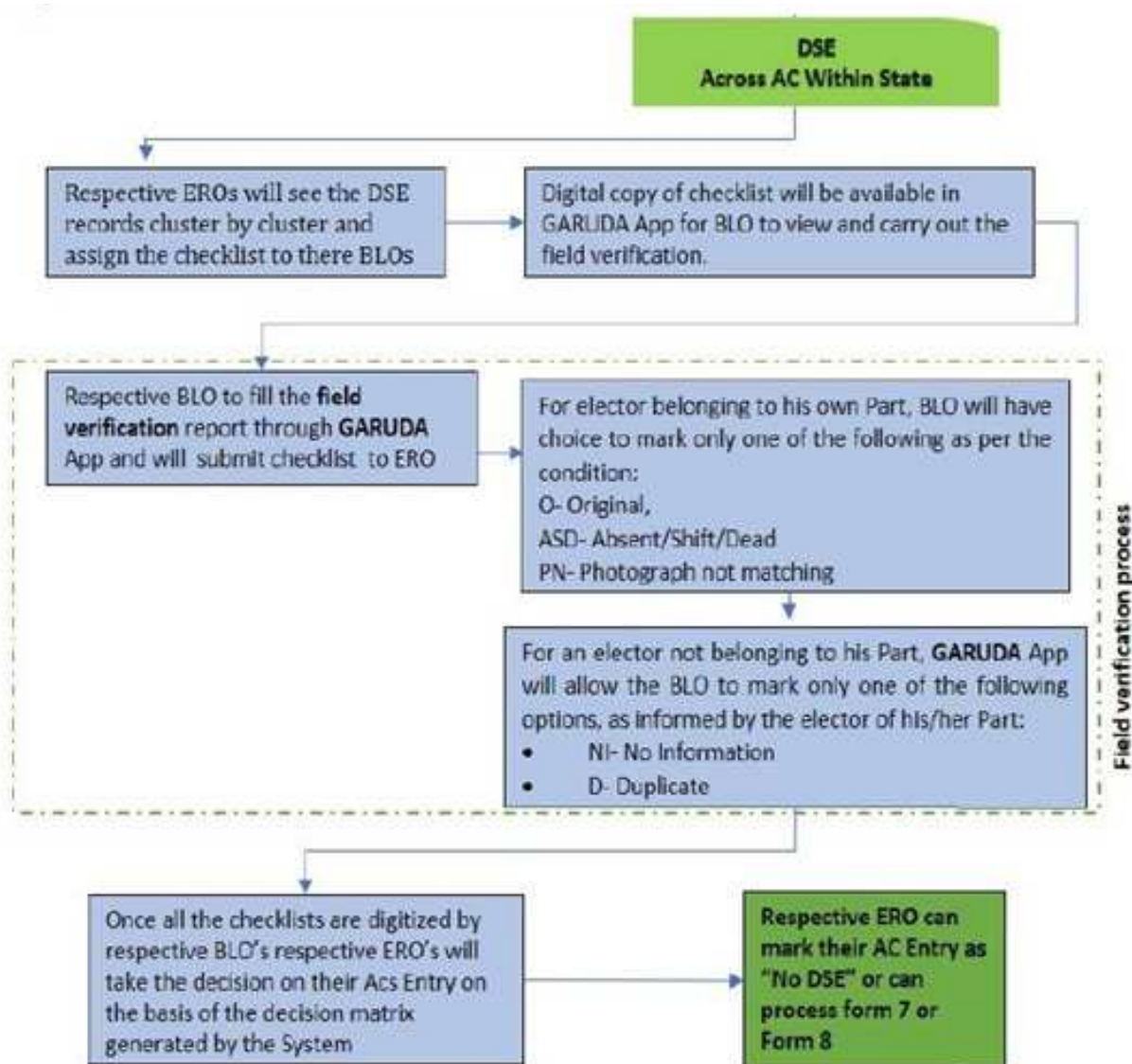
(ECI inst. No. 23/2021-ERS Dated: 13th August, 2021)

10.2.9- The Commission has set a target of 100% verification of PSEs and DSEs in the electoral roll during the pre- annual Summary Revision activities with references to 1st day of the year as the qualifying date and appropriate action thereof.

1. So far as the Standard Operating Procedures for verification and removal of PSEs and DSEs within Part and within AC is concerned, the Commission has already issued guidelines. The Commission has decided to expand the scope of these purification tools to ensure removal of DSEs and PSEs across AC-within State in addition to existing policy of processing within Part and within AC cases, while ensuring that EROs shall make every endeavour to verify the same and give every such elector, who is found to have duplicate entries, a reasonable opportunity to show cause why the action proposed should not be taken as enshrined in Rules 18 and 21-A of Registration of Electors Rules 1960 and various instructions of the Commission.
2. As the DSE/PSE records in these cases will be across ACs, multiple EROs will be involved in processing of these records. Therefore, to make the process uniform and to enable the EROs to take appropriate decision for removal of possible duplicates, the detailed Standard Operating Procedures for removal of PSEs and DSEs are being illustrated for clear understanding, training and execution.
3. ECI-IT Division will make necessary changes in ERONET to affect the processes and provisions. Based on the recommendations of Committee on BLO systems, ECI-IT Division will be rolling out DSE/PSE integration with GARUDA App to push checklists and related transactions soon to avoid use of papers and printing costs. It is clarified that DSEs can be generated by CEOs at desired frequencies (not less than every quarter) to ensure electoral roll verification and purification. However, PSEs will be generated annually by ECI-IT Division, due to high computing power required, well before pre-SSR activities of every Annual SSRs begin, preferably by 30th June every year, and shared appropriately. Poll-going States may follow the direction given this in referenced circular dated 13th August 2021.

### 10.2.10- SOP for Processing of DSE records ; (DSE within State – Across AC) Background

The identification and processing of Demographical Similar Entries (DSE) has been carried out for the records identified within Part and within AC through Suo-moto process defined by the ECI. The process of handling these records has been defined and implemented for all States/UTs in ERONet. The processing of DSE Across AC-Within State has been envisaged. As the DSE records in these cases will be across ACs, multiple EROs will be involved in processing of these records. A well-defined SoP will help in proper handling of these cases from the application side to enable the EROs to take appropriate decision for removal of possible duplicates.



Suggested Standard Operating Procedure (SoP) for handling of DSE Across-AC-Within-State. The identification of DSE will be carried by the CEO of respective States and UTs. The following steps are proposed for the same: -

1. ERO will login to the ERONet and click on DSE tile to view the list of DSE clusters having records involved in his/her AC.
2. ERO will see the DSE records of Electors cluster by cluster and download the checklist for each cluster.



3. ERO will be assigning checklist to the BLO for processing through GARUDA App, system will provide option to assign a cluster to be processed by GARUDA App.
4. After the cluster is assigned for processing the checklist will be available in the GARUDA App for BLO to view and carry out the field verification.
5. BLO to fill the field verification report through GARUDA App and will be submitted to ERO.
6. The steps 1 to 5 will be carried out by all the officers of respective ACs involved in a cluster.
7. System will show the verification report submitted by all the BLOs of respective AC as against a cluster of DSE.
8. ERO can see the report submitted by his BLO as well as the BLO of other ACs involved in a cluster.
9. System will allow EROs to take decision for the electors in their jurisdiction

<b>For Elector in his/her Part &amp; AC (As reported by elector of BLO part)</b>	<b>For Elector not in his/her Part or AC (As reported by elector of BLO part)</b>
Original	No Information
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	Duplicate
Photograph/Details not matching	

when all the BLOs involved in a cluster have submitted the report.

10. Based on the report submitted by BLO, multiple combinations are possible and each ERO has to take decision as per the guidelines given the following section.

### BLO field verification process:

To reduce the costs for printing out the checklist, generating and filling the Form 7 or Form 8, it was decided by ECI that the GARUDA BLO Mobile App will be used for checklist submission and form submission. The following possible cases will be faced while doing so: -

BLO of <b>Lucknow Cantt</b> part 11, Comment on record A	BLO 2 of <b>Kanpur</b> , Part 45, Comment on record A	<b>ERO of "Lucknow Cantt" Suggested Decision</b>
Original	No Information	No Action required
Original	Duplicate	No Action required/ Schedule hearing
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	No Information	Form 7 Generated
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	Duplicate	Form 7 Generated
Photograph/ <u>Details not matching</u>	No Information	Form 8 Generated
Photograph/ <u>Details not matching</u>	Duplicate	Form 8 Generated

- a) For the elector belonging to his own Part, BLO will have choice to mark only one of the following as per the condition:
  - O- Original,
  - ASD- Absent/Shift/Dead
  - PN- Photograph/Details not matching
- b) For an elector not belonging to his Part, GARUDA App will allow the BLO to mark only one of the following options, as informed by the elector of his/her Part:
  - NI- No Information
  - D- Duplicate

This is summarised in the Table below:

ERO Decision Matrix When all the BLOs in the DSE cluster have submitted their respective field verification reports as above, a “Decision Matrix” shall be made available on ERONET to the ERO for taking a final decision.

- a) Let us take example for 2 entries in a DSE Cluster belonging to different ACs within State
  1. Record A of AC Name: Lucknow Cantt, Part 11
  2. Record B of AC Name: Kanpur, Part 45 ERO shall take decision on the field verification report submitted by BLO's. ERO will be able to view comments of both the BLOs involved. As ERO can take decision on the entry belonging to his/her AC only, ERO should first review the comment of his BLO (Part no. 11) and take decision as per the above suggested matrix.
- b) In case of three entries in the DSE
  1. Record A of AC Name: Lucknow Cantt, Part 11
  2. Record B of AC Name: Kanpur, Part 45
  3. Record C of AC Name: Allahabad, Part 142

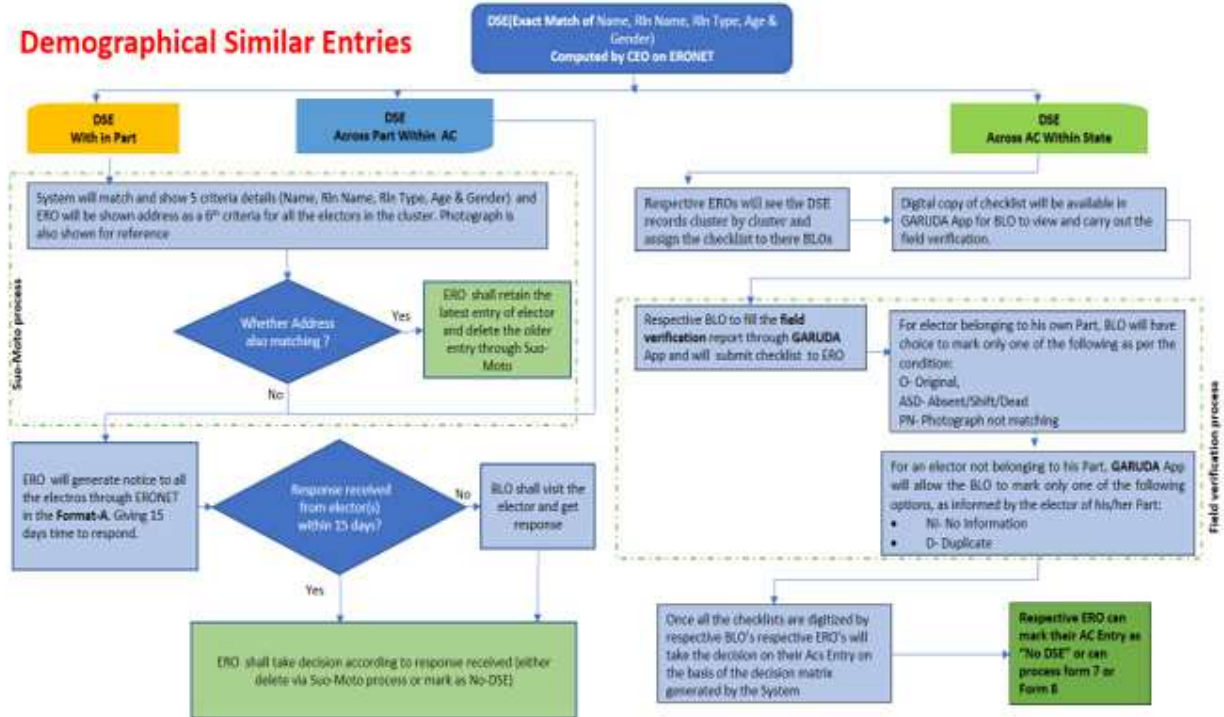
All possible combinations for record A of Lucknow Cantt Part 11 is given below as an example BLO of Lucknow Cantt part 11, comments on record, but only for the one belonging to his AC. Before taking any such decision, the ERO should first review the comment of his BLO (Part no. 11) and take a decision as per the above suggested matrix. Each of the three EROs shall take decisions on the field verification report submitted by the three BLOs within their jurisdiction. However, all the three EROs will be able to view the comments of all the three BLOs involved. Only after all the BLOs have completed and submitted field verification reports, EROs be able to make his decision. ERONet will not allow EROs to make decisions until all BLOs in the DSE cluster have submitted their verification reports. If his AC's BLO has marked the elector as Original and another BLO has marked him as Duplicate, ERO has the option of either accepting/trusting his BLO and taking no action or scheduling a hearing to clear his doubt and take conscious decision.

BLO of Lucknow Cantt part 11, comments on record A	BLO of Kanpur, Part 45, comments on record A	BLO of Allahabad, Part 142, comment on record A	ERO of Lucknow Cantt Suggested Decision
Original	No Information	No Information	No Action required
Original	No Information	Duplicate	No Action required/ Schedule hearing
Original	Duplicate	Duplicate	No Action required/ Schedule hearing
Original	Duplicate	No Information	No Action required/ Schedule hearing
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	No Information	No Information	Form 7 Generated
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	No Information	Duplicate	Form 7 Generated
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	Duplicate	No Information	Form 7 Generated
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	Duplicate	Duplicate	Form 7 Generated
Photograph/ <u>Details not matching</u>	No Information	No Information	Form 8 Generated
Photograph/ <u>Details not matching</u>	No Information	Duplicate	Form 8 Generated
Photograph/ <u>Details not matching</u>	Duplicate	No Information	Form 8 Generated
Photograph/ <u>Details not matching</u>	Duplicate	Duplicate	Form 8 Generated

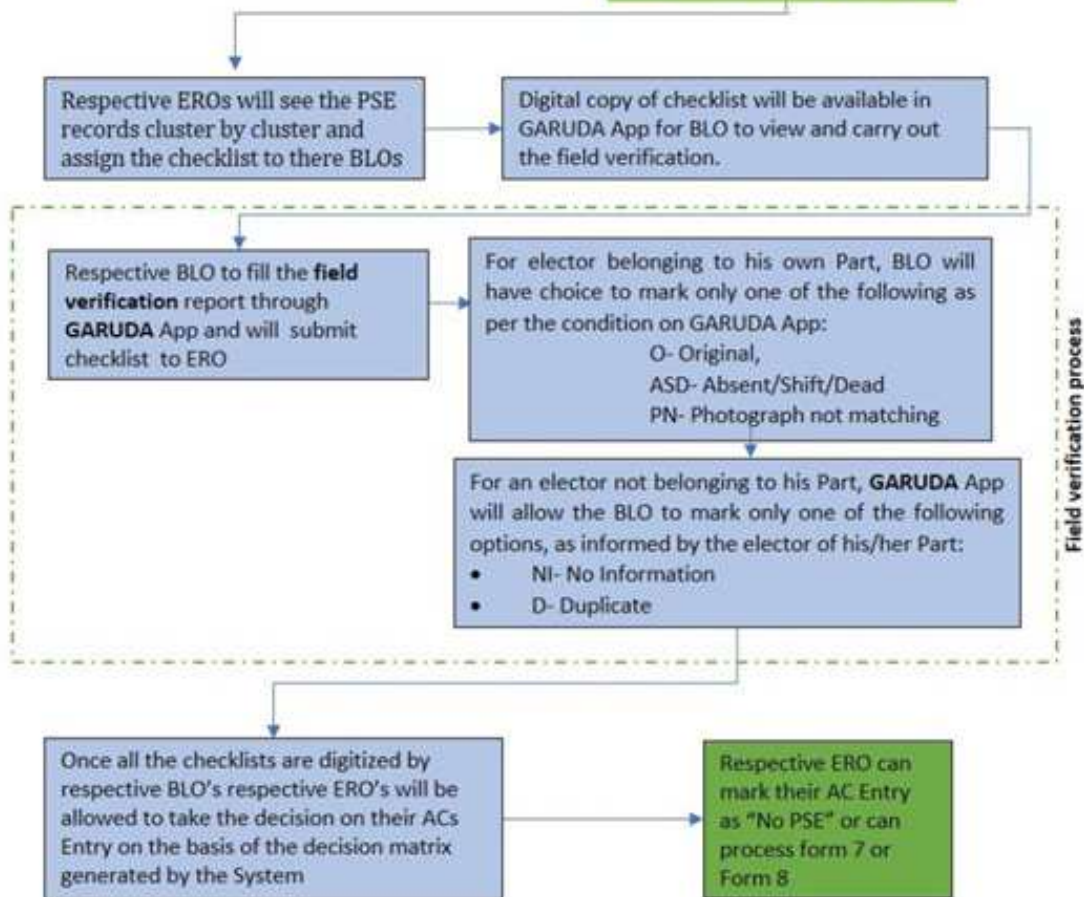
10.2.11- Removal Photo Similar Entries (PSEs) (Within part and within AC) SOP for PSEs Removal The SoP for the field verification and integration into the E-Roll of ERONET.

1. The PSE list will contain both "Within Part" and "Across Part, Within AC" records of the Assembly Constituency.
2. Checklists will be generated by ERO on ERONet in html format for all the PSE entries. One checklist will be generated for all the entries in the tuple.
3. An Option will be provided to download Form 7, pre-filled with the data for electors identified as possible cases of PSE. Form 7 will be created for all PSE entries. Form 7 is pre-filled with a reference number beginning with 'PSE'.
4. ERO will hand over the PSE checklist along with auto generated Form 7 to the BLO of the respective parts in which PSE is present.
5. Singed Form 7 for duplicate entry and Form 8 for modification, collected by the BLO shall also be marked in the checklist (Yes or NO).
6. Filled checklist has to be entered in ERONet by the operator.
7. The operator will input the reference number of the Form 7. This Form will be displayed to him, which must be submitted after reviewing the same.
3. The Process flow will be as follows, and in sequence, from 1-4 as below.
  1. ERO Level
    - a) ERO will be shown list of clusters of PSE on ERONET.
    - b) ERO will be able to download each cluster's checklist as well as Form 7 for each entry in the cluster; For example, in case of "Within AC" PSE, multiple copies of the checklist must be prepared and distributed to each BLO, so that they can perform field verification on their assigned part.

## Demographical Similar Entries



## PSE Across AC Within State



### 2. BLO Level

BLO will do field verification for the PSEs and complete the PSE checklist. In the case of "Within AC" PSE, multiple copies of the checklist must be prepared and will be

distributed to each BLO, so that they can perform field verification on their assigned part, BLO will collect signed Form 7 and 8 for duplicate entry and modification.

3. Data Entry Operator Level

BLO will submit field verification report of PSE (PSE Checklist) and signed Form 7 to Operator and he will make required entry corresponding to signed Form 7 only in ERONet.

4. Back to ERO Level ERO will view field verification report and accordingly process the forms.

(ECInst.No.485/ERONet/PSE/2021/IT-1 Dated:25th November,2021)

### 10.2.12- Processing of PSE records (PSE within State – Across AC) Background

The identification and processing of Photo Similar Entries (PSE) has been carried out for the records identified within Part and within AC. The process of handling these records has been defined and implemented for all States/UTs in ERONet – except for UP, Uttarakhand, Punjab Goa and Manipur where only PSE within Part has been carried out. As these PSE records are within AC, only one ERO is involved and can take the decision based on the field verification report provided by BLOs under his jurisdiction.

The outcome of PSE processing within AC has been encouraging and has significantly removed the duplicate records from e-roll. After the success of processing of PSE within AC, the next step of PSE identification and processing Across AC-Within State has been envisaged. As the PSE records in these cases will be across ACs, multiple EROs will be involved in processing of these records. A well-defined SoP will help in proper handling of these cases from the application side to enable the EROs to take appropriate decision for removal of possible duplicates.

Suggested Standard Operating Procedure (SoP) for handling of PSE

#### Across-AC-Within-State

The identification of PSE will be a backend one time process and it will run on GPUs (Graphical Processing Units). It will be carried out for all the States and UTs. A separate database instance of the PSEs identified will be maintained in ERONet and be made available for processing. Depending upon the number of records in a cluster identified as PSE, two or more EROs will be involved for deciding upon the removal process. The following steps are proposed for the same: -

1. ERO will login to the ERONet and click on PSE tile to view the list of PSE clusters having records involved in his/her AC.
2. ERO will see the PSE records of Electors cluster by cluster and download the

For Elector in his/her Part & AC (As reported by elector of BLO part)	For Elector not in his/her Part or AC (As reported by elector of BLO part)
Original	No Information
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	Duplicate
Photo not Matching	

checklist for each cluster.

3. ERO will be assigning checklist to the BLO for processing through GARUDA App, system will provide option to assign a cluster to be processed by GARUDA App.
4. After the cluster is assigned for processing the checklist will be available in the GARUDA App for BLO to view and carry out the field verification.
5. BLO to fill the field verification report through GARUDA App and will be submitted to ERO.
6. The steps 1 to 5 will be carried out by all the officers of respective ACs involved in a cluster.
7. System will show the verification report submitted by all the BLOs of respective AC as against a cluster of PSE.
8. ERO can see the report submitted by his BLO as well as the BLO of other ACs involved in a cluster.
9. System will allow EROS to take decision for the electors in their jurisdiction when all the BLOs involved in a cluster have submitted the report.
10. Based on the report submitted by BLO, multiple combinations are possible and each ERO has to take decision as per the guidelines given the following section.

### BLO field verification process:

To reduce the costs for printing out the checklist, generating and filling the Form 7 or Form 8, it was decided by ECI that the GARUDA BLO Mobile App will be used for checklist submission and form submission. The following possible cases will be faced while doing so: -

- a) For the elector belonging to his own Part, BLO will have choice to mark only one of the following as per the condition:
  - O- Original,
  - ASD- Absent/Shift/Dead
  - PN- Photograph not matching
- b) For an elector not belonging to his Part, GARUDA App will allow the BLO to mark only one of the following options, as informed by the elector of his/her Part:
  - NI- No Information
  - D- Duplicate

This is summarised in the Table below:

BLO of Lucknow Cantt part 11, Comment on record A	BLO 2 of Kanpur, Part 45, Comment on record A	ERO of "Lucknow Cantt" Suggested Decision
Original	No Information	No Action required
Original	Duplicate	No Action required/ Schedule hearing
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	No Information	Form 7 Generated
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	Duplicate	Form 7 Generated
Photo not Matching	No Information	Form 8 Generated
Photo not Matching	Duplicate	Form 8 Generated

## ERO Decision Matrix

When all the BLOs in the PSE group have submitted their respective field verification reports as above, a “Decision Matrix” shall be made available on ERONET to the ERO for taking a final decision.

- a) Let us take example for 2 entries in a PSE group belonging to different ACs within State
1. Record A of AC Name: Lucknow Cantt, Part 11
  2. Record B of AC Name: Kanpur, Part 45

ERO shall take decision on the field verification report submitted by BLO’s. ERO will be able to view comments of both the BLOs involved. As ERO can take decision on the entry belonging to his/her AC only, ERO should first review the comment of his BLO (Part no. 11) and take decision as per the above suggested matrix.

- b) In case of three entries in the PSE
1. Record A of AC Name: Lucknow Cantt, Part 11
  2. Record B of AC Name: Kanpur, Part 45
  3. Record C of AC Name: Allahabad, Part 142

All possible combinations for record A of Lucknow Cantt Part 11 is given below as an example

BLO of <b>Lucknow Cantt part 11</b> , comments on record A	BLO of <b>Kanpur, Part 45</b> , comments on record A	BLO of <b>Allahabad, Part 142</b> , comment on record A	ERO of Lucknow Cantt Suggested Decision
Original	No Information	No Information	No Action required
Original	No Information	Duplicate	No Action required/ Schedule hearing
Original	Duplicate	Duplicate	No Action required/ Schedule hearing
Original	Duplicate	No Information	No Action required/ Schedule hearing
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	No Information	No Information	Form 7 Generated
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	No Information	Duplicate	Form 7 Generated
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	Duplicate	No Information	Form 7 Generated
Absent/ Shifted/Dead	Duplicate	Duplicate	Form 7 Generated
Photo not Matching	No Information	No Information	Form 8 Generated
Photo not Matching	No Information	Duplicate	Form 8 Generated
Photo not Matching	Duplicate	No Information	Form 8 Generated
Photo not Matching	Duplicate	Duplicate	Form 8 Generated

The ERO is empowered to take a final decision on the potential duplicate elector record, but only for the one belonging to his AC. Before taking any such decision, the ERO should first review the comment of his BLO (Part no. 11) and take a decision as per the above suggested matrix.




Each of the three EROs shall take decisions on the field verification report submitted by the three BLOs within their jurisdiction. However, all the three EROs will be able to view the comments of all the three BLOs involved.

Only after all the BLOs have completed and submitted field verification reports, EROs be able to make his decision. ERONet will not allow EROs to make decisions until all BLOs in the PSE group have submitted their verification reports.

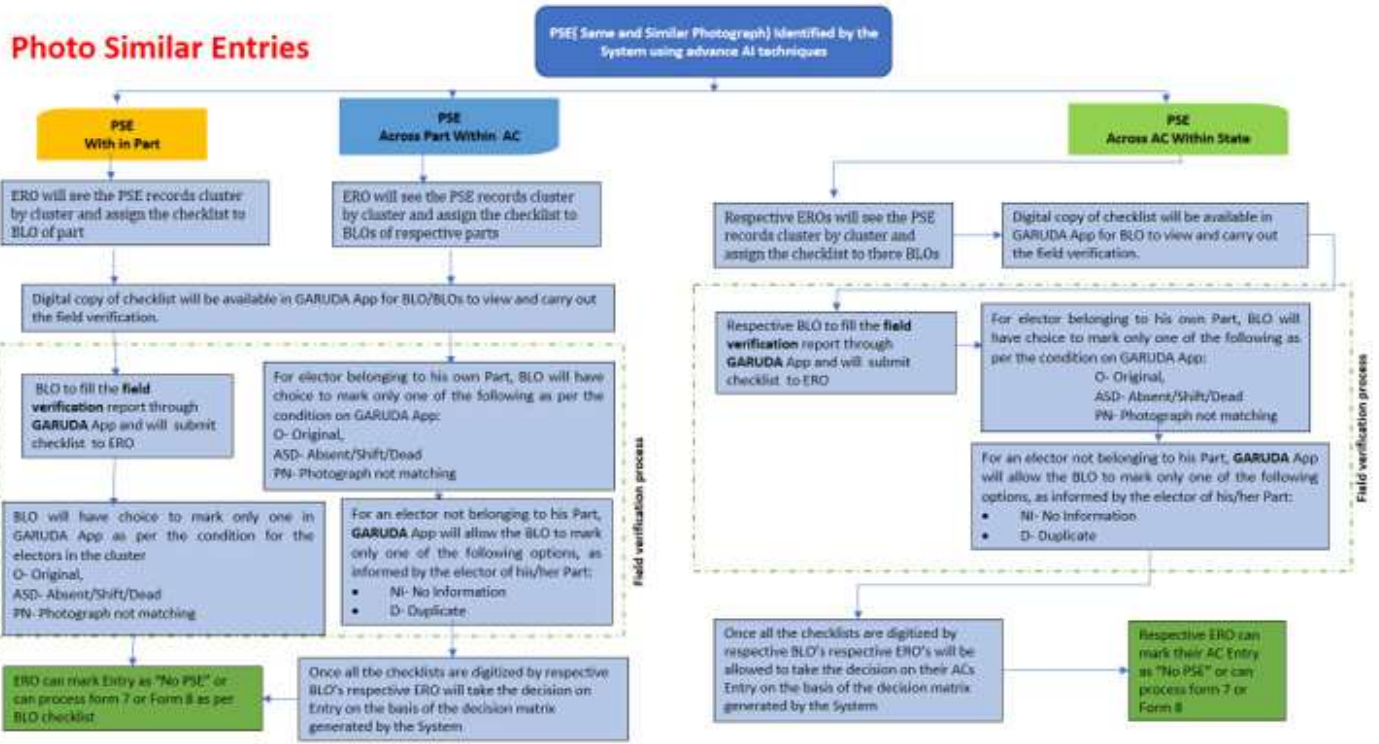
If his AC's BLO has marked the elector as Original and another BLO has marked him as Duplicate, ERO has the option of either accepting/trusting his BLO and taking no action or scheduling a hearing to clear his doubt and take conscious decision.

Benefits of the SOP

- Easy identification of PSEs Across-AC-Within-State and resultant purification of E-Roll
- Paperless Field Verification using GARUDA Mobile App with resultant cost savings

Annexure - I									
Sample "Across AC within State PSE" Checklist									
Photo similar entries (ID : 60000063)									
State: (514) Uttar Pradesh									
<b>Record "A"</b>									
Name : TANKA NAIK					Gender : M				
RLN NAME : JAYASEN NAIK					RLN TYPE : O				
DOB : 01-01-1998					Age : 24				
EPIC No. : XBA1357037					AC: Lucknow Cantt				
PART No. : 11					SLNO : 1				
Address : 112 Sagbahali									
<b>Record "B"</b>									
AC No/ Name	Part No. / SLNO	EPIC No.	Name	RLN Name	Gender	Age	RLN Type	Address	Photo
Kanpur	45 374	XBA1357 011	KAMALA KAND	BHAGBANA KAND	F	27	F	117 Sagbahali	
<b>Record "C"</b>									
AC No/ Name	Part No. / SLNO	EPIC No.	Name	RLN Name	Gender	Age	RLN Type	Address	Photo
Allahabad	142 869	XBA1357 078	SUNI BISHI	ROHITA BISHI	F	20	H	197 Beheraguda	
<b>Checklist for BLO designated officer</b>									
Elector	Is Entry Original(O)/ASD/ Duplicate(D) /No Information (NI) / Photograph or other details not Matching (PN)			Form 7 Collected (Y/N)	Form 8 Collected (Y/N)	Remarks			
A									
B									
C									
Date: _____									
Place: _____									
Applicant's Signature / Thumb Impression						BLO Signature			





(ECI Inst No. 485/DSE/ERONet/IT(O&M)/2020 Part-1 Dated 04.08.2022)

10.2.13- Deletion of the names of dead electors from the electoral rolls- regarding. Representation of the People Act 1950 and the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 make detailed provisions for preparation of electoral rolls. To supplement the statutory provisions, the Commission has been issuing instructions from time to time.

Under these enabling provisions, the EROs take assistance from educational institutions and the Office of Registrar of birth and deaths to prepare and update rolls. Rule 9 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 provides as under:-

“Rule 9-Access to certain registers—For the purpose of preparing any roll or deciding any claim or objection to a roll, any registration officer and any person employed by him shall have access to any register of births and deaths and to the admission register of any educational institution, and it shall be the duty of every person in charge of any such register to give to the said officer or person such information and such extracts from the said register as he may require.

Section 22 of Representation of the People Act 1950, read with Rule 18 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 provides procedure of correction.

“Section 22- Correction of entries in the Electoral roll if the electoral registration officer (ERO) for a constituency, on application made to him or on his own motion, is satisfied, after such enquiry as he thinks fit, that any entry in electoral roll of that constituency should be deleted on the ground that the person concerned is dead or has ceased to be ordinarily resident in the constituency or is otherwise not entitled to be registered in that roll, the ERO shall, subject to such general or special directions, if any, as may be given by the Election Commission in this behalf, delete that entry”

Further, Rule 18, interalia, says the following: -

“Rule 18- Acceptance of claims and objections without inquiry: - If the registration officer is satisfied as to the validity of any claim or objection, he may allow it without further inquiry after the expiry of one week from the date on which it is entered in the list exhibited by him under clause (b) of rule 16. Provided that where before any such claim or objection has been allowed, a demand for inquiry has been made in writing to the registration officer by any person, it shall not be allowed without further inquiry”.

As it is clear from the provisions contained in Section 22 and Rule 18, referred to above, the ERO, either through a formal application or Suo-moto (without a formal application), can make deletion of a name from electoral roll subject to his satisfaction. To make the status of provision clearer and for future guidance of EROs, the Commission has, in supersession of all the existing instructions directed to issue the following SOP for deletions in death cases: -

(A). SOP to be followed in Suo-moto deletion.

Deletion of the name of deceased elector may be done Suo-moto (without Form-7/ without further enquiry), if the identity is established with reference to death certificate or after field verification on the basis of:

- i. Death certificate from the competent authority obtained by BLO or submitted by family members, or
- ii. List of deceased electors collected from database of Registrar of Birth and Death.

(B). General procedure (other than suo-moto) for deletion-On the basis of Report from BLO concerned along with Form-7 from a family member or a local elector or BLO of the concerned polling station. The individual form will be displayed on ERO's notice board for prescribed 7 days' notice period and if the ERO is satisfied about the validity of objection in Form-7, he may allow it without further enquiry after expiry of 7 days' notice period. In case, he is not satisfied, he will give notice of hearing to the objector and to the person objected to either personally or by registered post or by affixing it at the person's residence. After enquiry into the objection in respect of the objection, ERO shall dispose of Form-7, following due procedure.

No Suo moto deletions shall be done in an election year, when a general election to State Assembly or House of People is due in the State concerned during the 6 Months' period ending on the date of expiry of the term of the said house. However, Suo-moto deletion can be done in special circumstances, after obtaining the Commission's approval.

All the records, communications and responses relating to deletions shall be kept in the file (physical as well as in ERO-Net) separately for each of such electors whose names have been deleted, uploaded in ERO-Net for future reference for 0 years. Provision for this will be made in the ERO-Net.

Wide publicity may be given about options available for person, whose name has been deleted from the electoral roll wrongfully. These options are that either he/she can file an appeal under Section 24 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 within the prescribed period to the District Election Officer against the deletion

of his/her name or submit a Form-6 before the Electoral Registration Officer for inclusion of his/her name in the electoral roll any time during summary revision or continuous updation of electoral roll.

( ECI Inst No. 23/2021-ERS Dated: 2nd August, 2021)

10.2.14- Deletion of the names of SHIFTED electors from the electoral rolls. The Representation of the People Act 1950 and the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 make detailed provisions for preparation of electoral rolls. To supplement the statutory provisions, the Commission has been issuing instructions from time to time

1. Section 22 of Representation of the People Act 1950, read with Rule Electors Rules, 1960 provides procedure of correction.

“Section 22- Correction of entries in electoral rolls. - If the Electoral Registration Officer (ERO) for a constituency, on application made to him or on his own motion, is satisfied, after such enquiry as he thinks fit, that any entry in electoral roll of that constituency should be deleted on the ground that the person concerned is dead or has ceased to be ordinarily resident in the constituency or is otherwise not entitled to be registered in that roll, the ERO shall, subject to such general or special directions, if any, as may be given by the Election Commission in this behalf, delete that entry”.

Further, Rule 18, inter alia, says the following: -

“Rule 18- Acceptance of claims and objections without inquiry: - If the registration officer is satisfied as to the validity of any claim or objection, he may allow it without further inquiry after the expiry of one week from the date on which it is entered in the list exhibited by him under

clause (b) of rule 16. Provided that where before any such claim or objection has been allowed, a demand [or inquiry has been made in writing to the registration officer by any person, it shall not be allowed without further inquiry”.

2. As it is clear from the provisions contained in Section 22 and Rule 18, referred to above, the ERO, either through a formal application or Suo-moto (without a formal application), can make deletion of a name from electoral roll subject to his satisfaction. To make the status of provision more clear and for future guidance of EROs, the Commission has in supersession of all the existing instructions directed to issue the following SOP for deletions in shifted elector cases:-

Scenario A: Cases where elector’s previous address/EPIC number is available — Process to be followed for deletion of shifted electors without mandatory field verification.

Shifted Electors (When previous address in declaration part of Form-6 and previous EPIC number is given) : As the elector has himself disclosed previous address or has given previous EPIC No. and ERO is able to search his address on the basis of given EPIC No., His name from previous address should be deleted suo-moto by the previous ERO without mandatory field verification but after given 7 days’ notice to the elector ( by email or SMS and Speed post), in addition to public notice on the notice board of ERO as well as auto publication on CEO’s website. Intimation of deletion shall be again sent to the previous address as well as to the new address by speed post.

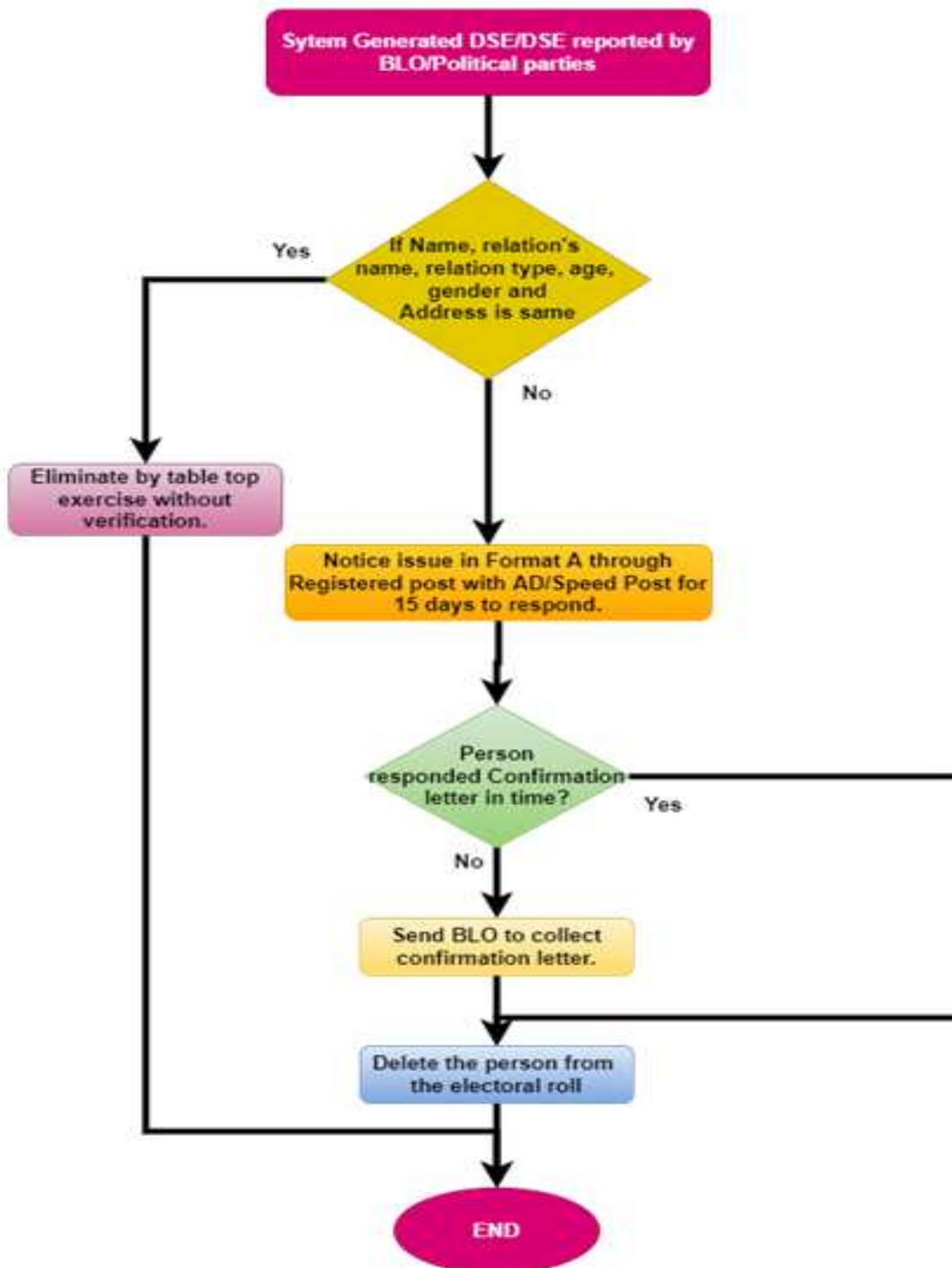
Scenario B: For all other cases of deletion of the name of shifted elector following SOP should be followed:

- a) Intimation of elector(s) not residing at the given address may come from any source,  
including through Form-7 or from any report/intimation regarding mass migration of electors due to demolition of colony/unauthorized settlement or shifting of defence units / labour camps, etc.
  - b) In case, notice in enclosed form B must be sent by speed post with AD giving 15 days to respond.
  - c) If Postal Department returns the Notice mentioning the person not found at the address given, or if the elector does not respond within the stipulated notice period, then, the ERO shall send BLO concerned for field verification. If the BLO also does not find the person residing at that address, then after expiry of 15 days' notice period, by ERO on the basis of BLO's report, without obtaining Form-7.
  - d) If the elector responds back objecting to the deletion, then ERO shall conduct the hearing and dispose of Form-7, following due procedure.
  - e) If the concerned elector does not come for hearing ERO may go and read and delete his name
3. However, if an elector has shifted only temporarily but is otherwise ordinarily resident at the given address, his name shall not be deleted from the electoral roll of the constituency.
  4. No Suo moto deletions shall be done in an election year, when a general election to State Assembly or House of People is due in the State concerned during the 6 months period ending on the date of expiry of the term of the said house. However, Suo-moto deletion can be done in special circumstances, after obtaining the Commission's approval.
  5. All the records, communications and responses relating to deletions shall be kept in the file (physical as well as in ERO-Net) separately for each of such electors whose names have been deleted, uploaded in ERO-Net for future reference for 3 years. Provision for this will be made in the ERO-Net.
  6. For the purpose of monitoring of removal of shifted entries, DEOs shall submit a monthly report (generated through ERO-net) to their respective CEO by the 10th of the following month reflecting the assembly constituency wise figures of identified, confirmed and finally deleted cases. CEOs in turn, shall send a consolidated list of the same AC wise/District wise along with overall narrative progress report in the matter to the Commission by 15th of every month.
  7. The list of final deletions may be generated through ERO-Net, a monitoring dashboard for specific purpose of removal of shifted entries would be provided on ERO-Net.
  8. Wide publicity may be given about options available for person, whose name has been deleted from the electoral roll wrongfully. These options are that either he/she can file an appeal under Section 24 of the Representation of

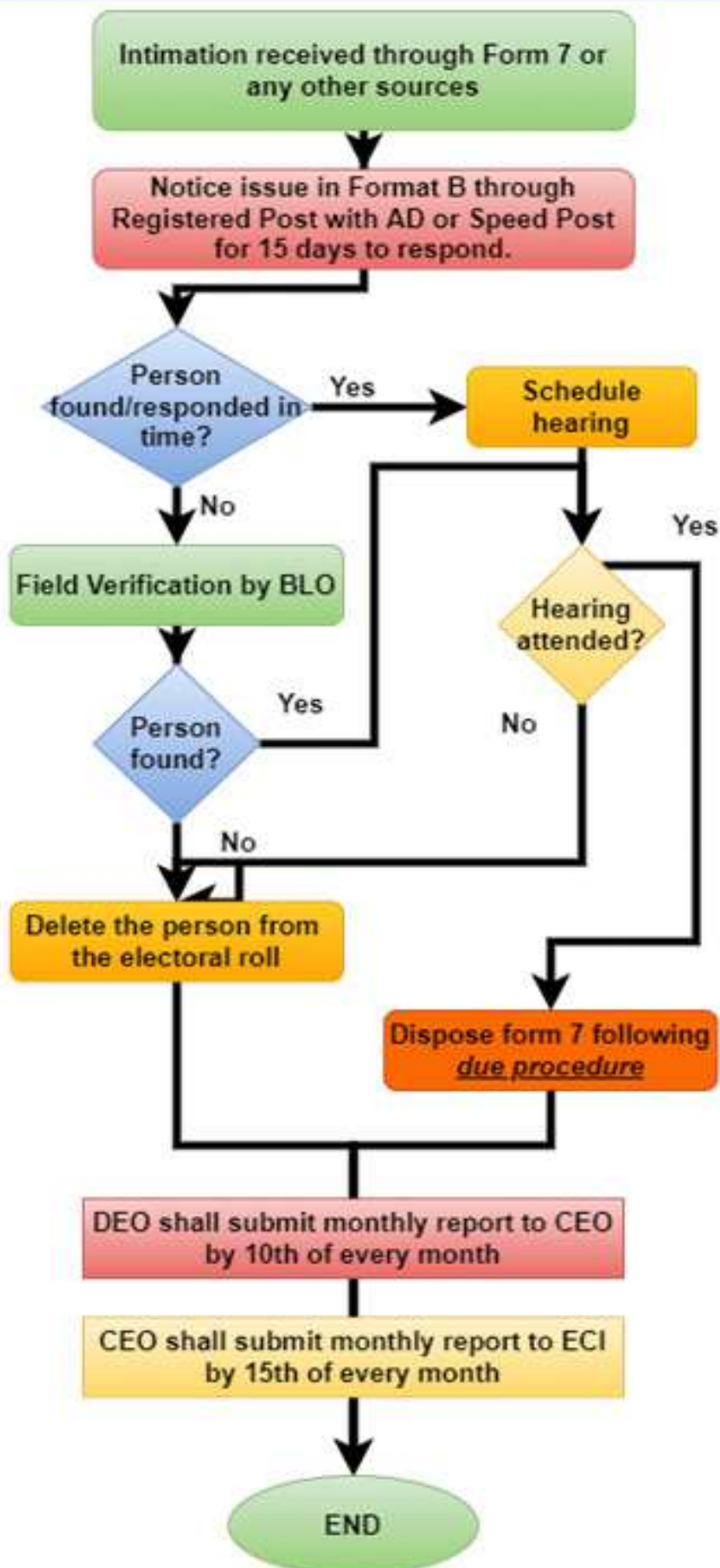
the People Act, 1950 within the prescribed period to the District Election Officer against the deletion of his/her name or submit a Form-6 before the Electoral Registration Officer for inclusion of his/her name in the electoral roll any time during summary revision or continuous updation of electoral roll.

(ECI Inst No. 23/2021-ERS Dated 13th September 2021)

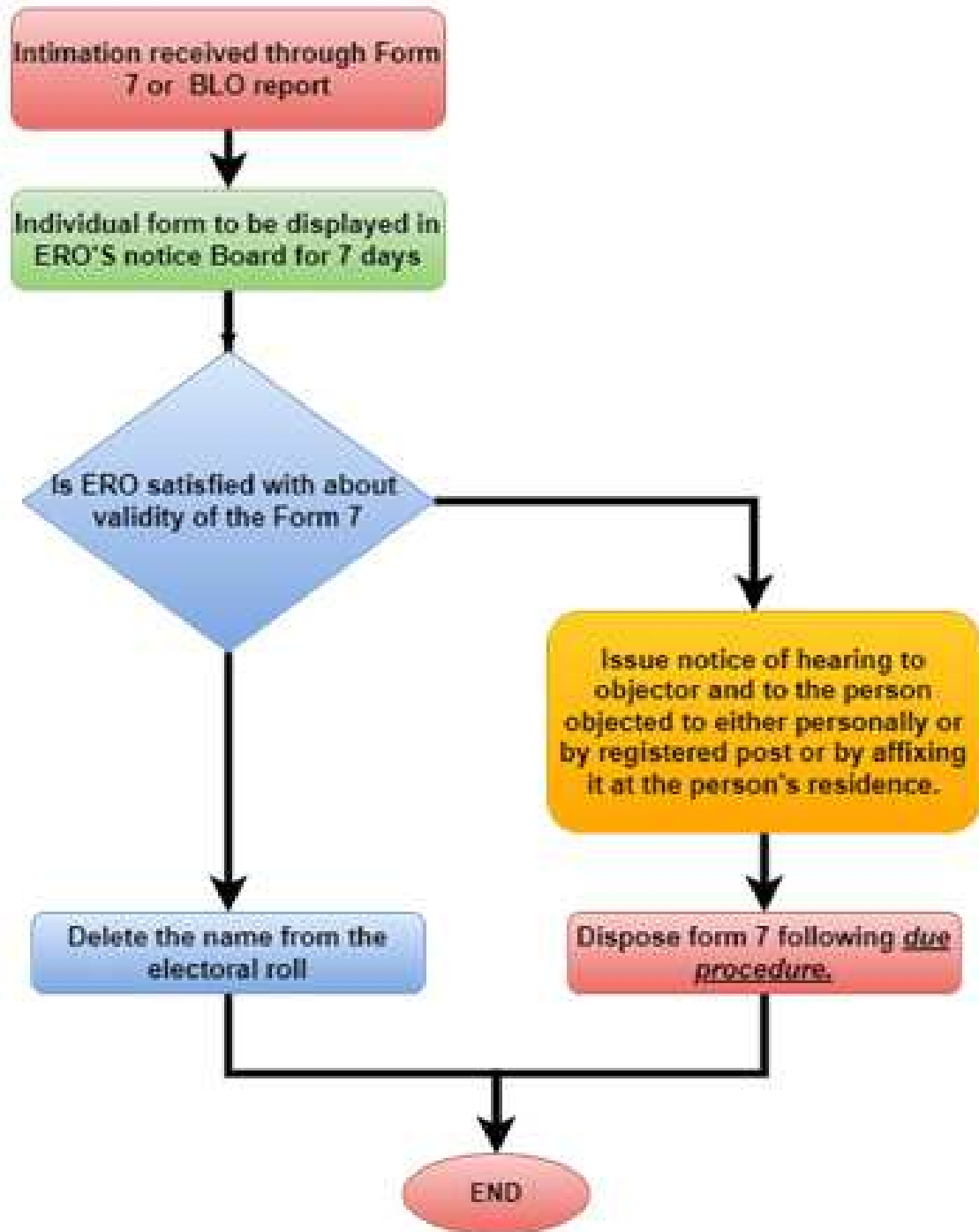
**Scenario A: Case in which elimination of DSEs/Multiple entries may be done suo-moto**



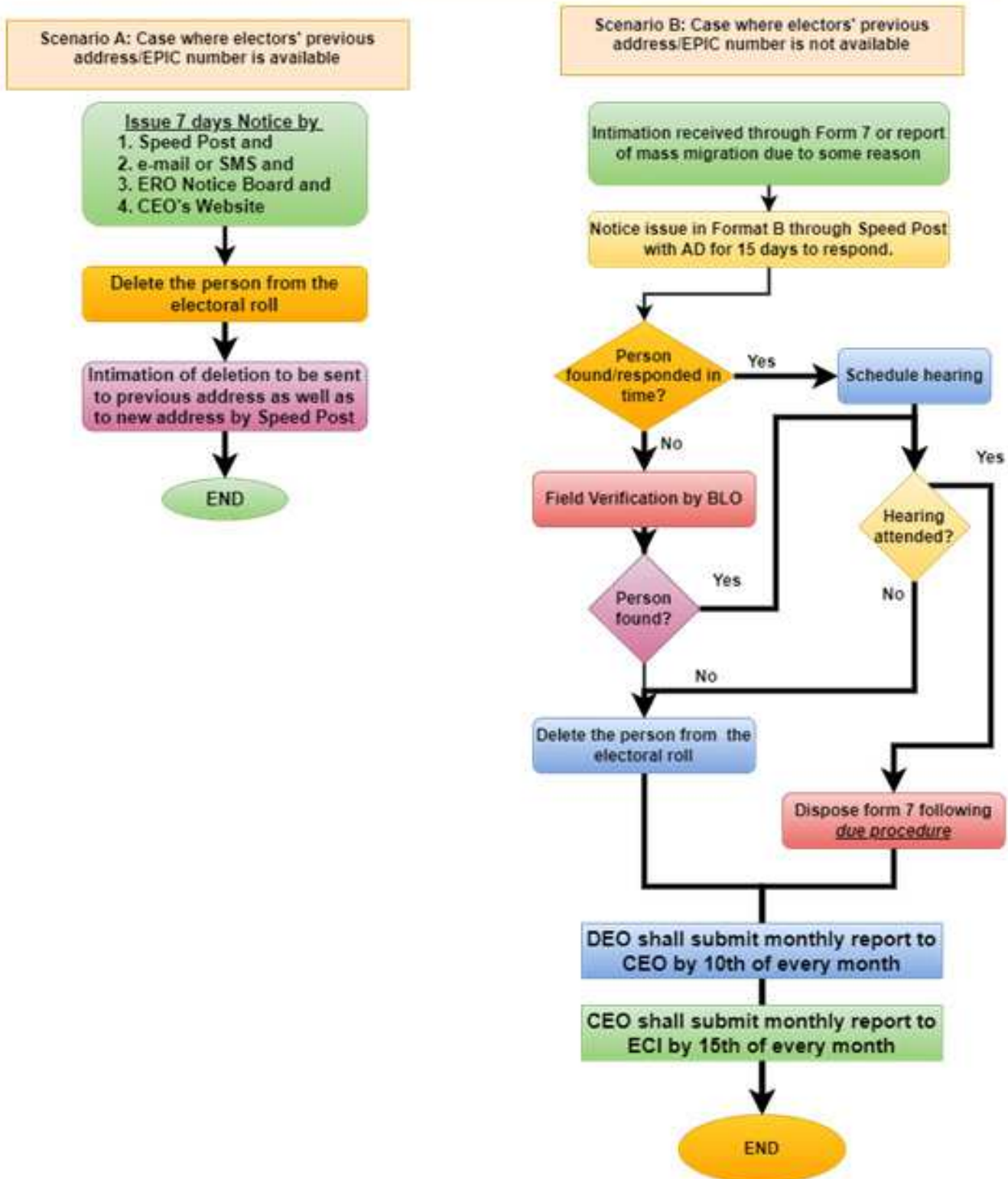
## Scenario B: For all other cases of deletion



**Deletion of the names of dead electors from the electoral rolls**



## Deletion of names of SHIFTED electors from the electoral rolls



- 10.2.15 Checking names of persons holding declared offices, MPs and MLAs in the rolls and also removal of names of disqualified persons.
- 10.2.16 Photography campaign for residual electors, whose images are not available in the roll – though, most of the states already achieved 100% EPIC/Photo Electoral Roll coverage, yet, the States/Union Territory which do not have 100% coverage, should get photographs of residual electors in a campaign mode.
- 10.2.17 Provisioning and printing of claim and objection forms and other stationery items in adequate number in required language.



- 10.2.18 Finalization of action plan for SVEEP to systematically target the persistent gaps in registration.
- 10.2.19 Preparation of Chief Electoral Officer's website for draft publication of integrated rolls and providing search facility for citizens through name/place/EPIC number etc. so that an individual can locate his name/constituency/part No./serial No. in the voters' list and check whether the details are correct or not. Where the roll is published in more than one language the search facility will have to be made available in all the languages in which the roll for that constituency is published. The search facility should be such that a non-voter can get his polling station/constituency on the basis of address to be keyed in. The name, address, contact numbers with respective jurisdiction of all officials such as Electoral Registration Officer, Assistant Electoral Registration Officer, Booth Level Officer etc. deployed for revision exercise should also be put on the Chief Electoral Officer's website for the convenience of the general public.
- 10.2.20 Preparation of supplement of continuous updation – All the entries included, deleted, corrected/modified in electoral roll during the period of continuous updating from last final publication of electoral rolls should be prepared as supplements. The supplements contains addition list, deletion list and correction list. Even if, there is no addition, deletion or correction in a part, the supplement shall be prepared showing 'NIL' entry. The supplement of continuous updation need not necessarily be published in normal course however, the supplement has to be published along with draft roll, in case the same is not integrated with draft roll. The Electoral Registration Officers should also arrange the printing of supplements of the previous revisions, if any, according to the order in which they are numbered and consecutively page numbered.
- 10.2.21 Integration of rolls - The final roll published after the last revision and the supplements prepared for the period of continuous updation after final publication shall be integrated in a single basic electoral roll for publication as draft roll in the next revision of electoral rolls. The integration of all supplements shall be done every year, irrespective of the fact whether it is an election year or non-election year. The state which cannot integrate the roll for a year for any specific reason, shall obtain the Election Commission's permission for the same. The Election Commission has directed that before integration of roll, the supplements of continuous updation shall be first printed and then only integrated for publication of the draft roll. This would ensure the tracking of changes made during continuous updation since the last final publication of the roll.
- 10.2.22 Preparation of elector's data in Formats 1 to 8 (Annexure 37). In page no. 326 to 335
- 10.3 Printing of Draft Roll:-**
- 10.3.1 Immediately after completion of activities like control table updation, incorporating of changes in the database, preparation of supplements and integration of rolls, printing of draft roll shall be arranged. In the case of summary revision, the printed basic roll should be arranged according to the parts in their serial order and should be kept intact as one or two volumes as may be necessary.
- 10.3.2 Number of the copies of the draft roll to be printed:- The number of copies to be printed should be assessed taking into account the following requirement:
- (i) Copies of the electoral rolls required to be supplied to the recognized political parties of the state.
  - (ii) Copies required for sale to political parties and candidates depending upon the actual requirement in the previous years.
  - (iii) Copies required for use at the time of General/Bye-election due in the next

two years depending upon the actual requirements in the previous General election/bye-election.

- (iv) Copies required to be kept for use in the offices of Chief Electoral Officer, District Election Officer and the Electoral Registration Officer.
- (v) Copies required to be given to State Election Commission and Director of Local Bodies;
- (vi) Copies required for final publication
- (vii) Copies to be kept on the reserve stock.
- (viii) Copies required to be preserved as record

10.3.3 Wherever electoral rolls are printed in more than one language, assessment of the requirements of copies in each language shall be made separately.

# Chapter 11

## Revision Process

### 11.1 Introduction

The Election Commission, after consulting Chief Electoral Officers of the States, issues detailed instructions for annual revision of electoral rolls with a schedule of all stages of revision process starting from draft publication to final publication. As mentioned in para 9.3 of CHAPTER 9, there may be three types of revision – Intensive revision, Summary revision and Partly Intensive and Partly Summary revision. The difference among these three types of revision mainly relate to preparation of draft roll. The subsequent stages of revision process are the same. However, now-a-days, the Election Commission orders special summary revision, an adapted type of revision with characteristics of both the intensive and summary revision. The programme of revision begins some time during the month of September or October. The final publication is generally done during the first or second week of January of the following year.

#### Draft Publication

- Draft publication is made by ERO with notice in Form-5, inviting the public to inspect draft roll available at the given places during the period on the dates mentioned in the notice.
- The public notice also contains qualifying date and the period during which claims & objections can be filed in the prescribed Form and in the manner.
- Draft publication is not made on public holiday.

### 11.2 Publication of draft electoral roll and activities relating thereto

At the time of Annual Summary Revision, the EROs in their notice for draft publication in Form-5 shall invite advance applications with respect to all the qualifying dates of years (i.e. 1st January, 1st April, 1st July and 1st October). All the applications including those received in advance from prospective electors shall be digitized, segregated and kept in 4 separate quarter-wise buckets for

their processing in the relevant quarter. The claims and objections received w.r.t. 1st January (bucket-1) shall be disposed of during Annual Special Summary Revision. The submission of advance applications which started with issue of notice of draft publication (Form-5) by the EROs during Annual Special Summary Revision w.r.t. 1st January of the year, will continue till the last quarter of the year (upto 30th September).

- 11.2.1.1 It is not necessary that the rolls for all the constituencies in a state or even a district should be published on the same day. The electoral roll for the entire constituency should be, however, published on the same day and not in parts, on different dates. In whatever manner the rolls are published, the publication of roll must be of all

parts of the roll of an assembly constituency and must include the last part of the roll containing 'Service Voters' list also. The 'last part' will not be published at any polling station but shall be kept in Electoral Registration Officer's office or such other place(s) as has been specified by him for display of the roll after publication.

#### Important Activities after Draft Publication

- Arrangement for inspection of Draft Roll
- Putting Draft Roll on Website
- Preparation of authenticated copy of roll
- Publicity
- Meeting with political parties
- Reading out roll in Gram Sabha/Ward Committee
- Scrutiny of roll

11.2.1.2 Where the roll is prepared in more than one language, draft publication shall be in all such languages simultaneously. In these cases, additional care should be taken by the Electoral Registration Officer to ensure that entries in the different language rolls are identical.

11.2.1.3 The publication of draft roll should not be made on public holiday.

11.2.2 The important activities of the Electoral Registration Officer after draft publication are as follows:-

11.2.2.1 Arrangement for inspection of draft roll:- The Electoral Registration Officer shall arrange for inspection of draft roll at his office, if it is within the constituency. In case his office is outside the constituency, the Electoral Registration Officer shall specify a place in the constituency for this purpose and a notification to this effect shall be put in his office. The draft roll shall also be published in the designated polling station locations to enable the general electors to inspect the electoral roll and file their claims and objections. If it is not possible to publish the draft roll in the polling station itself, a suitable public building within the polling station area shall be chosen for this purpose. The draft roll may also be published in identified post offices in metro/city areas, if the Chief Electoral Officer concerned decides so. The displaying of draft roll should be governed by the convenience to the public rather than availability of administrative facilities.

11.2.2.2 Putting draft roll on website:- Additionally, the draft roll shall be put in public domain, at Chief Electoral Officer's website, in a Image PDF format on the same day. The draft roll shall be put on website in a text mode and no photographs would appear against the elector's details. Instead it would indicate in the box meant for the photograph of elector whether the photograph is available or not.

11.2.2.3 Preparation of authenticated copy of draft roll:- After the roll is published as draft, the Electoral Registration Officer shall prepare an authenticated copy of the roll by getting each of the page ink signed by two officers designated by the Electoral Registration Officer. A copy of this authenticated roll shall be kept in a sealed cover with the District Election Officer and the Chief Electoral Officer for reference and record purposes.

11.2.2.4 Publicity:- widespread publicity of the revision programme may be done using mass media like television, radio, cable etc. Paid advertisements may be given in newspapers; slides may be shown in cinema theatres; posters may be issued and

their exhibition arranged in places like ration shops, post offices, banks, bus stands, railways stations and other public places. In villages and rural areas, publicity may be made through beating of drums.

- 11.2.2.5 Meeting with political parties:- The programme of Draft Publication and the places at which the relevant part of the draft roll would be displayed for public inspection should be intimated in writing at least one week in advance to the recognized political parties, local bodies like panchayats, municipalities, corporations etc., Members of Parliament and State Legislative Assembly. After the draft publication, a meeting of the recognized State/National political parties be called by Electoral Registration Officer, District Election Officer and Chief Electoral Officer and copies of draft roll be shared with them. The parties should be requested to scrutinize and give their suggestions within the stipulated time frame.
- 11.2.2.6 Reading out draft roll in Gram Sabha/Ward Committee:- Electoral Registration Officer shall also get the draft roll of each part read out loudly by Booth Level Officer concerned in the meeting of the Gram Sabha/Ward Committee in his assigned polling station area. This is to ensure that any omissions or commissions are brought out and remedial action is initiated. Minutes of such meetings shall be maintained neatly.
- 11.2.2.7 Scrutiny of draft roll:- To ascertain the quality of draft roll, the Electoral Registration Officer shall, on his own also, scrutinize the same. He shall check the draft roll for detection of printing errors, clerical mistakes/obvious omissions, multiple duplicate entries, dead voters or other inaccuracies. All such errors shall be listed out and remedial action be taken before finalizing the amendments. The Electoral Registration Officer can suo-motu include names inadvertently omitted in the draft roll and also can suo-motu delete the names inadvertently or erroneously entered under the provisions of Rule 21 and 21A, respectively of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960. Main points for scrutiny of the draft roll by the Electoral Registration Officer may be as follows:-
- (i) Scrutiny of individual households showing more than 10 electors.
  - (ii) Identification of persons who have expired in the recent past on the basis of death register. He shall prepare list of dead voters for taking necessary action for their deletion from the roll.
  - (iii) To ensure that names of Members of Parliament and State Legislatures are included/exist in the draft roll (A certificate to this effect shall be given by the Electoral Registration Officer to Chief Electoral Officer).
  - (iv) Analysis of electors' data in comparison with projected population data to establish any deviant trend in elector population ratio, gender ratio, age cohort, polling station-wise addition and deletion etc.

### 11.3 Claims and objections

The Electoral Registration Officer issues a notice of draft publication in Form 5 (Annexure 6) under Rule 10 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 inviting the electors of the constituency concerned to lodge claims and objections for inclusion, deletion, correction or Shifting of Residence/Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll/Replacement of EPIC/Marking of PwD in the electoral roll. Reference to the various forms for claims and objections has been made in para 2.5 of Chapter 2 Constitutional And Legal Framework. Any person desiring for

inclusion, deletion, correction and Shifting of Residence/Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll/Replacement of EPIC/Marking of PwD of any entry in the roll may prefer the application in Form 6/Form 6A, Form 7, and Form 8 (Annexure 7 to 11) respectively before the Electoral Registration Officer by hand or by post or electronically (online) during the period of claims and objections. The Form can also be submitted in person at the designated location. After the draft publication of the roll is made, preferring claims and objections are the methods by which names can be included in or deleted from the electoral rolls and elector's particulars can be corrected.

#### Main Forms of Claims & Objections

- Application for new addition – Form 6
- Application for addition in respect of NRIs – Form 6A
- Application for objecting inclusion or seeking deletion of existing entry – Form 7
- Application for correction, Shifting of Residence/Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll/Replacement of EPIC/Marking of PwD – Form 8

11.3.1 Period for lodging claims and objections:- Initially, the period for inspection of draft roll and lodging of claims and objections was 21 days from the date of draft publication, however, subsequently, it was increased to 30 days from the date of publication of draft roll. In 1977, an amendment was made in the rules to leave this to the discretion of the Election Commission to fix a shorter period, but not less than 15 days. Now, under the provision of Rule 12 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, the claims and objections shall be lodged within a period of 30 days from the date of draft publication, or such shorter period of not less than 15 days as fixed by the Election Commission. If the Rule is interpreted in light of Rule 10 of the General Clauses Act, 1897, the day of draft publication shall be excluded. The proviso of the rule further says that the period for lodging claims and objections, originally fixed, can be extended by the Election Commission by a notification in official gazette, in respect of a constituency as a whole or in respect of any part thereof.

11.3.2 Manner of lodging claims & objections:-

- (i) Rule 14 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 provides that every claim or objection shall either be presented to Electoral Registration Officer or to such other officer as may be designated by him, or be sent by post to the Electoral Registration Officer, or be submitted electronically to the Electoral Registration Officer. For this purpose, each Booth Level Officer shall be designated as the Designated Officer to manage the designated location during the period for lodging claims & objections. They shall be given adequate number of printed copies of blank application forms for distribution to the applicants. They should be fully clearly informed that no fee shall be charged for any application form. The objective is to facilitate the lodging of claims & objections in all parts of the constituency including the rural, difficult and inaccessible areas.
- (ii) No bulk application shall be received:- The authorized officers should only accept individual applications. Claims & objections, presented in bulk, by any individual/organization should not be entertained. The same principle will be applicable to claims & objections sent in bulk by post. 'Bulk application' would mean applications that are submitted by one person on behalf of many other persons not belonging to the same family. Applications

put in one and the same envelop also constitute bulk application. However, individual applications relating to the members of the same household, i.e., same family, presented together, may be accepted. The Election Commission has also made some relaxation in this matter and allowed Booth Level Agents of political parties to file applications, not exceeding 10, in a day. The Booth Level Agent concerned shall submit such applications along with a written declaration in format and list of applications. Electoral Registration Officer/ Assistant Electoral Registration Officer shall make the cross verification personally in case a Booth Level Agent submits more than 30 applications during the period of summary revision.

11.3.2.1 Preliminary scrutiny of claims & objections at the time of presentation:- An acknowledgement/receipt should be given for each claim or objection received. However, before giving an acknowledgement, following preliminary checking of every form must be done to ascertain that:-

- (i) The form is not unsigned. The form must be signed by or thumb impression obtained from the applicant and not from any other person. Form 6, 7, and 8 make it clear that claims & objections must bear the signature or thumb impression of the claimant or the objector at the appropriate places. A literate claimant should sign his name and not merely append some mark or symbol of his name written by the scribe, and if the claimant is illiterate, he should put his thumb impression and not any other mark in the form.
- (ii) Every Form 6 and 8 is accompanied with a photograph of the applicant. In case of Form 8, the photograph is required only if correction in photograph has been requested by the applicant due to mismatch/discrepancy in photo in the roll/EPIC or for replacement due to change in features/old or poor quality of photograph.
- (iii) No column or field in the form is left blank. Where the information being asked for is not known, the words "not known" should be written.
- (iv) The Electoral Registration Officer can refuse to receive any claim or objection not duly signed by the person preferring it or not containing his thumb impression or any column left blank.

11.3.2.2 Preliminary scrutiny of Form 6 at the time of presentation: - In addition to the above checks, following checks must be carried out in respect of Form 6 while receiving the same from the applicant: -

- (i) Persons shifting their place of residence within the same constituency should be guided to file application for Shifting of Residence/Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll/Replacement of EPIC/Marking of PwD in Form 8 and not in Form 6.
- (ii) The first-time applicants attaining eligibility age of 18 years must indicate details of the members of the immediate family (immediate family means father, mother, husband or siblings) already included in the current roll, in Point 10 of Form 6.
- (iii) The date of birth must be indicated in day, month and year. In case of applicants in the age group 18-25 years, the name and relationship should be checked with respect to the applicant's family members already enrolled with the

same address. Particular care should be taken that underage applicants do not get enrolled. The applicants may be asked to attach a copy of any one of the following birth certificate/documentary proof of age:-

- 1) Birth certificate issued by Competent Local Body/Municipal Authority/ Registrar of Births & Deaths.
  - 2) Aadhaar Card
  - 3) PAN Card
  - 4) Driving License
  - 5) Certificates of Class X or Class XII issued by CBSE/ICSE/ State Education Boards, if it contains Date of Birth
  - 6) Indian Passport
  - 7) Any Other Document for Proof of Date of Birth (If none of the above documents is available)
- (iv) In case none of the above document is available, an oath or affirmation in prescribed format (Annexure 27) made by either of the parents of the applicant (or by guru in case of an applicant in third gender category) can be given. In those cases where parental declaration is given as proof of age, the applicant will have to be present himself for verification before Booth Level Officer/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer/Electoral Registration Officer. Further, if none of the above document is available and neither of the parents is alive, the applicant can attach a certificate of his age given by sarpanch of the concerned Gram Panchayat or by a member of the concerned Municipal Corporation/ Municipal Committee.
- (v) In case the applicant is more than 21 years and physically appears to be so to Booth Level Officer/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer/Electoral Registration Officer, declaration of age by him will be taken as proof of age and no documentary proof will be insisted on. The age should be indicated in years and completed months as on the qualifying date i.e. 1st day of January, April, July and October of the year with the reference to which electoral roll is being revised.
- (vi) In Point-8 of Form 6, the complete address of ordinary residence of the applicant has to be given. The applicant may be advised to attach a copy of any of the following document as a proof of ordinary residence:-
- 1) Water/Electricity/Gas connection Bill for that address (at least 1 year)
  - 2) Aadhaar Card
  - 3) Current passbook of Nationalized/Scheduled Bank/Post Office
  - 4) Indian Passport
  - 5) Revenue Department's Land-Owning records including Kisan Bahi
  - 6) Registered Rent Lease Deed (In case of tenant)
  - 7) Registered Sale Deed (In case of own house)
  - 8) Any Other document for Proof of residence (If none of the above documents is available)



- 9) (In case of homeless persons, sex workers and students residing at the place of study, the Election Commission's instructions mentioned in paragraphs 8.5, 8.6 and 8.7.6 respectively of Chapter 8 may be referred to.)
- (vii) In case of non-availability of any document along with Form 6, the Designated Officer /Booth Level Officer may receive the application and record thereon "No document attached". (In such cases local enquiry shall be got conducted by the Electoral Registration Officer and decision taken accordingly.)
- (viii) If an applicant despite having stayed at a given address for a long period, say a year or more, applies for enrolment, the reasons must be ascertained from him as to why he did not apply earlier and recorded on the application by Designated Officer.
- (ix) Each applicant is required to indicate in Point-10 of Form 6, the details like part No., Sl. No. and EPIC No. of his immediate family members (father, mother, siblings and spouse), if any, already included in the draft electoral roll. If these details are not readily available, the applicant should be advised to fill up these details from the copy of the draft roll made available at each designated location;
- 11.3.3 Maintenance of lists of claims & objections lodged:- Rule 15 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 provides that every Designated Officer shall maintain, in duplicate, lists of Form 6, 7, and 8 received by him in Form 9, 10, 11 11A and 11B (Annexures 11, 12, 13, 14 & 15) respectively. One copy of each of such lists shall be exhibited on a notice board in his office while the other copy sent to the Electoral Registration Officer concerned. The Designated Officer should send the claims & objections received at designated location along with lists to the Electoral Registration Officer every day, if possible, or otherwise every week or whenever the number of claims/objections exceeds 50, whichever is often Rule 16 further says that the Electoral Registration Officer also shall prepare such lists, in duplicate, in respect of the claims & objections received by him, by hand/post or online and received from the Designated Officers. He shall also maintain a list in respect of Form 6A received by him. The Electoral Registration Officer shall display one copy of each such list on a notice board in his office. The lists shall be exhibited on the notice board until all claims & objections are disposed of.
- 11.3.4 Digitization of claims & objections: - In order to facilitate the political parties and other stakeholders and bringing more transparency in the process of electoral registration, the Election Commission has directed that all application forms should be computerized on a daily basis and list of these applications be posted on the website of the Chief Electoral Officer of the concerned State on a day-to-day basis. The status of each applications form should be clearly visible on each row of the list. Further, the web application used for this purpose should also provide a facility, that on clicking on any row in the list, the concerned application form can be printed by any citizen.
- 11.3.5 List of claims and objections should be made available by the Electoral Registration Officer to all recognized political parties at the end of every week from the beginning of the period of filing claims and objections. The Electoral Registration Officer should call a meeting of all recognized political parties and personally handover

to their representatives a list of claims and objections received till that date and obtain acknowledgement of the same. The practice of giving list of claims and objections to the recognized political parties should continue till the period of claims and objections is over. It is further clarified that names included in the list once given, need not be included in the next list. In other words, the list should also simultaneously be displayed on website of Chief Electoral Officer, notice board of Electoral Registration Officer and polling station.

#### 11.3.6 Disposal of claims & objections:-

- (i) Rejection of claims & objections:- Under Rule 17 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 the Electoral Registration Officer shall out rightly reject any claim or objection which is not lodged within the period, or in the prescribed form and manner.
- (ii) The Electoral Registration Officers have to ensure that all applications received after draft publication within the prescribed time period are duly disposed in accordance with law and directions and instructions of the Election Commission. For disposal of the claims & objections the Electoral Registration Officer should not wait till the period for claims & objections is over but it can be taken up after expiry of 7 days' notice period from the date on which the list of claims & objections prepared under Rule 16 was exhibited on notice board.
- (iii) The Electoral Registration Officers shall take claims and objections for consideration only after all of the following has been done.
  - a) At least seven clear days period has passed after list of claims and objections has been published on all of the following-
    - Website of Chief Electoral Officer
    - Notice board of Electoral Registration Officer
    - Notice board of polling station
    - A personal notice has been served on the person whose name is proposed to be deleted in cases other than death cases.
  - b) At least seven clear days have passed after the Electoral Registration Officer has given the list of claims and objections to the recognized Political Parties as mentioned above.
  - c) All deletions which are done for reason of death shall be made only after ascertaining the facts to the satisfaction of Electoral Registration Officer.
- (iv) Electoral Registration Officer may assign the function of disposal of claims & objections to Assistant Electoral Registration Officers in accordance with provisions made ' in Section 13C of the Representation of the People Act, 1950. However, such delegation of powers to Assistant Electoral Registration Officers shall not absolve the Electoral Registration Officer of his responsibility of ensuring a defect free electoral roll.
- (v) If the Electoral Registration Officer is satisfied as to the validity of any claim or objection on the basis of documentary proof of age and residence and a proper family linkage with the electors already registered in the existing

electoral roll, he, under the provision of Rule 18 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 may allow the claim or objection without further enquiry, after the expiry of 7 days' notice period. However, if a demand for enquiry is made, in writing, to the Electoral Registration Officer by any person, the Electoral Registration Officer should hold enquiry before disposing the said claim or objection.

ERO may take following action on applications, after the notice period –

- Accept, if satisfied, or
- Reject outrightly, if not within time/ in prescribed Form/Manner, or
- Depute BLO for field verification and dispose on basis of his report, or
- Fix personal hearing, if not satisfied with BLO report.

(vi) Special care should be taken while disposing the claims & objections received from the applicants more than 25 years in age. Such applicants must have given their full residential address of the previous place and EPIC number. On the basis of the available details, a check should be run to find out from the electoral roll to ascertain whether that person is already enrolled in the existing roll somewhere else. If the person is enrolled, then the applicant should be informed about being against law enrolment at more than one place being and advised to get his name deleted from other places.

(vii) Physical verification through Booth Level Officer: - The Electoral Registration Officer may depute Booth Level Officer to make visit to the household of the applicant and make a physical verification.

(a) In the case of spot verification, the claimant should be asked, as far as possible, to be physically present or if that is not possible, a statement of any other adult member of the same house-hold should be recorded verifying the ordinary residence of the claimant.

(b) If the address of the applicant is incomplete (like street name mentioned but not the house number), a doubt may arise on whether the application is genuine. The Booth Level Officer will ascertain this in field inquiry and the correct-complete address should be recorded on the application. If the address mentioned in the Form and the applicant's whereabouts cannot be ascertained after due enquiry, such application shall be rejected and the reasons recorded.

(c) During his field visit, Booth Level Officer may associate local Booth Level Agents or representatives of recognized political parties who personally know the inhabitants of the locality as far as practicable. Any Field officer of the Government, if available in the area may also be associated.

(d) The Booth Level Officer must submit his complete report giving full details of each of the field verification made by him, i.e., the date and time of his visit to the household, whether the applicant/objector/the person objected to was physically present and other evidence collected by him from the members of the household or the neighbours in relation to the claim/objection. The Booth Level Officer must put his full name and signature on the report. The Electoral Registration Officer should decide to accept or reject it with due application of mind.

(viii) Enquiry into claims & objections: -

(a) If the Electoral Registration Officer is not satisfied as to the validity of

any claim or objection, he shall hold a summary enquiry by holding personal hearing of the claimant. The date, time and place of such hearing shall be mentioned in the list exhibited on the notice board at his office. The Electoral Registration Officer also shall cause issue of individual notice of hearing in Form 12 (Annexure 16) and to the claimant (in case of Form 6), in Form 13 and 14 (Annexures 17 and 18) to the objector and the person objected to (in case of an objection to the inclusion of name) and Form 15 (Annexure 19) to the objector (in case of an objection to a particular in an entry). The notice may be served either personally or sending by post or by affixing it at the residence/ last known residence of the person concerned within the constituency.

(b) The Electoral Registration Officer, under Rule 20 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 may take assistance of any person and also may require any person to appear before him or any evidence tendered by any person during the enquiry.

(c) Electoral Registration Officer should insist on the presence of the claimant at the hearing, if the claim is objected to on any ground like under-age, non-residence, non-existence, etc. because such an enquiry cannot be conducted satisfactorily in his absence.

(d) In case of applicants of age between 18 and 25 years applying for inclusion for the first time, their claims with regard to age must be thoroughly checked with reference to school/college certificate, birth certificate, and with reference to entries in respect of the other family members. If even after such verification, the Electoral Registration Officer is not satisfied about the

minimum qualifying age of the applicant, and the applicant has also not filed a declaration in support of his age, then the Electoral Registration Officer may take the evidence on oath of the applicant as well as of any member of the family (in case of an orphan, of some person to whom the applicant is personally close) and whose name is borne on the electoral roll.

ERO may hold personal hearing, if –

- not satisfied with BLO report, or
- BLO not able to find applicant at given address despite several visits, or
- applicant is without family link and his identity cannot be established, or
- objector demands for applicants' personal hearing.

11.3.7 Final decision by the Electoral Registration Officer:- After considering the field verification report of Booth Level Officer and summary enquiry, the Electoral Registration Officer will take final decision as regards acceptance or rejection of each claim & objection. He should record not only his decision in each case but also brief reasons for the decision. The gist of the orders passed by the Electoral Registration Officer should be entered just below the entries in the lists of claims and objections maintained and exhibited in Forms 9, 10, 11 11A and 11B (Annexures 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16) on notice board for general information.

11.3.8 Communication of orders of Electoral Registration Officer to the applicants: -Every applicant should be intimated of the decision of the Electoral Registration Officer through ERO Net SMS Gateway. For the purpose of reckoning the time period for filing appeals, if any, against the decision of the Electoral Registration Officer. the date on which the Electoral Registration Officer dispatches the intimation through

SMS to the applicant will be treated as the crucial date. Therefore, the intimation should be send to the applicant within twenty-four hours from the date of order of the Electoral Registration Officer.

## 11.4 Supervision and Checks

ERO may reject application, if -

- it is not within time/in manner/in Form.
- applicant is already registered at the same address.
- applicant is not eligible – underage/not Indian citizen/not ordinarily resident.
- applicant fails to turn up for personal hearing/cooperate in enquiry/ to produce requisite documents to ERO's satisfaction.
- BLO is not able to complete verification, despite repeated visits.

11.4.1 For the purpose of improving health of electoral roll, the Election Commission has emphasised the need of field verification by the Booth Level Officers. As per the normal practice being followed now a days, the Electoral Registration Officer, after digitization of claims & objections received by him, deputed Booth Level Officer concerned to make field verification in connection with the claim or objection. The Booth Level Officer after on spot verification submits his report to the Electoral Registration Officer.

11.4.2 There is a mechanism for supervision and check for enforcing strict accountability of the work performed by the Booth Level Officers. The Supervisor who normally has 10 Booth Level Officers under his charge shall verify 5% of each of the Booth Level Officer's verification work under him.

- 11.4.3- Above the Supervisors, each Assistant Electoral Registration Officer should verify 1 % of the BLO's verification work, randomly selected from different parts under him. Assistant Electoral Registration Officer shall field check households with more than 10 electors; abnormal gender ratio, and the first 20 polling stations with highest number of additions or deletions, under his charge. Assistant Electoral Registration officer should also separately field check 1% of the additions and deletions, giving focus on such part of electoral rolls where proposed addition of electors is 4% over previous electoral roll. Both, accepted as well as rejected cases, should also be checked in those cases.
- 11.4.4- Electoral Registration Officer shall test check the quality of disposal of claims & objections by his Assistant Electoral Registration Officers. He shall check 10% of the Forms disposed by Assistant Electoral Registration Officers. Field verification should be carried out wherever felt necessary. Electoral Registration Officer shall hold regular monitoring meetings with Assistant Electoral Registration Officers, Supervisors and Booth Level Officers and ensure that the work is not being done in perfunctory manner. Delinquent officials should be taken to task and corrective measures taken swiftly because ultimately the accountability stops with Electoral Registration Officer and the Electoral Registration Officer is responsible for delivering an error free roll. (As per ECI Letter No.23/2022-ERS (Vol.II) 25 July, 2022)
- 11.4.4.1 Deletions in polling stations where the number of deletions exceeds 2% of the total electors in the voters list of the polling stations.
- 11.4.4.2 Deletions where the same person is the objector in more than 5 cases.
- 11.4.4.3 Additions are more than 4%.
- 11.4.5 Further, Electoral Registration Officer shall test check the quality of disposal of

claims & objections by his Assistant Electoral Registration Officers. He shall check 10% of the Forms disposed by Assistant Electoral Registration Officers. Field verification should be carried out where felt necessary. Electoral Registration Officer shall hold regular monitoring meetings with Assistant Electoral Registration Officers, Supervisors and Booth Level Officers and ensure that the work is not being done in perfunctory manner. Delinquent officials should be taken to task and corrective measures taken swiftly because ultimately the accountability stops with Electoral Registration Officer and the Electoral Registration Officer is responsible for delivering an error free roll.

11.4.6 Super-checking by DEO/ Roll Observer/CEO: -After passing the orders by AERO/ ERO, super-checking of verified entries will be done by the DEO, Roll Observers and CEO for specific number of entries as randomly selected by ERO Net. The number of entries to be verified by DEO, Roll Observers and CEO within and up to 7 days after last date of disposal by EROs are as under: -

- (i) At the level of DEO: Verification of 50 Forms (20 additions+20 deletions+10 modifications) in the district covering all ACs under his jurisdiction (or) at least 10 Forms (4 additions+4 deletions+2 modifications) in each of the ACs of the district, by table top exercise. Out of these verified Forms, field verification must be done in a minimum 10 Forms.
- (ii) At the level of Roll Observers: Verification of 250 Forms (100 additions+100 deletions+50 modifications) in the assigned districts or at least 10 Forms (4 additions+4deletions+2 modifications) in each of the assigned districts, by table top exercise. Out of these verified Forms, field verification must be done in a minimum 20 Forms.
- (iii) At the level of CEO: Verification of 250 Forms (100 additions+100 deletions+50 modifications) in the state covering all districts or at least 10 Forms (4 additions+ 4 deletions+ 2 modifications) in each district, by table top exercise. Out of these verified Forms, field verification must be done in a minimum 20 Forms.
- (iv) Critical influx of Forms-6, 7, 8 in an assembly constituency shall be flagged up by the District Election Officer concerned to CEO level, who in turn shall review the position on weekly basis for course correction, if required.
- (v) Field visits by ECI's Officers: During the SSR, random field visits of the Officers from ECI shall be done in the States/UTs, especially where there is a need to give impetus to the overall revision activities. Chief Electoral Officer may also designate his own team or request the Election Commission to depute team for further State level checks as felt necessary. Ultimately it is for the Chief Electoral Officer to seek the Election Commission's approval to publishing of rolls and for this the Chief Electoral Officer shall give a detailed report on State wide health check of the rolls in the prescribed formats (Format 1-8), deviations noticed, remedial action taken etc. The Chief Electoral Officer shall also furnish an account of checks maintained and supervision undertaken during the roll revision process and give a certificate on his/her satisfaction on the quality of electoral roll.
- (vi) Flagging of marked electors viz. MP/MLA/MLC holders of declared offices and personalities from fields of arts, culture, journalism, sports, members of

judiciary and public services etc.: Electoral Registration Officers shall ensure that the names of all Members of Parliament and the State Legislatures, holders of declared offices, personalities from fields of arts, culture, journalism, sports, members of judiciary and public services are there in the proposed draft electoral roll. To avoid wrongful deletions of the names of such electors in future appropriate flagging should be done in the electoral database.

- (vii) **Flagging of Persons with Disabilities (PwDs) in Electoral Database:** As Form-6 for enrolment in electoral roll has an optional field for giving information about disabilities, the Commission has directed that all the cases of PwDs electors who have given such information in Form 6 should be flagged in the electoral database along with category of disability so that they can be provided necessary facilities at the polling station at the time of poll. In this regard, a provision for mentioning the percentage of disability has also been made in the revised form-6. It is made amply clear that such information of disability should not be reflected in electoral roll in any way. Chief Electoral Officer concerned should rope in the concerned department in the State dealing with persons with disabilities to get their assistance in mapping Persons with Disabilities. Chief Electoral Officer, if he feels it necessary, can utilize services of BLOs during H2H visits for collection of such data of PwDs from electors, who are willing to disclose their disabilities. Weekly progress report in this regard may be sent to Secretary/Principal Secretary in charge of the State to review the weekly progress.

(As per ECI Letter No.23/2022-ERS (Vol.II) 25 July, 2022)

- 11.4.7 The Chief Electoral Officer may also designate his own team or request the Election Commission to depute team for further state level checks as felt necessary. Ultimately it is for Chief Electoral Officer to seek the Election Commission's approval to publishing of rolls and for this the Chief Electoral Officer shall give a detailed report on state wide health check of the rolls in the prescribed formats (Annexure 37), deviations noticed, remedial action taken etc. The Chief Electoral Officer shall also furnish an account of the checks maintained and supervision undertaken during the roll revision process and give a certificate on his/her satisfaction on the quality of roll.
- 11.4.8 **Observation:** - In addition to Divisional Commissioners, who shall act as Electoral Roll Observers for districts comprised within their Divisions, the Commission may depute its observers/ECI officer's/roll auditors to randomly check, audit and supervise the revision process. Hence, it is absolutely essential that all roll related records including reports of progress as well as lists of the locations where field operations are in progress, should be kept up to date and made available to the observers.

(As per ECI Letter No.23/2022-ERS (Vol.II) 25 July, 2022)

## 11.5 **Suo-Moto Action by Electoral Registration Officer during revision period**

- 11.5.1 The statements from holders of declared offices in Form 1(Annexure 1) (Page No. 230) received during the revision period shall be disposed of by the Electoral Registration Officer and their names shall be included in the appropriate parts of the rolls in absence of any evidence to the contrary.

- 11.5.2 To check whether names of any elector have been left out due to inadvertence or error during preparation of draft roll, the Electoral Registration Officer shall scrutinize the draft roll once again and take remedial action for inclusion of the left out electors, wherever necessary. The Electoral Registration Officer shall prepare a list of such left out persons and exhibit the same on the notice board of his office together with a notice under Rule 21 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 specifying the time and place at which the inclusion of these names in the roll will be considered. He shall also publish the list and the notice in such other manner as he may think fit. After considering any verbal or written objection that may be preferred, the Electoral Registration Officer shall decide whether all or any of the names should be included in the roll.
- 11.5.3 Similarly, the Electoral Registration officer under Rule 21A of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 has power to delete names of dead persons or of persons who have ceased to be, or are not ordinarily resident in the constituency or of persons who are otherwise not entitled to be registered in that roll, inadvertently or erroneously or otherwise included in the draft roll. For this purpose too, the Electoral Registration Officer shall display a list of the names of such ineligible electors on his notice board with a notice specifying the time and place at which the question of deletion of these names from the roll will be considered. He can also publish the list and the notice in such other manner as he may think fit. After considering any verbal or written objections that may be preferred, the Electoral Registration Officer must decide the question of deletion of these names.
- 11.5.4 Unexecuted non-bailable warrant (NBW) cases: The Election Commission has taken a view that a person against whom an NBW has remained unexecuted for a period of 6 months or more should be presumed to have ceased to be ordinarily resident at the given address. This is based on the fact that the whereabouts of such a person are not known and therefore the Election Commission has instructed the Electoral Registration Officers that they may take suo-motu action to delete names of those persons against whom NBW cases are pending, from the electoral roll after giving them due notice under Rule 21A of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 read with Section 22 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950. The police authorities shall be duly intimated and asked to be present during such hearings. The person concerned shall appear before Electoral Registration Officer in person. If the person fails to appear, Electoral Registration Officer will delete his name from the electoral roll.

## 11.6 Appeal against Electoral Registration Officer's decisions:-

- 11.6.1 Under the provisions of Rule 23 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 an appeal lies against the decision of the Electoral Registration Officer made under Rule 20, 21 and 21A with regard to claims & objections and also inclusion of names inadvertently omitted. Appeal shall be presented to the District Magistrate or Additional District Magistrate or Executive Magistrate or District Collector or an officer of equivalent rank as may be notified in the Official Gazette by the Election Commission. However, appeal will not have the effect of staying or postponing the final publication of the electoral roll.
- 11.6.2 The appeal cannot be preferred if the appellant has not availed himself of his right to be heard or to make representation to the Electoral Registration Officer.
- 11.6.3 The appeal should be in the form of a memorandum, signed by the appellant. It



can be presented to the Appellate Authority or be sent to him by registered post. In both these cases, the appeal must reach the Appellate Authority within 15 days of the decision by the Electoral Registration Officer becoming known. The Election Commission has designated the District Election Officer as the appellate authority for this purpose.

- 11.6.4 The Appellate Authority, on receipt of an appeal, should satisfy himself that the appeal has been presented within the prescribed time and in the manner required. The appeals, which are time-barred or are not in the manner prescribed, should be rejected summarily.
- 11.6.5 If the appeal is in order, the Appellate Authority should call for the records of the case from the Electoral Registration Officer. He should give the appellant a reasonable opportunity of being heard before recording his final decision on an appeal.
- 11.6.6 The decision of the Appellate Authority is final.
- 11.6.7 In case an appellate authority either modifies or reverses the decision of the Electoral Registration Officer, the decision of the appellate authority will take effect only from the date on which he makes the decision.
- 11.6.8 The appeal should normally be disposed of within 3 weeks. The Electoral Registration Officer on receipt of orders of the appellate authority shall make amendment to the electoral roll to give effect to the decision.

## 11.7 Final Publication of Electoral Rolls

- 11.7.1 Final roll will be the draft roll plus the lists of amendments (supplements) to the draft roll. As soon as the claims & objections received after draft publication relating to a part has been disposed of, final lists of amendments (supplements) for that part of the roll should be prepared. The supplements shall have 3 components, namely, Component I - additions, Component II - deletions and Component III – corrections. Every part shall have supplements even if there are no amendments. In such parts, the supplements shall provide “nil” information.
- 11.7.2 The supplements shall be prepared in the same format and language in which the draft roll was prepared. The supplements shall be generated using ERMS software. Serial Numbers for general voters and for service voters in Component I (additions) of the supplement will be in continuation of respective last serial number in the previous electoral roll published as draft. The name and designation of Electoral Registration Officer shall be printed at the end of each of the supplements.
- 11.7.3 The Electoral Registration Officers shall ensure that the electoral roll published has all essential components including AC header page, part header page, sketch map, summary of contents etc.
- 11.7.4 This work of preparation of supplements for the individual parts need not wait until after the disposal of all claims & objections in the constituency. The orders of the Electoral Registration Officer in respect of claims & objections relating to other parts need not be awaited.

### Final Publication

Made by ERO with notice in Form 16, inviting public to inspect final roll at ERO's office. Final roll shall also be put on CEO's website and copy thereof given to recognized political parties.

- 11.7.5 In case of parts in respect of which no claims & objections have been received and no action under Rules 21 and 21A of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 is necessary, the Electoral Registration Officer should prepare final lists immediately after the period fixed for receipt of claims & objections is over.
- 11.7.6 Before final publication of the electoral roll, the Chief Electoral Officer of the concerned State sends request for prior approval of the Election Commission for final publication, along with analysis of electors' data in Formats 1-8(Annexure 37). A comparison of electors data prepared in Format 1-8 before draft publication shall be carried out and abnormality therein, if any, be noted and pointed out with explanatory memoranda in the analysis of the Chief Electoral Officer. While preparing final roll, following checks should be run to ensure that:-
- 11.7.6.1 the rolls have been reorganized according to voters' convenience, and
- 11.7.6.2 Each part has been organized neatly into as many sections as are distinct or distinguishable geographical units.
- 11.7.7 As soon as the supplements are prepared, the Electoral Registration Officer generates a PDF copy of supplements along with a summary sheet. Thereafter, a title page with date of publication noted therein, table of contents, the general part and last part of electoral roll, in that order, shall be carefully arranged and stitched together. After obtaining approval for final publication from the Election Commission, the complete set of roll shall be published on the date of final publication vide a public notice in Form 16 (Annexure 20), under the provision of Rule 22 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, for inspection at the office of Electoral Registration Officer. The Election Commission has also directed to put the final roll on the Chief Electoral Officer's website and also to display for public at the concerned polling station for a period of one week. As per Rule 22(c), two copies of the final roll will be given, free of cost, to all the recognized political parties. After final publication, the Electoral Registration Officer shall prepare an authentic copy of the roll, getting each page of the same signed in ink by two officers. The copy of the authentic roll shall be kept in a sealed cover by the District Election Officer for safe custody and record.
- 11.7.8 Meeting with Political Parties and sharing of electoral rolls: -
- (i) All DEOs and CEO shall separately call meetings of political parties and explain the schedule and seek cooperation expected of them before the date of draft publication. The draft publication should be done on the approved date with due fanfare publicity and the copies of draft rolls should be handed over to recognized political parties in public meeting in the presence of press and media. In any case, proper acknowledgement receipts from the representatives of political parties must be obtained and kept in record.
  - (ii) The CEO should write to all recognized national and state level political parties informing them the important points of the law and procedures of the revision and seek their cooperation in the roll revision exercise. A copy of letter issued to them may be endorsed to the Commission for record.
  - (iii) List of claims and objections should also be made available by ERO to all political parties on weekly basis.
  - (iv) Two copies of complete set of draft Electoral Rolls and Final Electoral Rolls immediately after draft and final publication respectively shall be supplied

free of cost to recognized political parties in accordance with the provisions of rule 11(c) and 22 (c) of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960. (Please refer to para 25.3 of Chapter 25 of Manual on Electoral Rolls, 2016 for detailed guidelines in the matter)

- (v) CEO will request to the recognized political parties to identify and appoint Booth Level Agent (BLA) for each polling station who would be associated with BLO during revision period. The BLOs will go through the draft electoral roll with BLAs of recognized political parties of State concerned and identify the corrections, etc. It is pertinent to mention that BLAs once appointed from a recognized political party will continue as BLA, unless their appointment is rescinded /revoked by the political party concerned.
- (vi) With a view to ensure more involvement of political parties, the Commission has allowed BLAs of a recognized political party to file applications in bulk, subject to the condition that a BLA shall not submit more than 10 Forms to BLO at one time/in one day. If a BLA files more than 30 Applications/Forms during entire period of filing claims and objections, then the cross verification must be done by ERO/AERO themselves. Further, the BLA will also submit a list of application forms with a declaration that he has personally verified the particulars of the application forms and is satisfied that they are correct. (As per ECI Letter No.23/2022-ERS (Vol.II) 25 July, 2022)

## Chapter 12

# Continuous Updation

### 12.1 Introduction

During continuous updation, every claim & objection shall be made under the provision of Sections 22 or 23 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, read with Rule 26 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960. The claim & objection should be made in duplicate in the appropriate Forms 6, 6A, 7 or 8 as the case may be. The person desirous of getting enrolled as elector must submit his passport size colour photograph (3.5 CM X 3.5 CM). While the deletion, any correction or Shifting of Residence/Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll/Replacement of EPIC/Marking of PwD can be made either on an application made to the Electoral Registration Officer or on Electoral Registration Officer's own motion suo-motu, the inclusion of a name can be made only on an application made to him. There is no provision for inclusion of a name by the Electoral Registration Officer suo motu.

- 12.1.1 During continuous updating, the Electoral Registration Officer does not prepare lists of claims & objections received by him, as done during revision period, under Rule 16, but displays one of the copies of claim & objection received by him in duplicate, on notice board in his office inviting objection to such application within a period of 7 days from the date of posting the form on notice board. After expiry of the prescribed 7 days' notice period, the Electoral Registration Officer takes up the claims & objections for disposal.
- 12.1.2 The Electoral Registration Officer shall maintain a set of four separate registers for each constituency in the prescribed format (Annexure 38), one each for keeping account of applications for inclusion (Form 6), objections (Form 7) and any corrections or Shifting of Residence/Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll/Replacement of EPIC/Marking of PwD (Form 8). The entry shall be made in the registers in serial order starting from the number following the last serial number in the previous roll published as final electoral roll of that part of the constituency or the last serial number in last supplement to the final electoral roll, as the case may be. The Electoral Registration Officer, while entering the particulars in the register, shall also indicate the section to which the entry pertains within the part of the electoral roll.
- 12.1.3 Each register shall be serially numbered and on the first page a certificate about the number of pages in the register will be given by the Electoral Registration Officer in his own hand. The entry shall be made in registers in serial order starting from the number following the last serial number in the previous roll published as final electoral roll of that part of the Assembly Constituency or the last serial number in the last supplement to the roll published as final, as the case may be.

Appeal during revision and continuous updation  
During revision, only one appeal is allowed before the appellate authority who is DM/DC/ADC, while during continuous updation, one can avail two appeals i.e., 1st appeal before 1st appellate authority (DM/DC/ADC) and 2nd appeal before CEO.

12.1.4 There is no provision of publication of such addition/deletion lists resulting from continuous updating, therefore, the Electoral Registration Officers are required to maintain such lists up-to-date at all times, in the registers respectively. The register of continuous updating will be deemed to be the continuous running supplement for that particular year as and when the

programme of next revision is announced.

- 12.1.5 The Part Number & Section Number should also be clearly indicated on the top right-hand corner of the Application Form itself for linkage with the entry in the Register. For the sake of uniformity, first the part no. and then the section no. should be written one after the other with a slash separating them e.g., Part No.23 / Section No.2.

## 12.2 Data Entry During Continuous Updation

- 12.2.1 All applications received in a calendar month should be disposed of during the next month and the manuscript should be prepared for every part separately, in duplicate, by hand by 25th of that month. The format of the manuscript will be same as that of the text roll's format with 8 column entries.
- 12.2.2 By 7th of the following month, one copy of the manuscript will be transferred to the District Election Officer for data entry in the computerized working copy of the electoral roll. The data entered will be stored in the computerized data base for printing at the time of next draft publication of electoral rolls or at the time of election in the constituency as the case may be.
- 12.2.3 The supplement of continuous updation shall be printed as part of the draft roll below the last supplement for that particular year for publication as the draft roll. However, in case of integration, the supplement of continuous updation shall be first printed and then integrated into the draft roll to be published, so that changes made during continuous updation can be tracked.

## 12.3 Preparation of Supplement for Elections

- 12.3.1 In States where general elections/bye elections are due later during that year, it would be necessary to print from the computer database an additional supplement containing all the changes made during the continuous updation till last day of nomination.
- 12.3.2 The format of supplement of continuous updation would be the same as for the summary revision. The serial number of the supplement shall be indicated on the right hand corner of the Header page for the supplement and would be one more than the serial number of previous supplement. In the title page of such supplement, against the heading "Supplement Process & Year" the words and figures "Continuous Updating <from date> to <to date>" would be indicated.
- 12.3.3 There can be more than one supplement of continuous updation, like, one brought out before a bye-election and another if there are additions, deletions and modifications again after the completion of election till the next draft publication for revision with

reference to next qualifying date. Each supplement shall be a new supplement with serial number one more than the existing supplement.

- 12.3.4 The Electoral Registration Officers shall note that in the continuous updation process, the serial numbers of the electors are already communicated to them and most of the time, also used for EPIC generation; hence the serial number should NOT change, and this supplement will NOT be sorted either section wise or house number wise. Only those supplements which are results of claims and objections during a regular or special notified revision exercise should be sorted section wise and then house number wise, since in the regular revision exercise, serial numbers are not communicated to electors or used for EPIC till the supplements actually get printed and published. In continuous updation as and when a name is included, the chronological serial number as is due at that stage should be given and all particulars including 'section' is repeated.
- 12.3.5 It should also be noted that when a continuous updation supplement actually gets integrated, the continuous updation supplements up to that point get cleaned out and a fresh continuous updation supplement numbering gets started on the date after that.

## 12.4 Appeal

- 12.4.1 An appeal under Section 24 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 against the order of the Electoral Registration Officer rejecting or allowing an application under Rule 26 of Registration of Electors rules, 1960 shall be presented to the District Magistrate or Additional District Magistrate or Executive Magistrate or District Collector or an officer of equivalent rank as may be notified in the Official Gazette by the Election Commission, within the period of fifteen days of the order appealed against or sent by registered post so as to reach him within that period. The Election Commission has specified that out of the authorities mentioned in Section 24, the authority who is the District Election Officer would be the appellate authority for this purpose.
- 12.4.2 The appellate authority may condone the delay in presentation of the appeal if he is satisfied that the appellant had sufficient cause for not presenting it within the specified period.
- 12.4.3 The appeal shall be in the form or memo signed by the appellant and accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against.
- 12.4.4 An appeal against the order of the District Magistrate or Additional District Magistrate can be presented to the Chief Electoral Officer within 30 days from the date of order appealed against or sent by registered post so as to reach him within that period.
- 12.4.5 The appeal should be in the form of a memorandum signed by the appellant and accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against.
- 12.4.6 The Chief Electoral Officer has power to condone any delay in the presentation of the appeal, if he is satisfied that the appellant had sufficient cause for not presenting it within the time prescribed.
- 12.4.7 It is sufficient if the appeal is delivered to an officer appointed by the Chief Electoral Officer in this behalf and not necessary that in all cases the appeal should be presented in person to the Chief Electoral Officer.

**Disposal of claims and objection w.r.t. subsequent qualifying dates (1st April, 1st July and 1st October)**

Preparation of electoral roll in subsequent qualifying dates shall be done in the following manner:-

- a. No formal programme of revision will be issued for subsequent qualifying dates and no pre-revision and revision activities will be undertaken.
- b. No Section formation, clubbing of families, rationalization of polling stations, amalgamated integration of roll will be allowed.
- c. Notice in Form-5 for draft publication of Annual SSR, issued by the EROs shall be applicable for all the 4 qualifying dates and therefore, no separate notice is required to be issued before/at the time of every quarter.
- d. In respect of all subsequent qualifying date (when no regular SSR has been ordered), only supplement consisting of addition list, deletion list and modification list prepared on the basis of disposal of advance application in r/o the relevant qualifying date and all other Forms received under continuous updation during the quarter will be generated and put on website of CEO. The supplement at the end of every quarter will be prepared by the 10th of the month in which the subsequent qualifying date falls.
- e. Copy of such supplement will not be shared with anybody including political parties. The ERO concerned will keep a copy of the supplements for its record and future reference.
- f. All such supplements mentioning the relevant qualifying date on the header page shall be numbered progressively on the basis of number of supplements as existent at the time of its generation.
- g. All the supplements prepared during the year after the last SSR shall be integrated for preparing the draft roll for the next SSR.
- h. An updated electoral roll will be published only at the time of final publication of electoral roll after conclusion of annual/regular Special Summary Revision and there will be no publication of draft/final roll in the subsequent quarters.

## Chapter 13

# Other important aspects relating to Preparation & Revision of Electoral Rolls

### 13.1 Introduction

As mentioned in the previous chapter, the electoral registration system in India is always in the nature of continuous updation, except during the period between the last date of nominations and the date of completion of the election process for an election. The manner of lodging claims & objections and disposal thereof during revision period and continuous updation of electoral roll is the same except some minor differences. The Election Commission has issued several clarifications on the issues raised from time to time regarding disposal of applications by the Electoral Registration Officers during revision and period of continuous updation. This chapter contains certain such general clarifications for guidance of the registration authorities.

### 13.2 Suo-moto Deletions

Rule 21A of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 provides that the Electoral Registration Officer, before the final publication of electoral roll under his suo-moto powers, can delete names of dead persons or of persons who have ceased to be or are not ordinarily resident in the constituency or of persons who are otherwise not entitled to be registered in that electoral roll. The Electoral Registration Officer shall make every endeavour to give the person concerned a reasonable opportunity to show cause why the action proposed for deletion of his name from the electoral roll should not be taken. Section 22 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 states that suo-moto action of the Electoral Registration Officer shall be subject to general/special direction of the Election Commission. The Election Commission has directed that suo-moto deletions can be made after following the due procedure during the roll revision exercise. No suo-moto deletion should be allowed/made after the final publication of the roll without the written prior approval of the Election Commission. The instructions further state that no suo-moto deletions should be made during an election year, unless specifically permitted by the Election Commission.

No suo-moto deletion should be allowed/made after the final publication of the roll without the written prior approval of the Election Commission.

### 13.3 Disposal of Claims & Objections Received after the Period of Claims & Objections during Revision Process

The Election Commission has clarified that all such applications which have been received after the last date for making claims & objections should be considered by the concerned Electoral Registration Officers after the final publication of electoral rolls in respect of the on-going revision, as part of continuous updation of electoral roll after the final publication.



## 13.4 Disposal of Claims & Objections and Printing of Supplements for the Constituencies where Bye-elections announced during Revision Process

Sometimes, the Election Commission announces programme of bye-election in some constituencies during the period of summary revision of electoral roll with reference to 1st day of January, April, July and October of a particular year as qualifying date. Though, in such cases the process of summary revision in the constituency is postponed, the electoral roll is required to be prepared for the bye-election by making inclusion, deletion, amendment and Shifting of Residence/Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll/Replacement of EPIC/Marking of PwD in the roll till the last date of making nomination for the said bye-election. The Election Commission has made it clear that whenever a bye-election is announced in the midst of ongoing summary revisions of electoral rolls, the following steps are to be taken in the concerned State/Union Territory –

- 13.4.1 The ongoing Summary Revision of electoral rolls in respect of P.C/A.C. for which bye-election has been announced shall be suspended immediately and revised schedule for the said ACs falling in P.C/AC, in such manner that remaining unfinished activities of revision therein should start after completion of the bye-election, shall be sent by respective Chief Electoral Officer to the Election Commission for its approval.
- 13.4.2 As the last finally published electoral rolls shall be used for the above said bye-election, an additional supplement of electoral rolls after disposal of all such claims forms, preferred w.r.t. the qualifying date of the last finally published electoral rolls, during the period of continuous updating between the date of final publication of existing rolls and 10 days before the last date of filing nomination for the bye-election shall be published in accordance with the Election Commission's instructions contained in letter No. 23/2011-ERS, dated 14/11/2011 (a copy enclosed for ready reference) and the same be appended to the final roll mentioned above.
- 13.4.3 Bye-election shall be conducted on the basis of existing rolls which were prepared and finally published in Polling Stations as approved by the Election Commission for preparation of the last published electoral rolls, subject to the modifications/changes, if any, approved by the Election Commission for conduct of such bye-elections.

## 13.5 Whether Names can be added and EPIC issued before the Final Publication during a Summary Revision

- 13.5.1 The process of continuous updation does not cease even during the period of summary revision. To obviate any confusion, the Election Commission has clarified that in case of all those applicants who had completed 18 years of age on the earlier qualifying date of existing roll under revision, the applications (Form 6, 6A, and 8) may be considered by the concerned Electoral Registration Officer as having been filed during the period of continuous updation if any applicant so requests by filing such application in duplicate as required by Rule 26 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, and the Electoral Registration Officer can add, modify or Shifting of Residence/Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll/Replacement of EPIC/Marking of PwD their names and can issue EPIC consequent to the changes in the roll without waiting for final publication. In case of Form 6 and 6A filed by the persons who will complete the age of 18 years on the new qualifying date with reference to which the current revision is going on, the Electoral Registration Officer will consider these

forms as part of current summary revision and in such case EPIC can be issued only after final publication is made and the name is published in the supplement.

- 13.5.2 The Election Commission has also clarified that separate supplement is not required to be published for the claims & objections treated as part of continuous updation, unless so directed by the Election Commission in any particular case. These should also be included in the supplement for the summary revision, in such a manner that all claims & objections received and approved by the Electoral Registration Officer subsequent to the draft publication of rolls for summary revision are included in the supplement of that summary revision, whether they have been treated as part of continuous revision or summary revision.

## 13.6 General Guidelines for Deletion, Inclusions, Shifting of Residence & Corrections

- 13.6.1 Instructions regarding registration of some specific categories of citizens:

13.6.1.1 Safeguard against registration of under-aged persons:- Adequate care should be taken to ensure that the names of under-aged persons are not included in electoral roll. The responsibility for getting the names of ineligible persons entered in the electoral roll should be placed squarely on the head of the family. He should be made aware of the provisions made regarding making false declaration under Section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, which lays down that if any person makes in connection with (a) the preparation, revision or correction of an electoral roll, or (b) the inclusion or exclusion of any entry in or from an electoral roll, a statement or declaration in writing which is false and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine or with both.

13.6.1.2 Enrolment of orphans: There may be four situations with respect to enrolment of an orphan, found to be otherwise eligible and the Electoral Registration Officer has to take action in the following manner: -

- (i) If an orphan is brought up from infancy in an orphanage and is not in a position to give name of either of his parents, his name shall be entered into electoral roll, and under the column meant for father's/mother's/husband's name, the name of the orphanage shall be mentioned.
- (ii) In case the orphan was not brought up in any orphanage but in a family, the name of head of that family shall be mentioned in the column meant for relations name.
- (iii) In case of an orphan who has been legally adopted by a family, the name of the father/mother adopting that orphan should be indicated.
- (iv) In cases, not covered by the above categories, the word "not known" shall be mentioned against the name of father/mother and in the relationship column of the electoral roll, the word 'others' shall be indicated.

13.6.1.3 Enrolment of students living in hostel/lodge: During house-to-house verification such students should not be enrolled. However, the students residing as tenants at the place of study will have the option to get themselves registered as electors either at their native places with their parents/guardians or at the address of hostel/lodge/landlord where they are residents for the time being for pursuing their studies.

- (i) The Electoral Registration Officer must keep the following points in mind while considering applications of such students. The courses pursued by the said students should be recognized by Central/State Govt. or Boards/Universities/ Deemed Universities defined under relevant Acts and such courses should be of not less than one year's duration.
- (ii) Such students who are either not already registered or do not want to retain their registration at their native place with their parents/guardians but seek to enrol themselves as an elector at the place of their present stay will have to apply for registration to the Electoral Registration Officer of the constituency within which the place of their present stay falls. For that purpose, they will have to apply in Form 6 addressed to the Electoral Registration Officer of the concerned constituency along with a Bonafide certificate from the Head Master/ Principal/Director/Registrar/Dean of the educational institution (Annexure 26).The onus of presentation of the application with Form-6 and/ or the Self-Declaration to the Electoral Registration Officer concerned shall squarely lie on the student.

13.6.1.4 Enrolment of tenants: A tenant living at a particular address is eligible to get enrolled in the electoral roll at the address where he is staying. The inclusion in the concerned part of electoral roll can be done during the period when an intensive revision/house to house verification is undertaken. He can also file an application in Form 6 during revision period/continuous updating. The Electoral Registration Officer has to satisfy himself before taking any final decision in such matter. The onus of proof lies on the applicant seeking registration in the electoral roll for the first time or due to change of residence. The Electoral Registration Officer can ask for any documentary evidence or hold a summary inquiry to satisfy himself. It has to be borne in mind that once the Electoral Registration Officer /Assistant Electoral Registration Officer has ordered inclusion of name in the electoral roll, the onus of proof shifts on the authority or the individual objecting to such inclusion at a later stage due to some reason or the other. Therefore, the Electoral Registration Officer has to take a judicious approach in deciding claims and objections not supported by valid documentary or corroborative evidence.

13.6.1.5 Enrolment of senior citizens in old age home: The Election Commission has directed that senior citizen, who are inmates of old-age homes are eligible to be enrolled in the constituency in which they are ordinarily resident in old-age homes, provided they fulfil the other eligibility criteria prescribed under law for the purpose.

13.6.2 Safeguards to Prevent Wrong Deletions: - The Election Commission has directed that the certain safeguards should be put in place to prevent wrong deletions:

13.6.2.1 Cases of Multiple Entries: - In case of repeated / multiple entries found by de-duplication software, the field verification must be done in each and every case and name of the elector should be retained in electoral roll only at the place where he is found to be ordinarily residing. Entries relating to all other places shall be deleted after obtaining Form 7 from the concerned elector.

13.6.2.2 Cases of shifted Voters: -

- (i) In the cases where the elector has shifted and the Booth Level Officer has been able to trace the shifted voter, a notice should be served upon the voter. Form 7 may be obtained from the elector for deletion of his name from the

previous place.

- (ii) If the Booth Level Officer is not able to trace the shifted elector, the notice should be pasted at the address of the elector available in the electoral database in presence of two adult witnesses, one from the family of the shifted elector and one from the immediate neighbourhood. If no family member of the elector is available, then, witness of two persons residing in the immediate neighbourhood be taken. Deletion may be done after expiry of the notice period.

- 13.6.2.3 Cases of Deceased Electors: In cases of deceased electors, Electoral Registration Officer can make deletion on the basis of death certificate from a competent authority (Registrar of Births & Deaths, Local Bodies, Sarpanch, Ward Member etc.) or Form 7 from immediate relatives/immediate neighbours/friends of the elector concerned or a report duly prepared by the Booth Level Officer with statements of at least two persons residing in the locality. No further enquiry is required in such cases.
- 13.6.2.4 Electoral Registration Officer must take special care while deletion of names of EPIC holders. If an elector has multiple EPICs, all EPICs relating to the entries which have been deleted should be taken back from him and proper record of the same should be maintained.
- 13.6.2.5 Intimation about the deletion should be sent to the elector concerned through post or SMS / e-mail, in case mobile number/e-mail ID is available in the electoral database.
- 13.6.2.6 In addition to the above, the Electoral Registration Officer shall prepare part wise list of names proposed to be deleted from the electoral roll in any of the above grounds and display the same in his office for a period of at least 7 days from the date of pasting of the list. The said list shall be put on Chief Electoral Officer's website for public information and calling objections, if any. The said list also should be shared with recognized political parties.
- 13.6.2.7 After making deletions, the final deletion list should also be furnished to recognized political parties.
- 13.6.2.8 The Electoral Registration Officer shall maintain a daily monitoring register of all deletions made by him or his Assistant Electoral Registration Officers in the constituency during the period of continuous updation.
- 13.6.2.9 The District Election Officers shall monitor the process of deletions made by the Electoral Registration Officers in the assembly constituencies comprised within the districts under their jurisdiction. The Electoral Registration Officers shall submit to District Election Officers a statement of deletions made in their assembly constituencies. The District Election Officers shall compile the information received from all Electoral Registration Officers and send the same to the Chief Electoral Officer for his information. The Chief Electoral Officer shall keep a close watch on the deletions made by the Electoral Registration Officers in the state.

## 13.7 Preparation of Final Roll in an Election Year

- 13.7.1 The Election Commission has directed that no deletion or modification of entries in the electoral rolls shall be done by the Electoral Registration Officer either suo moto or on the basis of forms received after the announcement of elections. If it

becomes necessary to delete or modify certain entries after the announcement of elections, the Electoral Registration Officer shall make a reference to the Election Commission through the District Election Officer and Chief Electoral Officer and the Election Commission shall take an appropriate decision in the matter.

- 13.7.2 Since no deletion or modification shall be done in the electoral roll after ten days of announcement of elections without prior approval of the election commission, the deletion and modification supplementary along with the mother roll reflecting the changes carried out in these supplements can be printed immediately after the tenth day of announcement of election has been made by the Election Commission. The deletion and modification supplement and the mother rolls so printed shall be put on the website of the Chief Electoral Officer as a PDF. Since the First supplement will be printed at the time of final publication of electoral rolls at the end of summary revision, the supplement printed immediately after announcement of elections will be supplement 2. It may be noted that inclusions of names will carry on till the last date of filing of nominations, therefore, the inclusion supplement shall be printed only after the last date of filing of nominations is over. It may also be noted that no changes are reflected in the mother roll as a result of the inclusions supplement, therefore, printing of mother roll, deletion and modification supplementary shall not be affected by entries by the inclusion supplement.
- 13.7.3 The mother roll, modification and deletion supplement should be printed and kept ready. As soon as the inclusion supplementary is printed after the last date of filing nominations and certainly within 3 days of last date of withdrawal of candidatures, the mother roll along with the modification, deletion and inclusion supplement should be given to the contesting candidates. Only in those polling stations where deletions and modifications have been made subsequent to the announcement of elections on the directions of Election Commission, the deletion and modification supplement and the mother roll reflecting the changes contained therein will have to be reprinted. In case these are reprinted, they will be supplementary 3.
- 13.7.4 In an election year, the authentic copy of the roll shall be computer-generated copy and all the deletions shall be 'struck-through' in the mother roll (basic draft) by software. Normally, the 'strike-through' should not be manual. In case of photo-roll the word "DELETED" would be imprinted diagonally across the elector's box to indicate that the entries have been deleted as in the concerned supplement (in the supplement, the alphabets, 'E', 'S', 'Q', 'R', 'M' shall be prefixed against Sl. No. of each deleted entry to denote the reason for deletion viz. Expired, Shifted, Disqualified, Repeated or Missing. For all 'corrections' in the supplement, a hash (#) mark shall be put against the original appearance of the record in draft roll to signify that the entry has some correction in the supplement but no correction actually should be carried out in the reprinted mother roll. In addition, photographs of electors corrected in the supplement of correction will not be added/changed/corrected in the reprinted mother roll. Photograph of an existing elector received/corrected/replaced subsequently, should be retained in correction list, the words 'photo as in correction list' shall be printed in the mother roll in the space provided for photograph.

No deletion or modification to be made after the announcement of elections.

- 13.7.5 In a rare contingency where 'strike-through' has to be manual because of insurmountable time constraint or any other problem, prior approval of the Election Commission shall be obtained and such manual 'strike-through' shall be authenticated by signature of an authorized person against each such entry on the elector detail box in photo roll. Such markings, wherever allowed by the Election Commission shall be in red ink. In case of photo-roll the "DELETED" would be written/stamped diagonally across the elector's box whose name figures in the deletion list and shall be authenticated by signature in red ink, of an authorized person against each such entry in the elector's box.
- 13.7.6 In the election year, there shall be a second supplement (3rd supplement if the deletion and modification supplements are reprinted) to the finally published copy of the roll during continuous updation. Electoral Registration Officer has to hand over this supplement of the roll to the Returning Officer before the date of scrutiny of nomination papers. A copy of this supplement too, has to be preserved in sealed cover in the similar manner as the authenticated copy of roll. Earlier, there were the instructions that the changes arising out of this supplement, viz. deletions and corrections, should be indicated by striking out or marking hash (#) manually through a rubber stamp DELETED with 'E', 'S', 'R', 'Q' or 'M' written in red ink to indicate the reason in the mother roll and the 1st Supplement since there may not be enough time for a computer-generated fresh printout of the entire roll. Similarly, all corrections in supplement 2 shall be indicated by putting a hash (#) sign by hand in red ink on the entries corrected just after the name of the elector concerned. In case of correction/addition of a photograph, the photograph box in the mother roll should be hand written in red ink with 'Photo as in correction list'. The official entrusted to reflect correction was to put his signature on each correction without fail. The above instructions however, have been modified and the Election Commission has now directed that mother roll shall also be printed along with all supplements, using the software provided for this purpose, at the end of the period of continuous updating after the last date of nominations is over, so that there should be no need to make any corrections in the electoral roll by hand. A copy of this electoral roll with the mother roll and supplements printed by software shall be given free of cost to contesting candidates of recognized political parties and will also be made available for sale by the Electoral Registration Officer to other persons. The same copy shall also be used for preparation of the marked copy of electoral roll to be used in polls.

### 13.8 Final Roll in Non-election Year

In a non-election year, the final rolls will be published in the same manner as in election year with the difference that there shall be no need to mark the mother (draft) roll with strike-through or hash (#) to indicate the changes effected in the supplements. It means that the basic roll need not be reprinted at the time of final publication. Therefore, while printing the draft roll, the number of copies required for final publication may also be assessed and printed. The Election Commission has reiterated that even in non-election year complete rolls including all its supplements are to be published and shared with the political parties at the time of final publication.

### 13.9 Preparation of Electoral Roll for Conduct of Elections by Returning Officer

- 13.9.1 The electoral roll inclusive of the supplements carrying modifications up to last day of nomination shall be the final roll for the purposes of conduct of election (which Returning Officer should use for scrutiny purpose and also for taking the polls). The mother roll shall be printed along with all supplements at the end of continuous updation till the last date of nominations so that there should be no need to make any correction by hand.
- 13.9.2 The Returning Officer should allow inspection of the complete roll of the constituency as corrected above, in his office.
- 13.9.3 The Returning Officer shall provide an identical copy of the final electoral roll to the candidates of recognized political parties of the state concerned within 3 days after withdrawals and finalization of candidature. This is not necessary during bye-elections.
- 13.9.4 Preparation of 'Working Copy' and 'Marked Copy' - One copy of such final roll should be set apart for marking the names of voters to whom Postal Ballot (PB) and Election Duty Certificates (EDC) are issued. After the PB/EDC recipients are decided, the Returning Officer shall get the initials 'PB' or 'EDC' marked against the electors concerned in the copy of the roll set apart for marking by the polling officials on the day of poll.
- 13.9.4.1 Part-wise proxy voter list in prescribed Format shall also be attached to the copy of the roll set apart for marking. Three (Four in case of simultaneous elections) more copies of the roll shall be prepared which would be IDENTICAL and will be supplied to the presiding officer and the polling team for conduct of elections. These are the working copies of the roll.
- 13.9.4.2 The copies of electoral roll to be supplied to candidates of recognized political parties should be IDENTICAL with the working copy of the electoral roll provided to polling parties for conduct of elections except the PB, EDC markings and proxy voter's lists, however, the working copy with PB and EDC markings and 'Proxy Voters' lists may be shown to the agents and candidates present before commencement of poll inside the polling station so that they may compare the entries, deletions and corrections and if necessary note the same in their copies.
- 13.9.4.3 One of the said three/four sets of working copy should be used by the polling officials at the polling booth for further marking the electors who come and vote. This would be the statutory 'marked copy' that would be sealed in the statutory envelop at the close of the poll and submitted to the Returning Officer for safe custody along with other statutory documents.
- 13.9.4.4 List in alphabetical order – The Election Commission has directed that for easy identification and search the names of voters at the polling station locations having 3 or more polling stations in one building, over and above the normal electoral roll a copy of the roll with electors arranged in alphabetical order should also be provided for conduct of elections. This however is not statutory and is merely to facilitate voter location and identification quickly on the poll day. The photo of electors need not be printed in this facilitative roll. Such alphabetical roll need not be prepared necessarily for all parts of the roll.

## 13.10 Custody and Preservation of Electoral Rolls and Connected Papers

- 13.10.1 Though, the electoral rolls in India, have been computerized long ago, a lot of paper/ stationery is used during preparation and revision of electoral roll. These papers are required to be preserved for a specific period by the Electoral Registration Officer who is the custodian of the roll. The records pertaining to electoral roll including forms received, must be kept properly, well indexed and documented for quick and hassle-free retrieval, if required.
- 13.10.2 Retention of authenticated copies of electoral roll:- Rule 32 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, states that after the roll for a constituency has been finally published, one authenticated printed copy of the roll shall be retained with the Electoral Registration Officer till at least one year after such final publication of roll, after the next intensive revision or summary revision as the case may be.
- 13.10.2.1 One authenticated printed copy of the roll shall be retained with the District Election Officer as a permanent record.
- 13.10.2.2 One copy of the roll in electronic form shall be retained in the office of the District Election Officer as a permanent electronic record.
- 13.10.2.3 All other papers relating to revision of the roll, such as the enumeration pads, copies of the roll used for house to house verification, manuscripts prepared on the basis thereof, claims & objections and applications for correction of entries and Shifting of Residence/Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll/Replacement of EPIC/ Marking of PwD (Forms 6, 6A, 7 and 8), and all papers connected with their disposal, shall be retained at least for three years after the completion of the next intensive revision or summary revision, as the case may be.
- 13.10.3 In the light of above provisions, the Election Commission has clarified the following:
- 13.10.3.1 For the period after 2013:- (i) One authenticated printed copy of the roll shall be retained with the registration officer till at least one year after the final publication of roll in the next intensive revision, or summary revision as the case may be, (ii) One authenticated printed copy of the roll shall be retained with the District Election Officer as a permanent record (iii) One copy of the roll in electronic form shall be retained in the office of the District Election Officer as a permanent electronic record.
- 13.10.3.2 For the period 1987 to 2013:- One complete copy of the electoral roll shall be kept in the office of Electoral Registration Officer or such other place as the Chief Electoral Officer may specify, until the expiration of one year after the completion of the next intensive revision of the roll and one complete copy of the roll for each constituency duly authenticated by the Electoral Registration Officer shall also be kept in such place as Chief Electoral Officer may specify as permanent record.
- 13.10.3.3 Where authenticated copy/copies of rolls prior to 1987 are available, one copy of such rolls along with another copy in electronic form shall be kept as permanent record in the office of the concerned District Election Officer.
- 13.10.4 The Election Commission further directed that additionally one complete set of electoral roll of previous years for all Assembly Constituencies comprised in the state shall be kept in electronic form in the office of Chief Electoral Officer of the concerned State/UT also. Extra copies may be destroyed after following the due procedure for destruction of official records.
- 13.10.5 The Election Commission has also directed that the electoral roll for each polling



booth should be kept in a folder in which the mother roll relating to the intensive/summary revision is arranged with supporting duplicate enumeration cards and supplements to the mother roll with the claims and objections forms accepted or rejected in respect of every subsequent revision arranged year-wise, so that each entry in the electoral roll can be properly accounted for. Similarly, the outer cover of the folder should give a description of constituency; part number and the contents of the folder.

### 13.11 Disposal of Electoral Roll and Connected Papers

- 13.11.1 Rule 34 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 provides that the papers referred to in Rule 32, as mentioned in the preceding paragraphs shall, on the expiry of specified period and subject to such general or special directions, if any, as may be given by the Election Commission in this behalf, be disposed of in such manner as the Chief Electoral Officer may direct.
- 13.11.2 Extra copies of the roll may be disposed of, with the prior approval of the Election Commission, as soon as may be, after the next revision is completed.

**SECTION – V**  
**ELECTORS PHOTO**  
**IDENTITY CARD (EPIC)**

CHAPTER 14  
ELECTORS PHOTO IDENTITY CARD (EPIC)



## Chapter 14

# Electors Photo Identity Card (EPIC)

EPICs are issued only to the electors enrolled in the general rolls. Service voters and Overseas Indian electors are not issued EPICs.

### 14.1 Introduction

14.1.1 With a view to preventing impersonation and to establish the identity of genuine elector at the time of poll, the election laws have made a provision of Electors Photo Identity Cards (EPIC) under Rule 28 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960. After several unsuccessful attempts to introduce EPIC in West

Bengal, Sikkim, Meghalaya and Nagaland, the Election Commission, in 1986, made a suggestion to the Union Government that the EPIC issued to electors may be made multipurpose to be used as an identification document for other purposes also like for opening of bank/post office accounts, public distribution system, health schemes etc. The proposal was again sent to the government in 1992. While the proposal was under consideration of the Government, the Election Commission issued a notification under Rule 28 quoted above, on 28th August, 1993 stating that no polling at election to the House of People or State Legislative Assemblies shall take place after 1st January, 1995, unless all eligible electors had been supplied with EPIC. Certain State Governments went to the High Courts against the Election Commission's decision. The matter was agitated before Supreme Court by the Election Commission. The Supreme Court directed the Election Commission not to withhold election on the ground that the State Governments had failed to issue EPIC to electors by the deadline given by the Election Commission. Gradually, the State Governments began to implement the Election Commission's order and now all the States of the country have issued EPIC to their electors and in majority of the States have achieved target of 100% EPIC coverage.

14.1.2 EPIC is only an identity document and mere holding of an EPIC does not give any individual right to vote. This right is available only to those whose names are found in electoral roll. EPIC only establishes the identity of those whose names are there in the Electoral Roll to ensure that their right to vote is smoothly exercised.

### 14.2 Rule Position regarding EPIC

14.2.1 Rule 28 of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 provides for Identity cards for electors. The rule inter-alia states that –

14.2.1.1 The Election Commission, may, with a view to preventing impersonation of electors and facilitating their identification at the time of poll, by notification in the Official Gazette of the State, direct that the provisions of this rule shall apply to any such constituency or part thereof as may be specified in the notification.

14.2.1.2 The registration officer for such notified constituency shall as soon as may be after the issue of the notification under sub-rule (1), arrange for the issue to every elector an identity card prepared in accordance with the provisions of this rule

14.2.1.3 The EPIC shall –

- (i) contain the name, age, residence, and such other particulars of the elector as may be specified by the Election Commission;
- (ii) have affixed to it a photograph of the elector which shall be taken at the expense of the Government; and
- (iii) bear the facsimile signature of the registration officer;

14.2.1.4 EPIC prepared under sub-rule (3) shall be delivered to the elector to be kept by him for production at the time of poll. The data to prepare another copy of EPIC shall be kept in digital format in the Electoral Roll database.

### 14.3 Specifications for EPIC

Initially, the Election Commission had issued EPIC with black and white photograph and a hologram with certain specifications. It was contained in a plastic pouch. In 2013, the Election Commission decided to go for a PVC EPIC with colour photograph and new specifications. In 2022, the Commission has decided that the quality of cards, security features and other specifications shall be further improved.

14.3.1 New Security features of EPIC shall be as under: -

14.3.1.1 The new PVC EPIC will be horizontal in shape with following size: -

- a. Card size: CR 80 (86mm x 54mm x 0.76mm) variation permissible of plus and minus 5%
- b. Thickness: 760 microns (plus and minus 10%)

14.3.1.2 Hologram: Hologram size (after stamping): 16mm x 12mm . To be hot stamped made up of 19-23 Micron polyesters film of Gold/ Silver shade.

14.3.1.3 Micro text: Text as the border of the Photograph in size 19 to 25 micron.

14.3.1.4 Ghost image printing: Elector Photograph (Front side).

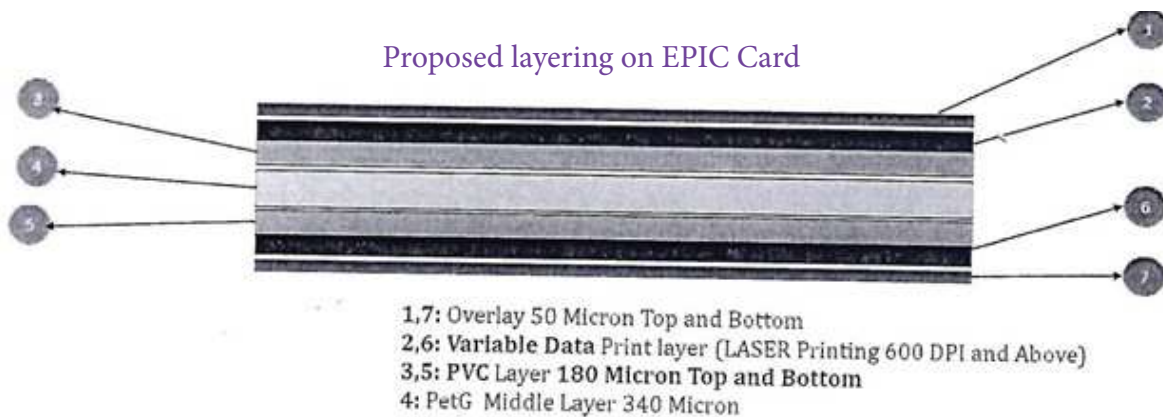
14.3.1.5 Guilloche pattern on the base of the card (Three colour guilloche design).

14.3.1.6 QR Bar code with 3000+ text characters.

14.3.2 Specifications of Card:

- a. Card type:

All new cards will be printed on a PVC sheet with a coloured photograph. Material Poly Vinyl Chloride, Glossy/Mat finishing (PVC)+ Polyethylene Terephthalate Glycol (PETG).



- b. Lamination (Overlay)  
Glossy/Mat finishing
- c. Design & Layout:  
Indicative design as provided by ECI. The Election Commission may alter the design, colour scheme and layout at any time.
- d. ISO Standard:  
CR-80 type adhering to ISO/IEC 7810 /10373 standards

#### 14.3.3 Hologram hot stamping

1. The exact number of holograms received in the reel from hologram manufacturer must be documented by the card printer as a secure document.
2. Card printer shall get required tests of holograms conducted before stamping to card printers.

#### 14.3.4 Other Features

1. Relief tint of "Election Commission of India" in bilingual, i.e., English & Hindi.
2. The National Emblem is printed on the upper left-hand corner, and the Election Commission of India logo is printed in colour on the upper right-hand corner.
3. Personalization:- Front Side Specification/dimension:-
  - a) National Emblem: To be printed on the upper left-hand corner (5.00 mm from left edge & 4.00 mm from top edge).
  - b) EPIC Number: To be printed below the National emblem (5.00 mm from left edge and 2.00 mm above the photograph). Font of the EPIC number printed on both sides of card should be "Arial Rounded Bold MT" for better readability by the Optical Character Readers (OCRs).
  - c) Photograph of Elector: To be printed at the left corner below the EPIC number Width – 21.00 mm, Height – 28.00 mm (3.00 mm from the left edge and 5.00 mm above the bottom edge).
  - d) ECI Logo: To be printed on the upper right-hand corner (4.00 mm from top edge and 5.00 mm from right edge)

- e) Ghost Image: Width – 7.00 mm, Height – 9.00 mm (5.00 mm from right edge and 31.00 mm from bottom edge)
- f) Ghost EPIC Number: To be printed at right side of Ghost image in vertical (bottom-up) direction (2.00 mm from the right edge)
- g) Hologram: At the right bottom corner (3.00 mm from the edges)
- h) Elector’s Name, Relative’s Name, Gender and Date of Birth to be printed (in English and regional language) on the right-side of photograph of the elector. Either Age or DOB shall be printed on the card. Age will be printed in case DOB is not available in the E-Roll data.

### Back Side Specification/dimension:-

- a) Facsimile signature of Electoral Registration Officer: To be printed on the top left corner.
- b) QR code: To be printed below the “facsimile signature of ERO” on the left side of the card (4.00 mm from the left edge and 14.00 mm below the top edge)
  - Width – 25.00 mm, Height – 25.00 mm.
  - QR code will consist of EPIC No, Name of Elector, Relative’s Name, Date of Birth/Age.
  - Provision to read QR code printed on the card will be made available on Voter Helpline App (VHA).
- c) EPIC Number: To be printed below the QR code (7.00 mm from the left edge and 10.00 mm above the bottom edge)
- d) Elector’s Address, Electoral Registration Officer and AC/PC No. & Name and ‘Note’ are to be printed in bilingual (in English and regional language) to the right side of QR code.
- e) Voter Helpline No. (1950), CEO’s website address and Old EPIC No. (if available) issued to the elector, if any, are to be printed below the horizontal red line, at the bottom of the card.

Front and Back of new EPIC





#### 14.3.5 Security of Data

- Standard guidelines of the Election Commission and Information Security (Categorized) to be followed.
- The Digital Certificate/HSM required for data encryption will be procured by the Card Printer and public key to be shared with CEO.
- Sorting of data- “Collating and sorting software, card tracking number etc.”

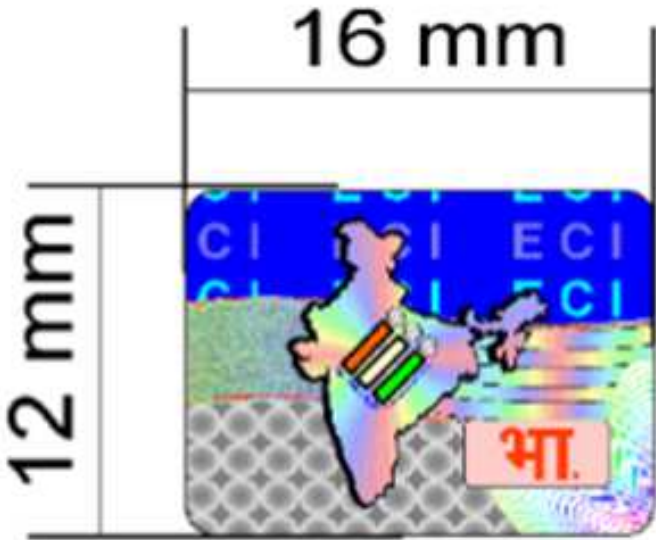
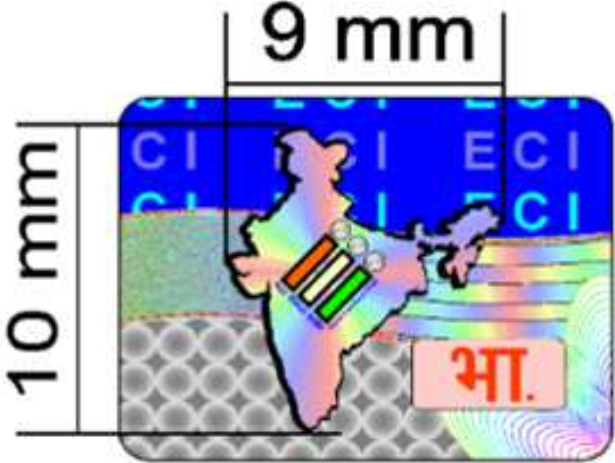
#### 14.3.6 Hologram:-With new security features given above, the specification of hologram on the card are as follow:

##### 14.3.6.1 Specifications of Hologram

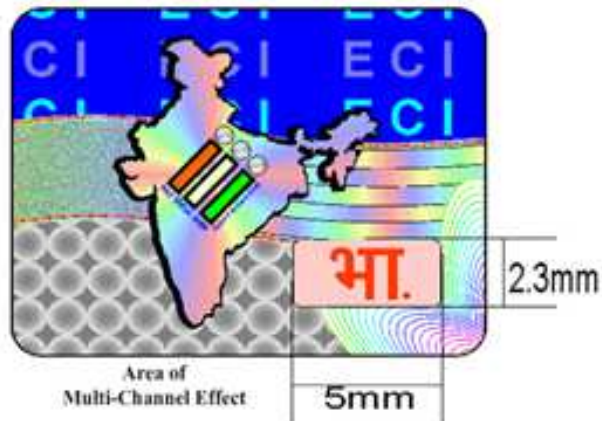
To manufacture & supply Security Holographic Hot stamping Foil (Gold/Silver Foil) for EPIC PVC Cards as per the holographic features prescribed by Election Commission of India (ECI). The bidder shall NOT outsource hologram master work (or any other intermediate process) to any other organization, and must have complete in-house infrastructure to manufacture EPIC hologram as per the specifications as mentioned below.

S.No.	Area	Requirement
1.	Holographic Features	Indicative list of high security anti-counterfeiting holographic features <u>are</u> : Overt: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Motion Effects</li> <li>• Multi-channel Effects</li> <li>• True <u>Color</u> Effects</li> <li>• Gradient Effects</li> </ul> Covert: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Micro Security Features</li> <li>• CLR based Effects</li> </ul> Forensic: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nano Security Features</li> </ul>
2.	Hologram Size	Hologram size (before stamping) : <b>20mm x 15mm</b> Job size or die <u>size</u> (after stamping) : <b>16mm x 12mm</b>
3.	Hologram Type	The security hologram must be suitable for hot stamping on EPIC card.
4.	Film Type	Vacuum metalized, <u>19 to 23 micron</u> polyester film of Silver and Gold shade to be used.
5.	Adhesive	Thermo Plastic <u>polymer based</u> adhesive to be used.
6. 7.	Hologram <u>color</u> Numbering	<b>Gold/Silver Foil</b> to be used. Each hologram has to be serially numbered to ensure proper accountability of the holographic hot stamping foil (numbering must not vanish by rubbing fingers upon it). Numbering may be on the holographic hot stamping foil over the holographic design or on the foil. However, upon hot stamping it must not get transferred on to the card.

The Hologram shall be hot stamped on the EPIC to provide additional security features. The security features of the hologram along with its dimensions are as follows:-

Sr.No.	Detailed description
1	<p>The final hologram dimensions after hot stamping shall be 16mm X 12mm.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Finish Size</b></p>
2	<p>The size of the map of India in the hologram shall be 9mm X 10 mm.</p> 

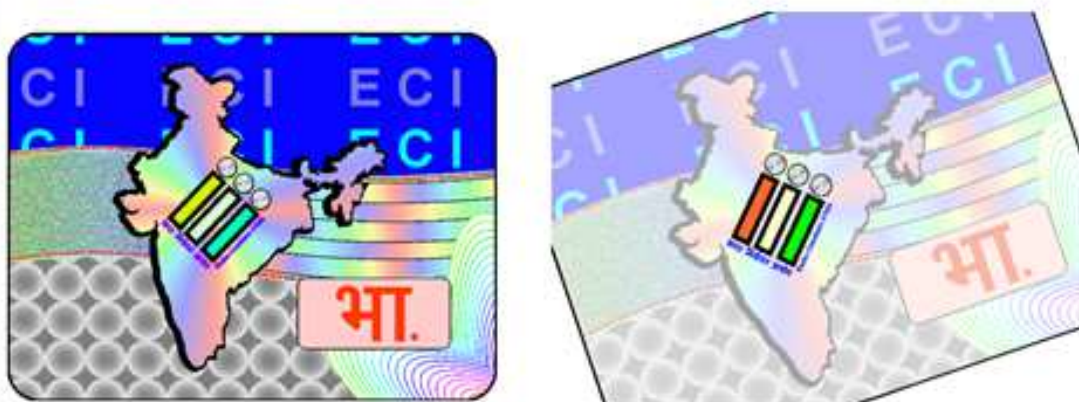
3 The area of multi-channel effect has been marked and highlighted.



4 Motion Effect takes place in the blue background where the letters ECI move horizontally out and in simultaneously giving a wavy effect.




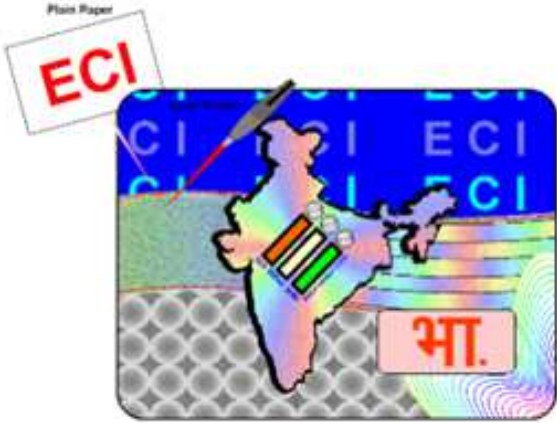
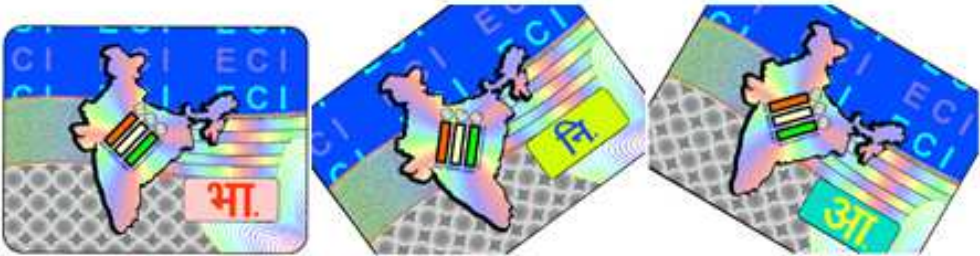
5 True Colour effect – The true colours of the ECI symbol are manifested only at certain tilt and at all other angles you can see different colours.



Not true Colours

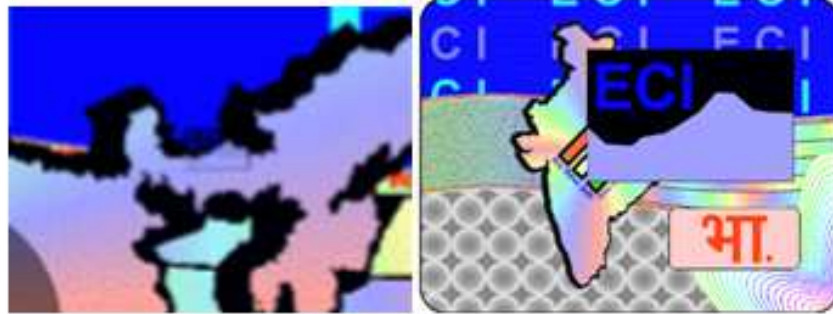
True Colours

6 Gradient effect has been introduced all over country's map and the adjacent silver bands on the right and left of the country map. The gradient effect manifests like a rainbow effect in the mentioned areas of the hologram.

	
<p>7</p>	<p>CLR Based effect – The Letter ECI are shown on plain paper when the laser is pointed at a certain region of the hologram.</p> 
<p>8</p>	<p>Multi-channel effect – 3 channel flip effect shows the first three letters of Bharat Nirvachan Aayog (Bha, Ni, Aa in Hindi) as follows.</p> 
<p>9</p>	<p>Micro Security features – There are two lines running across the hologram horizontally. The first line contains the micro-text “ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA” and the second line contains the micro-text “NAME OF STATE/UT” as shown below.</p>



- 10 Nano-security feature – The region just next to the right side of Sikkim has the Nano text “ECI” embedded. This security feature needs a very high-resolution lens to read it hence detecting this would be a big challenge, thereby discouraging forgery.



- The diagrammatic representation of the ECI hologram:

**Sample of Hologram**



- To ensure that the hot stamped hologram is durable each order delivery should be accompanied by a “quality test report from a Govt. Lab” based on the following tests:

<u>S.No.</u>	<b>Agent</b>	<b>Total Time</b>	<b>Concentration</b>
1	Petrol	5 minutes	Pure
2	Diesel	5 minutes	Pure
3	Hot water (65°C)	30 minutes	Pure
4	Normal Soap Water	1 hour	5%

**B) Physical Checks:**

<u>S.No.</u>	<b>Agent</b>	<b>Test Procedure</b>
1	Image Quality	Check visually for the Brightness, visible defects/spots.
2	Flakes	The stamped image should be free from flakes along the sides of the hot stamping area.
3	Smudge Test	Briskly rub the image with your finger about 10 to 12 Times & check visually for any deterioration to the image.
4	Tape Test	Apply 3M 810 Scotch tape (Magic Tape), on the sample & pull it abruptly in a single jerk at 25°angle to check visually for any residue on the Tape. The sample should withstand Tape Test without peel-off.

5	Effect of Humidity	Exposing the card to 27°C at 65% RH for 18 hrs. in a Humidity Chamber.
6	Effect after exposing the card to 50°C & 80% RH for 18 hours	Expose the card to 50°C & 80% RH for 18 hours in a humidity chamber & check visually for any deterioration to the image after rubbing the surface with tissue paper.

#### 14.4 Functional Unique Serial Number (FUSN)

- 14.4.1 Every EPIC is issued under a unique EPIC Number. EPIC Number is an alphanumeric string with 3 alphabetical codes followed by a seven-digit number. While the first 3 alphabetical Codes, called the Functional Unique Serial Number (FUSN) code is unique for every Assembly Constituency and is provided by the Election Commission, the numeric code that follows the FUSN code is a six digit running serial number followed by one digit checksum making a total of seven digits.
- 14.4.2 New FUSN codes have been allotted to all newly delimited Constituencies in the country. However, the ECI has reiterated that the same EPIC number shall be given to Duplicate EPICs to be issued to the electors to whom EPICs have been issued under old EPICs series before delimitation. An EPIC once issued to an elector shall remain valid during the lifetime of the elector even if he/she shifts his/her residence.

#### 14.5 Specification of Digital Photograph for EPIC

- 14.5.1 EPICs will be prepared using digital photographs which are stored in the elector database only. The digital photographs should be stored in JPEG format in binary form in the elector table, using 320x240 pixels (standard e-mail mode of Digital Cameras) in Colour Portrait mode. The photograph should be of size 3.2 cm (vertical) x 2.4 cm (horizontal) and of resolution 320x240 pixel.
- 14.5.2 The print of the photograph on the EPIC should be of size 3.2 cm (vertical) by 2.4 cm (horizontal). While a variation in size of plus or minus 10% will be permissible, the relative proportions (aspect ratio) of the photograph should not be changed under any circumstances.
- 14.5.3 It is necessary that the photographs of electors in the specified digital format must be mentioned as one of the deliverables in contracts whenever photography or EPIC contracts are awarded either directly or through an intermediate agency to SLA, vendor or sub-vendor.

#### 14.6 Standards of Photography for EPIC

- 14.6.1 The photograph shall show a close-up of the applicant's head and the top of the shoulders. The face shall take 75% of the vertical dimension of the picture.
- 14.6.2 The photograph shall be in sharp focus, of high quality with no creases and ink marks with appropriate brightness and contrast and showing natural skin tones of the elector's face and features clearly recognisable.
- 14.6.3 It shall show the elector looking directly at the camera with a neutral expression and the mouth closed. The photograph shall be showing the elector with the eyes open

and clearly visible with no hair/cap/hat/headgear/veil/cover/shadow/reflection etc. obscuring the eyes. If the elector wears glasses, the photograph must show the eyes clearly with no lights reflected in the glasses. The glasses should not have tinted lenses and it shall be ensured that the frames of the glasses do not cover any part of the eyes of the elector.

- 14.6.4 The photograph must have a plain, light coloured background and there must be no other people or object visible with the elector.
- 14.6.5 The following points should be kept in mind for the photograph to be uploaded for the purpose of Electoral Roll by the BLO/concerned while filling up any form: Since the contrast visible on the screen is usually higher than in the printed form, before each session of photography, the specifications and Standards must be checked, a test photograph must be taken first. The lighting conditions must be changed to meet the above requirements. Where necessary, the photograph should be moved closer to a window or source of natural light or artificial lighting.

## 14.7 Procedure of Preparation of EPIC

- 14.7.1 EPIC to be made only from Electoral Roll Database - EPIC shall be prepared only from the electoral roll database. Thus EPIC will only be made after the name of the elector is already included in the concerned part of the electoral roll. Similarly EPIC will only be made after the photograph of the elector has been merged in the electoral roll database. No correction in electoral roll entries is to be done at the time of making of EPIC. If any correction in electoral roll entry is required, it should be done by taking a form-8 for modification of entries in electoral rolls and after following the statutory process. However, minor corrections i.e. transliteration errors or spelling errors may be corrected without insisting for Form-8.
- 14.7.2 EPIC to be made only online - EPIC must be made online by connecting to the electoral roll database. Under no circumstances EPIC will be made off-line. EPIC can be prepared at any location authorized by the CEO / DEO / Electoral Registration Officer provided that the CEO / DEO / Electoral Registration Officer has authorized password protected access to the person making the EPIC and there is adequate Internet connectivity at that location.
- 14.7.3 New EPIC - A new EPIC shall be made without any application from the elector and delivered to the elector free of cost, whenever a name is included in the electoral roll for the first time through Form-6. When a new EPIC is made a new EPIC number will be generated and assigned to that elector by following the prescribed numbering scheme. (Annexure-7)
- 14.7.4 Security of data:- For reasons of security of data and to maintain integrity of database, the following instructions shall be followed, while giving access to vendors or officers engaged for the job of making EPIC –
  - 14.7.4.1
    - (i) Data shall be kept in a central database with full access control.
    - (ii) The database can either be kept on a single server or on multiple servers, or even on the cloud.
    - (iii) No backend access will be given to any person except to the database administrator (DBA) authorized by the Chief Electoral Officer.



- (iv) Data will be kept in a database using RDBMS. Front end access will also be password protected. For operations which require updating of electoral database, digital signature security shall be required in addition to password protection.
  - (v) Care should be taken to maintain the data centre under fully secure conditions following the norms of data centre security and physical access control.
  - (vi) Care must also be taken to maintain a disaster recovery site for the database.
- 14.7.4.2 A Unique EPIC Number is allotted to every elector whenever EPIC is issued to an elector for the first time. If replacement EPIC is issued to any elector for any reason, the replacement card will continue to bear the unique number assigned to the elector in the original EPIC i.e. which was made for the elector for the first time. Whenever the elector ceases to be enrolled in the Electoral Roll, the aforesaid unique EPIC number will not reserve for the elector, he/she need to apply for addition of the name again through Form-6 (as a new elector) and will only be allot a new EPIC number.
- 14.7.4.3 Photographs of electors are kept in .jpg format in the elector table itself as binary data. Whenever the EPIC is to be printed, the photograph and other demographic data should be read from the elector tables i.e. master /control tables and used to print the EPIC.
- 14.7.5 Depending on the conditions of an individual State, the concerned Chief Electoral Officer shall decide whether to outsource the work of preparation of EPIC to vendors or to get it done in-house by his own officers after getting prior approval from ECI. In either case, the software for making of the EPIC shall be part of the ERONET system being followed in the State. ERONET is developed by the Election Commission already has a module for making of EPIC. Under no circumstances vendors will be allowed to use any software other than the EPIC module in ERONET to make EPIC.

## 14.8 Replacement EPIC

- 14.8.1 Replacement EPIC will continue to have the EPIC number originally assigned to the elector, when EPIC for the elector was made for the first time. EPIC number assigned once continues for life. Whenever a replacement EPIC is made, the original EPIC number should be read from the database and used to make the Replacement EPIC.
- 14.8.2 Earlier, there were instructions to print the word “Duplicate” on the Replacement EPIC. Several requests were made to the Election Commission that the word “Duplicate” should not be printed because electors find that EPIC with the words “DUPLICATE” superscripted on it is not accepted as an identity proof in many situations. The Election Commission has considered this request and has decided that the word “Duplicate” shall not be printed on replacement EPIC.
- 14.8.3 The replacement EPIC will continue to have the EPIC number originally assigned to the elector when EPIC was made for the first time for that elector.
- 14.8.4 A replacement EPIC will be made after receiving respective application and delivered to the elector free of cost in all of the following cases: -
- 14.8.4.1 When modification is made in any entry in the electoral roll pertaining to that elector.

- 14.8.4.2 When name of an elector is transposed from one part of any constituency to another part of the same constituency or from one constituency to another constituency.
- 14.8.5 A replacement EPIC can be created at any time at no charge if elector makes an application for a replacement EPIC along with a police report or FIR that the EPIC is lost. Also, if the EPIC has been lost for reason beyond the control of the elector like flood, fire, other natural calamity etc., then no fee will be charged and police report will not be required for such cases.
- 14.8.6 A replacement EPIC has to be made and delivered to the elector only after taking respective application from the elector in all cases. Whenever EPIC is made consequent to inclusion, modification or shifting. EPIC should be issued and delivered to the elector within 32 - 37 days of the inclusion, modification or shifting order being made by the concerned Electoral Registration Officer.
- 14.8.7 In cases where a replacement EPIC is made on application from an elector for loss of original EPIC, it should be made and delivered to the elector within 32-37 days of the application being made.
- 14.8.8 Application for issue of a replacement EPIC for loss of original EPIC will be made to the registration officer in Form-8. Facilities for collection of applications in Form-8 should be provided in offices of EROs, Voter Registration Centres, etc. These forms should also be available with BLOs, who can be asked to collect filled up forms from electors whenever required and deliver them to the concerned Electoral Registration Officer. (Annexure-10)

## 14.9 Delivery/Distribution of EPIC

Delivery of EPIC will be made to the elector, in all cases, including the cases of Replacement EPICs, delivery of EPICs/Replacement EPICs to the electors shall be done only through Speed Post under acknowledgement.

## 14.10 Undistributed EPICs

For undelivered posts containing EPICs, the following standard procedure shall be followed:

- 14.10.1 It has to be ascertained by the DEO/ERO with the Department of Post that such undelivered EPICs have been returned only after taking prescribed efforts to reach out to the electors concerned in terms of Article 5.4 of MoU between Department of Post and CEO.
- 14.10.2 All EPICs that have been received back from the Department of Post, shall be got delivered through BLOs. EROs shall ensure such delivery within 15 days of receipt of undelivered EPIC from the Department of Post. Logbook of all such EPICs, which have been received back undelivered, till its delivery by the BLO with proper acknowledgement of receipt shall invariably be maintained for record and future reference.
- 14.10.3 If it is found by the BLO, while delivering the EPIC to the person concerned, that the address printed on the EPIC is not correct, the BLOs will get the Form-8 filled up through online/offline mode to get the entry of address corrected in the electoral roll/EPIC.
- 14.10.4 In case BLO is not able to deliver EPIC due to the reason that the person concerned is not residing at the given address or is dead. In such case, BLO concerned will

report it to the ERO concerned, so as to delete name of such person from electoral roll, after following the due procedure of Law and Registration of Electors Rules 1960.

In case the officials are not able to deliver an EPIC due to the reasons the concerned elector was not found to be residing at the given address or is returned undelivered when sent by post, the same should be destroyed by the Electoral Registration Officer under secure conditions after two years, but only after three attempts to get it delivered. However a record of such undelivered EPIC destroyed shall be maintained. The list of undistributed EPICs shall be given to local unit of recognized political parties as well as RWAs and similar bodies.

**SECTION – VI**  
**CATEGORIES OF**  
**ELECTORS WITH SPECIAL**  
**PROVISIONS**

CHAPTER 15  
REGISTRATION OF SERVICE VOTERS

CHAPTER 16  
REGISTRATION OF OVERSEAS INDIAN ELECTORS



## Chapter 15

# Registration of Service Voters

### 15.1 Introduction

Under the provisions of Section 19 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, ordinary residence in a constituency is one of the basic conditions for registration in electoral roll. However, Section 20(3) provides for an exception to the said condition which says any person having a service qualification shall be deemed to be ordinarily resident on any date in the constituency in which but for his/her having such service qualification, he/she would have been ordinarily resident on that date.

### 15.2 Who is a Service Voter

15.2.1 Service voter is a person having service qualification. Section 20(8) of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, defines 'service qualification' with reference to sub-section 3 mentioned above —

- (i) Being a member of the armed Forces of the Union; or
- (ii) Being a member of a force to which provisions of the Army Act, 1950 (46 of 1950), have been made applicable whether with or without modification;
- (iii) Being a member of an Armed Police Force of a State, and serving outside that state; or
- (iv) Being a person who is employed under the Government of India, in a post outside India.

15.2.2 Plainly speaking, following categories of personnel/government employees have service qualification and thus eligible to be registered as service voters:-

- (i) Members of Indian Army, Navy and Air Force,
- (ii) personnel of those Central Para-military Forces who are governed by the provisions of the Army Act, 1950, namely, General Reserve Engineer Force (GREF) (Border Road Organization), Border Security Force (BSF), Indo Tibetan Border Police (IBP), Assam Rifles, National Security Guards (NSG), Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF), Central Industrial Security Force (CISF) and Sashastra Seema Bal (SSB),
- (iii) Members of State Armed Police Force of a State, serving outside that state and

#### Who is a Service Voter?

- Members of Indian Army, Navy and Air Force
- GREF, BRO, BSF, ITBP, Assam Rifles, NSG, CRPF, CISF, SSB
- Members of State Armed Police Force of a State, serving outside that state
- Persons employed under Government of India in a post like Indian Missions outside India

- (iv) Persons employed under Government of India in a post like Indian Missions outside India.
- 15.2.3 Persons having a service qualification can get enrolled as 'service voters' at their native places even though they actually may be residing at the place of posting which is different from their native place. They have, however, an option to get themselves enrolled as general elector at the place of their posting if that is a peace station where they factually, at the point of time, are residing ordinarily with their family for a sufficient span of time. But a person possessing service qualifications cannot be enrolled as a general elector at his/her native place. Once included in the general part of the roll there is no distinction between an ordinary elector and service voter.
- 15.2.4 The spouse of a service voter shall, if he/she is ordinarily residing with him/her, be also deemed to be a service voter in the constituency specified by that person provided in case of service voter, a declaration in Form 2, 2A and 3 (Annexure 2 - 4) that his/her spouse ordinarily resides with him/her has to be made. This facility is available only to the spouse of a service voter. His/her children of 18 years of age and above or his other relations or his/her domestic servants staying with him/her are not entitled to be registered as service voters. They can get themselves enrolled in their ordinary place of residence if they satisfy the conditions of registration just like any other eligible citizen of India.
- 15.2.5 The declaration made by a service voter in Form 2, 2A or 3 as the case may be, will include the declaration in respect of his/her spouse also. The spouse is not required to file a separate application form or sign a separate declaration in that Form.
- 15.2.6 A person having service qualifications and his/her spouse, if he/she is ordinarily residing with his/her spouse at the place of his posting should not to be enumerated as general elector during intensive revision or house to house verification alongside their other eligible family members, even if they are members of the household and incidentally happen to be present in the house at the time of enumeration/house to house verification.
- 15.2.7 A person having service qualifications can be registered as a general voter at his/her place of posting through application made in Form 6 if he/she is not already enrolled in the last part of electoral roll of the constituency of his/her native place and has remained in the place of his/her present posting at a peace station.
- 15.2.8 In the revised Form, a declaration to the effect that the applicant/spouse is not already enrolled as a general elector in any constituency, has become the integral part of the Form, there is no need to enclose the declaration Format, as was required previously with the Form.
- 15.2.9 No EPIC is to be issued to a service voter enrolled in the last part of the electoral roll. As service voters are entitled to postal ballot papers and they do not visit to polling station, EPIC is not required in their case. However, the service personnel registered as general electors are entitled to get EPICs.

- No EPIC is issued to a service voter.
- Service voters vote through Electronically Transmitted Postal Ballot System

### 15.3 Who is a 'Classified Service Voter'

A service voter belonging to Armed Forces or forces to which provisions of Army Act, 1950 are applicable, has the option of voting through postal ballot or through a proxy, duly appointed by him. The aforesaid service voter who opts for voting through proxy is called 'Classified Service Voter'.

15.3.1 What is a 'Proxy':- Under Rule 27N of Conduct of Election Rules, 1961, a service elector may appoint (by applying to the Returning Officer in Form 13F of Conduct of Election Rules, 1961) any person as his/her proxy to give vote on his/her behalf and in his/her name. The proxy shall have to be ordinarily resident of that constituency. He/she need not be a registered voter but he must not be disqualified to be registered as a voter.

15.3.1.1 A 'proxy' can be appointed in the following two ways:-

- (i) If a service voter is at the place of his/her posting, he/she has to put his/her signature in Form 13F before the Commanding Officer of the Unit and then to send the Form to his proxy for affixing his/her signature before a Notary / First Class Magistrate. Thereafter, the proxy can submit the Form to the Returning Officer concerned.
- (ii) If a service voter is at his/her native place, both he/she and his/her proxy can sign Form 13 F before a Notary / First Class Magistrate and then send to the Returning Officer concerned.

15.3.1.2 The provision for voting through proxy is only valid till one is a service voter. Once appointed, the proxy will continue, until revoked by the service voter. The facility of service voter can be revoked and the proxy changed at any time for any number of times by the Classified Service Voter. Thus a Classified Service Voter can revoke and opt back for postal ballot option or even substitute the proxy by intimating the Returning Officer in Form 13G of Conduct of Election Rules, 1961. Revocation will become effective from the date duly filled Form 13G is received by the Returning Officer.

15.3.1.3 Application for appointment of proxy voter received after the last date of nomination cannot be considered for the election in progress. It will be valid for subsequent elections unless revoked/changed.

15.3.1.4 Classified Service Voters shall not be issued postal ballots by the Returning Officer. All Classified Service Voters shall be added as sub-list at the end of the part of the electoral roll pertaining to that polling station which covers the Classified Service Voter's home address. Thus the Classified Service Voter list shall be maintained polling station wise. The appointed proxy shall physically visit and vote at the said polling station.

### 15.4 Structure and Layout of the Last Part (List of Service Voters) in Electoral Rolls

15.4.1 The list of the service voters is prepared separately for an Assembly Constituency as a whole and all service voters are registered at the end of the electoral roll of the constituency as a separate 'last' part (Annexure 36). All service voters belonging to an Assembly Constituency are listed together, irrespective of the place of residence in this last part of the roll for the Assembly Constituency. As they exercise their



franchise through postal ballots and not required to visit polling station personally, they are not assigned any specified polling station.

- 15.4.2 The details of service voters are captured in the following columns of the last part:-
- (i) S. No.
  - (ii) Name of Elector
  - (iii) Elector type
  - (iv) Rank/service/buckle number
  - (v) Spouse S.No.
  - (vi) Regimental address for despatch of ballot paper
  - (vii) House address
- 15.4.3 The last part containing the list of service voters is prepared in English and has three sub-parts -'A', 'B' and 'C'. ['A' is for Armed Forces; 'B' is for Armed Police Force of the States serving outside respective states; and 'C' is for persons employed under Government of India in a post outside India.] In all the sub-parts 'A', 'B' and 'C' the name of spouse should be entered immediately after the name of the husband/wife as the case may be where applications are made in the same Form. For the purpose of identification the additional entry "w/h" should be entered in the elector type column to denote spouse of a service elector and spouse's serial number should be indicated in the column provided for the purpose. The electors in Service Voter Roll shall be arranged in fresh series beginning with serial number 1 in each of the sub-parts 'A', 'B' and 'C' in the order in which statements of the service voters have been received and accepted. Serial number in component I (additions list) of the supplementary will be in continuation of the last serial number in the corresponding sub-part.
- 15.4.4 Even if there is no service voter in any or all of these sub-parts in any constituency, a 'Nil' electoral roll for each of the sub-parts should be prepared.
- 15.4.5 The last part of the roll containing Service Voter's list shall have a title page followed by elector's details (Annexure 36).

## 15.5 Application for Registration in the Last Part

- 15.5.1 As per Section 14 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 and corresponding changes in the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, four qualifying dates, namely, 1st January, 1st April, 1st July and 1st October are available in the law. Annual Summary Revision will be conducted with reference to 1st January of the year as qualifying date, with three subsequent qualifying dates of the year i.e. 1st April, 1st July and 1st October of the year in which the final publication of electoral roll is done. The applicants becoming eligible for registration with 1st January as qualifying date and subsequent qualifying dates of the year i.e. 1st April, 1st July and 1st October can submit their application in Form 2, 2A or 3, as the case may be, in advance, beginning from the date of draft publication of electoral roll. The applications received related to qualifying date 1st January will be processed as per the schedule of special summary revision and the last part of electoral roll be updated with final publication. While the applications with reference to three subsequent qualifying dates of the year, received in advance, during the Special Summary Revision period

and continuous updation thereafter shall be processed by the EROs under continuous updation during the relevant quarter, preferably in the first month of the quarter.

- 15.5.2 An eligible service personnel for registration as service voter shall have to apply/submit his statement in the prescribed Form 2, 2A, or 3 (as appended to RER, 1960) as the case may be as annexures 2, 3 and 4. These Forms have slightly been modified vide amendments in the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 vide notification dated 17th June, 2022. The amended forms are available on the Commission's website <https://eci.gov.in/>.
- 15.5.3 All the activities of summary revision of the last part, including submission of Forms by eligible service personnel through their Record Officer/Commanding Officer and further process of the same by Record Officers/Commanding Officers and concerned Election authorities shall be done online using the improvised version of web based Information Technology system, which was introduced during the de-novo preparation of last part of electoral rolls, 2017.
- 15.5.4 For online registration of service personnel in the last part of electoral rolls, a dedicated portal i.e. <https://servicevoter.nic.in> has been made operational. All the transactions between the Record Officers/Commanding Officers and DEOs/EROs shall be done online and that too, on the above portal only. Login credentials of the Record Officers/Commanding Officers will be the same as provided to them during the last summary Revision. DEOs/EROs can access the portal with their existing MIS/PGRS/NGRS login credentials. For security reasons, there is a provision in the portal for changing the password by Record Officers/Commanding Officers concerned, and they should be advised to change the same, periodically. The status of the online Forms so submitted will be always visible to the Record Officers/Commanding Officers. The service personnel who is not able to file the statement in the prescribed Form online, can submit the Form in hard copy to his Record Officer. No service personnel will send the Form direct to Electoral Registration Officer (ERO)/District Election Officer (DEO)/Chief Electoral Officer (CEO) the Constituency/District/State in which his/her native place is located.
- 15.5.5 As per the law, no person should get himself enrolled as elector more than once in the same constituency or in more than one constituency. Any such enrolment may attract punishment under Section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950. Therefore, every person having a service qualification and applying in Form itself, as the case may be, for registration as a service voter shall give a declaration in the form itself to the effect that he/she is not already enrolled as general elector in any constituency. If any service personnel fails to submit statement (Form 2/ 2A/3) by getting the same verified and forwarded through his Record Officer/Commanding Officer, his name will not be included in the last part. Therefore, all the Record Officers/ Commanding Officers concerned should be directed to ask each and every un-enrolled eligible service personnel under their jurisdiction to file statements online/offline in the prescribed Forms.
- 15.5.6 Form-2/2A/3 may be filed up by the individual Service Personnel (himself/herself) and his/her spouse under Service Details as applicable, if spouse is staying ordinarily with at his/her place of posting.
- 15.5.7 Furnishing of Aadhaar: The applicant may furnish his/her Aadhaar number in the field provided for the purpose in Form 2/ 2A/ 3, as the case may be, if he/she is having

Aadhaar number, however, no application for inclusion of name in the electoral roll shall be denied and no entries in electoral roll shall be deleted for inability of an individual to furnish or intimate Aadhaar Number.

- 15.5.7.1 It is to be noted clearly that submission of Aadhaar number in the field provided in the Forms by the applicant is on voluntary basis, and the applicant shall neither be insisted to provide the same nor his/her non-submission of the same be ground of rejection of his/her application.
- 15.5.7.2 While handling Aadhaar number of the applicants, the provision under Section 37 of the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016 must be adhered to. In no circumstances it should go in public. If the electors' information is required to be put for public display, the Aadhaar details must be removed or masked.
- 15.5.7.3 As for preservation of Form-2/2A/3 in hard copy containing Aadhaar number, the provisions of Regulation 14(1)(mb) of Aadhaar (Authentication and Offline Verification) Regulations, 2022 (No. 2 of 2021) shall be strictly followed which says that Aadhaar numbers collected through physical forms or photocopies of Aadhaar number shall be masked by the requested entity by redacting the first 8 digits of the Aadhaar number before storing the physical copies. Hard copy of the Forms having Aadhaar number, wherever required to be retained, should be kept in the safe custody with the double lock by the ERO/Record Officer/Commanding Officers, etc as the case may be.

## 15.6 Process of Preparation of Last Part of Electoral Rolls

- 15.6.1 The list of service voters is prepared assembly constituency-wise and all service voters registered in a constituency are placed at the end of the electoral roll of that constituency, in a separate last part. All service voters belonging to that Assembly Constituency (AC) are listed in the last part together, irrespective of their place of residence. As the service voters have facility to vote through postal ballot (ETPBS) and they are not required to visit personally the polling station, there is no specified polling station earmarked for them.
- 15.6.2 The last part is prepared in English and has following 3 sub parts—
  - (a) 'A' (for Armed Forces and Central Para Military Forces),
  - (b) 'B' (for State Armed Police Forces posted outside the State) and
  - (c) 'C' (for persons employed under Government of India in a post outside India)

## 15.7 Preparation and Publication of Draft of Last Part of Electoral Rolls.

- 15.7.1 The integrated draft of the last part of electoral rolls for Summary Revision with reference to corresponding qualifying date, will consist of the finally published roll in respect of summary revision of last part with reference to last final roll published and the supplement list containing names of service electors included and deleted during the period of continuous updation.
- 15.7.2 Immediately after publication of draft roll, the Record Officers/Commanding Officers have to check the extract of the draft roll in respect of the service personnel under their charge.
- 15.7.3 The EROs shall download the file of last finally published roll; supplements in

respect of continuous updation and also the integrated database file of draft roll and preserve a printout of the same for their future record.

## 15.8 Submission of Forms by Service Personnel

- 15.8.1 As indicated above, the summary revision of last part of electoral rolls shall be carried out in 100% online mode. For this purpose, Forms 2, 2A and 3 shall be available with respective Record Offices/Commanding Officer/Authorities concerned for use by the applicant service personnel.
- 15.8.2 Online Submission — The service personnel will go to the portal of wing of Service/Force/Authority and apply in the relevant Form 2/2A/3. He will fill the Form and declaration there in online, download and get a print of the same. Thereafter, he will put his/her signature on the hardcopy and submit the same to the concerned Record Officer/Commanding Officer/Authority. The filled-up Forms will be received on database of the Server.
- 15.8.3 Offline Submission - If a service personnel is not able to submit Form online, he/she may get hardcopy of Form 2/2A/3 from the Election Commission's website i.e. <http://eci.gov.in> or from his Record Officer/Commanding Officer or Head of chancery and he/she can submit duly filled in Form with his/her signature, to the concerned Record Officer/Commanding Officer for verification and further process. No Service personnel will send his/her Form direct to ERO/DEO/CEO of his/her AC/District/State where his/her native place is located.
- 15.8.4 In Form,2/2A/3 a declaration to the effect that the applicant/ spouse is not already enrolled as a general elector in any constituency, has become the integral part of the Form, there is no need to enclose declaration Format, as was required previously with the Form. It should be noted that any person who makes a statement or declaration which is false and which he/she either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true, is punishable under Section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine or with both. The service personnel shall submit the Form online. These filled up Forms will be received on database of the server.
- 15.8.5 The relevant Form shall be submitted by the individual service personnel for himself/herself and his/her spouse, if she/he is staying ordinarily with him/her at his/her place of posting.

## 15.9 Process at the Level of National Nodal Officer

- 15.9.2 For better coordination between Services/CPF and Election machinery, a well-defined hierarchical system of authorities has been put in place with a National Nodal Officer of each wing of Services/CPF at the apex level. The National Nodal Officer is a single point contact for the Election Commission for coordination and overall supervision of the Record Officers/Commanding Officers of his respective wing, involved in the process of registration of service voters and ETPBS.
- 15.9.3 The National Nodal Officer creates, maintains and updates details and addresses of Record Officers/Commanding Officers under his charge. This is of utmost importance as updated and correct address is required for sure, smooth and timely delivery of postal ballots to the intended service voters through their Record Officers/Commanding Officers, during the elections.

15.9.4 For this purpose, the National Nodal Officer should login the service voter portal and update the particulars and address of Record Officers/Commanding Officers regularly and invariably before every Summary Revision of last part and bye-election/general election.

## 15.10 Process and Verification by Record Officers/Commanding Officers/Authorities

15.10.1 The Record Officers/Commanding Officers are mainly responsible for receiving, verifying, processing and sending the Forms submitted by Service Personnel to EROs and maintaining the updated record of registered service voters under their respective charge.

15.10.2 Various stages of processing of Forms by Record Officers/Commanding Officers are as follows:

15.10.2.1 Preliminary checking and verification of details —‘

(a) The Record Officer/Commanding Officer/Authority concerned shall check the Form received online/offline to ensure that the particulars and the full address including home town/village and district in respect of the applicant service personnel are correct, complete and duly filled in, so that the district and constituency in which the applicants’ native place is located, can be determined.

(b) As per law, mentioning of service no. /buckle no. i.e. unique number in Form is mandatory for identification of service personnel. The Commission has however, allowed to provide a separate unique number instead of service number/buckle number for security reasons, if a request is made to this effect by the head of the service with the condition that the unique no. shall remain same throughout his service period. While checking the Form, the Record Officer/Commanding Officer/Authority should keep this in mind whether their Wing/Force has made such specific request to the Commission, and if so, what unique number have been allotted to the Service Personnel under his charge.

(c) Instead of verifying the Form in a mechanical and routine manner, the Record Officers/Commanding Officers/Authorities should carefully check that the details given in the Form match to the service records of the applicant service personnel and no fact regarding his/her earlier registration, if any, has been concealed by him/her in the declaration. The Record Officer/Commanding Officer/Authority should duly brief and advise the applicant service personnel about the penal provision for false declaration made under Section 31 Representation of the People Act, 1950, mentioned above in paragraph 8.4 above.

(d) The Record Officer/Commanding Officer/Authority shall obtain hard copy of each of the Form received offline/online, duly signed by the applicant service personnel, for his record.

15.10.3 Digitization of Forms received offline - The Record Officers/Commanding Officers/Authorities concerned shall digitize all the Forms received offline from service

personnel under their charge, on service voter portal and upload the signed Form.

- 15.10.4 Uploading through XML files - the Record Officers/Commanding Officers/Authorities can create an XML file of each of the Forms, received by them online as well as offline.
- 15.10.5 Uploading of Form and declaration through XML file —
- (a) The Record Officers/Commanding Officers/Authorities shall scan the hard copy of Form and declaration (which is integral part of the Form itself), duly signed and verified, and upload the documents so scanned along with XML file itself on the service voter portal. During the de-novo exercise and period of continuous updation thereafter, the Record Officers/Commanding Officers/Authorities were allowed to push XML file and Form separately; however, this facility would not be available during Summary Revision. Accordingly, XML file, form and declaration/documents are required to be submitted simultaneously.
  - (b) While uploading the XML file and Form, the Record Officer/Commanding Officer/Authority shall assign Assembly Constituency, District and State. If it is not possible to ascertain the name of concerned Assembly Constituency from the address filled by the service personnel, the 'State' and 'District' should be assigned. To avoid undue delay in processing of Form by the ERO, utmost care should be taken in assigning correct Assembly Constituency/District/State.
- 15.10.6 As the Forms are signed by the applicant service personnel and duly verified by Record Officer/Commanding Officer/Authority before uploading the same on the service voter portal through his secured login, hard copies of Forms and declaration are not required to be sent to the EROs. However, the Record Officer/Commanding Officer/Authority and EROs shall download the database file and get a print out of the same for their future record
- 15.10.7 In view of the above, the Record Officer/Commanding Officer/Authority should not send hard copy of the Forms received offline to Election Commission of India.
- 15.10.8 Recommendation for deletion by Record Officer/Commanding Officer — The Record Officer/Commanding Officer will check the draft roll and recommend for deletion of names of such service electors who is no longer eligible to continue in the last part due to superannuation resignation/ death/shifting as a general elector. The Format for recommendation for deletion of existing service elector from the last part has been provided on service voter portal for use by Record Officer.

## 15.11 Process at level of DEO

- 15.11.1 Although online Forms contain all necessary fields given in Form 2, 2A and 3 along with additional requisite information, there may be some cases in which the Record Officer/Commanding Officer has not mentioned the Constituency and the concerned ERO is not able to access the Forms relating to him. In order to ensure that all the Forms reach to the EROs concerned, the DEOs shall login the service voter portal through the credentials provided to them and allocate/assign the Constituency on

the basis of address of native place of the Service Personnel.

- 15.11.2 For a DEO, there may be following 3 types of lists of Forms-
- (a) Forms relating to his district without mentioning name of constituency, either  
received from Record Officer/Commanding Officer or from some other DEO in the State-in this case, DEO shall allot the Constituency, and
  - (b) Forms relating to some other district in the State, wrongly marked by the Record Officer/Commanding Officer/Some other DEO in the State- in such case, DEO has option to mark it to the concerned district.
  - (c) Incomplete Form updated by Record Officer/Commanding Officer/Authority.
- 15.11.3 Where it is not possible to allot/assign a constituency for want of address details, the DEO shall return the said Forms to the concerned Record Officer/Commanding Officer with his remarks. The Forms so returned, will appear in the 'Return' list on the service voter portal.

## 15.12 Process and disposal at level of ERO

- 15.12.1 After allocation/assigning of the Constituencies in the Forms by the DEO, wherever required, the ERO concerned will be able to see the list of all applicants related to his constituency, by logging in on the service voter portal with his login credential.
- 15.12.2 For an ERO, there may be following 3-types of list of Forms-
- a) Forms mentioning name of district and constituency-In such case, the ERO will be able to access the Form.
  - b) Forms allotted/assigned by DEO or some other ERO in the district.
  - c) Forms relating to some other constituency in the district, wrongly marked—in such case, ERO has option to mark such applications to the concerned constituency.
- 15.12.3 As the signed and scanned copy of the Forms with due verification will be sent by the Record Officer/Commanding Officer/Authority, ERO shall start the processing of such Forms immediately after its receipt.
- 15.12.4 The Forms will not be visible in the exact format of Forms 2/2A/3. However, the ERO will be able to see all the fields of the Form with various options including 'Accept' on the screen. ERO shall also check whether the details shown in the signed Form and the corresponding Form exactly match or not. In case of mismatch between the details provided in the signed Form and Form on the screen, that has to be returned to Record Officer/Commanding Officer with specific comments. For indicating the reasons for returning of a Form by ERO, a box has also been provided. On the basis of the reason specified in the box, the Record Officer/Commanding Officer may submit the corrected Form.
- 15.12.5 On resubmission of corrected Form by Record Officers/Commanding Officers, the ERO has two options of finally accepting or rejecting the same. The communication in respect of a particular Form between ERO and Record Officer/Commanding

Officer may continue till ERO finalizes the Form by clicking 'OK' button.

- 15.12.6 Disposal of online Forms will be done by the ERO concerned in the same manner as being followed in the disposal of Forms during de-novo exercise and continuous updation. The ERO has to satisfy himself that the applicant fulfils all the eligibility criteria fixed for registration and his complete details are available in the Form so as to accept the same.
- 15.12.7 The disposal of Forms will be done by the EROs on the service voter portal and the status of progress of processing will be simultaneously visible on dashboard on the portal to the Record Officers/Commanding Officers. The Record Officers/Commanding Officers can download and print the list of accepted/rejected Forms in respect of service personnel under their charge. Before disposal of the Forms, ERO should also download the scanned copy of each of the Forms and keep the same in record for future reference.

### 15.13 Final Publication

- 15.13.1 After passing the final order by the EROs, the last part will be finalized in the format prescribed by the Commission. The EROs shall keep a list of inclusions and deletions made during the Summary Revision and get a printout of the same for their future reference. Thereafter, the final roll will be integrated and made available at the service voter portal in a database file on the date of final publication.
- 15.13.2 The Record Officers/Commanding Officers have to check final publication of the last part for further communication to the concerned service personnel.
- 15.13.3 The EROs and Record Officers/Commanding Officers shall download the database file and get a printout of the same for their future record.



## Chapter 16

# Registration of Overseas Indian Electors

### 16.1 Introduction

India has a large diaspora in the foreign countries. Among the overseas Indians a large number continues to have Indian citizenship and they are regularly in contact with their families, friends and relatives in India. However, on account of the basic condition of 'ordinary residence' for registration in electoral roll, earlier, they were not able to participate in the electoral process in the country. The Indian Parliament made an amendment in the Representation of the People Act, 1950 in 2011 by the Representation of the People (Amendment) Act, 2010, adding Section 20A in the said Act, creating a new category of electors, namely, 'Overseas Indian Electors'.

### 16.2 Who is an Overseas Indian Elector

As per Section 20A of the Representation of People Act, 1950, an overseas Indian elector is a citizen of India, absenting from his place of ordinary residence in India owing to his employment, education or some other reason and who has not acquired citizenship of any other country and who is otherwise eligible to be registered as an elector in the electoral roll of the constituency of his/her place of residence in India as mentioned in his passport is located.

### 16.3 Manner and Procedure of Registration of Overseas Indian Electors

16.3.1 According to Rule 8B (1) of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, an eligible overseas elector, desirous of being registered in the roll for the constituency pertaining to the locality in which his place of residence in India as mentioned in his passport is located, may make an application in Form 6A (Annexure 8) to the concerned Electoral Registration Officer directly or electronically or send the application by post. Rule 8B (2) provides that as in the case of other general electors, overseas electors shall also use Form 7 and 8 (Annexure 9 -11) for the purpose of objection to inclusion of a name in the roll or correction or shifting.

An Overseas Indian Elector may enroll his name in the Electoral Roll of the Assembly Constituency pertaining to the locality mentioned in his passport only. An application for inclusion may be made to the ERO concerned either directly or electronically or by post in Form 6A.

16.3.2 If the application for the inclusion is made by post, it should be accompanied by one recent passport size coloured photograph, duly affixed in Form 6A and photocopy of the relevant pages of the passport containing photograph, his/her address in India and all other particulars of the applicant and also the page of passport containing

the valid visa endorsement. These photocopies should be duly self-attested by the applicant. Application without the attested photocopies of these documents will be liable to be summarily rejected.

- 16.3.3 It should be accompanied by one recent passport size coloured photograph, duly affixed in Form 6A and photocopy of the relevant pages of the passport containing photograph, his address in India and all other particulars of the applicant and also the page of passport containing the valid visa endorsement. These photocopies should be duly self-attested by the applicant. Application without the attested photocopies of these documents will be liable to be summarily rejected.
- 16.3.4 If the application is submitted in person before the Electoral Registration Officer, the same should be accompanied by a photocopy of the relevant pages of the passport mentioned above. The applicant should produce his original passport along with the application for verification by the Electoral Registration Officer. The Electoral Registration Officer shall keep copies of relevant pages of the passport in the case file after due verification and attestation and return the passport to the applicant.
- 16.3.5 The overseas elector should surrender EPIC, if already issued to him as a general elector in India before going abroad, along with submission of Form 6A.
- 16.3.6 In order to facilitate the overseas electors and improve their enrolment in the electoral rolls, Form 6A shall be distributed among the family members of overseas electors, residing in India, through the Booth Level Officer. The Booth Level Officers shall prepare a list of such households in their polling area in which member(s) of the family reside(s) abroad. The name of Assembly Constituency and the postal address of the Electoral Registration Officer should be filled up in Form 6A by the Booth Level Officer before its distribution. Booth Level Officer may be advised to request the member of such households to send Form 6A to the member of his family living abroad for sending it back to the Electoral Registration Officer at the address already provided in the Form. Booth Level Officer shall be kept abreast of the rules and regulations for the registration of overseas electors properly so that they can give suitable reply to the queries/doubts raised by any person at the time of distribution of Form 6A.

#### 16.4 Process by Electoral Registration Officer on Receiving Application in Form 6A

- 16.4.1 The Electoral Registration Officer shall prepare a list of claims & objections received from overseas electors and display the same on the notice board at his office. It shall also be available on the website of the Chief Electoral Officer of the State concerned. The Electoral Registration Officer has to keep a separate register for applications received in Form 6A. All applications received in Form 6A should be entered in this register.
- 16.4.2 The Electoral Registration Officer shall ask the Booth Level Officer concerned to visit the home address mentioned in the passport of the overseas electors. The Booth Level Officer shall ask relatives of the applicant, if any, to verify the self-attested copies of documents and give a declaration (Annexure 39) to this effect. In those cases, where no relatives are available or relatives are not willing to give the declaration for verification of documents or the Electoral Registration Officer is not satisfied with verification of documents by relatives, documents will be sent

for verification to the concerned Indian Mission in the foreign country where the applicant resides.

- 16.4.3 The decision of the Electoral Registration Officer should be communicated to the applicant by post on the address of the applicant in the country of his residence given by the applicant in his application in Form 6A and also be sending an SMS on the cell phone number given by the applicant in his application in Form 6A.
- 16.4.4 Personal hearing on application by an overseas elector - If personal hearing is necessary in respect to any claim or objection to the inclusion of name in the roll as overseas elector, the Electoral Registration Officer shall designate and authorize an officer from the Indian Mission at that particular country where the concerned applicant stays to hear the applicant for the objection raised. If the objector is also available there then both the parties are heard. The designated officer will send a report to the Electoral Registration Officer to enable him to take decision in the case. In no case, the personal appearance of the applicant/objector living abroad shall be required by the Electoral Registration Officer in India. The Election Commission has asked the Ministry of External Affairs to designate one officer in each Indian Mission abroad. The names of such officers who can be so designated by the Electoral Registration Officer shall be sent to the Electoral Registration Officers through the Chief Electoral Officer by the Election Commission in consultation with Ministry of External Affairs.

## 16.5 Inclusion of Names of the Overseas Indian Electors in the Roll

Name of Overseas elector is to be included in the relevant part of the roll of the constituency in which the place of his residence in India as mentioned in his passport is located. A separate section named "Overseas Electors" which is the last section of the roll of that particular part shall be created in which the said overseas elector is registered and name of the overseas elector will be kept in this section.

## 16.6 Intimation about Change in Address

It is the responsibility of the overseas elector to keep the Electoral Registration Officer informed of the change in residential address in the country of his residence. He must also inform when he returns to India and becomes ordinarily resident in India so that his name in electoral roll as an overseas Indian elector can be deleted and on application in Form 6, he can be registered as a general elector at the place where he is ordinarily resident in India.

## 16.7 Identification of Overseas Indian Elector at Polling Station

An overseas elector is not issued EPIC. The identification of overseas elector at the time of casting of vote at polling station shall be done only on the basis of his original Passport. For this purpose, he shall be required to bring his original Passport to the polling station.

# SECTION – VII

# IT INNOVATIONS

CHAPTER 17

COMPUTERIZATION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS

CHAPTER – 18 CITIZEN CENTRIC SERVICES

CHAPTER – 19 ELECTION OFFICIAL CENTRIC SERVICES

CHAPTER 20

ERO NET



## Chapter 17

# Computerization of Electoral Rolls

### 17.1 Historical Background

For the purpose of managing the vast number of electors during regular revisions, the Election Commission decided in August 1997 to take-up a nation-wide comprehensive programme for computerization of electoral roll.

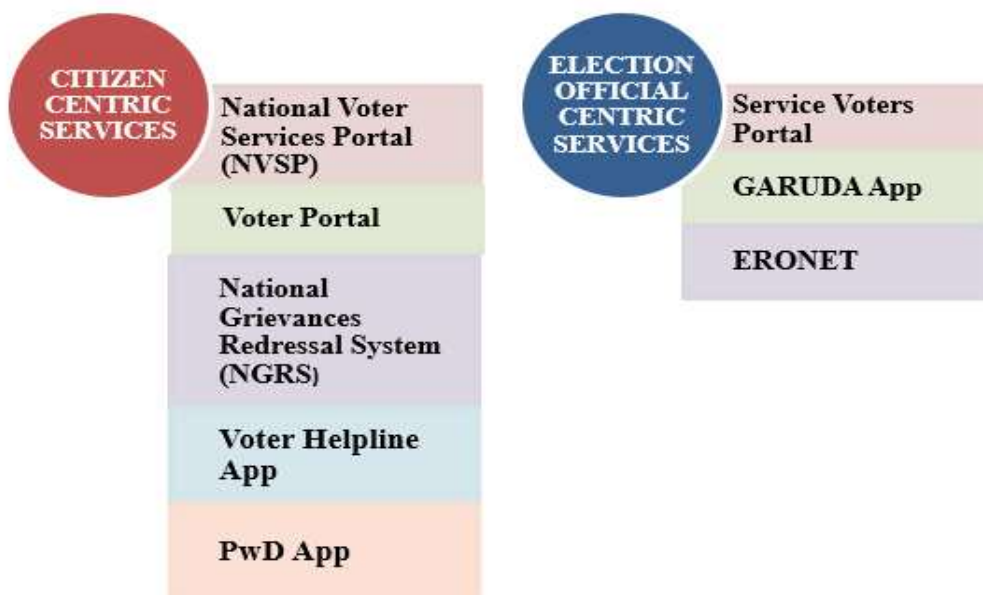
- 17.1.1 Apart from the high volume of data of 620 million plus electors at that time, the IT solution had also used to contend with the challenge of handling multiple Indian languages in which electoral roll was required to be printed. At the time of initiating the programme for computerization of electoral rolls, there was no precedent of a nation-wide standard IT solution for management of data of such massive size and in multiple scripts in Indian languages. After having several detailed discussions with Chief Electoral Officers and IT professionals, the Election Commission prepared a draft standard and took up prototyping of the software solution in Gurgaon with the help of Haryana Electronic Corporation (HARTRON).
- 17.1.2 As mentioned above, specific standards were developed for implementing the Indian language components with facilities for sharing data across geographic, administrative and linguistic boundaries. For this purpose, the Election Commission prescribed adoption of standards of the Bureau of Indian Standards, namely, ISCI (Indian Standard Core for Information of Interchange) and INSCRIPT Key Board. The Election Commission also indicated clear standards for operating system, data storage in the relational database model. As for the data content, the Election Commission provided in its standard documents, a complete list of tables with various data elements clearly defined. An important feature of the data content was a comprehensive coding strategy for various geographical and administrative units in as much as this impacted the electoral rolls management system at various levels.
- 17.1.3 The computerization of electoral roll was designed from the initial stage with a view to manage it in a decentralized manner at the districts. With this objective, small Local Area Network (LAN) were established at offices of District Election Officers for the operation and maintenance of the roll.
- 17.1.4 The key change introduced by the Election Commission in its approach was to look at the electoral rolls not as a simple printed text but as a database which could be regularly updated through a computer-based solution, while maintaining security, integrity and continuity of data from one revision to another revision. For this purpose, format and layout of the electoral roll was clearly defined. The Election Commission prescribed a standard format for printing of electoral roll by processing the data available in the database. Essentially, the printed electoral roll was now a

computerized report rather than simply a printed text. A title page and a header portion were provided at the Assembly level and polling station level respectively. The title page of Assembly Constituency contains the area covered by the constituency as per the delimitation order and nomenclature of administrative and geographic units along with a summary of gender-wise electors' details and number of parts in the constituency. Another important innovation was to provide for scoring out names of deleted electors through the computerized system reducing the scope of any mischief by way of arbitrary or unauthorized manipulation particularly, on the eve of an election.

- 17.1.5 The Election Commission, while formulating the programme for computerization of electoral roll, took a historic decision to add EPIC details in electoral roll against the electors to harmonize the two programmes – those of electoral roll management and electors' photo identity cards. This took care of another important dimension of the EPIC programme in as much as the cards issued in one constituency, could also be made use of in another constituency where the elector was currently listed. The Election Commission, thus, took the first step to make EPICs valid throughout the country with a unique number for an elector for his lifetime.

## 17.2 Present Status:

As mentioned above, initially, the computerized electoral roll was maintained at district level. Gradually, it moved to state level and electoral rolls were standardised by using their own Electoral Roll Management System (ERMS). The Election Commission has been issuing guidelines from time to time for standardization of electoral roll database. Subsequently, Election Commission took a landmark initiative by launching Unified National Photo Electoral Roll (UNPER) and standardised the electoral roll database and management, thereby bringing all the different state database & management as an umbrella database wholly managed and supervised by Commission. New IT initiatives were also launched by the Commission for managing electoral rolls in an improved and user-friendly manner. In this connection, various citizen centric web-portal and mobile apps namely National Voter Service Portal (NVSP), Voter-Portal, Voter helpline app and election officials' centric services like ERO-Net, Service Voter, GARUDA app have been launched offering interface between the Election Commission and the citizen at one level and at the other level, between the Election Commission and Election officials in the States.

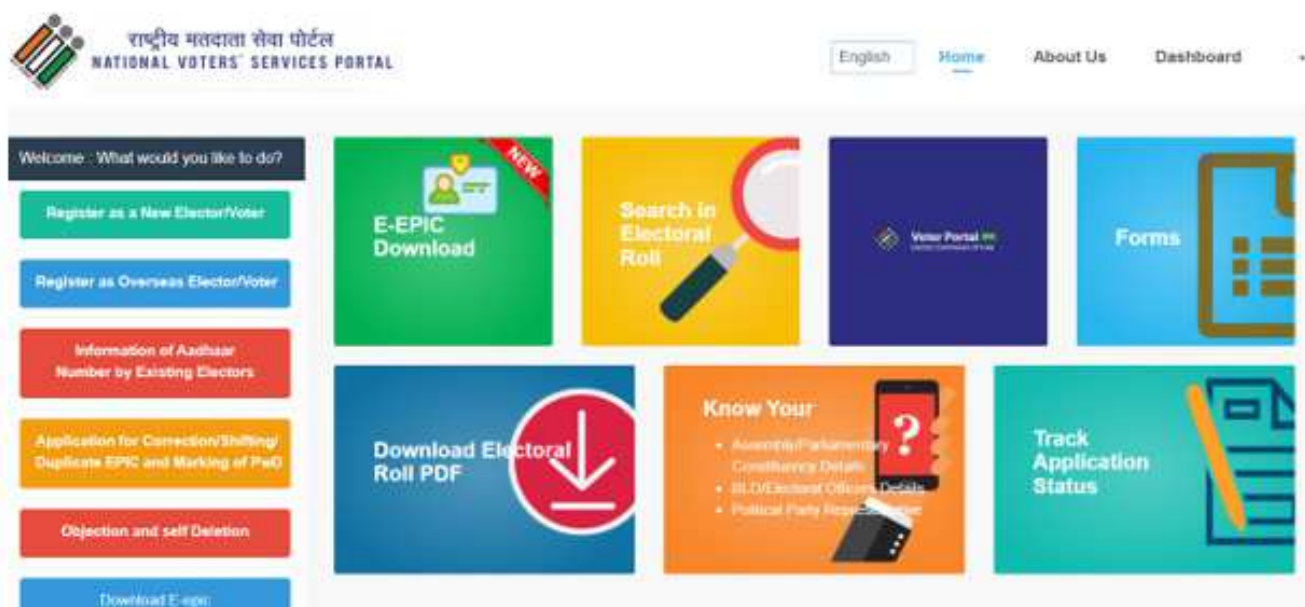


## Chapter 18

# Citizen Centric Services

As an innovation in IT, various web-portal and apps have been developed for citizen, providing direct interface between Citizen and Commission.

### 18.1 National Voters Service Portal (NVSP)



The new IT initiatives envisage a blend of improved management of electoral rolls as well as extending prompt and quality services to the citizens. To achieve the above objective, the Election Commission launched National Voter Service Portal (NVSP) on its website for the citizens on the occasion of National Voters' Day, i.e. 25th January, 2015. National e-Services provided on NVSP offers interface between the Election Commission and the citizens and at the same time increases easy access of information to the citizens at national level. These software services are being offered through a common portal which can be accessed by the users from public through internet. With the availability of UNICODE for use of handling Indian languages, it was introduced in all applications by upgrading the necessary infrastructure and software. The NVSP portal has a responsive User Interface (UI) which works on both desktop and mobile.

18.1.1 Main Functionalities The single stop online e-services currently offered at NVSP are as listed below:

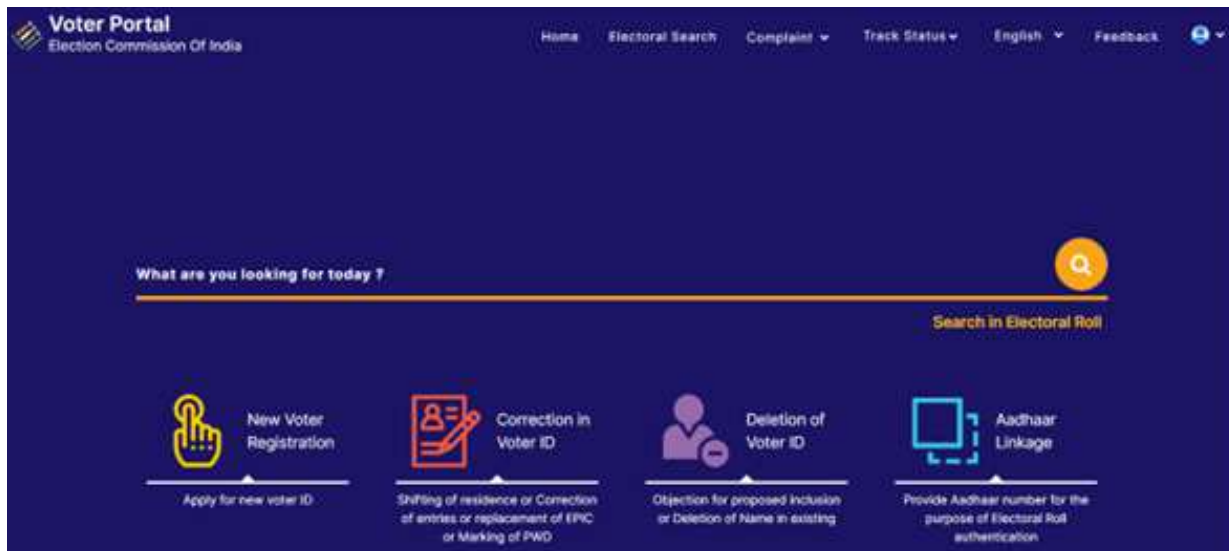
- (i) Search your name in electoral roll: Elector can search his name and particulars in electoral roll, polling station details, Parliamentary Constituency wise or District wise by providing his name and relatives name or EPIC No.



- (ii) Know your BLO, ERO and DEO: User can get particulars of Booth Level Officer/Electoral Registration Officer/ /District Election Officer by entering the EPIC number.
- (iii) Access to e-roll in pdf format: User are directed to respective website of Chief Electoral Officer and can get access and view/download electoral rolls in pdf format.
- (iv) Apply online forms for the following services:
  - New Voter Registration (Form6)
  - Inclusion of names for overseas electors (Form6A)
  - Letter of Information of Aadhaar number for the purpose of electoral roll authentication (Form 6B)
  - Objection for Proposed Inclusion/ Deletion of Name in Existing Electoral Roll(Form 7)
  - Shifting of Residence/Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll/ Replacement of EPIC/Marking of PwD (Form 8) In all the above services, electors are provided facility to upload scanned copies of documents and photograph.
- (v) Track status of application: An applicant can track his application already submitted online or know status by providing reference ID provided to him at the time of online registration.
- (vi) Dashboard for Citizen: Dashboard facility has been provided to all the registered electors to check the status of all his applied forms.
- (vii) E-EPIC Download: User can download electronic copy of EPIC Card (E-EPIC) by providing EPIC no or reference no of the form.

## 18.2 Voter Portal

Voter Portal is a unified single integrated open interface for citizens to make online request for inclusion of their name in the electoral roll, correction of personal particulars, shifting of residence within assembly constituency or to another assembly constituency and seeking for objection/ or deletion of names in electoral roll. The portal is an interactive portal using Voter Mitra, a digital assistance feature, that assist and explain each step by providing tips, Things you Should know, during the process of voter registration. The citizen is guided intelligently to submit the right form correctly. The form is then sent to ERONET for processing.

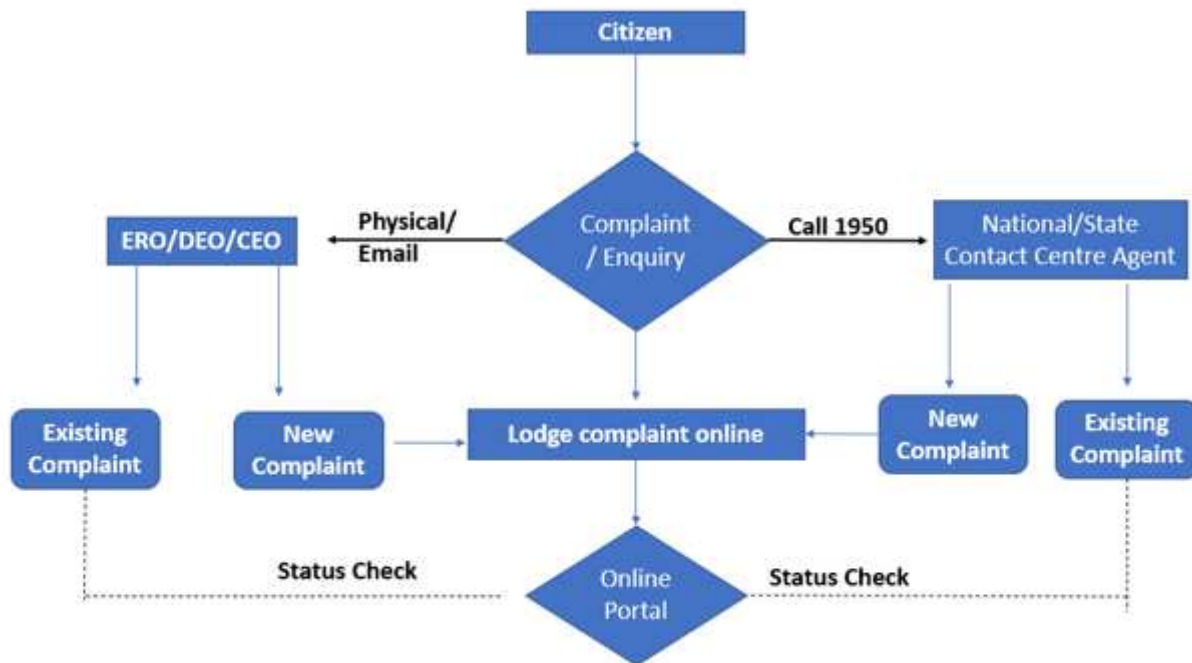


18.2.1 Main Functionalities The single stop online e-services currently offered by Voter Portal are listed below:

1. Apply online forms:
  - New Voter Registration (Form6)
  - Inclusion of names for overseas electors (Form6A)
  - Letter of Information of Aadhaar number for the purpose of electoral roll authentication (Form 6B)
  - Objection for Proposed Inclusion/ Deletion of Name in Existing Electoral Roll (Form 7)
  - Shifting of Residence/Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll/ Replacement of EPIC/Marking of PwD (Form 8) In all the above services, electors are provided facility to upload scanned copies of documents and photograph.
2. Electoral Search Elector can search his name and particulars in electoral roll, polling station details etc.
3. Lodge complaint. Elector can lodge complaint related to voter ID, electoral roll, complaint against official, or facilities in polling station. They can also provide feedback/suggestions.
4. Track status of complaint or application form: Applicant can track his complaint/application status using mobile number/reference ID.

### 18.3 National Grievance Services Portal (NGRS)

NGRS is a robust centralised grievance handling system. The application provides for a single interface for handling citizen complaints by the Election officials. All Electoral Officers, District Election Officers, CEO and ECI Officials are part of the system. Complaints are directly assigned to respective user upon complaint registration. It provides a comprehensive redressal mechanism to the complaints of the Citizens, Electors, Political parties, Candidates, Media, and Election officials at National, State and District level. The system is seamless and Integrated Help Desk-cum-Call Centre-cum- Single Window system. This portal is available for citizens of India where people can directly lodge IFSC (Information, Feedback, Suggestion and Complaints) into this. IFSC are captured through online mode (Portal, Contact Centre) and offline mode (FAX, Letter, and Personal Meeting).



18.3.1 Functionality and the relation between Citizen, Agents and ECI Officials The functionality and the relation between Citizen, Agents and ECI Officials is as follows:

1. Citizen:
  - Lodge complaint after sign up/login to NGRS portal <https://eci-citizenservices.eci.nic.in/> portal.
  - View status of lodged complaint using the reference number generated after submission of the complaint.
  - Provide feedback/suggestion.
2. Agents:
  - 1950 Call Centre Agent digitize the complaint registered through call in 1950 in the <https://contactcenter.eci.nic.in/> portal.
  - Reference number is generated upon successful submission of the complaint.
  - Track complaint status using the reference number.
3. ECI Officials:
  - Login to <https://eci-citizenservicesforofficers.eci.nic.in/> and check status in the dashboard for assigned complaint lodged from online sources, or through NCC/ SCC/ DCC or complaint lodged from cVIGIL app.
  - Acts on each complaint and dispose the registered complaint by taking suitable action.
  - Register complaint on behalf of elector.
  - Tracked complaint status which are in open, in-process, defaulted or resolved.
  - Create and manages user profile.

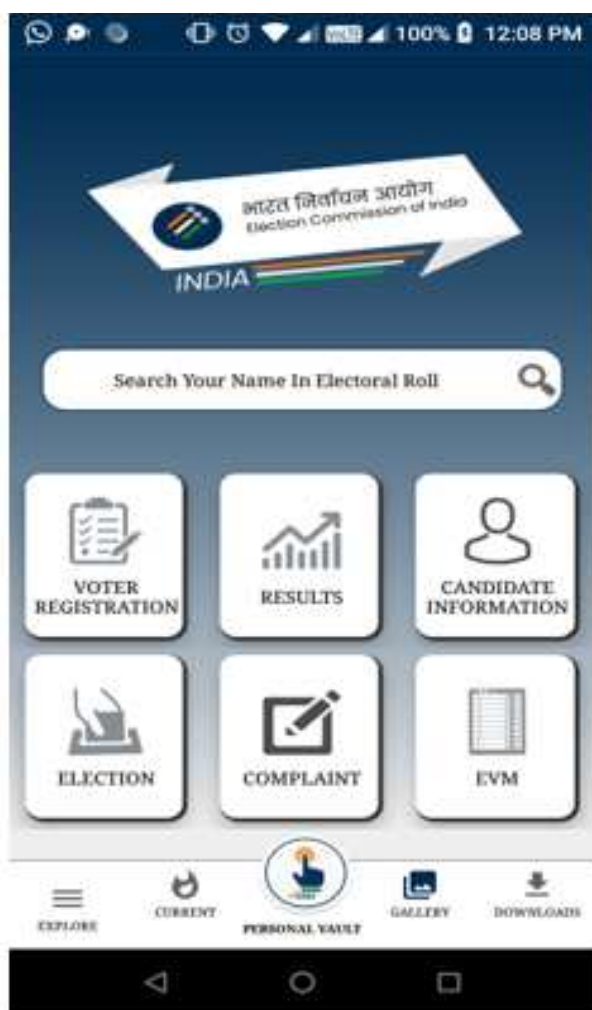
## 18.4 Voter Helpline App

Taking forward its continuous efforts of building an active democratic citizenry in the country, Election Commission of India has undertaken a new initiative by designing a Mobile Application for developing a culture of avid electoral engagement and making informed and ethical ballot

decisions among citizens of the country. The app is a comprehensive app that aims to provide a single point of services and information delivery to voters across the country. During the process of voter registration, Voter Mitra, a digital assistance feature is embedded with the app, that assist and explain each step of registration by providing tips, Things you Should know. The citizen is guided intelligently to submit the right form correctly. The form is then submitted to ERONET for processing.

18.4.1 Voter service features The voter service features provided with the App are:

- Electoral Search- Citizen can search for their name in Electoral Roll by scanning barcode on the voter ID card/or entering elector details/ or EPIC No.
- Voter Registration (Submission of online forms)
- New Voter Registration (Form6)
- Objection for Proposed Inclusion/ Deletion of Name in Existing Electoral Roll (Form 7)
- Correction of entries (Form 8) (Shifting/ Correction/ Epic Replacement/ PwD Marking.)
- Electoral Authentication Form (Form 6B)
- Track status of applied form. The citizen can view each step of his application along with timestamp and the result whether it has been accepted or rejected.
- Register and track status of Complaint related to electoral services and track the complaint disposal status, using the complaint reference number.
- Download digital photo voter slip of the elector.



18.4.2 Information delivery section:

The information delivery section provided with the App are:

- Voter Education information on services & resources for voter & electoral officers on registration, election, EVM, technology (apps).
- Candidate & Political Parties profile, affidavit, nomination, income statement, assets, criminal cases etc.
- Election & Results details of past, current and future election,
- Media & Publication relating to newsletter, instructions, handbook & manual, statistical report etc.
- Current news and Press Releases of the Election Commission.
- Download registration form, press-releases, ECI publications, EVM Audio files, newsletter, instructions, handbooks & manuals, statistical reports etc.

- The Voter Helpline App is available in both android and iOS versions and can be downloaded from Google Play Store and Apple App Store.

## 18.5 Persons With Disability (PwD) App

The Election Commission of India is working towards easing the voter identification and registration process for people with disability (PwDs) by offering them customised services. Under a new programme, PwDs need to share their essential details with Election Commission via call service numbers, or a specially designed app that can be easily downloaded on their smart phones. The PwD app is available in both android and iOS versions and can be downloaded from Google Play Store and Apple App Store respectively.



18.5.1 To facilitate the Persons with Disability, the Election Commission of India developed a mobile application, the PwD App. An eligible person with disability can get enrolled in electoral roll by declaring himself as a person with disability. Upon receiving the request from PwD elector, the Election Commission will ensure that the BLO reaches out to elector concerns for doorstep delivery of electoral services.

The PwD app facilitates PwD Voters in verifying their names in the electoral roll, enrolling them, getting their name, address and photograph corrected. To do this, mobile accessibility features like voice-over prompts, high contrasting interface, and easy navigation features are embedded with the app. The user interface is very simple.

The PwD user enters the mobile number and address and the information travels down to Electoral Registration Officer (ERO) in minutes and ERO in-turn allocate the case to BLO to visit the PwD elector to get the form filled up. During the whole process, PwD App user can use the reference number to track his application status.

18.5.2 The app provides the following facilities to PwD voters:

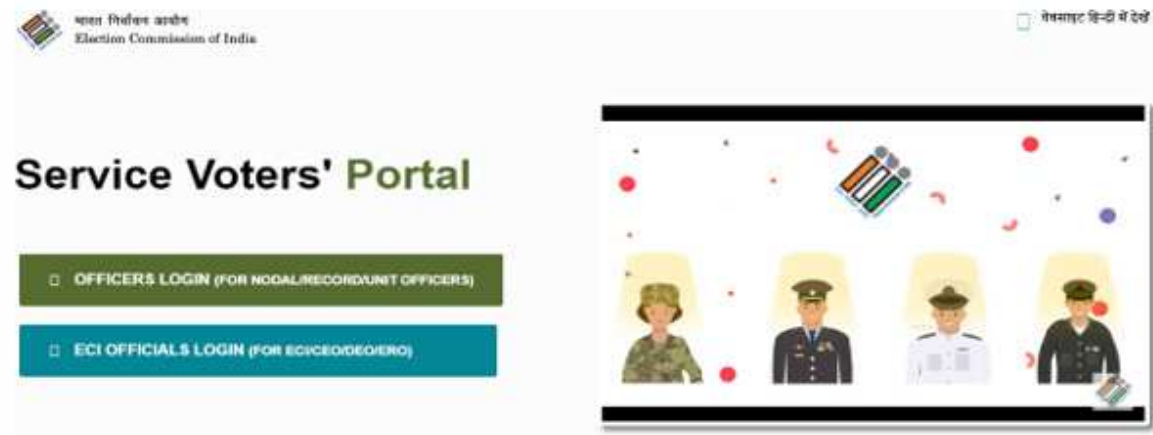
- **Inform About Your Disability:** The App allows the person with disability to mark himself as PwD voter by entering his EPIC number only and it will automatically fetch his details. Voice Access and select to speak features are also available for the visually impaired persons.
- **Request For New Voter ID Registration:** This allows the PwD to register as a new voter with minimal information. Registration will only require the name and address of the person and the rest of the work would be done by

the Election Commission by providing doorstep facility, i.e. BLO would be assigned and visit the PwD to get the form filled up.

- Request For Transfer: When a voter relocates from one geographical location or one constituency to another, he has the option to raise transfer request through the PwD App.
- Request For Change: Any correction, addition, or deletion in voter ID card can be done using a “Request for Updation” feature.
- Request For Wheelchair: The PwD user can raise the request for wheelchair-using this feature of the mobile app by clicking the option after login using the mobile number.
- Find Polling Station: The booth locator feature incorporated and integrated Google Maps, to ease the PwD voters to reach polling stations. It helps the voters to find the polling booth location and directs them to the booth location from the current location.
- Electoral Search: The PwD elector can search for his name in Electoral Roll by scanning barcode on the voter ID card/or entering elector details/ or EPIC No.
- Register and track status of Complaint: The PwD elector can lodge complaint related to electoral services and track the complaint disposal status, using the complaint reference number.
- Interaction Controls: The TalkBack feature allows interaction using speech, vibration, and audible feedback for users who are unable to operate smartphones. The enlarged graphics like text and icons, High contrast themes, Structured headlines, and better typography enhances the readability of the content.
- Easy To Use: This App has been designed keeping easy and interactive user interface in view. The content has been classified based upon the user’s disability. PwD users with minimal technical knowledge can easily use the app to claim all the benefits like the request for a wheelchair, mark as PwD, etc.
- Candidate List: One of the important features of the app is the availability of the contesting candidate list on the app. The PwD voter can find the list of their candidates. Once the list is finalised, the PwD voter can know the list which is exactly as per the ballot paper. The blind user can hear the candidate list along with the position in the list.

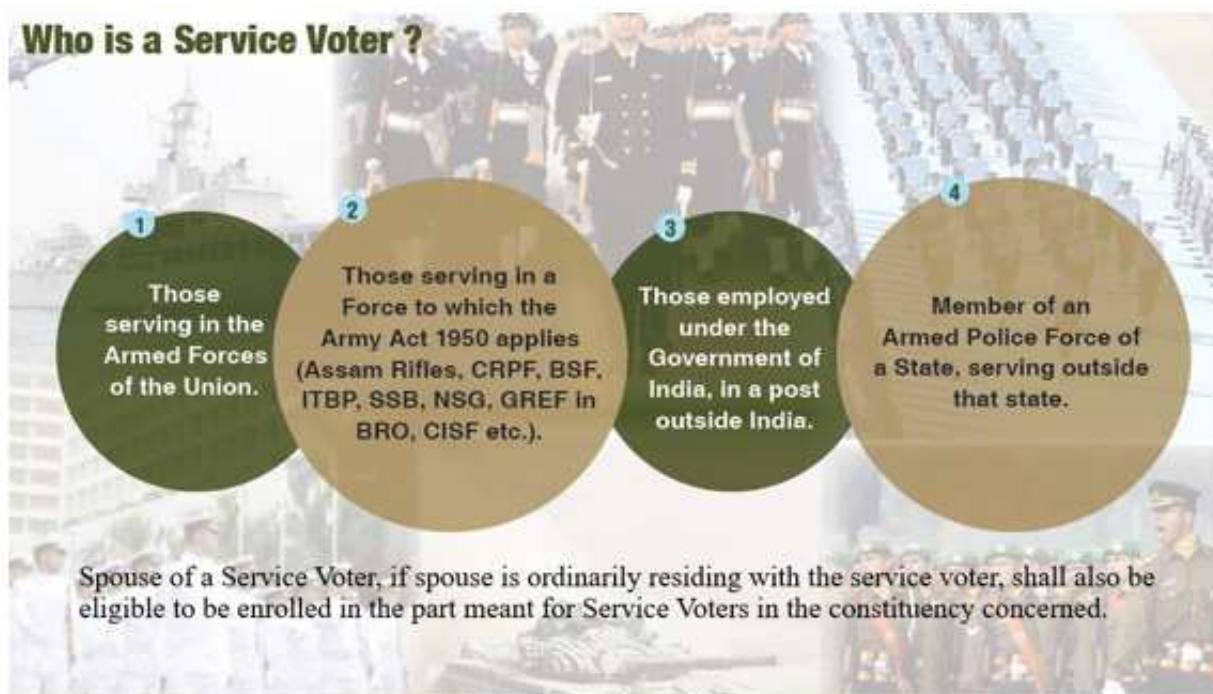
## Chapter 19

# Election Official's Centric Services

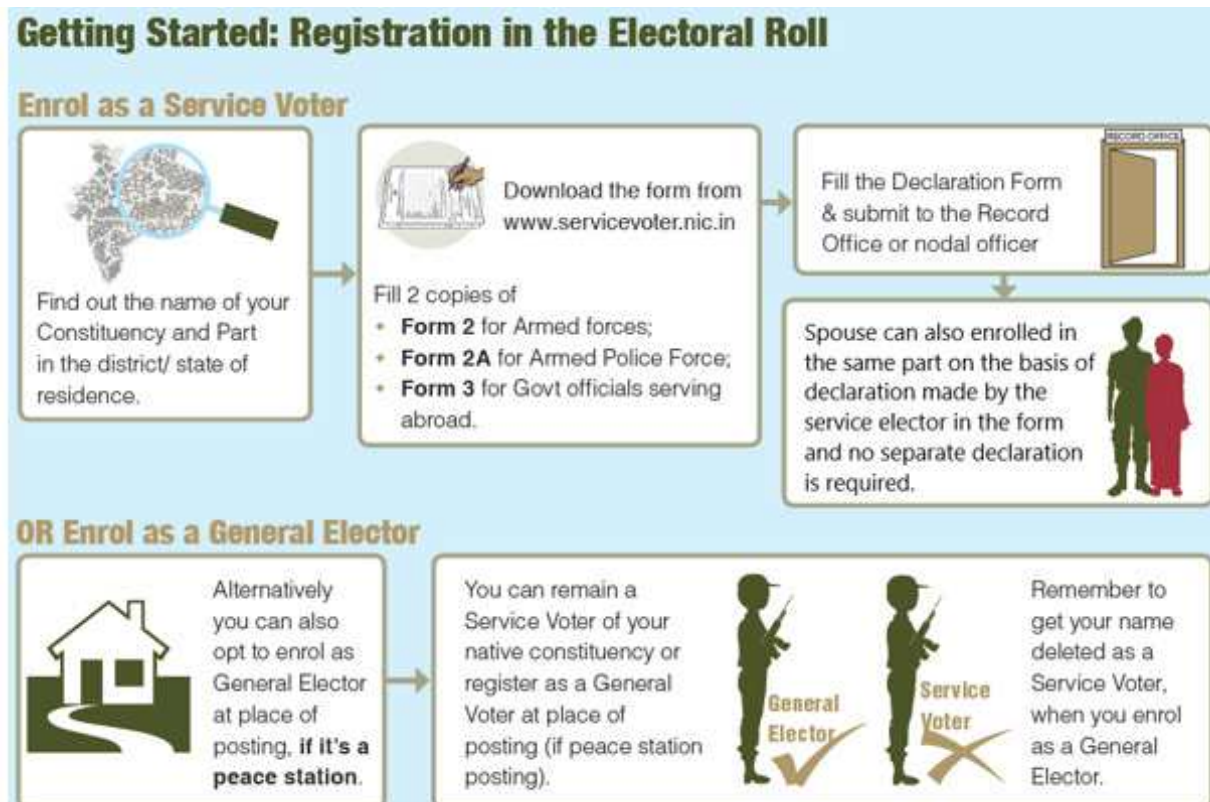


### 19.1 Service Voter Registration Portal

The portal was launched on 14th July 2017 to mitigate the difficulties and hardships faced during registering and exercising franchise encountered by the service voters, especially by the armed forces and police personnel serving at the border and remote areas of the country and the service personnel working under the Government of India in missions abroad.



The online Service Voter Registration Portal system provides convenience and easy-to-use portal for defence personnel, employed under the Government of India and member of an armed police force of a state and serving outside that state. The system allows registration and acceptance of forms for Service Voter. Through this online system, service voter applies online/offline form and submit the signed copy form to concerned Record officers/Unit Officer for verification and then uploading to Service Voter portal. The District Election Officer assigns the Assembly Constituency to Service Voter forms, and the forms are processed by Electoral Registration Officer.



The names of service voters are appended in the last part of the electoral roll. The data of service voter is maintained by ECI and the request for registration is submitted by the Record Officer.

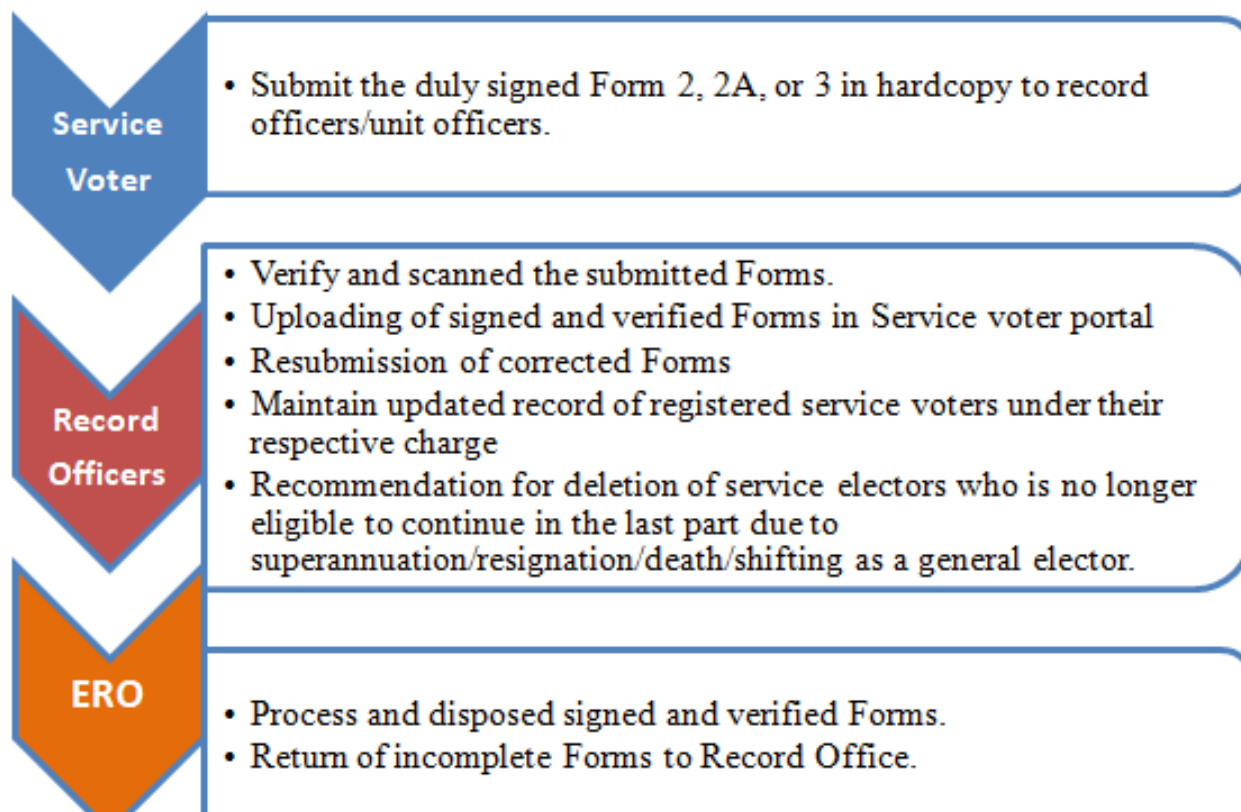
19.1.1 Main functionalities The main functionalities provided through service voter portal are:

1. Processing of electoral forms
2. Maintain last part of electoral rolls
3. Communication between EROs across ACs and States
4. Simultaneous addition and deletion process
5. Connected with a single source of online forms acceptance (through [servicevoter.nic.in](http://servicevoter.nic.in)), it provides real-time monitoring of the progress of the form processing (Status of the forms submitted)
6. In case of deletion, proper records of deletion, notices are generated, issued and notice served details are captured.



7. Easy to use Dashboard for DEOs, CEOs, ECI officials and EROs themselves for single window view and dashboard for Nodal, Record and Unit Officer to view the status of registration.
8. Draft and Final roll of the last part is automated and is available under CEO and ERO logins on the day of the draft and final publication.

### 19.1.2 Work Cycle of Service Voter Portal:



### 19.1.3 Login Form of Service Voter

भारत निर्वाचन आयोग  
Election Commission of India

Service Voter's Portal View Forms

New Form With Sign Document

[New Forms](#) | [\(1\) New Form With Sign Document](#) | [Accepted Forms](#) | [Accepted by Force](#) | [Form Other EROs](#) | [Updated Form by Force](#) | [Requested for Deletion](#) | [Enrolled SV](#)

Application No.	Service No.	Gender	Name	Age	Elector Type	Relative Name	Relation Type	State Name	District Name	EC Name	Address	Police Station	Reserv.	Action
3384277	134912	M	THANGHOLUN DOUNGEL	41	M	LUNTHANG DOUNGEL	F	MANPUR	KANGPOKR	SAKUL (ST)	DAIPHUNG DAIPHUNG DAIPHUNG SAKUL SAKUL 795118	SAKUL		View Form

### 19.1.4 Form Processing page of Service Voter

## 19.2 GARUDA App (Geographical Asset Reconnaissance Unified Digital App)

GARUDA App is a mobile App for Booth Level Officer (BLO). It provides online processing mechanism for enrolment received online/ offline, claims & objections. The app offers a rich interface to the BLOs where BLOs can verify the elector details, upload documents, and provide their remarks for further processing of the forms. It eliminates the tedious and labour-intensive manual mode of verification and collection of electors documents, delaying the process of form processing. This app provides a unique feature to the BLO's of field verification for the allotted forms. This is a Go Green initiative of ECI where lots of paper drill converted in a mobile app that were getting used during physical verification of a form. Garuda App is designed to also capture the information of polling stations and its Assured Minimum Facilities (AMF) and Extended Minimum Facilities (EMF). BLOs have the facility to add or update data for available facilities and identification of polling stations and marking of distance from important places to the Nearest Bus stand/ Police station/ Fire station/ Fuel pump data/Hospitals/ Parking area.

The GARUDA app is available in both android and iOS platform and can be downloaded from Google Play Store and Apple App Store respectively.

### 19.2.1 Main Features of GARUDA app

The features of GARUDA app are listed below:

- Dashboard with details of assigned and completed tasks
- Capture GIS coordinates (Latitude/ Longitude) of Polling Stations
- Collect feedback on AMF and EMF facilities
- Submit forms on behalf of elector
  - New Voter Registration (Form6)
  - Self-deletion/ deletion request of currently enrolled elector/ objection to proposed inclusion of name (Form 7)
  - Shifting of residence/ Correction of entries /Epic Replacement/PwD Marking (Form 8).
  - Electoral Authentication Form (Form 6B)
- Checklist/Field verification of submitted forms
- Add/Update photos of Polling Booth

The screenshot shows a web form titled 'Form 2 (See rule 7) The Registration of Electors Rules, 1960'. It is for a 'Statement as to place of Ordinary Residence by a member of the Armed Forces'. The form is divided into 'Personal Details' and 'Service Details'. Personal details include Full Name (THANAKHOLA DOUNDEL), Relation Name (LAKSHMI DOUNDEL), Relation Type (None), Age (41 years), Date of Birth (01/01/1981), Gender (male), EPIC No (if issued), Mobile (984523218), and Email ID (00). A declaration is provided: 'I solemnly declare that I am a citizen of India and that for my service in the Armed Forces I would have been ordinarily resident at'. Service details include House/Building/Apartment No (SAMPALHO), Street/Mohalla (SAMPALHO), Locality (SAMPALHO), Town/Village (SAMPALHO), Post Office (SARUL), Police Station (SARUL), Tehsil/Taluka/Mandal (SARUL), State (KARNATAKA), District (KARNATAKA), Service/Boat No (154112), Rank (BRIEFMAN), Name of Armed Force (AF), Service/Corps/Regiment (AF), and Name and Address of Record Office (Record Office HQ DDM (Headquarters) Directorate General of Armaments, Bangalore, Bangalore, Karnataka, India). A dropdown menu is open showing options: Forward to AC with In Same District, Wrong Assignment of AC, Forward to DEO, Incomplete Information, Return Form, Pass Order For Enrollment, and Reject Signed Form. Buttons for 'Print Form' and 'Close' are visible at the bottom.



- The data from GARUDA is consolidated with the ERONET database.
- Updated form data are loaded from ERONET and field level verification are based on ERONET portal.

### 19.2.2 GARUDA App Working Procedure

The working procedure for GARUDA app is listed below:

1. Downloading& Installing Garuda Mobile App
  - Search for GARUDA app in Google Play Store or Apple App Store for android or iOS platform and install the app.
  - URL to Download app: <https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=in.gov.eci.garuda>
  - Scan the below QR Code to get the URL and download the app.



2. Login to GARUDA App Select concern State, Assembly Constituency and enter part number; registered mobile number which is registered in ERONET and the password and click on “Get OTP” button to verify and proceed.
3. Check for mobile Compatibility Perform compatibility test for requirement of resource, camera, RAM, operating system, available space, internet and download elector data of the polling station. Tap on “Submit” button and go to home screen once the elector data get downloaded.
4. Update Photograph of Polling Station
  - Step 1: Click on Main Menu.
  - Step 2: Click on Facilities option.
  - Step 3: Tap on “UPDATE PHOTO” in “Polling Station Photos” section.



5. Update GPS Co-ordinate of Polling Station
  - Step 1: Click on Main Menu.
  - Step 2: Click on Facilities option.
  - Step 3: Tap on GPS logo in “Polling Station Address” section.
  - Step 4: Click on “CURRENT LOCATION” and then on “UPDATE” button.
6. Update AMF/EMF status of Polling Station
  - Step 1: Click on Main Menu.
  - Step 2: Click on Facilities option.
  - Step 3: Tap on [Available/Not Available] in Polling Station Facilities section to update the status of AMF/EMF facilities and click on the Update button at the bottom to save the responses
7. Field verification using Checklist. For marking field verification, follow the below mentioned steps:
  - Step 1: Click on Main Menu.
  - Step 2: Click on Checklist option.
  - Step 3: Tap on the elector details.
  - Step 4: Confirm for availability of person, verify the attached documents (if applicant is verified), put your comment and tap on “SUBMIT” button.
8. Filling and submitting Form 6 on behalf of electors In case of form 6, the BLO also gets the form for field verification. The step for applying form is given below:
  - Step 1: Click on Main Menu and then tap on Forms.
  - Step 2: Voter Services section opened then click on New Voter Registration (Form 6). Voter Mitra, a digital assistance feature, assist and explain each step by providing tips, Things you Should Know, during the process of voter registration to submit correct form.
  - Step 3: Click on Yes I am applying for the first time option than tap on Next button
  - Step 4: Enter the following details:
    - Aadhaar Number: Fill Aadhaar Details or tap on checkbox “I am not able to furnish my Aadhaar number.....” and furnish the allowed supporting document.
    - Date of Birth: Fill correct elector’s date of birth and upload the supporting document.
    - Personal Details: On next page, enter elector’s personal details–Photo graph, name, etc.
    - PwD Details (Optional): Mark disability, if any, by selecting the check box and enter disability percentage, upload disability certificate.
    - Relative Details: Enter relation type and relative details.
    - Address: Enter details of present ordinary residence and upload the supporting address proof.

- Declaration: Enter declaration form with valid details and tap on Done button.
- Step 5: On the preview page, check all the details entered are correct and tap on Confirm button.
- Step 6: The screen Thank you your application has been submitted successfully with referral id is displayed.
9. Filling and submitting Form 7 on behalf of electors The step for applying form 7 is given below:
- Step 1: Click on Main Menu and then tap on Forms.
- Step 2: Voter Services section opened then click on Deletion (Form 7). Voter Mitra, a digital assistance feature, assist and explain each step by providing tips, Things you Should Know, during the process of voter registration to submit correct form.
- Step 3: Electoral Search: Click on Yes I have Voter ID number option than tap on Next button.
- Step 4: Enter the applicant voter ID and tab on Fetch Details button.
- Step 5: Select the correct deletion request:
- o Request for Deletion:
    - Search the elector details against whom objection has been raised using voter ID search.
    - Verify if the details fetched is correct and tab Next button.
    - Select the reason for objection/deletion and upload supporting document for deletion.
  - o Objection on inclusion:
    - Search the elector against whom objection has been raised using name search.
    - Verify if the details fetched is correct and tab Next button.
    - Select the reason for objection/deletion and upload supporting document for deletion.
  - o Self-Deletion Request:
    - Verify if the details fetched is correct and tab Next button.
    - Select the reason for objection/deletion and upload supporting document for deletion.
- Step 6: Declaration: Enter declaration form with valid details and tap on Done button.
- Step 7: On preview page, check all the details entered are correct and tap on Confirm button.
- Step 8: The screen Thank you your application has been submitted successfully with referral id is displayed.
10. Filling and submitting Form 8 on behalf of electors
- The step for applying form 8 is given below:
- Step 1: Click on Main Menu and then tap on Forms.
- Step 2: Voter Services section opened then click on Correction of entries (Form 8). Voter Mitra, a digital assistance feature, assist and explain each step

by providing tips, Things you Should Know, during the process of voter registration to submit correct form.

- Step 3: Electoral Search: Click on Yes I have Voter ID number option than tap on Next button
- Step 4: Enter the applicant voter ID and tab on Fetch Details button.
- Step 5: Enter the following personal details and then tap on Next button
- o Aadhaar Number: Fill Aadhaar Details or tap on checkbox I am not able to furnish my Aadhar number and furnish the allowed supporting document.
  - o Personal Details: On next page, enter elector's personal details-, name, mobile number etc.
- Step 6: Choose any one of the following options mentioned below and proceed:
- o Shifting of residence address: Enter present ordinary residence with all valid details and upload the supporting address proof document.
  - o Correction of entries in existing electoral roll: Select the entries which are to be corrected and upload supporting document-Photograph, Age Proof, Change of Address.
  - o Issue of Replacement of Epic without Correction: -Select the reason for replacement of EPIC.
  - o Request for marking as Person with Disability: - Tick the appropriate box for category of disability and upload supporting document.
- Step 7: Declaration: Enter declaration form with valid details and tap on Done button.
- Step 8: On preview page, check all the details entered are correct and tap on Confirm button.
- Step 9: The screen Thank you your application has been submitted successfully with referral id is displayed.

#### 11. Filling and submitting Form 6B on behalf of electors

The step for applying form 6B is given below:

- Step 1: Click on Main Menu and then tap on Forms.
- Step 2: Voter Services section opened then click on Electoral Authentication Form (Form 6B).
- Step 3: Electoral Search: Click on "Yes I have Voter ID number" option than tap on "Next" button
- Step 4: Enter the applicant voter ID and tab on Fetch Details button.
- Step 5: Enter Aadhaar number and mobile number and then tap on "Done" button.
- Step 6: Declaration: Enter declaration form with valid details and tap on "Done" button.
- Step 7: On preview page, check all the details entered are correct and tap on "Confirm" button.
- Step 8: The screen "Thank you your application has been submitted successfully with referral id" is displayed.

## Chapter 20

# ERO NET

### 20.1 Introduction

ERO Net has been created to provide a platform to Electoral Registration Officers and other officials under them to process claims & objections received online/offline. It is a complete and foolproof network of all officials of the election machinery from the Election Commission to Chief Electoral Officers, District Election Officers, and Electoral Registration Officers all over the country for close monitoring of the enrolment process as per the schedules announced by the Election Commission. ERO Net is a web-based system which also provides quality services with regard to status of the applications submitted by the citizens/users.

### 20.2 Main functionalities of ERO Net are as given below

#### 20.2.1 Processing of claims & objections -

- (i) View dashboard for overall processing
- (ii) Digitization and scanning of claims & objections
- (iii) Assignment of part number and BLO
- (iv) Generation of checklist for Field verification
- (v) Data entry of field verification report
- (vi) Fixing of date of hearing with electors/objectors or field Re-verification
- (vii) Obtaining report from ERO of previous AC
- (viii) Sharing outcome of possible repeat entries with EROs concerned.
- (ix) Final decision by ERO – ‘Accept form’ / ‘Reject form’

#### 20.2.2 Maintenance of electoral rolls

- (i) Addition and EPIC generation
- (ii) Migration (shifting of address)
- (iii) Deletion
- (iv) Modification
- (v) Electoral Authentication Form
- (vi) Removal of Demographically Similar Entries, Discrepancies in EPICs, and Photo Similar Entries

- (vii) Generation of lists of claims & objections and MIS Formats (Format 1 - 8)

### 20.2.3 Polling Stations management

- (i) Polling station details
- (ii) GIS Location of Polling Stations
- (iii) Part and section optimisation
- (iv) AMF mapping

## 20.3 Citizen Centric Services through ERO Net- The citizens/users can get the following services by using web portal (NVSP, Voter Portal), mobile app (Voter Helpline app)

- (i) Elector needs to register/login to web portal.
- (ii) Search name in electoral roll- Elector can search his name and particulars in electoral roll, polling station details, Parliamentary Constituency wise or District wise by providing his name and relatives name or EPIC No.
- (iii) Download e-EPIC – User needs to have his/her EPIC No. to download the e-EPIC Card.
- (iv) Locate polling station- Elector can locate his polling station by providing EPIC No. or through search by name, relative name and age etc.
- (v) Know AC/BLO/Electoral Officers/Political Party Representative – User needs to enter his/her EPIC No. and the System will show the following details to user
  - BLO, AERO, ERO and DEO name and contact number
  - Assembly and Parliamentary constituency name
  - Polling (Booth) Station Details
  - Political party representative details
- (vi) Apply on-line for registration as new elector/ modification/ shifting of residence/deletion/-A user can register/modify/ shift residence/ delete/ his name online through this service. The service also gives facility of uploading of scanned copies of documents and photograph.
- (vii) Track status of application – An applicant can track his application already submitted online or know status by providing registration ID provided to him at the time of online registration.
- (viii) Details of Assured Minimum Facilities (AMF)
- (ix) Step by step Guide and legal provisions on enrolment process
- (x) Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) on enrolment process.

## 20.4 Common Process Flow in ERO Net

The basic common process flow for all the forms are listed below:

- (i) Submission of online/offline application.
- (ii) Basic validation done.
- (iii) Scanning and digitization of claims & objections and supporting documents, received offline.



- (iv) SMS sent to user/applicant. Applicant will receive notification by SMS, mentioning the details of reference number of the application and status of the application submitted.(Annexure 40)
- (v) Updation of applicant information in electoral roll will take place after 10 days, which includes 7 days' notice period from the date of submission of application.
- (vi) Even after acceptance of application by ERO, requisite action will not happen to EPIC. It can be done only after updation in E-Roll.
- (vii) SMS will be sent to user/applicant informing every status of the application submitted and ERO's decision. (Annexure 40)

#### 20.4.1 Form 6 Process Flow

The process flow for Form 6 for registration of new voter is given below:

- When form 6 lands in AERO login, the AERO will assign Part Number and Section Number and then assign it to the concerned BLO of the assigned Part Number.
- BLO conduct manual field verification in case core document is not available for date of birth and proof of address.
- Data Entry Operator upload the BLO's field verification report/checklist
- AERO verify the uploaded field verification report and after giving remarks, AERO will forward it to ERO.
- ERO will take any one of the actions listed below:
- Re-initiated, application will be re-initiated at the level of AERO or BLO whichever is marked by ERO
- Hearing, it will be directly scheduled with Applicant
- Rejection, application will be rejected with the reason of rejection.
- Accept, application will be accepted.

It is to be noted that, EPIC Number is generated only after inclusion in Electoral-Roll.

- ERO can request for Roll-Back to DEO in case of reject and accept. DEO shall provide the remarks/recommendations and can either accept or reject the request:
- Acceptance, process will be reverted a step back
- Rejection, no effect will be on Application.

#### 20.4.2 Form 6B Process Flow

Form 6B is the letter of Information of Aadhaar number for the purpose of electoral roll authentication. Form 6B can be filled by the EPIC holders for capturing of Aadhaar number.

#### 20.4.3 Form 7 Process Flow

The process flow of Form 7 for Objection for Proposed Inclusion/ Deletion of Name in Existing Electoral Roll is given below:

- User may fill form 7 for the following three purposes:
- Self-Deletion
- Request to delete name of a person already included in the current E-Roll
- Objection to proposed inclusion of name
- The request will land in AERO login. The part number, section and BLO details will be auto populated. AERO assign the request to the concerned BLO.
- BLO conduct manual field verification.
- Data Entry Operator upload the BLO's field verification report/checklist
- AERO verify the uploaded field verification report and after giving remarks, AERO will forward it to ERO.
- ERO will take any one of the actions listed below:
- Re-initiated– application will be re-initiated at the level of AERO or BLO whichever is marked by ERO
- Hearing–a hearing is directly scheduled with Applicant to hear the case.
- Reject– application will be rejected by providing the basis of rejection.
- Accept– application will be accepted. It is to be noted that EPIC information will be deleted after deletion from Electoral Roll.
- ERO can request for Roll-Back to DEO in case of reject and accept. DEO shall provide the remarks/recommendations and can either accept the request or reject.
- Acceptance– process will be reverted a step back
- Rejection– no effect will be on Application.

#### 20.4.4 Form 8 Process Flow

Elector can submit Form 8 for the following purposes-

- Shifting of residence
- Correction of entries in the existing Electoral Roll
- Issue of Replacement EPIC without correction
- Request for marking as Person with Disability

#### 20.4.5 Shifting of Residence

The process flow of Form 8 for shifting of residence is given below.

- Application is to be applied to concerned ERO of the assembly constituency in which the new address of the applicant is located.
- Application submitted will land in the AERO login of the assembly constituency where application is submitted. AERO verifies the submitted forms and the following actions may be taken up:
- In-complete–If information is in-complete, then AERO will directly mark it to ERO, in such cases, BLO verification process is skipped.

- Complete– If information is complete, then AERO will mark the form as Assign to BLO for field verification. The assigned BLO will conduct field verification and submit the field verification report to the office. The operator, then enter the field verification report and submit the same for further processing.
- Core Documents– If core document is submitted, the form is directly marked to ERO, however, if AERO wants, AERO can also assign to BLO.
- AERO verify the uploaded field verification report and after giving remarks, AERO forwards it to ERO.
- ERO can takes any one of the actions mentioned below:
- Re-initiate – the form if found irrelevant
- Schedule hearing – for clarification of details
- Reject– application will be rejected by providing the basis of rejection.
- Accept– application will be accepted.
- Once the form is accepted in the present assembly constituency (new address of the applicant), request for deletion is sent to previous assembly constituency’s ERO. Further, deletion will be done through Suo-moto deletion.

#### 20.4.6 Correction of entries in Existing Electoral Roll The process flow of Form 8 for Correction of entries in Existing Electoral Roll is given below.

- Application submitted will land in the AERO login. AERO verifies the submitted form and the following actions may be taken up:
- In-complete–If information is in-complete, then AERO will directly mark it to ERO, in such cases, BLO verification process is skipped.
- Complete– If information is complete, then AERO will mark the form as Assign to BLO for field verification. The assigned BLO will conduct field verification and submit the field verification report to the office. The operator, then enter the field verification report and submit the same for further processing.
- Core Documents– If core documentis submitted, the form is directly marked to ERO, however, if AERO wants, AERO can also assign to BLO.
- AERO verify the uploaded field verification report and after giving remarks, AERO forwards it to ERO.
- ERO can takes any one of the actions mentioned below:
- Re-initiate – the form if found irrelevant
- Schedule hearing – for clarification of details
- Reject– application will be rejected by providing the basis of rejection.
- Accept– application will be accepted.

#### 20.4.7 Issue of replacement EPIC without correction

The process flow of Form 8 for Issue of replacement of EPIC without correction is given below:

- The applicant will state the reason for request for replacement of EPIC.

The reasons can be any of the following:

- Lost
- Destroyed due to reason beyond control like floods, fire, other natural disaster etc
- Mutilated.
- Upon submission, the form goes for approval to ERO.
- ERO can take any of the below mentioned actions
- Accept – Form is accepted, and new card issued.
- Reject – Form is rejected, and no new card is issued.

#### 20.4.8 Request for marking as Person with Disability

The process flow of Form 8 for Request for marking as Person with Disability is given below:

- Applicant will provide category of disability.
- Upon submission of the form, it goes for approval to ERO.
- ERO can take any of the below mentioned actions:
  - a) Accept– elector is marked as PwD.
  - b) Reject– elector is marked as PwD.

## 20.5 DSEs, PSEs and Discrepancies in EPICs.

(i) Demographically Similar Entries (DSEs): Demographically Similar Entries are of the following types:

- Elector repeated within part (with same demographic detail).
- Elector repeated within AC (across parts with same demographic detail)
- Elector repeated across ACs in a state (across parts with same demographic detail).
- Elector repeated across ACs in the country. DSE records are shown in ERO & DEO login with photographs which are marked as matching, not matching or may be.
- Not matching entries will be flagged in UNPER.
- Matching and may be records will be field verified by BLO. Based on the field verification report, Form 7 or Form 8 will be filled and processed accordingly.

(ii) Photo Similar Entries (PSE): Same or Similar Photographs of Electors are matched using Artificial Intelligence Techniques for identification of Probable duplicates in Electoral Roll. These PSEs are generated for:

- Within Part
- Across Part within AC

(iii) Repeat EPICs

There are two types of Repeat EPICs, which are as follows: -

- Multiple EPIC Nos. issued to the same elector; and
- Multiple electors with same EPIC number.

\*Removal of DSE and PSE – Commission’s letter No. 23/2022-ERS (Vol.II)  
dated 25.07.2022

20.5.1 Procedure of removal of DSEs, PSEs and Discrepancies in EPICs:

20.5.1.1 Demographically Similar Entries (DSEs):

- (a) DSEs are thrown by software, based on electors’ demographic details such as name, relation type, relation name, gender, DOB, age (exact/plus/minus 1 year) and address.
- (b) The ERO shall login and do table top verification on his computer monitor through image comparison of each of the probable DSEs. He shall sort out such entries and put them into 3 buckets - ‘match/positive’, ‘not match/negative’ and ‘doubtful’.
- (c) In respect of probable DSEs where more than one ERO are involved, all the concerned EROs will be able to see the entries relating to their AC as well as the entries repeating in other ACs and the EROs in consultation with each other have to decide as to in which bucket the said DSE should be kept.
- (d) The ‘not match/negative’ entries shall be flagged in the database/UNPER and in future, they will no longer be treated as DSE. For the ‘match/positive’ and ‘doubtful’ cases field verification shall be done through BLO checklist and, necessary action will be taken by ERO.
- (e) In the cases of ‘verified positive DSEs and Multiple Entries, found after BLO field verification through checklists, name of the elector shall be deleted from where he is not residing after obtaining Form-7 from him. The reference number of such Form-7 shall be entered into ERO-N et. If the concerned elector refuses to submit Form-7, ERO will take necessary action for deletion of his name after following due procedure of serving notice for proposed deletion.
- (f) Deletion process of DSEs/Multiple Entries involving more than one ERO-
  - If the probable DSEs/Multiple Entries relate to ‘within part’ or ‘within AC’, necessary action shall be taken by the concerned ERO.
  - In case of probable DSEs/Multiple Entries relate to across AC in a district, DEO concerned shall coordinate with all EROs of the constituency involved.
  - Concerned DEOs shall supervise the exercise of de-duplication if the probable DSEs/Multiple Entries relate to AC across districts.
  - Similarly, in case of probable DSEs/Multiple Entries relating to ACs across states, CEOs of concerned states shall have to coordinate.
  - In event of difference of opinion between/among the EROs, field verification should invariably be done by each ERO and further action for deletion taken accordingly.
  - There may be a chance when the BLOs of different ACs may report about finding the said person ordinary residing at the given address in his part. In such case personal hearing must be fixed by the EROs to ascertain his actual place of ordinary residence.

### 20.5.1.2 Removal of Photo Similar Entries (PSEs):

#### (a) Field verification and Integration into the E-Roll of ERONET:

- The PSE list will contain both “Within Part” and “Across Part, Within AC” records of the Assembly Constituency.
- Checklists will be generated by ERO an ERONET in html format for all the PSE entries. One checklist will be generated for all the entries in the tuple.
- An option will be provided to download Form 7, pre-filled with the data for electors identified as possible cases of PSE. Form 7 will be created for all PSE entries. Form 7 is pre-filled with a reference number beginning with ‘PSE’.
- ERO will hand over the PSE checklist along with auto generated Form 7 to the BLO of the respective parts in which PSE is present.
- Signed Form 7 for duplicate entry and Form 8 for modification, collected by the BLO shall also be marked in the checklist (Yes or No).
- Filled checklist has to be entered in ERONET by the operator.
- The operator will input the reference number of the Form 7. This Form will be displayed to him, which must be submitted after reviewing the same.

#### (b) The Process flow will be as follows, and in sequence, from 1-4 as below:

##### 1) ERO Level

- ERO will be shown list of clusters of PSE on ERONET.
- ERO will be able to download each cluster’s checklist as well as Form 7 for each entry in the cluster. For example, in case of “Within AC” PSE, multiple copies of the checklist must be prepared and distributed to each BLO, so that they can perform field verification on their assigned part.

##### 2) BLO Level

- BLO will do field verification for the PSEs and complete the PSE checklist. In the case of “Within AC” PSE, multiple copies of the checklist must be prepared and will be distributed to each BLO, so that they can perform field verification on their assigned part. BLO will collect signed Forms 7 and 8 for duplicate entry and modification.

##### 3) Data Entry Operator Level

- BLO will submit field verification report of PSE (PSE Checklist) and signed Form 7 to Operator, and he will make required entry corresponding to signed Form 7 only in ERONET.

##### 4) Back to ERO Level

- ERO will view field verification report and accordingly process the forms.

### 20.5.1.3 Removal of discrepancies in EPICs: -

In case of the Multiple EPIC numbers issued to same elector, current EPIC number should be retained, and multiple entries should be removed. In cases of multiple electors with same EPIC

number, the EPIC number issued to the first elector shall be retained and all other electors will be given fresh EPIC with new EPIC numbers. The old EPICs from such electors should be collected and destroyed by cutting the same into pieces after keeping a proper record.

## 20.6 Election officials involved in ERO Net -

- (i) State Level - CEO
- (ii) District Level - DEO
- (iii) AC Level - ERO
- (iv) Election In-charge level - AERO EO
- (v) Field officer to oversee BLO activities - Supervisor
- (vi) Booth/PS Level - BLO
- (vii) Data Entry Operator

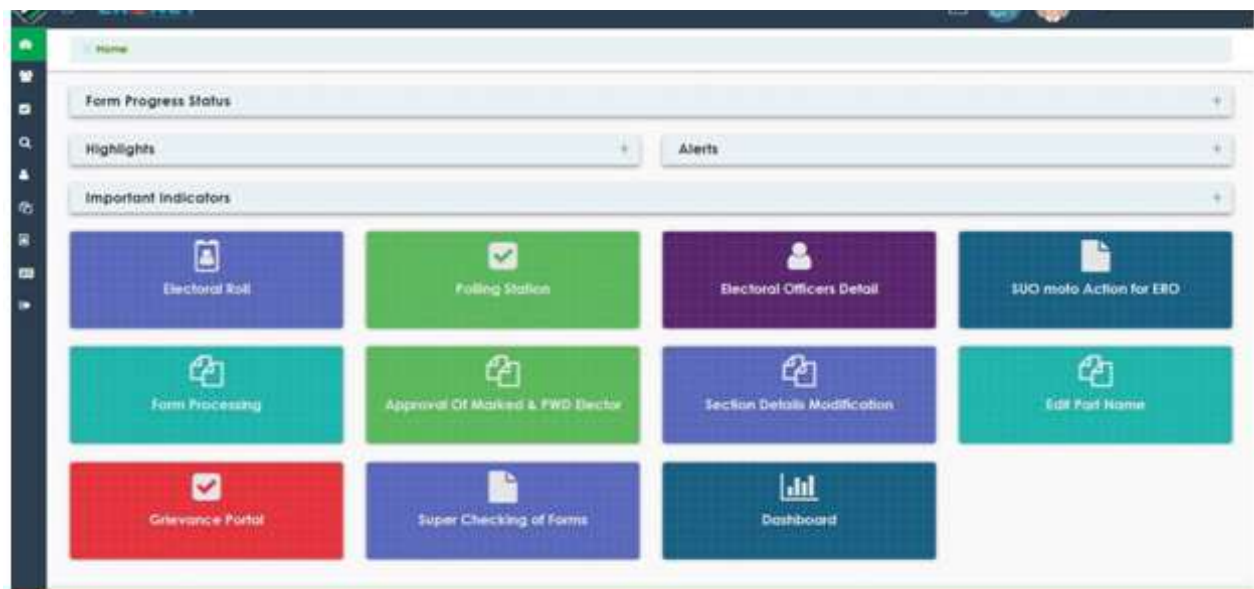
## 20.7 Roles and Responsibilities of Election Officials in ERO Net

The various officer involved in the processing of form is given below:

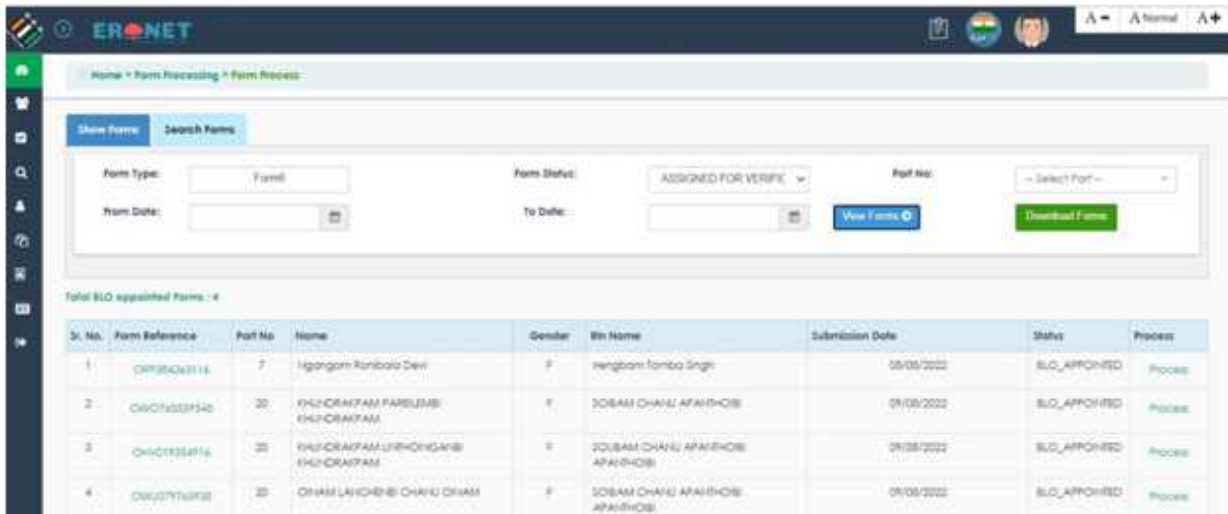
20.7.1 Electoral Registration Officer (Officer 1- Statutory Authority to dispose of claims & objections)

- (i) Accept claims & objections
- (ii) Reject claims & objections
- (iii) Schedule (fixing) hearing
- (iv) Order re-verification
- (v) Monitoring and permission of migration of entries

20.7.1.1 The home page for ERO login will be as shown below

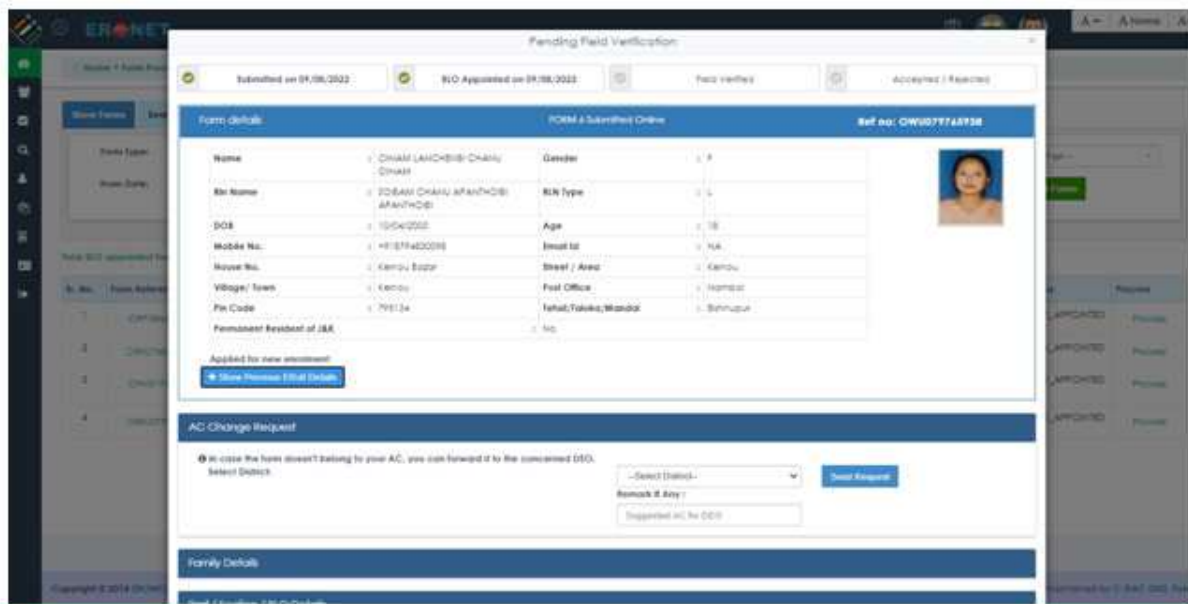


20.7.1.2 The list of claims & objections will be shown as below. A form can be searched by name/EPIC no/form reference number. The list can also be filtered by form type, form state, part no. and date range.

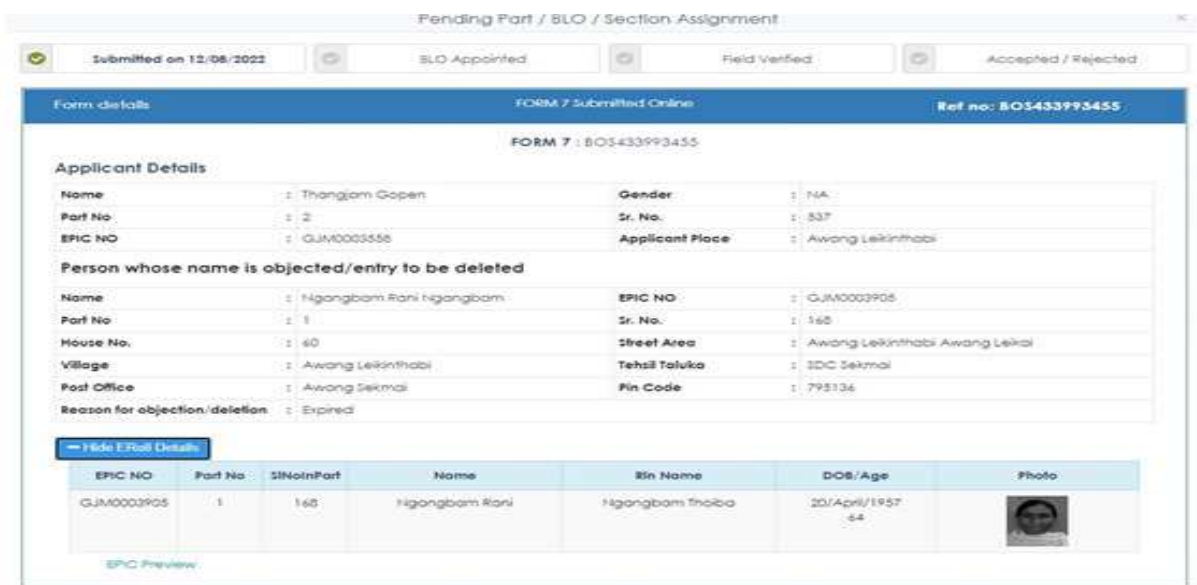


20.7.1.3 The process panel for each claim & objection will show the details of applicant/user, verification report status, BLO's remarks, AERO's remarks and buttons for taking necessary actions.

(i) Form 6 - Addition processing screen



(ii) Form 7 - Deletion processing screen





(iii) Form 8 - Modification processing screen

Pending Field Verification

Submitted on 18/06/2022    BLO Appointed on 11/06/2022    Field Verified    Accepted / Rejected

Form details    FORM 8 Submitted Online    Ref no: OGG473794323

FORM 8 : OGG473794323

Name : Souborn Raj  
Male 20/SAM

Part No : 8    St. No. : 121

DOB : 30/03/1993    Age : 29    Mobile No. : +91962116543    Email ID : raj.souborn18@gmail.com

Photo Not Available

The correct particulars in entry to be corrected

Name	Raj Souborn	Gender	M
St. No.		St. No.	121
DOB	30/03/1993	Age	29
Street / Area		Village/ Town	
Post Office		Pin Code	

Part / Section / BLO Details

Part : 1-Pattangbam Khuden    BLO Name : Pt. Shumal Singh

Section Details : 1-Awang Pattangbam Khuden Awang Lekal

20.7.1.4 Shifting of Residence (within AC)

Field verified, please Accept / Reject form

Submitted on 01/08/2022    BLO Appointed on 04/08/2022    Field Verified on 09/08/2022    Accepted / Rejected

Form details    FORM 8 Submitted Offline    Ref no: EID802184212

FORM 8 : EID802184212

Details of person whose entry to be transposed

Name	Thounaojam Inoabi Devi		
Mobile		Email ID	
Street / Area	1(A), Awang Lekinthabi Awang Lekal	Village/ Town	Awang Lekinthabi
Post Office	5ekmal	Pin Code	795136
Previous Part No.	4	Previous Sr. No.	292
		EPIC NO	GJ/M0348938

Part / Section / BLO Details

Part : 1-Awang Lekinthabi    BLO Name : Th. Gopen Singh

Section No. : 1-Awang Lekinthabi Awang Lekal

Electors count for selected part is within limit. Electors count : 712

### 20.7.1.5 Shifting of Residence (across AC)

Pending Part / BLO / Section Assignment

Submitted on 09/08/2022    BLO Appointed    Field Verified    Accepted / Rejected


---

**Form details**      FORM 8 Submitted Online      Ref no: ORH840964716

**FORM 8 : ORH840964716**

**Details of person whose entry to be transposed**

<b>Name</b> :	Mayanglambam Kundalata		
<b>Mobile</b> :	+919612543474	<b>Email ID</b> :	
<b>Street / Area</b> :	151, Tendongyan Makha Leikai	<b>Village/ Town</b> :	Tendongyan
<b>Post Office</b> :	Manipukhri	<b>Pin Code</b> :	795002
<b>Previous Part No</b> :	25	<b>Previous Sr. No.</b> :	57
		<b>EPIC NO</b> :	LH50145649




**Applied for migration across AC**  
 State : 514 - Manipur      AC : 16 - Sakmai      Prev. EPIC : LH50145649      [Send Deletion Request](#)  
 Place : Tendongyan Makha Leikai

**AERO-Name** : Ranjan      **AERO-Number** : 7005058220

**Ref No of Corresponding Form7** :

**EPIC Preview**

EPIC NO	Part No	SINoinPart	Name	Rin Name	DOB/Age	Photo
LH50145649	25	57	Mayanglambam Kundalata	(L) Mayanglambam Anoubi	02/January/1989 32	

### 20.7.1.6 Deletion requests due to Shifting of Residence from other ERO

**ERONET**      Home > ERO Make Action > Removal of permanently Enrolled

Show Forms    Search Forms

Start Date:    End Date:    Notice Status: Generated    [View Forms](#)

**List of Form7 of migration case**

Total Forms : 1

Sr.No.	Date	Ref No	AC No	Part No	SINO No	EPIC No	ACTION
1	08-08-2022	E1X790864238	17	11	34	GVK6032074	Notice Delivered <a href="#">Delete From ER</a>

### 20.7.1.7 Monitoring Progress (Dashboard)

**Form Progress Status**

Form Date Range (MM/DD/YYYY) 01/01/2017 - 01/01/2017

Form	FormA	FormB	FormC	FormD	FormE	FormA
Form Received	17	0	2,242	0	40	0
Completed	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assigned for Verification	1	0	0	0	1	0
Verified	0	0	0	0	12	0
Resign Scheduled	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rejected	0	0	0	0	0	0
Accepted	0	0	0	1	20	0
Not Updated	0	0	0	1	20	0

Buttons: [Form Received](#), [New Orders](#), [Form Status](#)

Export to csv

---

**Highlights**

Detail	Status
Total Received	20,231
Male	13,227
Female	14,823
Red Gender	1
RTG	10,015

**Alerts**

Detail	Status
Form pending beyond 7 days	1
Form pending beyond 15 days	0
Form pending beyond 30 days	0
Form pending beyond 45 days	0
Form pending beyond 60 days	0

### 20.7.1.8 Generation of EPIC No.

New EPIC no. will be generated in case of additions.

Home > Form Processing > Form Received

Show Forms Search Forms

Form Type:  Form Status:  Ref No:

From Date:  To Date:

Show Not Updated Forms  DELIVERY REQUEST FROM BRG

[View Forms](#)

Total Accepted Forms : 2074

Sr. No.	Form Reference	Ref No	Name	Gender	En Name	Submission Date	SWO Order Date	Status	Process	Action
1	0018328114	30	LADHAMA PRYALASA DEVI	F	LADHAMA RADHAKRISHN SINGH	21/11/2017	19/12/2017	ACCEPTED	View	EPIC Generated
2	0011170440	24	Mahesh Babuburni Chenu	F	Mahesh Babuburni Mehe	24/12/2017	18/12/2017	ACCEPTED	View	EPIC Generated
3	0014014813	2	Wahngam Sanath Singh	MA	W. Jamba Singh	24/12/2017	18/12/2017	ACCEPTED	View	EPIC Generated
4	0104800010	1	Hinghujam Sit Singh	MA	Hinghujam Man Singh	24/12/2017	18/12/2017	ACCEPTED	View	EPIC Generated
5	0012278748	2	Goran Ngangom	M	Ngangom Jit Singh	24/12/2017	18/12/2017	ACCEPTED	View	EPIC Generated
6	010481740	3	Angam Handiani Devi	F	Angam Chawankhanda Singh	24/12/2017	18/12/2017	ACCEPTED	View	EPIC Generated
7	001400070	4	Hinghujam Sanath Singh	F	Hinghujam Wahng Singh	24/12/2017	18/12/2017	ACCEPTED	View	EPIC Generated
8	0104821190	4	Leichombam Anukumar Singh	MA	Leichombam Jagan Singh	24/12/2017	18/12/2017	ACCEPTED	View	EPIC Generated

### 20.7.1.9 Request for Issue of replacement EPIC without correction

FORMS DETAILS			
Name	Sailem Rajmani Singh	Gender	NA
MobileNo	+919832495100	EmailId	sobenarosingh@gmail.com
EpicNo	GJM0189332		

EROLL DETAILS			
Name	Sailem Rajmani Singh	Gender	M
KinName	Sailem Jugeshwar Singh	RINType	F
DOB	01/04/1985 00:00:00	Age	36
MobileNo		EmailId	
HouseNo	18	StreetArea	Lamsang Thong Maring
Village	Lamsang Thong Maring	PostOffice	Lamsang
PinCode	795146	EpicNumber	GJM0189332
Part Number	34	Serial Number In Part	592

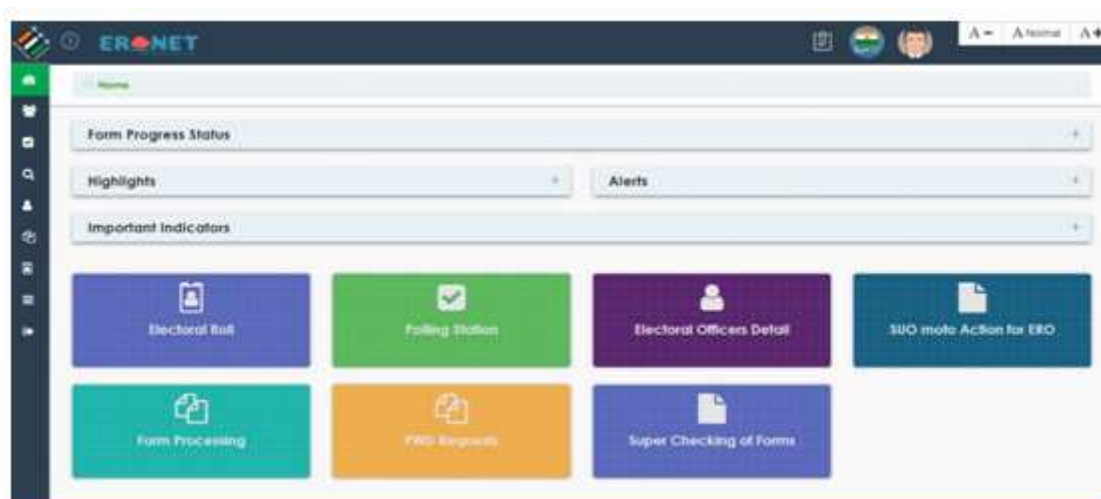
  

ACTION	
<a href="#">Accept</a>	<a href="#">Reject</a>

### 20.7.2 Assistant Electoral Registration Officer/ (Officer 2 (Incharge of elections in Tehsildar office)

- (i) Assignment of Part/PS and BLO.
- (ii) Checklist generation.
- (iii) Sending request for simultaneous deletion to ERO of earlier AC.
- (iv) Scrutiny of BLO's/supervisors verification reports.
- (v) Submission of verification reports with comments to ERO for final decision.

#### 20.7.2.1 AERO Home page



### 20.7.2.2 BLO Check list – Deletion

ERONET

Name > Form Processing > Form Process

Show Forms Search Forms

Form Type: Form Form Status: SUBMITTED Part No: -- Select Part --

Form Date: To Date: View Forms

Total Submitted Forms : 5

Sr. No.	Form Reference	Name	Gender	Bn Name	Submission Date	Status	Process
1	OHV55408233	KHENDRAPAM CHAOBA DEVI KHENDRAPAM	F	KHENDRAPAM NAOBA SINGH KHENDRAPAM NAOBA SINGH	09/05/2022	SUBMITTED	Process
2	OHV42404723	LASHRAM BANTA DEVI LASHRAM	F	NGANOOM JACK SINGH JACK	09/05/2022	SUBMITTED	Process
3	OHV1952445	HADJAM ALDH SINGH HADJAM	M	HADJAM KHAMBA SINGH	09/05/2022	SUBMITTED	Process
4	OHU244936795	WAROKPAM NAOBA SINGH WAROKPAM	M	WAROKPAM BOCHOUBA SINGH WAROKPAM BOCHOUBA SINGH	09/05/2022	SUBMITTED	Process
5	OHAA230723708	WAROKPAM BECHA DEVI WAROKPAM BECHA DEVI	F	WAROKPAM TEXTE DEVI TEXTE	09/05/2022	SUBMITTED	Process

### 20.7.2.3 AERO Form process panel

**Print Checklist**

Form Number: EL352474903      State: S14 - Manipur      District: 1 - Imphal West      AC: 17-Lansang  
 Form S : Fresh Inclusion      Part: 1 - Awang Leikinhabo  
 Form Type: Offline      Section No.: 1 - Awang Leikinhabo Awang Leike  
 Form Submission date : 06/04/2022 16:21:50

Name : Lashram Manu Devi / লেখরাম মানু দেবি      Gender : Female  
 Bn Name : Lashram Binul Singh / লেখরাম বিনুল সিং      RLN Type : Husband  
 DOB : 15/11/1975      Age : 43  
 Mobile No. : +919802591952      Email Id : NA  
 Street / Area : 26/A Awang Leikinhabo / ২৬ বিনুল লেখরাম      Village/ Town : Awang Leikinhabo / লেখরাম বিনুল  
 Post Office : Selma / ডিফ্রাই      Pin Code : 795136

**Demographically similar entries**

No Similar Records Found

**Checklist for BLO Designated Officer**

Field Verification      Address      DOB/AGE      Photo as per Specification [Y/N]

If age is greater than 21, has applicant given declaration [Y/N]       Absent       Shifted       Dead       No Such Person

On field visit Applicant is found

No of Application already applied

BLO Comments

Applicant Details are Verified & Correct:       Data entry errors, if any:

Corrections, if any

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ DOB/AGE: \_\_\_\_\_ Gender: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Bn Name: \_\_\_\_\_ RLN Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
 House No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Street / Area: \_\_\_\_\_ Village/ Town: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Post Office: \_\_\_\_\_  
 District: \_\_\_\_\_ Pin Code: \_\_\_\_\_

Remarks: \_\_\_\_\_

### 20.7.2.4 BLO Check list – Deletion

<b>Print Checklist</b> Form Number: BC543390455 Form 7 Form Source: Online Form Submission date: 00/12/2022 11:40:07		State: 514 - Manipur District: 1 - Imphal West AC: 17 - Lamsang Elector Partho: 1 - Awang Lakshathi Applicant Partho: 2 - Awang Lakshathi		
<b>Details of person whose entry to be deleted</b> Details provided in the form Name: Ngangthem Rani Ngangthem Part No: 1 EPIC Number: GJM000905 Sr. No: 108 Details fetched from ERoll Name: Ngangthem Rani Age: 64 Gender: F Rn Name: Ngangthem Thoba RLN Type: H House No.: NA Reason for objection/deletion: Expired				
<b>Applicant's details</b> Details provided in the form Name: Thangjam Oopen Part No: 2 Mobile No.: +919862347794 EPIC Number: GJM000858 Sr. No: 537 Email Id: NA Details fetched from ERoll Name: Thangjam Oopen Age: 48 Gender: M Rn Name: (S) Chakoba RLN Type: F				
<b>Checklist for BLO Designated Officer</b> On field visit Applicant is found: <input type="checkbox"/> Absent / Permanently Shifted <input type="checkbox"/> Underage <input type="checkbox"/> Dead <input type="checkbox"/> Already Enrolled <input type="checkbox"/> Not Indian Citizen BLO Comments: Applicant Details are Verified & Correct <input type="checkbox"/> Objections <input type="checkbox"/>				

### 20.7.2.5 BLO Check list - Modification

<b>Print Checklist</b> Form Number: OWS19485053 Form 8 Form Type: Online Form Submission date: 06/01/2022 15:15:34		State: 514 - Manipur District: 3 - Bishnupur AC: 25 - 25 - Oivani Part: 34 - Toulul (B) Section No.: NA	
<b>Details provided in the form</b> Name: Thokchom Gitarani Devi / thokchom gitarani devi Part No: 34 - S4NolePart : 597 EPIC NO: KPV0225649 Mobile No.: +919875297077 Email Id: NA Details fetched from ERoll Name: Thokchom Gitarani Devi / thokchom gitarani devi Age: 37 DOB: NA EPIC NO: KPV0225649 Gender: F Rn Name: Thokchom Joy Singh / thokchom joy singh RLN Type: H House No.: NA Street / Area: NA Village/ Town: NA Post Office: NA Pin Code: NA			
<b>CorrectedDetails</b> Name: Thoodam Gietarani Devi / thoodam gietarani devi Gender: -- Rn Name: Naorem Joy Singh / naorem joy singh RLN Type: -- DOB: 01/03/1960 Age: 36 House No.: NA Street / Area: -- Village/ Town: -- Post Office: -- Pin Code: -- Tehsil/ Taluka/Mandal/ Thana: -- Mobile No.: -- Photo Not Available			
<b>Checklist for BLO Designated Officer</b> Field Verification: Name <input type="checkbox"/> Rn Name <input type="checkbox"/> Date of birth <input type="checkbox"/> On field visit Applicant is found: <input type="checkbox"/> Absent <input type="checkbox"/> Shifted <input type="checkbox"/> Dead <input type="checkbox"/> No Such Person			

### 20.7.2.6 BLO Check list – Shifting of Residence (within AC)

Form Number: B/060216C12  
Form Br: Form Type: Office  
Form Submission date: 30/04/2022 15:42:15


State: S14 - Manipur  
District: 1 - Imphal West  
AC: 17/Lansang  
Part: 1 - Aawng Lakshathi Aawng Lelak  
Section No.: 1 - Aawng Lakshathi Aawng Lelak

**Details of person whose entry to be transposed**

Details provided in the form

Name	Thounzaph Hmaw Dai / Thounzaph Hmaw Dai	EPIC Number	NA
Part	1	Sr. No.	0
Mobile No.	NA	Email id	NA

Details fetched from EPIC: No Details Found



**The address where the applicant has shifted**

House No.	NA / NA	Street / Area	Aawng Lakshathi Aawng Lelak / Imphal West / Imphal West
Village / Town	Aawng Lakshathi / Imphal West	Post Office	Sanaol / Imphal West
Pin Code	798136		
State / Part No.	NA		

**Checklist for BLO Designated Officer**

Field Verification:  Address  DOB/AGE  Photo as per Specification (Y/N)

On field visit Applicant is found:  Absent  Differ  Dead  No Such Person

No of Application already applied:

BLO Comments: Applicant Details are Verified & Correct  Date entry wrong, if any:

Remarks: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Place: \_\_\_\_\_  
Applicant's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
BLO Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

### 20.7.2.7 BLO Check list – Shifting of Residence (across AC)

Form Number: B/04460152  
Form Br: Form Type: Office  
Form Submission date: 30/04/2022 16:28:38

State: S14 - Manipur  
District: 1 - Imphal West  
AC: 17/Lansang  
Part: 1 - Aawng Lakshathi  
Section No.: 1 - Aawng Lakshathi Aawng Lelak

Name: Kangantham Hmaw Dai / Kangantham Hmaw Dai  
Rk Name: Kangantham Hmaw Dai / Kangantham Hmaw Dai  
DOB: 21/03/1984  
Mobile No: 997486464  
Street / Area: 127 Aawng Lakshathi Aawng Lelak / 127 Aawng Lakshathi Aawng Lelak  
Post Office: Sanaol / Imphal West

Gender: Female  
R/N Type: Other  
Age: 37  
Email id: NA  
Village / Town: Aawng Lakshathi / Imphal West  
Pin Code: 798136



**Demographically similar entries**

EPIC Number	Name	Rk Name	R/N Type	Address	Applicant's Remarks	Photo
B/04460152	Kangantham Hmaw Dai / Kangantham Hmaw Dai	Kangantham Hmaw Dai / Kangantham Hmaw Dai	0	S. Vanaol...	is My Photo (Yes/No) Has Load here (Yes/No)	

**Checklist for BLO Designated Officer**

Field Verification:  Address  DOB/AGE  Photo as per Specification (Y/N)

If Age is greater than 21, has applicant given declaration (Y/N):  Absent  Differ  Dead  No Such Person

On field visit Applicant is found:  Absent  Differ  Dead  No Such Person

No of Application already applied:

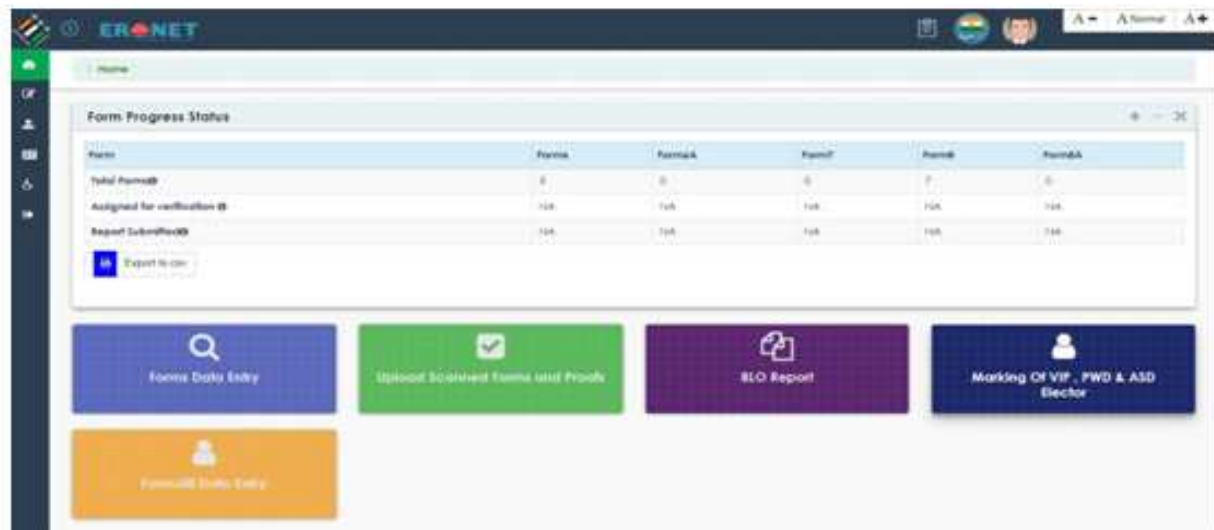
BLO Comments: Applicant Details are Verified & Correct  Date entry wrong, if any:

Corrections, if any: Name \_\_\_\_\_ DOB/AGE \_\_\_\_\_ Gender \_\_\_\_\_

### 20.7.3 Data Entry Operator (Officer 43)

- (i) Data entry of offline forms to digitize it
- (ii) Upload scanned documents
- (iii) Enter BLO field verification report
- (iv) Upload scanned copy of corrected applications and additional support documents collected by BLO.
- (v) Data entry of corrections.

#### 20.7.3.1 Data Entry Home page



#### 20.7.3.2 BLO Report Entry

Field Verification Report Submission

Form details FORM & Submitted Online Ref no: OWU079763938

Name	: CHIAM LANCHIBI CHANG DIAM	Gender	: F
Rin Name	: SOEM CHAMU APANTHOB APANTHOB	RIN type	: L
DOB	: 10/04/2003	Age	: 18
Mobile No.	: 871400000	Email Id	: NA
House No.	: Kainou Sagar	Street / Area	: Kainou
Village/Town	: Kainou	Post Office	: Nambal
Pin Code	: 795134	Tehsil/Taluka/Mandal	: Bishnubur

Permanent Resident of J&K : No

Applied for new enrolment

Field Verification report

Field Verification Completion Date: Not available

Report 1

Demographically Matching Records

Field Verification

On field visit Applicant is found

No of Application already applied

BLO Comments

Remarks

Submit



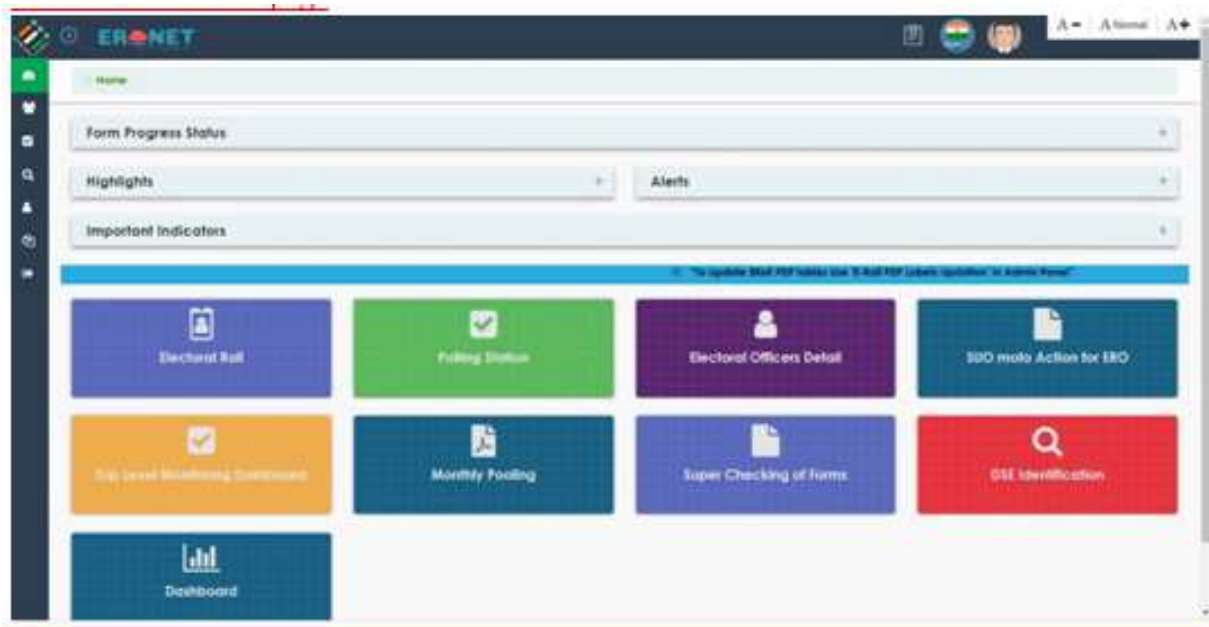
### 20.7.3.3 Upload scanned copy of corrected applications and documents collected by BLO

### 20.7.3.4 Data entry of corrections

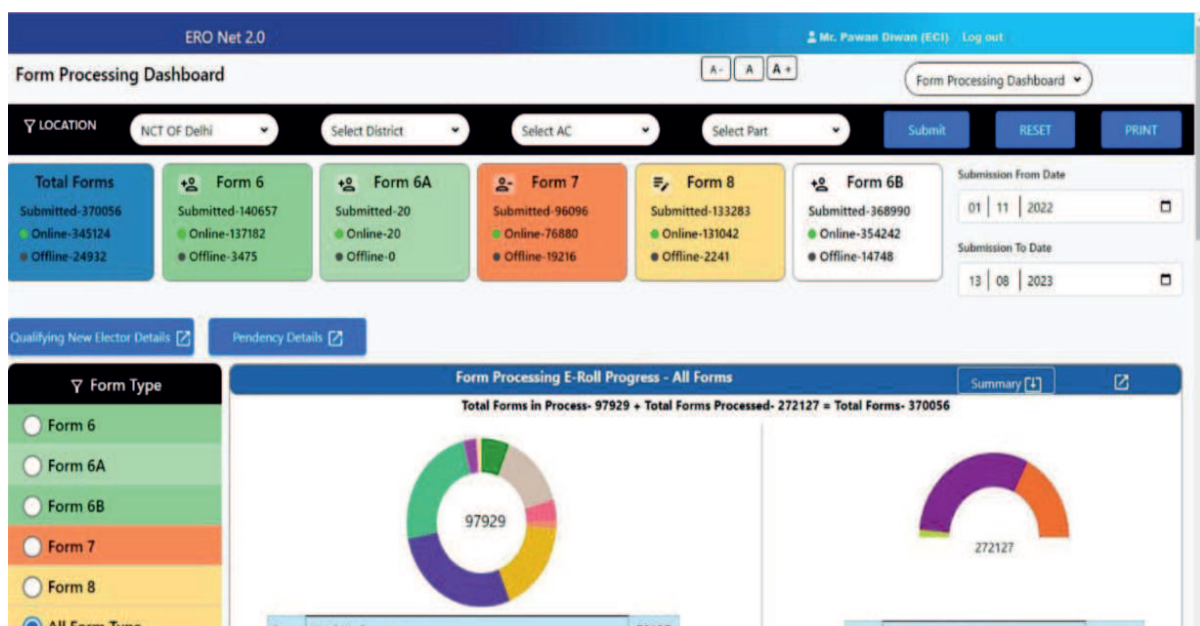
## 20.7.4 Chief Electoral Officer (CEO)

- Monitoring and periodically review the progress of form processing
- Review the Electoral Details of the State
- Review the Polling Station Details of the State
- DSE identification

### 20.7.4.1 CEO Home page



### 20.7.4.2 Monitoring Progress (Dashboard)



### 20.7.4.3 Electoral Roll Details

Home > Electoral Roll Details

Electors: DSE

Gender Ratio: 50%

Age Cohort

	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-89	90-94	95-99	100+	TOTAL
Census	81,148	4,70,790	3,21,284	3,25,799	1,48,870	99,278	46,721	22,731	12,111	6,111	3,111	1,611	811	411	211	111	61	31	14,14,240	
Youth	22,727	4,28,812	4,15,402	3,91,274	2,98,934	1,66,880	97,888	57,888	32,714	16,241	8,111	4,111	2,111	1,111	611	311	161	81	11,62,474	
Difference in Youth	-58,421	-4,24,100	-4,00,318	-3,72,074	-2,71,744	-1,68,110	-91,367	-55,174	-24,603	-12,123	-6,000	-3,000	-1,500	-700	-300	-150	-70	-30	-1,47,034	
Total	81,475	4,75,502	3,25,686	3,35,073	1,48,870	99,278	46,721	22,731	12,111	6,111	3,111	1,611	811	411	211	111	61	31	14,28,714	
Difference in Total	-2,327	-4,05,290	-4,00,318	-3,91,274	-2,98,934	-1,66,880	-97,888	-57,888	-32,714	-16,241	-8,111	-4,111	-2,111	-1,111	-611	-311	-161	-81	-1,47,034	
18 Date	18,799	4,39,726	3,30,262	3,91,187	2,99,491	1,64,713	94,471	53,432	28,432	14,432	7,432	3,432	1,742	842	442	242	142	72	14,47,304	
Difference on 18 Today	-18,200	-4,39,726	-3,30,262	-3,91,187	-2,99,491	-1,64,713	-94,471	-53,432	-28,432	-14,432	-7,432	-3,432	-1,742	-842	-442	-242	-142	-72	-1,47,034	

Export to CSV

Format to YR

### 20.7.4.4 Polling Station Details

- 
- Home > Polling Station Details
- Polling Station Details
  - Polling Station with Section Details
  - Rural & Urban Polling Stations With Elector Count
  - Improved Maps
  - Required Minimum Facility
  - Enhanced Minimum Facility
  - Provisional Polling Station Details

20.7.4.5 DSE Identification – The identification of DSE will be carried by the CEO of respective States and UTs.

Home > DSE Identification

DSE Identification History

Sr. No.	Initiated Date	Completed Date	Initiated DSE Count	Current DSE Count
1	21-08-2022 07:04:08	21-08-2022 08:00:04	34	38
2	19-08-2022 16:11:24	19-08-2022 16:00:22	30	34
3	18-08-2022 12:44:38	18-08-2022 15:00:22	18	22
4	14-08-2022 08:32:42	14-08-2022 09:00:24	12	16
5	12-08-2022 11:04:41	12-08-2022 12:00:21	20	24
6	10-08-2022 11:04:44	10-08-2022 12:00:24	8	12
7	09-08-2022 19:22:13	09-08-2022 15:24:26	2	6
8	02-08-2022 08:41:32	02-08-2022 09:00:24	4	8
9	01-08-2022 16:40:26	01-08-2022 16:00:22	4	8
10	31-07-2022 16:24:28	31-07-2022 11:00:22	6	6

Export to CSV

Initiate DSE Identification

Status : Currently no DSE Identification is initiated or running.

Format to YR

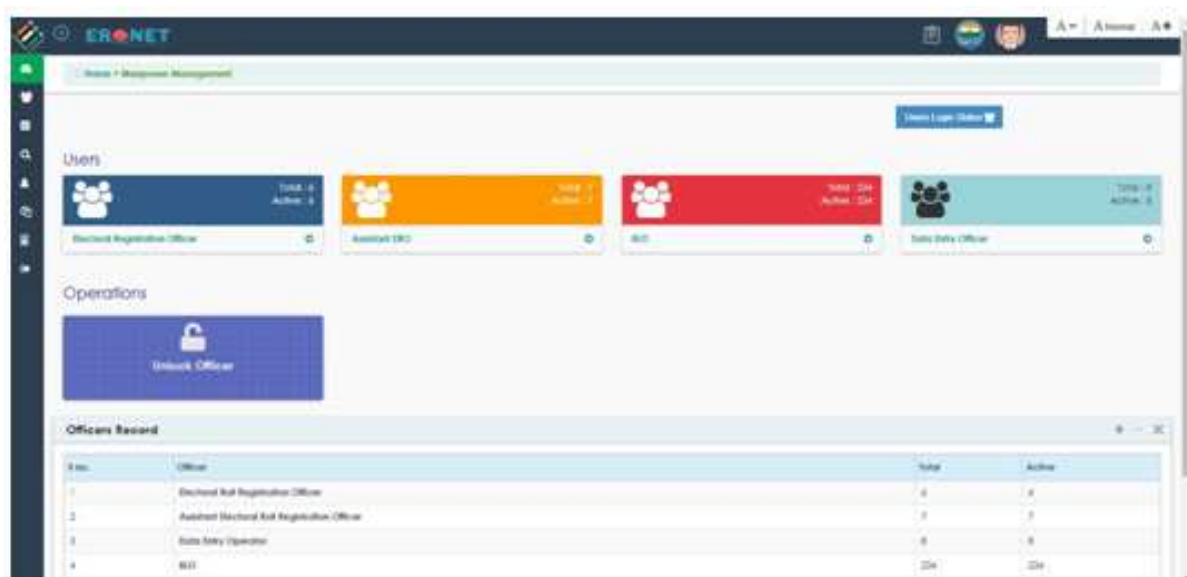
## 20.7.5 District Electoral Officer (DEO)

- Monitoring and periodically review the progress of form processing
- Management of AC level Users
- Review the Electoral Details of the District
- Review the Polling Station Details w.r.t improved maps, AMF etc.

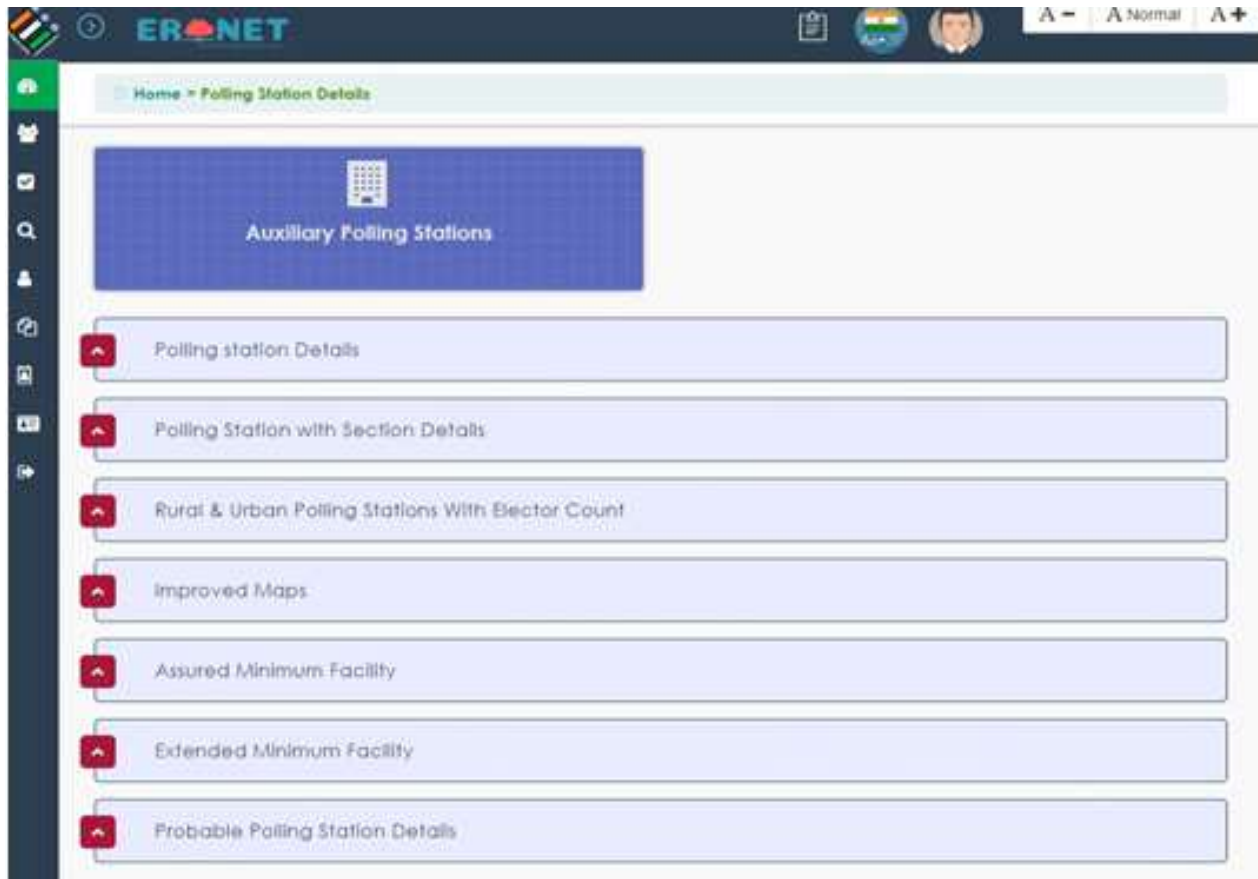
### 20.7.5.1 DEO Home page



20.7.5.2 Management of logins - The management (creation, modification, deletion) of all users of any AC (i.e. upto AC level) can be done by District Electoral Officers (DEO) from the Manpower Management module.



20.7.5.3 Polling Station details - The status and details of Polling station like maps, AMF, EMF etc can viewed from the Polling Stations Details module.



**SECTION – VIII**  
**PREPARATION AND REVI-**  
**SION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS**  
**FOR COUNCIL CONSTITUEN-**  
**CIES**

CHAPTER 21  
CONSTITUTIONAL & LEGAL FRAMEWORK OF  
LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS

CHAPTER 22  
ADMINISTRATIVE MACHINERY AND OTHER KEY FEAT-  
URES RELATING TO PREPARATION AND REVISION  
OF ELECTORAL ROLLS FOR COUNCIL CONSTITUEN-  
CIES

CHAPTER 23  
PREPARATION AND REVISION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS  
FOR COUNCIL CONSTITUENCIES



## Chapter 21

# Constitutional & Legal Framework of Legislative Councils

## 21 Introduction

At present States of Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Bihar, Karnataka, Maharashtra and Uttar Pradesh, have Legislative Councils in addition to the Legislative Assemblies.

21.1. The total number of members in the Legislative Council of a State having such a Council shall not exceed one-third of the total number of members in the Legislative Assembly of that State, provided that the total number of members in the Legislative Council shall, in no case, be less than forty.

21.1.1 The allocation of seats in the Legislative Council of Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Bihar, Karnataka, Maharashtra and Uttar Pradesh is given in Annexure 41.





- 21.1.2 Members of the Legislative Council are elected from 3 types of electors – MLAs of the Legislative Assembly elects some members and the remaining are elected by Local Authorities representatives, graduates and teachers for which Legislative Council constituencies are carved out by the President. The elections to the State Legislative Councils from Council Constituencies as well as by MLAs shall be held in accordance with the system of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote.
- 21.1.3 For the purpose of elections to the Legislative Council of a State in any Local Authorities' Constituency, the electorate shall consist of members of the local authorities exercising jurisdiction in any place or area within the limits of that Constituency as are specified in relation to that State in Annexure 42.
- 21.1.4 The President has already determined the territorial constituencies into which each State having a Legislative Council shall be divided for the purpose of elections to that Council by the Local Authorities', Graduates and Teachers' Constituencies, the extent of each such Constituency and the allocated number of each such category of council constituencies. The President may, from time to time, after consulting the Election Commission, by an order alter or amend any order made by him for the delimitation of Council Constituencies.
- 21.1.5 The number of seats to be filled by persons elected by MLAs and from Graduates', Teachers' and Local Authorities' Constituencies and by nomination is also indicated in the aforesaid Annexure 46.
- 21.1.6 Legislative Council of a State shall not be subject to dissolution, but as nearly as possible one-third of the members there of shall retire as soon as may be on the expiration of every second year in accordance with the provisions made in that behalf by Parliament by law.
- 21.1.7 The Parliament may, by law, provide for abolition of Legislative Council of a State having such a Council or for creation of such a Council in a State having no such Council, if the Legislative Assembly of the State passes a resolution to that effect by a majority of total membership of the Assembly and by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the members of the Assembly present and voting.

## 21.2 Constitutional Provisions

- 21.2.1 As per clause (3) of Article 171 of the Constitution of India, the composition of the Legislative Council of a State will be as under:-
- 21.2.2 As nearly as may be, one-third of the total members shall be elected by electorates consisting of members of municipalities district boards and such other local authorities in the State as Parliament may, by law, specify;
- 21.2.3 As nearly as may be, one-twelfth of the total members shall be elected by electorates consisting of persons residing in the State who have been for at least three years graduates of any university in the territory of India or have been for at least three years in possession of qualifications prescribed by or under any law made by Parliament as equivalent to that of a graduate of any such university;
- 21.2.4 As nearly as may be, one-twelfth of the total members shall be elected by electorates consisting of persons who have been for at least three years engaged in teaching in such educational institutions within the State, not lower in standard than that of a secondary school, as may be prescribed by or under any law made by Parliament;
- 21.2.5 As nearly as may be, one-third of the total members shall be elected by the members of the Legislative Assembly of the State from amongst persons who are not members of the Assembly:

- 21.2.6 The remainder of the total members shall be nominated by the Governor and shall consist of persons having special knowledge or practical experience in respect of such matters as the following: -Literature, Science, Art, Co-operative Movement and Social Services is clear from the above, that there are three types of constituencies of Legislative Councils for which electoral rolls are prepared. These are: -
- (i) Local Authorities' Constituency
  - (ii) Graduates' Constituency
  - (iii) Teachers' Constituency
- 21.2.8 For election to Legislative Council by MLAs, the list of such MLAs needs to be kept updated and the same is used as electoral roll for the election. This list should include the name of the nominated members, if any, of the Legislative Assembly.

### 21.3 Legal Provisions

- 21.3.1 The relevant legal provisions for preparation and revision of electoral rolls for Legislative Council are provided in Sections 27 of Representation of the People Act, 1950 and Rules 30 and 31 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960.
- 21.3.2 Local Authorities' Constituencies–According to Section 27 (2) (a) of Representation of the People Act, 1950 the electorate shall consist of members of such local authorities exercising jurisdiction in any place or area within the limits of that constituency as are specified in relation to that State in the Fourth Schedule of the said Act.
- 21.3.2.1 Clause (b) of Section 27 (2) provides that every member of each such local authority within a Local Authorities' constituency shall be entitled to be registered in the electoral roll
- 21.3.2.2 Clause(d) of Section27(2) provides that in order to enable the Electoral Registration Officer to maintain the electoral roll corrected up-to-date, the chief executive officer of every local authority (by whatever designation such officer maybe known) shall immediately inform the Electoral Registration Officer about every change in the membership of that local authority and the Electoral Registration Officer shall, on receipt of the information , strike off from the electoral roll the names of persons who have ceased to be, and include therein the names of persons who have become, members of the local authority.
- 21.3.2.3 Clause (e) of Section 27 (2) provides that the provisions of Sections 15,16, 18, 22 and 23 of Representation of the People Act, 1950 shall applying relation to Local Authorities constituency as they apply in relation to assembly constituencies.
- 21.3.2.4 Rule 30 (1) of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 provides that the roll for every Local Authorities constituency shall be prepared and maintained in such form, manner and language as the Election Commission may direct.
- 21.3.2.5 Rule 26 [except sub-rules (3) and (4)] and Rule 27of Registration of Electors Rules,1960 shall apply in relation to Local Authorities constituency as they apply in relation to assembly constituencies provided that an application for inclusion of name in the roll of Local Authorities Constituency shall be made in Form-17 (Annexure 21)
- 21.3.3 Graduates' Constituencies–According to Section 27(5)(a) of Representation of the PeopleAct,1950, a person must fulfil the following conditions for being entitled to be registered in electoral roll of a Graduates' Constituency –
- 21.3.3.1 Should be ordinarily resident in the Graduates' Constituency.

- 21.3.3.2 Should have, for at least three years before the qualifying date, been either a graduate of a University in the territory of India or in possession of any of the qualifications specified under clause(a)of sub-section (3) of Section 27 of Representation of the People Act, 1950, by the State Government concerned as qualifications which shall be deemed to be equivalent to that of a graduate of a University in the territory of India.
- 21.3.3.3 Section 27 (6) of Representation of the People Act, 1950 stipulates that the qualifying date shall be the 1st day of November of the year in which the preparation or revision of the electoral rolls is commenced.
- 21.3.3.4 The provisions of Sections 15,16,18,21,22 and 23 of Representation of the People Act, 1950 shall apply in relation to Graduates' Constituency as they apply in relation to assembly constituencies.
- 21.3.3.5 Rule 31 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 provides that the roll for every Graduates' Constituency shall be prepared in such form, manner and language as the Election Commission may direct.
- 21.3.3.6 The provisions of Rules 10 to 27 except clause (c) of sub-rule (1) and clause (c) of sub-rule (2) of Rule 13 of Registration of Electors Rules,1960 shall apply in relation to Graduates' Constituency as they apply in relation to assembly constituencies. The claim application for inclusion in the roll of a Graduates' Constituency shall be made in Form 18.(Annexure22)
- 21.3.4 Teachers' Constituencies-
- 21.3.4.1 According to Section 27 (5) (b) of Representation of the People Act,1950, a person must fulfil the following conditions for being entitled to be registered in electoral roll of a Teachers' Constituency-
- 21.3.4.2 Should be ordinarily resident in the Teachers' Constituency
- 21.3.4.3 Within the six years immediately before the qualifying date, for a total period of at least three years, should have been engaged in teaching in any of the educational institutions specified under clause (b) of sub section (3) of Section 27 of Representation of the People Act, 1950 by the State Government concerned as educational institutions within the State not lower in standard than that of a secondary school.
- 21.3.4.4 Section 27 (6) of Representation of the People Act, 1950 stipulates that the qualifying date shall be the 1st day of November of the year in which the preparation or revision of the electoral roll is commenced.
- 21.3.4.5 The provisions of Sections 15, 16, 18, 21, 22 and 23 of Representation of the People Act, 1950 shall apply in relation to Teachers' constituency as they apply in relation to assembly constituencies.
- 21.3.4.6 Rule31(1) of Registration of Electors Rules,1960provides that the roll for every Teachers' Constituency shall be prepared in such form, manner and language as the Election Commission may direct.
- 21.3.4.7 Under Rule 31(5), the provisions of Rules 10 to 27 except clause (c) of sub-rule (1) and clause (c) of sub-rule (2) of Rule 13 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 shall apply in relation to Teachers' Constituency as they apply in relation to assembly constituencies. The claim application for inclusion in the roll of the Teachers' Constituency shall be made in Form19. (Annexure23)

**21.4 Statutory Form for Registration (claims & objections) (These forms are available in para 2.5 of Chapter 2 - Constitutional And Legal Framework)**

## Chapter 22

# Administrative machinery & other key features relating to Preparation & Revision of Electoral Rolls for Council Constituencies

### 22.1 Administrative Machinery

As in case of preparation and revision of electoral rolls for assembly constituencies, a well-defined administrative machinery exists for preparation of electoral rolls for the Council Constituencies, which consists of the following officials-

- 22.1.1 Electoral Registration Officer – There shall be one separate Electoral Registration Officer for each Local Authorities', Graduates' and Teachers' constituency. Electoral Registration Officer shall be officer of the State Government not below the rank of an Additional District Magistrate. Generally, the Divisional Commissioners/ Deputy Commissioners are appointed as Electoral Registration Officers for Council Constituencies.
- 22.1.2 Assistant Electoral Registration Officer - There shall be as many Assistant Electoral Registration Officers for each Graduates' and Teachers' constituency as may be required. Electoral Registration Officers and Assistant Electoral Registration Officers of all the assembly constituencies falling within the concerned Graduates' /Teachers' constituency shall be designated as the Assistant Electoral Registration Officers for said Council Constituency. There shall be at least one Assistant Electoral Registration Officer at Tehsil / Taluka level. The Assistant Electoral Registration Officer shall be an officer of the State Government not below the rank of a Tehsildar in rank. Generally, no Assistant Electoral Registration Officer is appointed in Local Authorities' constituencies.
- 22.1.3 Designated Officers–Electoral Registration Officer shall appoint one Designated Officer for each polling station of Graduates' and Teachers' constituency during the period of receiving claims & objections or verification of applications or for authentication of the documents to be submitted. Designated Officer will be of the rank of a Deputy Collector / Sub Division Officer / Revenue Officer / Block Development Officer within the limits of the Constituency. The Designated Officer will be assigned a PIN No. and this will be mentioned by him in all correspondence with the Electoral Registration Officer as well as on the copies of the applications where verification has been done by him. The names of the Designated Officers along with the offices where they will be located and the days on which they will be present to

receive applications in person shall be notified by the Electoral Registration Officers as part of the notice issued under Rule 31 (3) of the Registration of Electors Rule, 1960 in the First Schedule, to that notice. All Designated Officers shall, without fail, attend to the duties from the time of issue of public notice under Rule 31 (3) up to the last date of receipt of applications. The Designated Officer will do supervisory checks with regard to status of ordinary residence of an elector during the period of disposal of claims and objections. Assistant Electoral Registration Officers and Electoral Registration Officers will make further supervisory check by conducting visits to offices of the Heads of Institutions/households of the applicants as the case may be. These supervisory checks shall not be less than 12%, 8% and 4% respectively of the verifications made by the respective field officers.

- 22.1.4 Additional Designated Officers: Electoral Registration Officers can appoint Additional Designated Officers for the purpose of attesting the documents of the electors. The officers of the following ranks can be appointed as the Additional Designated Officer:-(a) Tehsildars;(b) Principal of the Govt. Degree Colleges / inter Colleges; (c) Principals of the Govt. Girls Degree Colleges /Girls Inter Colleges;(d) Joint Block Development Officers of all Blocks; and (e) Executive Officers (Gazetted) of Nagar Palikas / Nagar Panchayats. Post Masters of Post Offices also can be appointed as Additional Designated Officers for the purpose of attesting the documents of the electors of the district in which the post office is situated.
- 22.1.5 Booth Level Officers–Electoral Registration Officers can use Booth Level Officers of polling are as in assembly constituencies for verification of entries of Graduates’ and Teachers’ constituencies including the status of ordinary residence of electors with regard to their respective areas.

## 22.2 Format of Electoral Rolls of Council Constituencies (Annexure 43)

- 22.2.1 According to Rules 30(1) and 31(1) of the Registration of Electors Rules,1960 the electoral rolls of Local authorities’, Graduates’ and Teachers’ constituencies shall be prepared and maintained in such form, manner and language as the Election Commission may direct (Annexure 44 & Annexure 45).
- 22.2.2 Format of electoral roll:-
- 22.2.2.1 The electoral roll shall be photo electoral rolls for Local Authorities’, Graduates’ and Teachers’ constituencies.
- 22.2.2.2 The electoral rolls for Local authorities’, Graduates’ and Teachers’ constituencies shall be maintained electoral part wise. One electoral part will have 800 to 1400 electors. Each electoral part will have one polling station.
- 22.2.2.3 The part will be further divided into sections. Each section will ordinarily have 70 to 100 electors.
- 22.2.2.4 The rolls of Local Authorities’ constituencies should be prepared different Local Authorities wise, each section covering one Local Authority. Each section should be printed on different page depending upon different types of Local Authorities comprised within that part whose members take part in the elections to Legislative Council.
- 22.2.2.5 The names of members of each local authority should be arranged in alphabetical order. The Local Authorities in each page should be given serial number in one

continuous series for the entire section. This number should be entered along with the name of the Local Authority at the top of the page relating to that Local Authority.

- 22.2.2.6 The electoral rolls of Local Authorities', Graduates' and Teachers' constituencies shall be printed in the formats given as Annexures 48, 49 and 50 respectively. (NOTE It may be seen that in the formats of rolls, fields such as serial no. of elector, name of relation, date of birth, photo, EPIC number, no. and name of part, no. and name of assembly constituencies and name of state have been provided. For collecting information for these additional fields, amendments in Forms 17, 18 and 19 would be required and for this purpose, the proposal has already been sent to the Ministry of Law & Justice.)

## 22.3 Language of the Electoral Rolls

The electoral rolls of council constituencies shall be printed in the following languages:-

- (a) Andhra Pradesh and Telangana –Telugu and English
- (b) Bihar and Uttar Pradesh –Hindi and English
- (c) Karnataka – Kannada and English; and
- (d) Maharashtra–Marathi and English

To sort out technical problems in converting the names in various languages, Unicode font should be used for electoral database.

## 22.4 Polling Stations

### 22.4.1 Place of Poll for Election by Members of Legislative Assemblies

22.4.1.1 Under Section 29(1) of the Representation of the People Act, 1951, the Returning Officer is required to fix, with the prior approval of the Election Commission, the place at which the poll will be taken for election by Members of Legislative Assembly and to notify the place so fixed in the manner directed by the Election Commission.

22.4.1.2 A suitable hall or room in the precincts of the Legislative Assembly building is normally fixed as such place of poll. The Election Commission obtains (through the Chief Electoral Officer) the information with regard to the place of poll while considering the programme for the election and conveys its approval in the matter along with its approval of the election programme. While conveying such approval in respect of the place of poll, the Election Commission also sends a draft notice to be issued by the Returning Officer.

22.4.1.3 Accordingly, Returning Officer should issue a notice in that format and display it on the notice board of the Legislative Assembly as per the direction of the Election Commission as soon as may be after the notification calling for the election has been issued.

### 22.4.2 Polling Stations for Council Constituencies

22.4.2.1 Under Section 25 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951, it is the responsibility of the District Election Officer to provide, with the previous approval of the Election Commission, a sufficient number of polling stations for the Council Constituency.

22.4.2.2 The District Election Officer is to provide polling stations for the Constituency the whole or greater part of which lies within his jurisdiction. Where a Constituency extends to two districts, the Chief Electoral Officer shall decide as to in which district

the greater part of the Constituency lies and the District Election Officer of such district shall provide polling stations for the whole Constituency including the areas falling in the other district. Where, however, a Constituency extends over more than two districts of which neither the whole nor the greater part of the Constituency lies within the jurisdiction of any one District Election Officer, the District Election Officer of every district will provide polling stations for the areas falling within the territorial jurisdiction of his district. 10.

- 22.4.2.3 As mentioned above, the polling stations have to be provided with the previous approval of the Election Commission. There is no provision for ex post facto approval and any change in the approved list of polling stations without the prior approval of the Election Commission to such changes would tantamount to non-compliance with the provisions of Section 25 which may vitiate the election.
- 22.4.2.4 The draft list of polling stations must be forwarded to the Election Commission for scrutiny and approval through the Chief Electoral Officer at least two weeks before the last date for withdrawal of candidatures.
- 22.4.3 Basic guidelines for preparation of lists of Polling Stations for Graduates' and Teachers' Constituencies -
  - 22.4.3.1 For an area to be eligible for use as a polling station, there should be a minimum of 30 electors (Teachers and Graduates Constituencies taken together). It may be necessary to set up a polling station even for a fewer number in a particular area, if these electors have otherwise to travel long distances to reach the polling station. The polling stations should be located, as far as possible, within easy reach of every elector. Ordinarily, the distance to be travelled by a voter to reach his polling station should not exceed 16 kms.
  - 22.4.3.2 Separate polling stations shall be provided for elections from Graduates' and Teachers' Constituencies even when held simultaneously. A common polling station may, however, be provided, in exceptional cases if the number of electors is small or considered convenient for the electors concerned as many electors may be common for both the elections.
  - 22.4.3.3 The assignment of electors to polling stations may be made groupwise or individually, as may be considered convenient and practicable. It should, however, be ensured that every elector is assigned to the polling station nearest to his place of residence and no elector is left out from being allotted to any polling station.
  - 22.4.3.4 (For detailed guidelines, please refer to Handbook for Returning Officers for Elections to the Council of States & State Legislative Councils and Manual on Polling Stations, available on the Election Commission's website.)

## Chapter 23

# Preparation & Revision of Electoral Rolls for Council Constituencies

### Forms of Claims & Objections

- Application for new addition in Local Authorities Constituency – Form 17
- Application for new addition/shifting from one Graduates Constituency to another Constituency – Form 18
- Application for new addition/shifting from one Teachers Constituency to another Constituency – Form 19
- Application for objecting inclusion or seeking deletion of existing entry – Form 7
- Application for correction/shifting – Form 8

### 23.1 Introduction

The electoral rolls for Council Constituencies are prepared and revised by the Electoral Registration Officers as per the provisions mentioned in CHAPTER 21 and detailed instructions issued by the Election Commission under the said provisions –

### 23.2 Local Authorities' Constituencies–

23.2.1 Qualifying date:-In the case of Local Authorities' Constituencies, there is no qualifying date.

- 23.2.2 Electoral Rolls of Local Authorities' constituencies are not revised. But they are kept up to date by the Electoral Registration Officer concerned, by making such corrections in mother list as are brought to his notice by the Executive Officers of the Local Authorities concerned. In order to enable the Electoral Registration Officer to maintain electoral rolls corrected up-to-date, the Chief Executive Officer of every local authority (by whatever designation such officer may be known) shall in form the Electoral Registration Officer each change in the membership of that local authority immediately after its occurrence. The Electoral Registration Officer shall, on receipt of the information, strike off from the electoral rolls the names of persons who have ceased to be, and include there in the names of persons who have become, members of that local authority.
- 23.2.3 Electoral Registration Officer should obtain, once in a quarter by the 15th January, 15th April, 15th July and 15th October, from the Chief Executive Officers of the local authorities in his jurisdiction, a certificate to the effect that all corrections have been duly intimated by them. The format of the certificate is given at Annexure 46.
- 23.2.4 Conditions for enrolment:-
- 23.2.4.1 Ordinary residence is not a condition for being an elector in elections to local authorities' constituencies.



- 23.2.4.2 All ex-officio and nominated members, if any, of the Local Authorities are entitled to be included in the Electoral Rolls along with elected members. In the case of members of one Local Authority some of whom are ex-officio members of other Local Authorities; their names should appear only once where they are members. However, the facility of being enrolled in electoral rolls and voting in elections extended to the ex-officio and nominated members is subject to the conditions provided in the state laws pertaining to the said Local Authorities in the concerned state.
- 23.2.5 Manner of lodging claims & objections:-According to Rule 30 of Registration of Electors Rules 1960, a person can apply for enrolment in a Local Authorities' constituency in Form 17 (Annexure 21).
- 23.2.6 Disposal of claims & objections:-
- 23.2.6.1 When an application for inclusion (Form 17), deletion (Form 7 as Annexure 9), or correction of entries (Form 8 as Annexure 10) is received by the Electoral Registration Officer, he shall refer such application to the Chief Executive Officer of the local authority concerned and on receipt of information relating thereto from the Chief Executive Officer of the said local authority, Electoral Registration Officer shall take further necessary action for inclusion / deletion / correction of entries. Every subsequent correction in the rolls, whether by way of addition/ deletion/ modification shall be authenticated by full signature of the Electoral Registration Officer.
- 23.2.6.2 Before every election from a Local Authorities' constituency, the electoral rolls shall be published by the Electoral Registration Officer in his office and also in the offices of the Local Authorities comprised in the said Local Authorities' constituency, immediately inviting claims and objections by giving a minimum of seven days for the purpose. Any claims (in Form 17) and objections (in Form 7) received within the time fixed shall be disposed of by the Electoral Registration Officer within a period of three days and the roll shall be again published after incorporating the claims and objections accepted within three days after referring it to the Chief Executive Officers of the local authorities concerned. On receipt of information relating thereto from the Chief Executive Officer of the said local authority, Electoral Registration Officer shall take further necessary action for inclusion/ deletion/ correction of entries. Every subsequent correction in the rolls, whether by way of addition/ deletion/ modification, shall be authenticated by full signature of the Electoral Registration Officer. The roll shall be again published after incorporating the claims and objections accepted within three days thereafter and in any case before the last date for filing of nominations for election. The provisions of Section 23(3) of Representation of the People Act, 1950 will also apply in this case, i.e. no addition/ deletion/ amendment shall be made in the electoral roll after 3.00 P.M. on the last date for filing of nominations for election.

### 23.3 Graduates' Constituencies–

- 23.3.1 Qualifying date: - The qualifying date for being enrolled in Graduates' Constituencies is 1st day of November of the year in which the preparation or revision of the electoral rolls is commenced.
- 23.3.2 The electoral rolls for Graduates' Constituencies shall be prepared afresh in the

De-novo revision schedule of Graduates' and Teachers' constituencies with broad timelines

- The tentative schedule is of around 90 days.
- Public notice(1st Oct)Day 1
- 1st Re-publication of notice (15th Oct) - Day 1 + 14
- 2nd Re-publication of notice (25th Oct) - Day 1 + 24
- Last date of receipt (5th Nov) - Day 1 + 35
- Preparation of manuscript (19th Nov) - Day 1 + 49
- Draft publication (23rd Nov) - Day 1 + 53
- Claims & objections (23rd Nov - 8th Dec) - Day 1 + 53 to Day 1 + 68
- Disposal - (by 26th Dec) - Day 1 + 82
- Final publication(30th Dec) - Day 1 + 86

prescribed manner, with reference to qualifying date before every biennial election /bye-election to fill a casual vacancy.

23.3.3 Accordingly, Chief Electoral Officer should prepare draft schedule for revision of electoral rolls for Graduates' Constituencies well before the date of publication of notice for enrolment on 1st October of the year in which denovo revision of the rolls of the Graduates constituency is to be undertaken and send it for approval of the Election Commission.

23.3.4 Before denovo preparation and revision of electoral rolls in the year in which the election is due from the constituency, the Chief Electoral Officer should obtain a copy of all Notifications issued by the State Government under Section 27 (3) (a) of Representation of

the People Act, 1950 specifying the qualifications which shall be deemed to be equivalent to that of a graduate of a University in the territory of India. The Chief Electoral Officer should then prepare an updated list of such specified qualifications and send a copy of the list to every Electoral Registration Officer. Wide publicity should be given to the list of specified qualifications for information of the public.

### 23.3.5 Conditions for enrolment:-

23.3.5.1 Should be ordinarily resident in the Graduates' Constituency.

23.3.5.2 Should have, for at least three years before the qualifying date, been either a graduate of a University in the territory of India or in possession of any of the qualifications specified under clause (a) of sub-section (3) of Section 27 of Representation of the People Act, 1950, by the State Government concerned as qualifications which shall be deemed to be equivalent to that of a graduate of a University in the territory of India.

### 23.3.6 Manner of lodging claims & objections:-

#### 23.3.6.1

- (i) According to Rule 31 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, the Electoral Registration Officer shall issue a public notice (Annexure 47) on or before 1st October calling upon every person entitled to be registered in that roll to send to or deliver at his office before the 7th day of November next following an application in Form 18 (Annexure 22,) for inclusion of name. The said notice shall be published in two newspapers having circulation in the constituency and republished in them once on or about 15th October and again on or about 25th October in a summarized format given as Annexure 48.
- (ii) Care should be taken that this abstract notice is printed in a separate box column in an attractive and prominent manner, preferably colour shaded

inside a box so as to draw attention of readers to it.

- (iii) In addition to this, the public notice should be displayed at some specified places also for knowledge of public and other stakeholders.
- (iv) Copies of the notice should be circulated to all recognized and registered political parties. Electoral Registration Officers of Graduates' Constituency should send letters to all educational institutions, officers' associations, banks, firms, clubs, etc. located in the constituency requesting for full cooperation in the matter.
- (v) A copy each of the public notice published in newspapers should also be forwarded to the Election Commission.

23.3.6.2 When a person applies (in Form 18 Annexure 22) for the first time for enrolment in Graduates' constituency, in addition to verification of the ordinary resident status of the applicant, it is necessary to verify that the applicant is in possession of the required educational qualifications for at least three years prior to the qualifying date. The three year period for which a person should be a graduate before registration will count from the date on which the result of the qualifying degree examination was declared and published by the university or an authority concerned and not from the date of convocation. The applicant shall have to submit documentary proof of having such an educational qualification to the satisfaction of the Electoral Registration Officer or the Assistant Electoral Registration Officer concerned. The Electoral Registration Officer or the Assistant Electoral Registration Officer concerned should make such verification of the documentary proof as he considers necessary. A copy of degree or mark-sheet of the required educational qualification attested by a gazetted officer should normally be considered adequate documentary proof of possessing that educational qualification.

23.3.6.3 As the electoral rolls for the Graduates' constituencies are required to be prepared afresh every time before a biennial/bye-election, all persons whose names are included in the existing rolls should also submit fresh application in the prescribed Form.

23.3.6.4 The eligible persons should apply for enrolment of their names in the prescribed Form 18 (Annexure 22) along with any of the documents listed below-

- (i) The degree/diploma certificate, in original, issued by the University or Institution concerned or a copy thereof, duly authenticated by the Designated Officer/ Additional Designated Officer/ Gazetted Officer of the District concerned, after due verification of the same with the original degree/ diploma certificate; or
- (ii) A copy of an entry in the Government record or a certificate issued to a Graduate employee by the Gazetted Head of Offices/Institutes on the basis of entries in Government records in his custody or a copy of an entry in the record of Statutory Bodies, Corporations or Public undertakings specifying the degree, diploma or certificate possessed by the claimant, duly attested by the Head of the office concerned; or
- (iii) An attested copy of the card of registration as Registered Graduate issued by the University, a certified copy of the relevant entry in the list of Registered Graduates', the Roll of Advocates, the Register of Medical Practitioners, the

Register of Chartered Accountants, the Register of Engineers maintained by Institute of Engineers, etc.; or

- (iv) An Affidavit by the claimant, supported by certificate from the Registrar of a University, or the Principal of a College affiliated to University or from the Head of the Department of such College under whom he had studied; or
- (v) The mark sheet, in original, issued by the University or Institution concerned or a copy thereof, duly authenticated by the Additional Designated Officer/ Gazetted Officer of the District concerned/Notary Public, after due verification of the same with the original mark-sheet, provided that there is a clear indication that the claimant has passed the relevant examination.

23.3.6.5 The applications can also be sent by post to the Electoral Registration Officer/ Assistant Electoral Registration Officer/ Designated Officer, enclosing a copy of applicants' degree/ diploma certificate/mark sheet or other requisite document, duly authenticated by the Designated Officer /Additional Designated Officer/ Gazetted Officer of the district concerned/Notary Public, after due verification of the same with the original degree/diploma certificate/mark-sheet, other requisite document.

23.3.6.6 In case the applicant submits his application in person before the Electoral Registration Officer/ Assistant Electoral Registration Officer or Designated Officer, duly appointed for the purpose, he will produce the original degree/diploma certificate/ mark sheet before them. The officer will scrutinize the degree/diploma certificate/ mark sheet or requisite document submitted with the application and after satisfying himself and record either "Verified with original and found correct" or "Verified with original and found not correct – Rejected". He will then affix his signature, full name and PIN number (in case of Designated Officer) on the application as mark of a summary enquiry and forward the application to the Electoral Registration Officer, in case it is presented to Assistant Electoral Registration Officer/ Designated Officer.

23.3.6.7 As Rules 15 and 16 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 also apply in case of electoral rolls for Graduates' constituencies, lists of claims & objections shall be maintained, in duplicate, in Forms 9,10, 11, 11A & 11 B and exhibited on notice board in the office of Electoral Registration Officer. These lists shall also be put on the website of Chief Electoral Officer.

23.3.7 Disposal of claims & objections:-

23.3.7.1 Any application where the above procedure is not followed will summarily be rejected by the Electoral Registration Officer as incomplete.

23.3.7.2 Every application in prescribed Form 18 by a person seeking enrolment in Graduates' constituency shall be accompanied by requisite documents/certificate. It may be noted that mere reference to an entry in the existing electoral roll will not be repeated and will not be taken into account for determining the eligibility of a person for enrolment in the electoral rolls.

23.3.7.3 Section 20(4) of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 does not apply for this purpose of electoral rolls for Graduates' Constituency. Therefore, the facility of enrolment of declared office holders in native place by the declaration in Form 1 is not available in the case of Graduates' constituency. They can get their name enrolled, if eligible, in the place where they are ordinarily resident for the time being.

23.3.7.4 Bulk Applications: - Applications in bulk whether submitted in person or by post, shall not be considered for inclusion by the Electoral Registration Officer. However, the Head of the Institutions may forward the applications of all his eligible staff together. Similarly, a person may also submit Form 18 in respect of other eligible members of his family, residing at the same address and may get the certificate verified by producing original certificates in respect of each member. Any bulk applications submitted by political parties, Booth Level Agents or Resident Welfare Associations shall not be considered.

## 23.4 Teachers' Constituencies-

23.4.1 Qualifying date:-The qualifying date for being enrolled in Teachers' Constituencies is 1st day of November of the year in which the preparation or revision of the electoral rolls is commenced.

23.4.2 The electoral rolls for Teachers' Constituencies shall be prepared afresh, in the prescribed manner, with reference to the qualifying date before every biennial election/ bye-election to fill a casual vacancy.

23.4.3 Accordingly, Chief Electoral Officer should prepare draft schedule for revision of electoral rolls for Teachers' Constituencies well before the date of publication of notice for enrolment on 1st October of the year in which de-novo revision of the rolls of the constituency is to be undertaken, and send it for approval of the Election Commission.

23.4.4 Before de-novo revision of electoral rolls in the year in which the election is due from the constituency, the Chief Electoral Officer should obtain a copy of all Notifications issued by the State Government under Section 27(3) (b) of Representation of the People Act, 1950, to specify the educational institutions within the State not lower in standard than that of a secondary school. The Chief Electoral Officer should then prepare an updated list of such specified educational institutions and send a copy of the list to every Electoral Registration Officer. Wide publicity should be given to the list of specified educational institutions for information of the Public.

23.4.5 As soon as Electoral Registration Officer receives list of specified educational institutions obtained by the Chief Electoral Officer from State Government he should collect information about all persons who are eligible for enrolment in Teacher's Constituency; from heads of specified educational institutions, to check whether all such eligible persons are enrolled in the electoral rolls or not. If the Electoral Registration Officer finds that an eligible person is left out, he should send a blank Form 19 (Annexure 23) to the concerned person with a request to fill the application form and send it to Electoral Registration Officer through the head of the institution, in which the applicant has been working.

23.4.6 Conditions for enrolment:-

23.4.6.1 Should be ordinarily resident in the Teachers' Constituency.

23.4.6.2 Within the six years immediately before the qualifying date, for a total period of at least three years, should have been engaged in teaching in any of the educational institutions specified under clause (b) of sub-section (3) of Section 27 of Representation of the People Act, 1950 by the State Government concerned as educational institutions within the State not lower in standard than that of a secondary school.

- 23.4.6.3 Every person applying for enrolment (in Form -19 as Annexure 23) in Teachers' constituency must submit documentary proof of having been engaged in teaching in any of the specified educational institutions for a total period of at least three years within six years immediately before the qualifying date.
- 23.4.7 Manner of lodging claims & objections:-
- 23.4.7.1 According to Rule 31 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, the Electoral Registration Officer shall issue a public notice (Annexure 49) on or before 1st October calling upon every person entitled to be registered in that roll to send to or deliver at his office before the 7th day of November next following an application in Form 19(Annexure 23), for inclusion of name. The said notice shall be published in two newspapers having circulation in the constituency and republished in them once on or about 15th October and again on or about 25th October in a summarized format given as Annexure 50.
- 23.4.7.2 Care should be taken that this abstract notice is printed in a separate box column in an attractive and prominent manner, preferably colour shaded inside a box so as to draw attention of readers to it.
- 23.4.7.3 In addition to this, the public notice should be displayed at some specified places also for knowledge of public and other stakeholders.
- 23.4.7.4 Copies of the notice should be circulated to all recognized and registered political parties. Electoral Registration Officers of Teachers' Constituency should address a letter to all educational institutions whose teachers are qualified for registration as elector in Teachers' Constituency for their cooperation in the matter.
- 23.4.7.5 A copy of the public notice published in newspapers should also be forwarded to the Election Commission.
- 23.4.7.6 As the electoral rolls for the Teachers' constituencies are required to be prepared afresh every time before a biennial/bye-election, all persons whose names are included in the existing rolls should also submit fresh application in the prescribed Form.
- 23.4.7.7 Every application in prescribed Form 19 by a person seeking enrolment in Teachers' constituency shall be accompanied by requisite documents/certificate. It may be noted that mere reference to an entry in the existing electoral roll will not be repeat will not be taken into account for determining the eligibility of a person for enrolment in the electoral rolls.
- 23.4.8 As Rules 15 and 16 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 also apply in case of electoral rolls for Teachers' constituencies, lists of claims & objections shall be maintained, in duplicate, in Forms 9,10,11 and 11A and exhibited on notice board in the office of Electoral Registration Officer. These lists shall also be put on the website of Chief Electoral Officer.
- 23.4.9 Disposal of claims & objections:-
- 23.4.9.1 Enrolment in Teachers' constituency requires that the elector should have, within the six years immediately before the qualifying date for a total period of at least three years, been engaged in teaching in any of the specified educational institutions.
- 23.4.9.2 The engagement of a person in teaching in the specified educational institutions for

at least three years within the preceding six years may be either in one continuous spell or in broken spells and further, may be either in one institution or more institutions, but all such institutions must be specified by the State Government. Therefore, it is immaterial whether a person, who has been so engaged in teaching for a total period of three years in one or more specified educational institutions, has been employed in those institutions as teacher on regular basis or on ad-hoc basis but he should be whole time teacher (even if there is no sanctioned post) and not engaged on a part-time basis as the condition for three years engagement in teaching cannot be fulfilled by a part-time teacher. Part-time teachers are not eligible for enrolment in the electoral rolls of Teachers' Constituency

- 23.4.9.3 In the light of the order of the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad (Lucknow Bench) dated 5th March 2008, in Writ Petition No. 1269 (M/B) of 2008 (Madhyamik Vitta Viheen Vidyalaya Prabandhak Mahasabha Vs State of Uttar Pradesh), the name of such teacher of unaided private school (if it is covered by the list of specified educational institutions) shall also be included in the electoral roll who intends to get his/her name enrolled in the voter list (i.e. electoral roll) of the Teachers' Constituency and approaches the ERO, after getting a certificate/counter signature from the District Inspector of Schools that he/she is a bonafide teacher of the specified educational institution having the required length of service and whose standard is not below the standard of the secondary school. The above scheme has been extended in case of aided school also by the Election Commission.
- 23.4.9.4 Every person applying for enrolment (in Form -19) in Teachers' constituency must submit documentary proof of having been engaged in teaching in any of the specified educational institutions for a total period of at least three years within six years immediately before the qualifying date. Electoral Registration Officer/ Assistant Electoral Registration Officer concerned should make such verification of the documentary proof as he considers necessary. A certificate by the Head of the teaching institution should normally be considered adequate documentary proof of possessing that teaching qualification. If any person, who has applied for inclusion of his name in a teachers' constituency, has been engaged in teaching in more than one specified educational institutions in the last six years, the certificate from the Head of institution of each of such educational institution will be required for the period for which he was engaged in teaching in that educational institution. The certificate from the Head of the Institution shall be in the format as Annexure 51.
- 23.4.9.5 If any person, who has applied for inclusion of his name in a teachers' constituency, has been engaged in teaching in more than one specified educational institutions in the last six years, the certificate from the Head of institution of each of such educational institution will be required for the period for which he was engaged in teaching in that educational institution.
- 23.4.9.6 It is not necessary that the educational institution in which an eligible elector is employed should also fall within the same Teachers constituency. The eligibility to be enrolled in a particular Teachers' constituency should be determined on the basis of the applicants' place of ordinary residence and not on the basis of his place of work.
- 23.4.9.7 Section 20 (4) of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 does not apply for this purpose of electoral rolls for Teachers' constituency. Therefore, the facility of

enrolment of declared office holders in native place by the declaration in Form I is not available in the case of Teachers' constituency. They can get their name enrolled in the place where they are ordinarily resident for the time being.

- 23.4.9.8 Bulk Applications: - Applications in bulk whether submitted in person or by post, shall not be considered for inclusion by the Electoral Registration Officer. However, the Head of the Institutions may forward the applications of all his eligible staff together. Similarly, a person may also submit Form 19 in respect other eligible members of his family, residing at the same address and may get the certificate verified by producing original certificates in respect of each member. Any bulk applications submitted by political parties, Booth Level Agents or Resident Welfare Associations shall not be considered.

## 23.5 Special Efforts to Enroll all Eligible Persons

- 23.5.1 Chief Electoral Officers must make all efforts including the following to ensure that each and every eligible person is duly enrolled and no eligible person is left out from enrolment:-
- 23.5.2 Adequate publicity should be given to the process of revision of electoral rolls through print and electronic media in addition to the newspapers advertisements which are mandatory under the rules.
- 23.5.3 Special counters for collection of Forms should be arranged at every tehsil, block office, office of every District Election Officer, Electoral Registration Officer and Assistant Electoral Registration Officer.
- 23.5.4 Voter Registration Centres functioning for assembly constituencies should also be used as Voter Registration Centres for council constituencies.
- 23.5.5 Facility for on-line filing of application forms should be provided on the website of Chief Electoral Officers.
- 23.5.6 Arrangements should be made for distribution of blank application forms for enrolment in Teachers' constituencies to all specified educational institutions. Heads of such educational institutions should be asked to collect filled application forms and send to the Electoral Registration Officers concerned.

## 23.6 Special Guidelines for Collecting EPIC Numbers

- 23.6.1 Since electoral rolls for Graduates'/Teachers' constituencies are to be prepared afresh before every biennial/bye election after inviting fresh applications in Form 18/Form 19 followed by disposal thereof and publishing a draft roll accordingly , there should not be any reference of existing electoral roll in the draft electoral roll prepared afresh.
- 23.6.2 The Election Commission has decided to prepare photo electoral rolls for Graduates' and Teachers' constituencies. Accordingly, Chief Electoral officers shall issue instructions to collect photographs of all electors enrolled in Graduates' and Teachers' constituencies. For this purpose, EPIC numbers of the electors should be collected through Booth Level Officers. Since EPIC coverage in assembly constituencies is very high, it should not be difficult to collect EPIC number of almost all persons enrolled in Graduates' and Teachers' constituencies. After collecting this information, entries in electoral rolls of Graduates' and Teachers' constituencies should be linked with



the entries in electoral rolls of assembly constituencies and their photographs can then be extracted from electoral rolls of assembly constituencies and merged with electoral rolls of Graduates' and Teachers' constituencies to prepare photo electoral rolls for council constituencies. There is no need to issue a separate EPIC for electors enrolled in Graduates' and Teachers' constituencies, but EPIC numbers already assigned to them in assembly constituencies should be entered in electoral rolls of Graduates' and Teachers' constituencies.

### 23.7 Provision regarding Registration at Multiple Places

The provisions of Section 17 and 18 will apply in respect of enrolment in council constituencies also. A person cannot be registered as voter more than once in any Constituency or in more than one Constituency of the same category. But a person can, if duly qualified, be registered as a voter in Constituencies of different categories, namely, Graduates', Teachers' and Local Authorities. For example, a graduate teacher with the requisite qualification will be entitled to be registered both in the Graduates' constituency as well as in the Teachers' constituency. However, in the case of members of one Local Authority, some of whom may be ex-officio members of other local authorities; their names should appear only once where they are members.

### 23.8 Instructions Related to Transparency

- 23.8.1 The Election Commission has issued detailed instructions with respect to transparency of revision process for assembly constituencies. These instructions shall apply to Graduates' and Teachers' constituencies as well.
- 23.8.2 At the time of draft publication and final publication of the electoral rolls, polling stations wise electoral rolls of Graduates' and Teachers' constituencies shall be posted on the Chief Electoral Officer's website. These rolls shall not contain the images of electors. Further, facility for searching the name in the electoral roll based on EPIC number and name of elector should be made available on the website of the Chief Electoral Officer.
- 23.8.3 One soft copy and one hard copy of the electoral roll shall be given to all recognized political parties at the time of draft publication and final publication of electoral roll, however, such soft copy of the rolls should not contain the images of electors.
- 23.8.4 A polling station wise list of claims and objections with drill down to individual application form without photograph shall also be put on the website of the Chief Electoral Officer, with facility for status checking of the application form. In the case of Graduate constituencies, scanned copies of the Degree/Diploma Certificates, submitted by the electors along with applications may be uploaded in the computerized data base.
- 23.8.5 However, as regards Local Authorities constituencies, it has been clarified that copies of updated electoral rolls of Local Authorities constituencies should not be supplied free of cost to political parties. If they request, a soft copy of the same can be supplied in C.D (without images of electors) at the rate of Rs. 100/- per C.D.

### 23.9 Computerization of Electoral Rolls for Council Constituencies

Electoral Rolls for council constituencies shall be computerized. The Election Commission has issued following detailed instructions for computerization of the electoral roll for Council Constituencies:-

- 23.9.1 Separate tables shall be created as specified below for each such constituency, part and electors along with the existing tables of Electoral Roll Management System.
- 23.9.2 The data for each such table shall be maintained in language English as well as in vernaculars of that constituency.
- 23.9.3 The naming convention maintained in existing control tables shall be used of linking all such units. For eg. (ST\_CODE for State Code, AC\_NO for Assembly Constituency No. and PART\_NO for Part)
- 23.9.4 All the parts shall be maintained separately for each constituency.
- 23.9.5 Each part for such constituency to be linked with districts using District No.
- 23.9.6 For maintaining electors details separate tables shall be used for Graduate's and Teacher's Constituency.
- 23.9.7 The electors details can be linked with existing electoral roll of ERMS on the basis of the following fields:
- (i) State Code
  - (ii) AC No.
  - (iii) Part No.
  - (iv) EPIC No.
- 23.9.8 The roll for each constituency shall be printed Part wise.
- 23.9.9 The prescribed format of existing electoral roll can be utilized for the printing of its roll along with the details of control tables.
- 23.9.10 The existing roll of ERMS can be utilized to identify all such electors.

### 23.10 Database Structure of Electoral Rolls for Graduates' and Teachers' Constituencies

The data base of Graduates' and Teachers' Constituencies shall be maintained according to the structure prescribed as Annexure 52. The Election Commission's instructions on security of electoral database of assembly constituencies will also apply to the electoral databases of Graduates' and Teachers' constituencies.

### 23.11 Data After Final Publication -

The Election Commission has directed that after the final publication of the electoral roll, a consolidated report in the proforma as Annexure 53 shall be furnished.

### 23.12 Continuous Updation

The electoral rolls for Graduates' and Teachers' Constituencies shall be continuously updated under the provisions of Sections 22 and 23 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, however, the qualifying date for purpose of such continuous updation shall continue to remain the same with reference to which the rolls were last prepared/revised.

# SECTION – IX

# MISCELLANEOUS

CHAPTER 24  
SHARING OF ELECTORAL ROLLS

CHAPTER 25  
ROLE OF POLITICAL PARTIES

CHAPTER 26  
OUTREACH INITIATIVES – SVEEP

CHAPTER 27  
REGULATORY AUDIT

CHAPTER 28  
NATIONAL GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL SYSTEM ( NGRS )

CHAPTER 29  
LANDMARK JUDGEMENTS ON ELECTORAL ROLLS



## Chapter 24

# Sharing Of Electoral Rolls

### 24.1 Putting Electoral Rolls in Public Domain

- 24.1.1 The statutes have adequate provision for transparency in the process of registration of electors and electoral roll management. Rule 11 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 states that for publicity to the electoral roll and notice of draft publication of roll, the Electoral Registration Officer shall make a copy of the electoral roll available for inspection to the public at the designated locations and due such further publicity as he may consider necessary. The Electoral Registration Officer shall also supply free of cost One Soft Copy (in the form of Image PDF without the photograph of electors) and one Hard Copy of the roll to every recognised Political Party. The Election Commission has also directed that Chief Electoral Officers, District Election Officers and Electoral Registration Officers will hold meetings with recognized political parties after draft publication and request them to scrutinize the draft roll and give their suggestions, if any. Further, as per Rule 22, at the time of final publication of the electoral roll, the Electoral Registration Officer again make the complete copy of the roll available for inspection at his office and supply free of cost One Soft Copy (in the form of Image PDF without the photograph of electors) and one Hard Copy of the said roll to each recognised Political Parties.
- 24.1.2 Reading out draft roll in Gram Sabha/Ward Committees:- The Election Commission has further directed that Electoral Registration Officers shall cause Booth Level Officers to read out the draft roll of each part in the meetings of the Gram Sabha/ Ward Committees in their assigned polling station areas.
- 24.1.3 In order to bring more transparency, the Election Commission has directed to Chief Electoral Officers to take following additional measures:-
- 24.1.3.1 Information about call centre number '1950', ECI website:-<https://eci.gov.in/> and Chief Electoral Officer's website should be printed on all types of forms of claims & objections. A line informing the electors that they can contact their Booth Level Officer for any electoral roll registration work should also be printed. Booth Level Officers should be directed to write their name, polling station and contact number on those application forms which are distributed by them to enable the electors to contact Booth Level Officer if they need to.
- 24.1.3.2 Issue of acknowledgment of receipt to the applicants/citizens, if the applications are presented in person after tearing off acknowledgment section with perforation below the application form. If the application is received by post, acknowledgment of receipt should be sent by post/e-mail/SMS and giving communication of notice of hearing by post/SMS/e-mail.

- 24.1.3.3 Digitization of all claims and objections and publishing the list on notice board of polling station and notice board in office of Electoral Registration Officer. The Polling Station wise lists shall also be posted on Chief Electoral Officer's website with drill down facility to individual forms. These lists shall be exhibited for at least seven clear days period.
- 24.1.3.4 During annual summary revision, list of claims & objections with reference to the 1st January as the qualifying date shall be made available by ERO to all the recognised political parties on weekly basis. For this purpose, ERO should call a meeting of all recognised political parties on regular interval and personally handover list of claims and objections to them and obtain acknowledgement.
- 24.1.3.5 During Continuous Updation, monthly list of additions, deletions and modifications is to be mandatorily published every month on CEO's website. This helps stakeholders to undertake concurrent scrutiny of monthly changes into the electoral rolls so that any left out electors could be included or ineligible voters removed.
- 24.1.3.6 For applications received with reference to subsequent qualifying dates i.e. 1st April, 1st July and 1st October, after disposing of all the forms received during previous quarter, quarter wise list of additions, deletions and modifications will be published on CEO's website in the 1st month of the quarter. The supplements so prepared by EROs will not be printed and shared with anybody but only be kept in ERO Net/ State Server for ERO's record of future reference.
- 24.1.3.7 A personal notice has to be served on the person whose name is proposed to be deleted in cases other than death cases.
- 24.1.3.8 Making draft and final electoral roll available in image PDF format on Chief Electoral Officer's website.
- 24.1.3.9 Providing search facility based on name and EPIC number on Chief Electoral Officer's website, Voter Helpline Mobile App as well as NVSP portal & <https://voterportal.eci.gov.in/>.

## 24.2 Inspection of Electoral Roll and Related Papers

Rule 33 of Registration of Elector Rules, 1960 provides that every person shall have the right to inspect the electoral roll and other papers relating to revision of the electoral roll, referred to in Rule 32, such as the enumeration pads, copies of the rolls used for house to house verification, manuscripts prepared on the basis thereof, claims and objections and applications for correction/shifting/marking of PwD/Replacement of EPIC (Forms 6, 6A, 7 and 8), and all papers connected with their disposal and to get attested copies thereof on payment of such fee, as may be fixed by the Chief Electoral Officer.

## 24.3 Supply of Certified Copy of Electoral Roll

- 24.3.1 If a person seeks a certified copy of relevant entries of an electoral roll, the certified copy shall be given in the prescribed format (Annexure 54). It should be noted that an applicant can apply only for a certified copy of an entry pertaining to oneself in a roll. Request for obtaining certified copy of entry relating to others in a roll should not be entertained. In any case, Photocopy of the electoral roll shouldn't be certified and given to the person.

- 24.3.2 Supply of Certified Copy of Extract of Electoral Roll to an Elector Intending to Contest Election:- A certified copy of extract may be asked for by a registered elector primarily if he wants to contest an election. It may so happen that the elector may like to contest an election from any other constituency. A certified copy of the extract can be given once the manuscript is prepared. It may not be necessary to wait for printing of the supplement part after data entry. It may be pertinent to mention here that the electoral roll is required to be published only at the time of draft and again at the time of final publication. It is not necessary to publish the supplements of continuous updating to be brought out from time to time except when an election is announced. At the time of election all additions, corrections, and deletions made up to the last date for making nominations can be printed as a supplement of continuous updation to be appended to the existing roll. In case the supplement of continuous updating has been printed and published, the extract of electoral roll shall be shared as per the provisions mentioned above.
- 24.3.3 Supply of Certified Copy of Electoral Roll under Right to Information Act, 2005:-Attested/certified copies of electoral roll in full, with or without photo, should be supplied if demanded under Right to Information Act 2005 (RTI) or Rule 33 of RER 1960. Individual entries or selective pages should not be given under RTI. Application received under RTI should be dealt in the context of Section 8(1)(j) Of RTI, 2005 which is quoted as under –“8. Exemption from disclosure of information:- Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, there shall be no obligation to give any citizen –information which relates to personal information the disclosure of which has no relationship to any public activity or interest, or which would cause unwarranted invasion of the privacy of individual unless the Central public Information Officer or the State Public Information officer or the appellate authority, as the case may be, is satisfied that the larger public interest justifies the disclosure of such information.”

## 24.4 Sharing of Electoral Roll with State Election Commissions

- 24.4.1 In terms of the 73rd and 74th amendments of the Constitution, the Parliament enacted to form State Election Commissions with the mandate to conduct regular elections for local bodies in the States. Consequently, the states have passed appropriate legislations for regular elections to Panchayats and Municipalities. These legislations have provisions for adopting electoral roll prepared and revised by the Election Commission for conduct of elections of local bodies by the State Election Commissions. While some State laws make provision for using the Election Commission’s roll as draft document and subsequently, going through a formal process of revision of the electoral roll of local bodies according to their requirement, others adopt the Election Commission’s roll, in-toto, only regrouping the electors according to the wards and Polling Stations of the concerned Panchayats/ Municipalities.
- 24.4.2 Consequent upon computerization of electoral roll by the Election Commission, many State Election Commissions have requested the Election Commission to allow use of its electoral roll database for generating the electoral roll of State local bodies. The matter has been discussed in detail with State Election Commissioners several times. Though there has been a broad consensus on having a common electoral roll in larger interest of the nation, yet that has not been achieved due to certain legal

and technical problems.

- 24.4.3 In the meantime, the Election Commission has issued guidelines to all Chief Electoral Officers stating that the State Election Commissions can be supplied copies of the electoral roll in PDF format. In case they also request

State Election Commissions can be supplied copies of the electoral roll in PDF format. In case they also request for the computerized database of the electors that can also be shared with them.

for the computerized database of the electors that can also be shared with them. In case the State Election Commissions request for photographs in digital format in order to enable them to prepare photo electoral roll for local body constituencies that may also be supplied to them. However, sharing of electoral roll database with any State Election Commission shall not include Mobile numbers/E-mail addresses or Aadhar numbers.

## 24.5 Sharing of Electoral Roll with Various Government Departments

The Election Commission has issued following specific guidelines to the Chief Electoral Officers of all States for sharing of electoral roll database and photographs in digital formats to various Government Departments (including State Election Commission):

- 24.5.1 The Government Department that seeks the data can be provided CDs of the electoral roll in PDF format, as these files are available on the website also. It may be noted that the CDs and web files in case of photo electoral roll don't contain images of electors – same condition applies to the PDF roll given to other Departments.
- 24.5.2 However, with a view to enable Departments of the Central/State Governments to utilize the electoral roll database for their own specific purposes, the Chief Electoral Officers are authorized to provide a copy of the computerized data of the electoral roll (i.e. the database files). It is clarified that in case of any question or dispute, it is the printed copy, which should be considered as duly authenticated electoral roll for the Assembly Constituency.
- 24.5.3 The database is to be provided to "The Department" only for the purpose indicated in its request letter. However, the total database of the State/Union Territory or District or Assembly Constituency need not be supplied. "The Department" should be asked to supply the particulars of the persons whose electors' database it need. The electors' database with image of such persons only as are required by "The Department" should be shared with it. "The Department" will take all precautions and field verifications in preparation of its own database, and the Election Commission takes no responsibility as to the veracity or authenticity of such database prepared by the borrowing Department notwithstanding the fact that the said Department had used the database provided by the Election Commission.
- 24.5.4 For sharing databases along with photographs of electors with the Rural Development Departments for the purpose of job cards for Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MNREGA), the Election Commission has in principle, cleared the sharing of database with photographs. However, the total database of the State/Union Territory or District or Assembly

The Chief Electoral Officer will take an undertaking from "The Department" requesting for Electoral Database. Full security of the database should be ensured and its safe keep and bonafide use shall be the responsibility of that Department.



Constituency need not be supplied. The Department of Rural Development should be asked to supply the particulars of the persons whose electors' database they need. The electors' database with image of such persons only as are required by the Rural Development Department should be shared with them.

- 24.5.5 For sharing roll database along with photographs of electors to other Government Department due to citizen privacy issues, special permission of the Election Commission will be taken case by case.
- 24.5.6 The Department to whom the electoral roll database, whether with or without photographs in digital format is shared should ensure that the database of the Election Commission is not passed on to any other agency/organization. Full security of the database should be ensured and its safe keep and bonafide use shall be the responsibility of that Department.
- 24.5.7 The Chief Electoral Officer will take an undertaking from "The Department" on the above lines before providing them the computerized data of the electoral roll in the custody of the Chief Electoral Officer/District Election Officer.

## Chapter 25

# Role of Political Parties

### 25.1 Introduction

Though, strictly speaking, the right to be included in electoral roll or to challenge the inclusion of any name in the roll is a right conferred upon an individual and not upon any political party or group, however, in the background of illiteracy and ignorance and lack of political awareness on the part of a large section of the electorate, the law has recognised the importance of political parties during the exercise of preparation and revision of electoral roll. Rule 11 and 22 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 specifically mention that the recognised political parties should be supplied, free of cost, One Soft Copy (in the form of Image PDF without the photograph of electors) and one Hard Copy of the roll at the time of publication of draft and final roll. Respecting the spirit of the laws, the Election Commission has been regularly interacting with political parties to assess and understand the ground realities in a better way and seek their cooperation in improvement of process of voters registration and health of electoral roll. In this connection, the Chief Electoral Officers, District Election Officers and Electoral Registration Officers have been directed to have meetings with recognized political parties during the revision period. The political parties are also requested to scrutinize the draft roll and point out discrepancy therein, if any. The Election Commission has also directed to District Election Officer to consult the political parties during rationalization/modifications of polling stations and at the time of finalization of the proposals.

Rule 11 and 22 of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 specifically mention that the recognised political parties should be supplied, free of cost, One Soft Copy (in the form of Image PDF without the photograph of electors) and one Hard Copy of the roll at the time of publication of draft and final roll.

### 25.2 Concept of 'Booth Level Agent'

In order to enhance participation by the recognised political parties at grass root level during preparation and revision of electoral roll, the Election Commission introduced a system of appointment of Booth Level Agent in November, 2008 on the pattern of polling agent/counting agent during polling/counting of votes. The Booth Level Agents are appointed for specific polling station areas by the recognised political parties to complement the Booth Level Officers of the respective polling stations.

#### 25.2.1 Appointment of Booth Level Agent:

- 25.2.1.1 Every recognised political party through its President or Secretary or any other office bearer shall authorize one or more district representatives to appoint Booth Level Agents. The authorization shall be given in Form ID: BLA 1 (Annexure 55) by the President/Secretary/Authorized office bearer. The Form must be signed in ink only.

- 25.2.1.2 The authorized district representative of the political party will further appoint Booth Level Agent for each polling station in Form ID: BLA 2 (Annexure 56). The Form must be signed, in ink only.
- 25.2.1.3 The Booth Level Agent must be a registered elector in the relevant part of the electoral roll for which he is appointed as it is expected that the Booth Level Agent will scrutinize the entries in the draft roll during revision period and also identify entries of dead and shifted electors.
- 25.2.1.4 Initially, Booth Level Agents were appointed for revision of electoral roll during a particular year only, however, subsequently, the Election Commission decided that a Booth Level Agent, once appointed, will continue to function in such capacity irrespective of whether it is revision or non-revision period and his appointment as Booth Level Agent will be valid for later years also until and unless the nomination/ authorization of such Booth Level Agent is expressly withdrawn by the concerned political party or such Booth Level Agent has ceased to be a registered elector of the constituency for which he has been appointed.
- 25.2.1.5 No Government employee or staff of local authority/PSU can act as Booth Level Agent.
- 25.2.1.6 One Booth Level Agent may be appointed for more than one polling station area provided the polling stations for the corresponding parts of electoral roll are located within the same polling station location. In case, due to unavoidable reasons, one Booth Level Agent is authorized to receive draft electoral roll in respect of more than one part of electoral roll, then separate authorizations in Form ID: BLA 2 should be obtained for each such part of electoral roll.
- 25.2.1.7 The Booth Level Agent will hand over his appointment letter in prescribed Form to Designated Officer/Booth Level Officer at the polling station location after draft publication of electoral roll. In case the concerned political party so wishes it may also issue photo Identity Cards to its Booth Level Agent with signature of the authorised representative. However, the Booth Level Agent is not required to show the ID proof other than the above authorization letter.
- 25.2.1.8 On production of the appointment letter by Booth Level Agent, the Designated Officer/Booth Level Officer will hand over a printed copy of the relevant part(s) of the electoral roll to him under proper acknowledgement (Annexure 57). The printed copy of each part of electoral roll to be supplied to the Booth Level Agent will be the same copy of electoral roll which is required to be supplied free of cost to the concerned recognised political party under Rule 11 of Registration of Electoral Rules, 1960, as mentioned above.
- 25.2.1.9 In case no Booth Level Agent is appointed by a political party for a part of electoral roll, then the copy of the draft roll for that part will not be handed over to any other person by the Designated Officer/Booth Level Officer. The political party representative will hand over to the Electoral Registration Officer, lists of those parts of electoral roll for which Booth Level Agents have been appointed and also the parts for which no Booth Level Agent has been appointed.
- 25.2.1.10 The appointment of a Booth Level Agent shall not be revoked during the revision process except in very unavoidable circumstances like death cases. In case a new Booth Level Agent is appointed by the authorized representative then the copy of the draft roll already supplied to the previous Booth Level Agent shall be used for

reference purpose. The Designated Officer/ Booth Level Officer is not required to supply another copy of the relevant part of draft roll, if already supplied.

#### 25.2.2 Responsibilities of Booth Level Agent:

25.2.2.1 The Booth Level Agents will be required to be present at designated locations for receipt of claims and objections, under the aegis of Designated Officers/Booth Level Officers, on the special campaign days during revision period. On these days, the Booth Level Officer will go through the draft roll with the Booth Level Agents and identify the corrections etc.

25.2.2.2 The Booth Level Agents can list out the dead and shifted voters through house to house survey or by any other means and present the list to the Designated Officers / Booth Level Officers in the prescribed format (Annexure 58 and Annexure 59). They should give an undertaking that the information furnished by them is on the basis of verification conducted by them and they are liable for action under Section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 for making false declaration, if any.

25.2.2.3 The Booth Level Agents will not receive claims and objections from public. They will only guide the public to file appropriate applications for inclusion, deletion, correction/shifting/marking of PwD/ replacement of EPIC in the electoral roll. A Booth Level Agent shall not submit more than 10 forms to Booth Level Officer in a day.

25.2.2.4 The Booth Level Agents will motivate the electors within the jurisdiction of the part of the electoral roll to come forward to inspect the draft roll during the period when it is displayed and file applications for correction, deletion and correction/shifting/ marking of PwD/ replacement of EPIC . Similarly, they may guide newly eligible electors of 18 years of age and above and those persons who might have shifted in from other places to file applications for inclusion of their names.

25.2.3 Submission of Bulk Applications by Booth Level Agent:- The Election Commission has allowed a Booth Level Agent to file not exceeding 10 applications in a day. The Booth Level Agent shall submit forms to concerned Booth Level Officer along with a list of application forms and a written declaration that he has personally verified the particulars contained in the enclosed application forms and is satisfied that the same are correct. In case a Booth Level Agent submits more than 30 application forms during entire period of summary revision, cross verification must be done personally by the concerned Electoral Registration Officer/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer. The political parties which have not appointed Booth Level Agents cannot file applications in bulk during revision period.

### 25.3 Free Supply of Copies of Electoral Rolls to Recognized Political Parties

25.3.1 Under Rule 11(c) of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, the Electoral Registration Officer shall supply free of cost 2 copies of the draft roll (complete set) to every political party for which a symbol has been exclusively reserved in the State by the Election Commission. Only 2 copies of the roll of a constituency irrespective of the language in which they are prepared are to be supplied.

25.3.2 If electoral roll of a constituency is prepared in 2 languages, it would be sufficient to supply to each political party 2 copies of the roll, one in each language. If, however, a political party prefers to take both copies in the same language, it will be supplied

with the copies accordingly. In cases where the roll of a constituency is printed in 3 languages, two copies in the language of their choice may be supplied free of cost to each recognized political party. Soft copies may be supplied in all the languages in which the roll is printed, in case it is so demanded. It will be the responsibility of the Political Party to give BLA a copy of his part's electoral roll.

- 25.3.3 The expression 'copy' includes 'soft copy' and the Election Commission has decided that one soft pdf copy and one hard print copy of the electoral roll can be shared with political parties.
- 25.3.4 Further, the Election Commission has directed that the soft pdf copy of electoral roll shall not have the photographs against the elector's details – instead only an indication whether photo is available or not shall be given against the elector detail. In hard (print) copy the photographs may be there.
- 25.3.5 The aforesaid rule does not make any distinction between the intensive revision and summary revision of electoral roll. Therefore, even during summary revision the Electoral Registration Officer shall supply, free of cost, 2 copies of complete set of Integrated electoral roll published as draft roll to all recognized political parties. No Separate Addition, Deletion & Modification lists will be printed and given to political parties, though the EROs will generate these lists from ERO-Net and keep them for future reference.
- 25.3.6 Rule 22(c) makes a similar provision for stage of final publication of electoral roll. The Election Commission shall supply, free of cost, 2 copies of complete set of the Integrated Electoral roll, as finally published with the list of amendments, if any, to every recognized political party in the State. All other instructions with regard to supply of draft roll mentioned in the preceding paragraphs also apply here. No Separate Addition, Deletion & Modification lists will be printed and given to political parties, though the EROs will generate these lists from ERO-Net and keep them for future reference.
- 25.3.7 For applications received with reference to subsequent qualifying dates i.e. 1st April, 1st July and 1st October, after disposing of all the forms received during previous quarter, quarter wise list of additions, deletions and modifications will be published on CEO's website in the 1st month of the quarter. The supplements so prepared by EROs will not be printed and shared with anybody but only be kept in ERO Net/ State Server for ERO's record of future reference.
- 25.3.8 For supply of copies, it is sufficient if due intimation in writing is sent by Chief Electoral Officer to the recognized political parties to collect copies of electoral roll from the Electoral Registration Officer concerned through their authorized representatives.
- 25.3.9 Arrangements should be made to supply copies of the roll to political parties on the date of draft/final publication.

## 25.4 Free Supply of Copy of Electoral Rolls to the Contesting Candidates of Recognized Political Parties

The Election Commission has directed that one complete copy of electoral roll shall be supplied, free of cost, to the contesting candidates of recognized political parties during general elections under the provisions of Section 78A of the Representation of the People Act,

1951. The copy of electoral roll to be supplied to contesting candidates should be identical to the copy of electoral roll given to the Presiding Officers.

## 25.5 Providing copy of Electoral Rolls in Alphabetical Order to Political Parties/Contesting Candidates

25.5.1 At the time of poll, pdf of the alphabetical electoral roll in the forms of CDs/DVDs can be provided to the contesting candidates by the office of Returning Officer/ District Election Officer, on demand and payment basis. The Chief Electoral Officer concerned shall decide prices of such printed electoral roll CDs/DVDs and it shall be notified by the respective District Election Officer for the constituencies falling within his district.

25.5.2 It should be clearly mentioned on the label of CDs/DVDs/on each page of electoral roll that this is only a locator for convenience of electors and not the statutory electoral roll and shall not be used for statutory purposes.

## 25.6 Free Supply of Copies of Electoral Rolls to MLAs:

25.6.1 There is no objection to supply of printed copies of electoral roll and the CDs, free of cost, to the MLAs provided the State Government concerned agrees to bear the expenses for printing of these additional copies of electoral roll. The additional requirement of copies of electoral roll to the MLAs can be taken up for printing separately and this should not be a cause for delay in publication of electoral roll on due dates appointed by the Election Commission.

25.6.2 In case such demand is made by Members of State Legislature of any State, then the Secretary of the State Legislature concerned should inform the Chief Electoral Officer concerned in writing with an undertaking that the expenditure for printing of the additional copies of the electoral roll shall be borne by the State Government.

## 25.7 Supply of Copies of Electoral Roll to Unrecognized Political Parties:-

The Election Commission has directed that unrecognized registered political parties/NGOs/public may be provided soft copy of electoral roll (without images of electors) in CD in pdf format on a nominal price of Rs. 100/- only per CD, containing electoral roll of an Assembly Constituency, on request.

The Election Commission has directed that one complete copy of electoral roll shall be supplied, free of cost, to the contesting candidates of recognized political parties during general elections under the provisions of Section 78A of the Representation of the People Act, 1951.

## Chapter 26

# Outreach Initiatives - SVEEP

### 26.1 Introduction

A clean and healthy electoral roll is an essential ingredient of good and successful elections. The Constitution of India has mandated the Election Commission with the responsibility of preparation of electoral roll for elections to Parliament and State Legislatures in the country. The management of electoral roll in the country is a gigantic task, given the sheer size of the electorate, geographical diversity, socio-cultural dynamics, gender bias, disability, illiteracy and lack of awareness on the part of citizens. In the backdrop of such a challenge, the Election Commission has been continuously and consistently striving to improvise the system. The Election Commission has come across certain gaps in the process of voters' registration and to bridge the said gaps the Election Commission, decided to educate and motivate citizens to participate and cooperate in the process through Information, Education and Communication (IEC) activities in 2009. The programme was subsequently revamped in 2010 as a national programme titled Systematic voters' Education and Electoral Participation (SVEEP).

### 26.2 SVEEP

As mentioned above, SVEEP as IEC (Information, Education and Communication) interventions began in Jharkhand election in 2009. It was carried forward more systematically in subsequent elections.

- 26.2.1 The national SVEEP programme having already achieved increased electoral participation in its early years now aspires for complete and qualitative participation in the coming years and to stay comprehensively and creatively engaged in the pursuit of this goal.
- 26.2.2 The second phase of SVEEP, was rolled out from 2013, based on the learnings of phase I. The programme has evolved with every election. Innovative practices that bore results got integrated in the programme as policy directive. Best practices were shared with States and implemented in the Lok Sabha elections held in 2014.
- 26.2.3 The Election Commission conducted a series of workshops/focus groups discussions with stakeholders including Civil Society Organizations, Academicians, Experts and Volunteers besides Government Departments in May, 2015 to finalize the action plan for SVEEP III. The objective of the workshops/focus group discussions was to widely consult on subjects related to enhancing electoral participation by targeting specific segments for more inclusive voting.
- 26.2.4 SVEEP III puts forward a goal to create a sustainable mechanism which carries out the work of voter education all over India, polling station by polling station, voter by voter over the next two decades, resulting in a population that is well informed on all aspects of electoral participation and motivated to engage in the process of

elections and democratic governance.

- 26.2.5 The SVEEP III project document lays down the SVEEP strategy for the next five years, i.e. 2016-2020, based on which the annual action plan of the States and districts shall be chalked out. The key objectives are targeted intervention to meet gaps in participation from among various segments of population, sensitisation of election officials towards marginalised voter groups, ethical and informed voting, facilitating citizens and developing partnership for wider and deeper outreach.
- 26.2.6 SVEEP IV Strategy has been planned for years 2021-2024. SVEEP IV Strategy builds on the key learnings and substantial progress in the voter's education participation made during SVEEP III and charters a new pathway to an ambitious and bold paradigm.
- 26.2.7 SVEEP Mission
- (i) Increase electoral participation through voter registration and turnout
  - (ii) Increase qualitative participation in terms of ethical and informed voting
  - (iii) Provide continuous electoral and democracy education
- 26.2.8 SVEEP Goals
- (i) Make SVEEP a movement with a life of its own, impacting voters across India and reaching an inflection point where the core SVEEP team does not have much to do.
  - (ii) Create a sustainable mechanism which carries out the work of voter education all over India, polling station by polling station, voter by voter over the next two decades.
- 26.2.9 SVEEP Objectives
- (i) Systematic Planning & Implementation : Strengthen Administrative Backbone (Institutional Mechanism)
  - (ii) Systematically target gaps in registration and voter turnout among PwDs. (Targeted Interventions)
  - (iii) Systematically target persistent gaps in registration and voter turnout among women and the marginalized groups. (Targeted Interventions)
  - (iv) Sensitisation of election machinery to gender issues and issues related to marginalized segments (Sensitisation).
  - (v) Systematically target gaps in registration and voter turnout among Service voters. (Targeted Interventions)
  - (vi) Continue targeting youth and urban citizens for registration and voter turnout (Sustaining existing interventions)
  - (vii) Systematically target the persistent gaps in registration among NRIs (Targeted interventions)
  - (viii) Run campaign on making deliberate, informed and ethical choices during elections (Ethical voting)
  - (ix) Make the process of voter registration, modification in records and voting reliable, responsive, simple and convenient (Facilitation in Registration)



- (x) Extending services ahead of and on poll day to make voting easy and accessible (Facilitation at polling stations).
- (xi) Mainstreaming electoral literacy in curricula, training program, adult literacy and education initiatives.

26.2.10 Target Groups and Specific Methodology to Reach Them A ‘triangular approach’ should be adapted in this phase of SVEEP campaigns targeting – those who conduct elections, those who contest and those who vote, i.e., election personnel, political parties and citizens, respectively. And, the Civil Society Organisations could act as a bridge to reach through all the three targets. SVEEP could build an alliance with people having common interest. Following are the target groups for SVEEP III:-

- (i) Various population/elector segments (already registered)
- (ii) Various Population/Elector Segments (still not registered – where gaps have been identified or would be identified in future)
- (iii) Future Electors (15 to 17 years of age)
- (iv) Elected representatives, Candidates, Political Actors including aspirants and Political Parties
- (v) Mass Media
- (vi) People who are part of voter registration and election management set up
- (vii) Civil Society Organizations (CSOs)
- (viii) Government Ministries and Departments

26.2.11 Some of the primary target groups:-

- (i) Women
- (ii) Youth
- (iii) Persons with Disabilities (PwDs)
- (iv) Service Voters
- (v) Migrants
- (vi) Third Genders
- (vii) Senior Citizens
- (viii) NRIs
- (ix) Other Marginalized Groups

26.2.12 The Election Commission SVEEP team has prepared brochure for guidance of general electors, Overseas Indian electors and service voters. The said material is available on the Election Commission’s website in form of e-book.

### 26.3 National Voters’ Day (NVD)

With objective of raising awareness among electors about their democratic rights and duties, the Election Commission started practice of celebrating National Voters’ Day with a specific theme on its foundation day i.e. 25th of January every year throughout the country. On this occasion, functions are organized in which awards for best electoral practices are given away to Chief Electoral Officers, District Election Officers, Superintendent of Police, Civil Society

Organizations and Media Houses. Besides, newly registered voters are also felicitated and distributed EPICs by the Chief Guest. This year, coinciding National Voters' Day celebrations, the Election Commission also organized a Matdata Mahotsav/Voters' Fest in New Delhi with a view to familiarize the audience with the process of electoral registration and outreach to include the selected target groups like youths, women, marginalised groups, service voters, overseas Indian electors etc.

## Chapter 27

# Regulatory Audit

### 27.1 Introduction -

The Election Commission has developed Regulatory Audit Program (RAP) to promote and ensure compliance and conformance with the election laws, rules and instructions by the election machinery. Regulatory Audit also ensures that the policies and programs are applied uniformly across the country.

### 27.2 Scope of Audit -

The scope of regulatory audit covers all aspects of election process from preparation and revision of electoral rolls to EVMs, polling process, training, SVEEP etc. The program of audit is approved in advance by the Election Commission and notified to the Chief Electoral Officer of the concerned State. The Audit Manager, an officer of the Election Commission coordinates between the Audit team and the Chief Electoral Officer.

### 27.3 Types of Audit -

The type of Audit is determined by the circumstances under which the Audit is organised. In general, there are three types of Audit -

- (i) Composite Audit/Routine Conformation Audit - Composite Audits are conducted on routine and regular basis for carrying out test check on the election related activities by the officials. The Audit is planned beforehand and the schedule of audit is fixed in consultation with the Auditee.
- (ii) Special Purpose Audit - Special Purpose Audit is conducted to gather quick and first hand information from the field officers. The Audit is held without issuing any prior notice to the Auditee.
- (iii) Concurrent Audit - Concurrent Audit is conducted for stocktaking of the working, infrastructure, manpower, observance of rules and regulations in the offices of the election officials in the States, like Chief Electoral Officer, District Electoral Officer, Electoral Registration Officer/Returning Officer or their subordinate officers.

### 27.4 Regulatory Audit of preparation and revision of Electoral Rolls - The Audit program includes four types of verifications -

- (i) Routine Verification of Electoral Rolls - This audit program includes all main activities relating to preparation of electoral rolls from rationalization of polling stations to appointment of BLOs and pre revision activities relating to printing of draft rolls, their inspection, preparation of CEO's website, integration etc.
- (ii) Verification of Polling Stations - The audit is done to check whether the District

Election Officer has followed the Election Commission's instructions on rationalization/modification of polling stations, while preparing and furnishing the proposals of creation of new polling stations/shifting of existing polling stations for the Election Commission's approval.

- (iii) Summary Revision – The audit team conducts the audit to verify whether all activities are being undertaken by the Electoral Registration Officer/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer during revision period as per the relevant provisions and instructions.
- (iv) Continuous Updation – Generally, the registration process during the period of continuous updation not done in the time bound manner. This audit is done to ensure normal enrolment process, regular data updation, timely distribution of EPICs etc during continuous updation.

(Kindly refer 'Manual on Regulatory Audit' for Audit policy, procedures and checklist for audits.

## Chapter 28

# National Grievance Redressal System (NGRS)

### State & District Contact Centre

To make the enrolment process more transparent and citizen friendly, the Election Commission has established State call centers with a toll free telephone number '1800-XXX-1950' at all State headquarters. In addition to this, District Contact Centre has been operationalised as 'Voter Helpline' with 1950 as the toll free number. The citizens can make a call to the State or District Contact Centres to enquire about the registration process, revision program and status of their claims & objections.

### 28.1 Introduction

The Election Commission has set up a comprehensive National Grievance Redressal System (NGRS) with the objective to record and monitor all complaints received through various sources, such as e-mail, fax, hard copy etc. A public portal National Grievance Redressal Portal (NGSP) has also been provided on the Election Commission's website. The second mode of filing complaints is through state call centres by making a free telephone call at 1800-XXX-1950'. ECI has also directed to set up District Contact Centres with toll free number

1950 in all the districts. Citizens may also contact this number through landline or mobile telephone without adding the STD Code of the district and from outside the district by adding the STD Code of the district. The operation time of DCCs is 9AM to 9PM on all working days and upscaled during Election Period. This system has been developed in such a manner that in addition to providing redressal to the users/citizens, it also serves as a common interface for providing seamless citizen centric services on electoral roll and election related matters.

### 28.2 Major Subject Categories:-

#### 28.2.1 During election period:-

- (i) EPIC and Electoral Roll
- (ii) Voter Information Slip

#### 28.2.2 During non-election period:-

- (i) EPIC & Electoral Roll

### 28.3 Work Flow:-

#### 28.3.1 Submission and Registration of complaints:-

- (i) As soon as a complaint is registered in NGSP an SMS is sent to the user informing him of the unique ID of his complaint with the time limit for disposal. An SMS is also sent to the concerned appropriate authority

informing him about the complaint and the time limit for the disposal of the same.

- (ii) The user has to choose the state and the district and the concerned appropriate authority is immediately informed by SMS.
- (iii) Whenever, a complaint is received at a Contact centre, the Contact centre operator shall obtain details of the district and then make data entry on the website.
- (iv) If a complaint is received through any other mode the operator has to select the complaint level from a drop down list.
- (v) In case of Call wait time of more than 30 seconds at the District Contact Centre, the user is permitted to record his/her mobile number and/or message so that the agent can contact him/her back. Optionally, the calls can be diverted to State Contact Centre where there is relatively less load.
- (vi) Every Call is punched into the National Grievance Service Portal. All types of calls such as information, feedback, suggestion and complaints should be entered with relevant details.

#### 28.3.2 Disposal of Registered complaints:-

- (i) The concerned appropriate authority shall either take suitable action on the complaint at its own level or forward it to the next junior officer in the hierarchy. Thus, the Election Commission can forward a complaint to Chief Electoral Officers of the states who will take necessary action at their level or forward it to District Election Officers. The District Election Officer follows the same pattern and if required, sends the complaint to the concerned Electoral Registration Officers. As soon as a complaint is forwarded the concerned officer gets an SMS.
- (ii) After disposal of the complaint, an SMS is sent to the user. He can log on to the website and see the decision taken by the appropriate authority. The system has also a provision for taking a printout of the same.
- (iii) The Contact centre can also check status of all the complaints, their disposal and action taken. The Contact centre shall make random telephone calls to the users to check their satisfaction level and update it on the website.
- (iv) Sending Custom SMS – Officers can send custom SMS to the users and to other officers through the website.

28.3.3 Monitoring of disposal of complaints – The system with the purpose of timely disposal and effective monitoring compiles all complaints received at 8 AM every day and sends SMS to all concerned officers giving the total number of complaints and breakup of pending complaints, defaulted complaints and disposed complaints.

28.3.4 The users/citizens can track their registered complaints and check status thereof by following the route as indicated below-Browse the website <http://eci.gov.in/> - click on Citizen Corner (Register Complaint) link - Browse the URL <http://eci-citizenservices.eci.nic.in/>

## Chapter 29

# Landmark Judgements on Electoral Rolls

### Introduction

In the discharge of its constitutional responsibilities of holding elections and preparation and revision of electoral rolls for the elections, the position of the Election Commission has been strengthened by the Supreme Court of India, by its several landmark judgements, interpreting the constitutional and legal provisions. These judgements being the law of the land in terms of Article 141 of the Constitution of India, have been the guiding stars for the Election Commission and the electoral machinery. Some selected landmark judgements on issues relating to preparation and revision of electoral rolls have been summarised and put together in this chapter.

- (1.) Indrajit Barua & Others, etc. ... Vs. Election Commission of India & Others ..  
(AIR 1986 SC103)

### ISSUES

- (i) Whether 'preparation of electoral rolls' is a process of election.
- (ii) Whether election can be challenged on ground of defective electoral rolls.

### SUMMARY

On the eve of general election to the Assam Legislative Assembly in 1979, certain writ petitions were filed before the Guwahati High Court, seeking a direction to the Election Commission not to hold the general election as the electoral rolls were alleged to be defective. The High Court entertained the writ petitions but did not grant interim stay of elections. Subsequently, the elections to the State Assembly were held and the House constituted. After the general election, some more writ petitions were filed before the High Court challenging the electoral rolls and questioning the validity of all the elections to the Legislative Assembly and praying for dissolution of the House. At the instance of the Election Commission, all these writ petitions were transferred to Supreme Court for disposal.

The Supreme Court dismissed all the petitions by an order dated 28th September, 1984. It gave detailed reasons for its order dated 28th September, 1984 by a subsequent order dated 30th September, 1985. The Supreme Court held that the general election as a whole could not be called in question by a writ petition, even though there was a common ground which might have vitiated the elections from all the constituencies and that election from each constituency had to be challenged separately by an election petition. The Supreme Court also held that the validity of election could not be called in question on the ground that the electoral rolls were defective as the finality of electoral rolls could not be assailed in an election petition.

[Editorial Note — The text of the case is reported in full in AIR 1984 SC 1911. Hon'ble Judges had then observed that detailed reasons will follow later. Judgment in pursuance thereof is printed hereunder.]

In a suitable case challenge to the electoral roll for not complying with the requirements of the law may be entertained. But the election of a candidate is not open to challenge on the score of the electoral roll being defective. Holding the elections to the legislature and holding them according to law are both matters of paramount importance. Such elections have to be held also in accordance with a time bound programme contemplated in the Constitution and the Act. The provision added in S. 21(2) of the Act of 1950 is intended to extend cover to the electoral roll in eventualities which otherwise might have interfered with the smooth working of the programme

(2.)

- (i) Lakshmi Charan Sen & Others .. Vs. A.K.M. Hassan Uzzaman & Others ..
- (ii) Election Commission & Others .. Vs. A.K.M. Hassan Uzzaman & Others ..
- (iii) A.K.M. Hassan Uzzaman & Others .. Vs. Union of India & Others ..

## ISSUES

- (i) Right to be included in electoral roll or to challenge inclusion of any name in the roll – It is a right conferred on individual and not on political party
- (ii) Whether failure to dispose of certain claims for inclusion of names in electoral rolls and objections relating to inclusion of certain names therein can be a ground to arrest the process of election - The election has to be held on the basis of the electoral roll which is in force on the last date for making nominations.
- (iii) Whether directions of Election Commission to Chief Electoral Officers have force of law — Whether violation thereof is sufficient ground for rendering an election invalid.

## SUMMARY

On the eve of the general election to the West Bengal Legislative Assembly in 1982, a writ petition was filed before the Calcutta High Court that the electoral rolls in the State of West Bengal had not been properly revised for the purposes of the said general election and that the rolls should be revised afresh before the general election. A learned single Judge of the Calcutta High Court gave some interim orders on the 12th and 19th February, 1982, which were confirmed by him on 25th February, 1982. By those orders, the learned single Judge directed that the instructions issued by the Election Commission should not be implemented by the Chief Electoral Officer and others, that the revision of electoral rolls be undertaken de novo, and that no notification be issued under Section 15 (2) of the Representation of the People Act, 1951 calling the general election to the West Bengal Legislative Assembly, until the rolls were duly revised. Against these interim orders, certain appeals were filed by the Election Commission and others and the writ petition before the High court was transferred by the Supreme Court to it for disposal.

The Supreme Court, by a majority decision (4:1), allowed the appeals and dismissed the writ petition before the Calcutta High Court. In this landmark judgment, the Supreme Court held that the right to be included in the electoral roll or to challenge the inclusion of any name in the roll is a statutory right conferred on an individual and not upon any political party.



The Supreme Court also held that the directions of the Election Commission are binding on the Chief Electoral Officers, even though they may not be treated as if they are law. But the violation of any such direction does not create any right in any individual to challenge the election.

The Supreme Court further held that the High Courts should not pass any orders under Article 226 of the Constitution which would tend to postpone elections indefinitely. The Court observed that more imminent an electoral process, the greater ought to be the reluctance of the High Court to do anything or direct anything to be done which will postpone that process indefinitely and create a situation in which the Government of a State cannot be carried on in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution. The High Courts must observe a self-imposed limitation on their powers to act under Article 226 by refusing to pass orders or give directions which will inevitably result in indefinite postponement of elections to Legislative bodies.

The right to be included in the electoral roll or to challenge the inclusion of any name in the roll is a right conferred upon an individual and not upon any political party. It must be emphasized that Election laws do not recognize political parties except in rule 11(c) of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, the Election Symbols (Reservation and Allotment Order, 1968, and Explanation 1 to section 77(1) of the Act of 1951.

The fact that the revision of electoral rolls, either intensive or summary, is undertaken by the Election Commission does not have the effect of putting the electoral roll last published in cold storage. The revision of electoral rolls is a continuous process which has to go on, elections or no elections. Various provisions contained in S.21 indicate that if an electoral roll is not revised, its validity and continued operation remain unaffected, at least in a class of cases. That exemplifies an important principle which applies in the case of electoral rolls Section 21(3) of the Act of 1950 confers upon the Election commission the power to direct a special revision of the electoral roll. The proviso to that sub-section also says that until the completion of the special revision so directed, the electoral roll for the time being in force shall continue to be in force. That proves the point that Election laws abhor a vacuum. Insofar as the electoral rolls are concerned, there is never a moment in the life of a political community when some electoral roll or the other is not in force. Section 23(3) of the said Act also points in the same direction. It is not suggested that claims and objections filed in the prescribed form should not be decided promptly and in accordance with law. But, the important point which must be borne in mind is that whether or not a revision of an electoral roll is undertaken and, if undertaken whether or not it is completed, the electoral roll for the time being in force must hold the field. Elections cannot be postponed for the reason that certain claims and objections have still remained to be disposed of. According to sub-rule(3) of rule 23 of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, the "presentation of an appeal under this rule shall not have the effect of staying or postponing any action to be taken by the Registration Officer under rule 22". Rule 22 imposes upon the Registration Officer the obligation to publish the electoral roll which, together with the list of amendments, becomes the electoral roll of the constituency. Thus, the fact that an appeal is pending under rule 23(1) against the decision of a Registration Officer under Rule 20, 21 or 21A does not constitute an impediment to the publication of the roll and to the roll, upon such publication, coming into force. Rule 20 provides for inquiry into claims and objections: Rule 21 provides for inclusion of names which are left out of the roll owing to inadvertence or error; while, Rule 21A provides for the deletion of names of dead persons and of persons who cease to be, or are not, ordinary residents of the particular constituency. Notwithstanding the fact that the roll contains these errors and they have remained to be

corrected, or that the appeals in respect thereof are still pending, the Registration Officer is under an obligation to publish the roll by virtue of Rule 22.

The directions issued by the Election Commission, though binding upon the Chief Electoral Officers, cannot be treated as if they are law, the violation of which could result in the invalidation of the election, either generally, or specifically in the case of an individual.

There is no provision in either the Act of 1950 or the Act of 1951 which would justify the proposition that the directions given by the Election Commission have the force of law. Election Laws are self-contained codes. One must look to them for identifying the rights and obligations of the parties, whether they are private citizens or public officials. Therefore, in the absence of a provision to that effect, it would not be correct to equate with law, the directions given by the Election Commission to the Chief Electoral Officers. The Election Commission is, of course, entitled to act *ex debito justitiae*, in the sense that, it can take steps or direct that steps be taken over and above those which it is under an obligation to take under the law. It is, therefore, entitled to issue directions to the Chief Electoral Officers. Such directions are binding upon the latter but, their violation cannot create rights and obligations unknown to the Election Law. To take a simple example, if the Election Commission issues a directive to a Chief Electoral Officer to invite leaders of political parties for a meeting to consider their grievances pertaining to the electoral roll, the failure to hold such a meeting cannot be equated with the failure to comply with the provision of a law. Leaders of political parties who were asked to be invited by the Election Commission cannot challenge the process of election on the ground that the directive issued by the Election Commission was violated by the Chief Electoral Officer. The question is not whether the directions issued by the Election Commission have to be carried out by the Chief Electoral Officers and are binding upon them. The plain answer is that such directions ought to be carried out. The question is whether, the failure on the part of the Chief Electoral Officer to comply with the directions issued by the Election Commission furnishes any cause of action to any other person, like a voter or a candidate, to complain of it.

(3.)

- (i) Lal Babu Hussain & Others .. Vs. Electoral Registration Officer & Others..
- (ii) Husain Dalwai & Others .. Vs Union of India & Others ..
- (iii) P.U.C.L. & Others .. Vs Electoral Registration Officer & Others ..

#### ISSUES –

- (i) Determination/or Citizenship is to be done by authority in light of constitutional provisions and provisions of 1955 Act.
- (ii) Deletion of name from electoral roll – Deletion on ground of suspicion about citizenship – Hearing would not be meaningful unless basis for the suspicion is disclosed.
- (iii) Electoral roll — Deletion of name — reason suspicion about citizenship — Registration Officer while enquiring shall give adequate probative value to fact that name of person concerned was included in preceding electoral roll after following requisite procedure.

## SUMMARY

Three Writ Petitions were filed in the Bombay High Court challenging the directive of the Election Commission issued on 21st August, 1992, directing Collectors of Districts in India to determine if any person was or was not foreigner, for the purposes of preparation and revision of electoral rolls. According to the said directive, the information collected by the enumerators during the house-to-house enumeration of electors had to be consolidated and furnished to the Collectors, who in turn were expected to get the same verified by the police/intelligence agencies and then to decide the question whether the persons concerned were citizens of India so as to be eligible for inclusion in the electoral rolls. The Electoral Registration Officers were then expected to prepare a proper electoral roll on the basis thereof and publish it for inviting claims and objections. This directive was followed by yet another directive dated 9th September, 1994, by which the Electoral Registration Officers were directed to identify and declare the names of foreign nationals and delete their names from the electoral rolls. In pursuance of these directives of the Election Commission, extensive search was undertaken in 39 polling station areas of Greater Bombay and as many as 1.67 lakhs persons were called upon by the police to produce documentary evidence in support of their claims as citizens of India. This police action was challenged in the aforesaid three Writ Petitions in the Bombay High Court. The High Court dismissed the writ petitions on the basis of certain clarifications and concessions made by the Advocate General, Maharashtra in regard to the above mentioned verification proceedings by the police authorities. The petitioners still felt aggrieved and filed the present appeal before the Supreme Court. Two writ petitions were moved before the Supreme Court also, on more or less small allegations relating to the verification proceedings being undertaken by the Electoral Registration Officer of Motia Khan in Pahar Ganj Areas and Sanjay Amar Jhugi Jhompri Colony in Matia Mahal Assembly Constituency in Delhi. The Supreme Court went into the directives issued by the Election Commission so as to delete the names of foreigners on the electoral rolls. The Court, however, found that the names of a large number of persons on the electoral rolls were being deleted without giving the persons concerned an adequate opportunity of presenting their cases and without disclosing the evidence in possession of Electoral Registration Officers against the persons concerned on the basis of which their names were sought to be deleted. On a suggestion from the Supreme Court, the learned Counsel for the Election Commission, Electoral Registration Officers and for the petitioners submitted a set of guidelines to be followed by the electoral registration authorities, for consideration of the Court. The Court after taking into consideration the guidelines suggested by either side, issued its own set of guidelines for the Electoral Registration Officers in the matter of enrolment and deletion of names of persons suspected to be foreign nationals. The Supreme Court struck down all the proceedings which had been initiated against the suspected foreign nationals and directed fresh proceedings to be initiated taking into consideration the guidelines laid down by the Supreme Court.

Section 22 empowers the Electoral Registration Officer for a constituency to delete any entry already made if on enquiry he is satisfied that it is erroneous or defective in any particular or needs to be transposed to another place in the roll or the concerned person has died or has ceased to be ordinarily resident in that constituency or that he is otherwise not entitled to be registered. Of course before any such action is taken the person concerned, except in the case of death, must be given an opportunity to be heard. Similar is the provision in Rule 21 A of the 1960 Rules which empowers the registration officer before final publication of the roll to delete the name or names of any person or persons which have been entered owing to

inadvertence or error if the person concerned is dead or has ceased to be ordinarily resident in that constituency or is otherwise not entitled to be registered. Where the name already entered is required to be deleted, since the name is already entered, it must be presumed that before entering his name the concerned officer must have gone through the procedural requirements under the statute. This would be so even under Section 114(e) of the Evidence Act. But then possibilities of mistakes cannot be ruled out. These mistakes, if any would have to be corrected even if it is assumed that the words "is otherwise not entitled to be registered in that roll" used in Section 22 of the 1950 Act or Rule 21 A of the 1960 Rules are wide enough to cover the question relating to citizenship, the issue would have to be decided after giving the concerned person a reasonable opportunity of being heard. If the opportunity of being heard before deletion of the name is to be a meaningful and purposive one, the concerned person whose name is borne on the roll and is intended to be removed must be informed why a suspicion has arisen in regard to his status as a citizen of India so that he may be able to show that the basis for the suspicion is ill-founded. Unless the basis for the doubt is disclosed, it would not be possible for the concerned person to remove the doubt and explain any circumstance or circumstances responsible for the doubt.

Inhabitants of certain constituencies in Bombay and Delhi were treated as suspect foreigners and enumerators were appointed to verify if persons residing in certain polling stations were not citizens. The police was employed for this purpose in Bombay they addressed as many as 1.67 lakh notices calling upon the addressees to produce (i) birth certificates (ii), Indian passports, if any, (iii) citizenship certificates and/or (iv) extracts of entry made in the register of citizenship. In Delhi also similar notices were addressed to hundreds of residents requiring them to produce the aforesaid documents. The time given was short and requests for extension of time were refused presumably because the work had to be completed within a given time-frame. Except the documents stated in the notice, no other proof, documentary or otherwise, was entertained. The fact that the addressees were by and large uneducated and belonged to the working class, particularly those who lived in jhuggi jhopris (huts) was overlooked. The police refused to accept any other document and prepared stereotype reports which betray nonapplication of mind and the Electoral Registration Officers abdicated their functions and merely superadded their seals to such reports. This notwithstanding the fact that these persons were voters in previous elections and hence it would ordinarily appear that their cases were verified before their names were entered in the electoral rolls. The atmosphere was fairly charged and because of the statements made time and again by the Election Commission the police went about its task with a mind-set which gave practically no opportunity to the addressees to place the relevant material for whatever it was worth because no other documentary evidence, save and except that mentioned in the show cause notice, was entertained. Even the Electoral Registration Officers merely acted on the police report, copies whereof were admittedly not supplied to the addressees thereby making a mockery of the reasonable opportunity of being heard requirement contemplated under the 1950 Act and the 1960 Rules. The proceedings initiated for deletion of names from electoral roll were liable to be set aside. The court issued guidelines for the officers dealing with cases of deletion of name from electoral roll on basis of doubt about citizenship. The directive issued by the Election Commission on prohibiting the Officer from entertaining certain documents was quashed.

# **Annexures**

# Annexure 1

## (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)

<p>Form- 1 (See rule 7)</p> <p>Registration of Electors Rules, 1960</p> <p>Statement as to place of Ordinary Residence by a Person holding a Declared Office</p>	<p>SPACE FOR PASTING ONE RECENT UNSIGNED PASSPORT SIZE COLOR PHOTOGRAPH (4.5 CM X 3.5 CM) SHOWING FRONTAL VIEW OF FULL FACE WITH WHITE BACKGROUND</p>
<b>Personal Details</b>	
Full Name	<input type="text"/>
Relation Name	<input type="text"/>
Relation Type	<input type="checkbox"/> Father <input type="checkbox"/> Mother <input type="checkbox"/> Husband <input type="checkbox"/> Wife <input type="checkbox"/> Others
Age	<input type="text"/> Years <input type="text"/> Month    Date of Birth <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Gender	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Office held	<input type="text"/>
EPIC No. (If issued)	<input type="text"/>
<b>Aadhaar Details:-</b> (Please tick the appropriate box)	
(a)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aadhaar Number <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
(b)	<input type="checkbox"/> I am not able to furnish my Aadhaar Number because I don't have Aadhaar Number
Mobile No. (optional)	<input type="text"/>
Email Id (optional)	<input type="text"/>
I hereby declare that I am a citizen of India and that but for my holding the above-mentioned office, I would have been ordinarily resident at:-	
House/Building/Apartment No.	Street/Mohalla
Locality	Town/Village
Post Office	Police Station
Tehsil/Taluqa/Mandal	PIN Code
District	State/UT
Assembly Constituency <input type="text"/>	
I further declare that my spouse (Husband/Wife) Shri./Smt. <input type="text"/>	
Age	<input type="text"/> Years <input type="text"/> Months    Date of Birth <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
ordinarily resides with me and is a citizen of India.	
I, further, declare that I *and my spouse have neither got *ourselves/myself already registered nor have applied for such registration as ordinary electors in the electoral roll of the place where I am presently posted and residing or any other constituency.	
I also declare that I am aware of the law that prohibits getting registered as an elector at more than one place either in the same constituency or in different constituencies and if my name *or my spouse's name so appears at different places, the same may be deleted from all such places except from the electoral roll of my native place for which I have made the statement.	
Date:	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="text"/> (Signature)
(For use in the Election Office)	
Statement received on the <input type="text"/> 20 <input type="text"/>	
Registered in the electoral roll for the <input type="text"/> Assembly <input type="text"/> Constituency	
No. <input type="text"/> Part No. <input type="text"/> at S. No. <input type="text"/>	
Date:	<input type="text"/>
	Electoral Registration Officer <input type="text"/>
* Strike off if not applicable	

## Annexure 2 (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)

<p>Form- 2 (See rule 7)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Registration of Electors Rules, 1960</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Statement as to place of Ordinary Residence by member of the Armed Forces</p>	<p>SPACE FOR PASTING ONE RECENT UNSIGNED PASSPORT SIZE COLOR PHOTOGRAPH (4.5 CM X 3.5 CM) SHOWING FRONTAL VIEW OF FULL FACE WITH WHITE BACKGROUND</p>
<b>Personal Details</b>	
Full Name	<input type="text"/>
Relation Name	<input type="text"/>
Relation Type	<input type="checkbox"/> Father <input type="checkbox"/> Mother <input type="checkbox"/> Husband <input type="checkbox"/> Wife <input type="checkbox"/> Other
Age	<input type="checkbox"/> Years <input type="checkbox"/> Month    Date of Birth <input type="text"/>
Gender	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
EPIC No. (If issued)	<input type="text"/>
Aadhaar Details:- (Please tick the appropriate box)	
(a)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aadhaar Number <input type="text"/> or
(b)	<input type="checkbox"/> I am not able to furnish my Aadhaar Number because I don't have Aadhaar Number
Mobile No. (optional)	<input type="text"/>
Email Id (optional)	<input type="text"/>
I hereby declare that I am a citizen of India and that but for my service in Armed Forces I would have been ordinarily resident at:-	
House/Building/Apartment No.	Street/Mohalla
Locality	Town/Village
Post Office	Police Station
Tehsil/Taluqa/Mandal	PIN Code
District	State/UT
Assembly Constituency <input type="text"/>	
<b>Service Details</b>	
Service /Buckle No.	<input type="text"/>
Rank	<input type="text"/>
Name of Armed Force	<input type="text"/>
Service/Corps/Regiment	<input type="text"/>
Name and Address of Record Office	<input type="text"/>
I further declare that my spouse (Husband/Wife) Shri./Smt. <input type="text"/>	
Age	<input type="checkbox"/> Years <input type="checkbox"/> Months    Date of Birth <input type="text"/>
ordinarily resides with me and is a citizen of India.	
I, further, declare that I *and my spouse have neither got *ourselves/myself already registered nor have applied for such registration as ordinary electors in the general part of the electoral roll of the place where I am presently posted and residing or any other constituency.	
I also declare that I am aware of the law that prohibits getting registered as an elector at more than one place either in the same constituency or in different constituencies and if my name *or my spouse's name so appears at different places, the same may be deleted from all such places except from the last part of the electoral roll of my native place for which I have made the statement.	
Date:	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="text"/> (Signature)
Record Office/Commandant's Office	Verified and found Correct
Folio No. <input type="text"/>	(Signature) <input type="text"/>
Place <input type="text"/>	(Designation) <input type="text"/>
Date <input type="text"/>	Officer-in-Charge, Records.
<b>(For use in the Election Office)</b>	
Statement received on the	_____ 20 _____
Registered in the electoral roll for the	_____ Assembly Constituency
No.    _____	Service Voter's Part, at S.No.    _____
Date:    _____	Electoral Registration Officer    _____
* Strike off if not applicable	

## Annexure 3 (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)

<p>Form- 2A (See rule 7)</p> <p>Registration of Electors Rules, 1960</p> <p>Statement as to place of Ordinary Residence by a member of the Armed police force of a State, who is serving outside that State</p>	<p>SPACE FOR PASTING ONE RECENT UNSIGNED PASSPORT SIZE COLOR PHOTOGRAPH (4.5 CM X 3.5 CM) SHOWING FRONTAL VIEW OF FULL FACE WITH WHITE BACKGROUND</p>
<b>Personal Details</b>	
Full Name	<input type="text"/>
Relation Name	<input type="text"/>
Relation Type	<input type="checkbox"/> Father <input type="checkbox"/> Mother <input type="checkbox"/> Husband <input type="checkbox"/> Wife <input type="checkbox"/> Others
Age	<input type="checkbox"/> Years <input type="checkbox"/> Month    Date of Birth <input type="text"/> d <input type="text"/> d / <input type="text"/> m <input type="text"/> m / <input type="text"/> y <input type="text"/> y <input type="text"/> y <input type="text"/> y
Gender	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
EPIC No. (If issued)	<input type="text"/>
Aadhaar Details:- (Please tick the appropriate box)	
(a)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aadhaar Number <input type="text"/> or
(b)	<input type="checkbox"/> I am not able to furnish my Aadhaar Number because I don't have Aadhaar Number
Mobile No. (optional)	<input type="text"/>
Email Id (optional)	<input type="text"/>
I hereby declare that I am a citizen of India and that but for my service outside the state in armed police forces mentioned below, I would have been ordinarily resident at:-	
House/Building/Apartment No.	Street/ Mohalla
Locality	Town/Village
Post Office	Police Station
Tehsil/Taluqa	Pin Code
District	State/UT
Assembly Constituency	<input type="text"/>
<b>Service Details</b>	
Service /Buckle No.	<input type="text"/>
Rank	<input type="text"/>
Name of Armed police Force	<input type="text"/>
Name and Address of office of the Commandant	<input type="text"/>
I further declare that my spouse (Husband/Wife) Shri./Smt. <input type="text"/>	
Age	<input type="checkbox"/> Years <input type="checkbox"/> Months    Date of Birth <input type="text"/> d <input type="text"/> d / <input type="text"/> m <input type="text"/> m / <input type="text"/> y <input type="text"/> y <input type="text"/> y <input type="text"/> y
ordinarily resides with me and is a citizen of India.	
I, further, declare that I *and my spouse have neither got *ourselves/myself already registered nor have applied for such registration as ordinary electors in the general part of electoral roll of the place where I am presently posted and residing or any other constituency.	
I also declare that I am aware of the law that prohibits getting registered as an elector at more than one place either in the same constituency or in different constituencies and if my name *or my spouse's name so appears at different places, the same may be deleted from all such places except from the last part of the electoral roll of my native place for which I have made the statement.	
Date: <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> (Signature)
Commandant's Office	Verified and found Correct
Folio No. <input type="text"/>	(Signature) <input type="text"/>
Place <input type="text"/>	(Designation) <input type="text"/>
Date <input type="text"/>	Commandant <input type="text"/>
<b>(For use in the Election Office)</b>	
Statement received on the _____ 20 _____	Registered in the electoral roll for the _____ Assembly Constituency
No. _____	Service Voter's Part, at S.No. _____
Date: _____	Electoral Registration Officer _____
* Strike off if not applicable	



## Annexure 4 (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)

<p><b>Form- 3</b> (See rule 7) <b>Registration of Electors Rules, 1960</b></p> <p>Statement as to place of Ordinary Residence by a Person employed under the Government of India in a post outside India</p>	<p>SPACE FOR PASTING ONE RECENT UNSIGNED PASSPORT SIZE COLOR PHOTOGRAPH (4.5 CM X 3.5 CM) SHOWING FRONTAL VIEW OF FULL FACE WITH WHITE BACKGROUND</p>										
<b>Personal Details</b>											
Full Name _____											
Relation Name _____											
Relation Type <input type="checkbox"/> Father <input type="checkbox"/> Mother <input type="checkbox"/> Husband <input type="checkbox"/> Wife <input type="checkbox"/> Other											
Age <input type="checkbox"/> Years <input type="checkbox"/> Month Date of Birth <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td>d</td><td>d</td><td>/</td><td>m</td><td>m</td><td>/</td><td>y</td><td>y</td><td>y</td><td>y</td> </tr> </table>		d	d	/	m	m	/	y	y	y	y
d	d	/	m	m	/	y	y	y	y		
Gender <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female											
EPIC No. (If issued) _____											
Aadhaar Details:- (Please tick the appropriate box)											
(a) <input type="checkbox"/> Aadhaar Number _____ or											
(b) <input type="checkbox"/> I am not able to furnish my Aadhaar Number because I don't have Aadhaar Number											
Mobile No. (optional) _____											
Email Id (optional) _____											
I hereby declare that I am a citizen of India and that but for my being employed under Government of India in the below-mentioned post, I would have been ordinarily resident at (full postal address):-											
House/Building/Apartment No.	Street/ Mohalla										
Locality	Town/Village										
Post Office	Police Station										
Tehsil/Taluqa/Mandal	PIN Code										
District	State/UT										
Assembly Constituency _____											
<b>Service Details</b>											
Unique Id No. _____											
Description of post held outside India _____											
Address of Head of Office _____											
I further declare that my spouse (Husband/Wife) Shri./Smt. _____											
Age <input type="checkbox"/> Years <input type="checkbox"/> Months Date of Birth <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td>d</td><td>d</td><td>/</td><td>m</td><td>m</td><td>/</td><td>y</td><td>y</td><td>y</td><td>y</td> </tr> </table>		d	d	/	m	m	/	y	y	y	y
d	d	/	m	m	/	y	y	y	y		
ordinarily resides with me and is a citizen of India.											
I, further, declare that I *and my spouse have neither got *ourselves/myself already registered nor have applied for such registration as ordinary electors in the general part of electoral roll of the place where I am presently posted and residing or any other constituency.											
I also declare that I am aware of the law that prohibits getting registered as an elector at more than one place either in the same constituency or in different constituencies and if my name *or my spouse's name so appears at different places, the same may be deleted from all such places except from the last part of the electoral roll of my native place for which I have made the statement.											
Date: _____											
_____ (Signature)											
Verified and found Correct											
_____ (Signature)											
_____ (Designation of the Head of Office)											
<b>(For use in the Election Office)</b>											
Statement received on the _____ 20 _____											
Registered in the electoral roll for the _____ Constituency											
No. _____ Service Voter's Part, at S.No. _____											
Date: _____ Electoral Registration Officer _____											
* Strike off if not applicable											

## Annexure 5 (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)

Letter of request Place

Place.....  
Date.....

To

The occupant of.....

Sir/Madam,

The preparation of the electoral roll for the Assembly Constituency in which you are residing has been taken in hand. It will greatly facilitate my work if you will kindly complete the statement below after reading the attached instructions and hand it over to my assistant who will call for it.

Electoral Registration Officer of the.....

.....  
Assembly Constituency.

### STATEMENT

*Names and particulars of adult citizens ordinarily residing in the above premises*

Name of citizen	Particulars as to	1[Father or Mother or Husband ]	2[Age on 1st January/April, 19...]
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
etc.			

Signature.....

Date.....

### INSTRUCTIONS

1. Enter the names of all persons who have completed 2 [18 years of age on or before the 1st of January/April] of this year and who are ordinarily residing in the premises.
2. Only the names of these who are citizens of India should be entered.
3. Enter against Serial No. 1 in the first column, the name of the head or other senior member of the family, provided he or she has the qualifications mentioned in paragraphs 1 and 2 above.
4. "Ordinarily residing" does not mean that the person should be actually in the house when you are filling in the form. The persons who normally live in the house should be included even though they may be temporarily absent, e.g., on a journey or on business or in hospital. On the other hand, a guest or visitor, who normally lives elsewhere but happens to be in the house at the time should not be included.
5. All ordinary residents of the house should be included, whether they are members of the family or not. But do not enter the name of any person who is a member of the Armed Forces of India or is employed under the Government of India in a post outside India or the name of such person's wife if she ordinarily resides with him.
6. In the case of every male citizen, enter in the second column the name of his father preceded by the words "son of".
7. In the case of every female citizen, enter in the second column— (i) the name of the husband preceded by the words "wife of", if she be married; (ii) the name of the late husband preceded by the words "widow of", if

she be a widow; and (iii) the name of the 1 [Father or Mother] preceded by the words "daughter of", if she be unmarried.

8. In the third column, enter the age of the citizen as accurately as possible, giving only the number of complete years and ignoring the months. 3 [Note: For preparation/revision of rolls in 1989, omit "January" and retain "April". For preparation/revision of rolls in any other year, omit "April" and retain "January"].

**Annexure 6**  
**(Chapter 2, Para 2.5)**

**FORM 5**

[See rule 10]

**Notice of publication of electoral roll in draft**

To

The Electors of the ..... Constituency.

Notice is hereby given that the electoral roll has been prepared in accordance with the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, and a copy thereof is available for inspection at my office, and at ..... during office hours.

The qualifying date for the preparation of the electoral roll is .....

If, with reference to the above said qualifying date, there be any claim for the inclusion of a name in the roll or any objection to the inclusion of name or any objection to particulars in any entry, it should be lodged on or before the ..... 20....., in Forms 6, 7 or 8 as may be appropriate.

An eligible Citizen, who is going to attain the age of eighteen years on any of the subsequent qualifying dates in the year ..... , that is to say, the 1st April, ....., the 1st July,....., or the 1st October, ....., may also file his or her claim for inclusion of his or her name in the roll, in Form-6, in advance, starting from the date of notice, and the same shall be considered and decided in the respective quarter of the year with reference to the respective qualifying date."

Every such claim or objection should either be presented in my office or to ..... or sent by post to the address given below so as to reach me not later than the aforesaid date.



(b) Self-attested copy of address proof either in the name of applicant or any one of parents/spouse/adult child, if already enrolled as elector at the same address (Attach anyone of them)

(i) Document for proof of residence ^:- (Any one of these)

- |                             |   |                             |  |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| 1. <input type="checkbox"/> | Water/Electricity/Gas connection Bill for that address (atleast 1 year) | 2. <input type="checkbox"/> | Aadhaar Card                               |
| 3. <input type="checkbox"/> | Current passbook of Nationalized/Scheduled Bank/Post Office             | 4. <input type="checkbox"/> | Indian Passport                            |
| 5. <input type="checkbox"/> | Revenue Department's Land Owning records including KisanBahi            |                             |  |
| 6. <input type="checkbox"/> | Registered Rent Lease Deed (In case of tenant)                          | 7. <input type="checkbox"/> | Registered Sale Deed (In case of ownhouse) |

(ii) Any Other document for Proof of residence: -

(If none of the above documents is available) (Pl. Specify)# \_\_\_\_\_

(9) Category of disability, if any(Optional)  Locomotive  Visual  Deaf & Dumb

If any other (Give description) \_\_\_\_\_

Percentage of disability:  %, Certificate attached (Tick the appropriate box)  Yes  No

(10) The details of my family member already included in the electoral roll at current address with whom I currently reside are as under:

Name of family member: \_\_\_\_\_ Relationship with applicant \_\_\_\_\_

His/her EPIC no.: \_\_\_\_\_

#### DECLARATION

I HEREBY DECLARE that to the best of my knowledge and belief-

(i) I am a citizen of India and place of my birth is:- Village/Town \_\_\_\_\_

District \_\_\_\_\_ State/UT \_\_\_\_\_

(ii) I am ordinarily a resident at the address mentioned at Sr. No. 8(a) in Form 6 since \_\_\_\_\_ (mention month and year)

(iii) I am applying for inclusion in Electoral Roll for the first time and my name is not included in any Assembly Constituency/ Parliamentary Constituency.

(iv) I don't possess any of the documents mentioned for proof of Date of Birth/Age. Therefore, I have enclosed \_\_\_\_\_ (Name of the document) in support of age proof (Strike off, if not applicable).

(v) I am aware that making the above statement or declaration in relation to this application which is false and which I know or believe to be false or do not believe to be true, is punishable under Section 31 of Representation of the People Act, 1950 (43 of 1950) with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine or with both.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Place: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature of Applicant/Left Hand Thumb Impression

Accessibility Instructions:-In the light of provisions of Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act 2016 and Rights of Persons with Disabilities Rules, 2017, in case of persons with intellectual disability, autism, cerebral palsy and multiple disabilities etc., signature or left hand thumb impression of person with disability, or signature or left hand thumb impression of his/her legal guardian will be required.

#### Note-

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| * | In case of a married female applicant, name of Husband may preferably be mentioned.  |
| ^ | Submission of self-attested copy of mentioned documents will ensure speedy delivery of services.   |
| # | In case none of the mentioned documents is available, field verification is must. As for example, category like homeless Indian citizens who are otherwise eligible to become electors but do not possess any documentary proof of ordinary residence, Electoral Registration Officer shall designate an officer for field verification. |

#### ✕ Acknowledgement/Receipt for application ✕

Acknowledgment Number \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Received the application in Form 6 of Shri/Smt./Ms. \_\_\_\_\_

[Applicant can refer the Acknowledgement No. to check the status of application.]

Name/Signature of ERO/AERO/BLO

GUIDELINES FOR FILLING UP THE APPLICATION  
FORM-6

1. General Instructions:-

(a) The application will be addressed to the Electoral Registration Officer(ERO) of the Assembly Constituency (AC)/Parliamentary Constituency(PC) in which the applicant is ordinarily residing. In case the applicant does not know or has any doubt about number and name of Assembly Constituency / Parliamentary Constituency, assistance may be extended by the Electoral Registration Officer and the application will not be rejected on the ground of not mentioning of number and name of Assembly Constituency / Parliamentary Constituency.

(b) The applicant can fill entries of the application either in English or official language of the state and this will not be a ground for rejection of application.

(c) A service personnel, applying for enrolment as general elector in the electoral roll at his place of posting at a peace station, should ensure that he is not already enrolled as service elector or general elector in some other constituency.

\*(d) Photograph: A recent good quality passport size unsigned colour photograph (4.5cm X 3.5cm) with white background should be pasted in the space provided. Eyes must be open and both edges of face must be clearly visible.

(e) Elector's Photo Identity Card (EPIC):EPIC will be delivered at given postal address after enrolment, free of cost through speed post under proper acknowledgement.

2. Item (1) \*(Name): The exact name and spelling should be furnished in both official language of the State and English. If filled in only one language, system will transliterate automatically in other language which may lead to spelling mistakes.

3. Item(2a) & (2b) (Name and Surname of Relative): In case of a married female applicant, name of husband may preferably be mentioned. (Strike off the inapplicable options in the column).

4. Item (5) Aadhaar Details : Aadhaar Number should be furnished for the purpose of authentication of entries. If the applicant does not have Aadhaar number, the same may be mentioned in box at item 5 (b).

5. Item (6) (Gender) :

\*(a) Gender in the appropriate box provided for 'Male' / 'Female' / 'Third Gender' should clearly be tick marked.

(b) Applicants belonging to Third Gender may indicate their sex as 'Male' or as 'Female' or as 'Third Gender'.

6. Item 7(a)(b) (Date of Birth):

\*(a) A self attested copy of one of the documents mentioned in the form can be attached as age proof. Submission of a document mentioned in the form will ensure speedy registration and delivery of services.

(b) If none of the documents mentioned in the form is available, the applicant should enclose some other document in support of age proof; and name of the said document should be mentioned in item 7(ii) and item (iv) of 'DECLARATION' part in Form. In such case, the applicant will have to appear personally before Electoral Registration Officer or any other officer designated by him for verification.

7. Item 8 (Present Ordinary Residence):

\*(a) Complete postal address with PIN code should be mentioned along with a self attested copy of any of the mentioned documents in name of applicant/parents/spouse as proof of ordinary residence.


(b) Necessary field verification shall be made in cases of Homeless Indian Citizens living in sheds/pavements and sex workers having no documentary proof of ordinary residence, provided they are otherwise eligible for enrollment.

(c) Students, who are eligible for enrollment, can be enrolled either at their parent's place or at the hostel/mess where they are ordinarily residing.

8. \*DECLARATION: All entries in "DECLARATION" portion should be completed in all respects. Please note that giving any false statement made in the DECLARATION portion is a punishable offence under Section 31 of the Representation of People Act, 1950 with imprisonment with a term which may extend to one year or with fine or with both

\*\*\*\*\*

## Annexure 8 (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)

	<b>ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA</b> <b>FORM-6A</b> <small>(See Rule-8B of Registration of Electors Rules, 1960)</small>	Acknowledgement No. _____ (To be filled by office)
<i>Application for Inclusion of Name in Electoral Roll by an Overseas Elector</i>		
To, The Electoral Registration Officer, .....Assembly / Parliamentary Constituency		PASTE ONE RECENT PASSPORT SIZE PHOTOGRAPH (3.5 CM X 3.5 CM) SHOWING FRONTAL VIEW OF FULL FACE WITHIN THIS BOX
I request that my name may be included in the electoral roll for the Constituency in which my place of residence is located as mentioned in (j) below:		
(a) Name *		
(b) Last Name *		
(c) Name of relative*	Father <input type="checkbox"/> Mother <input type="checkbox"/> Husband <input type="checkbox"/> Wife <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/>	
(d) Last Name of relative*		
(e) Date of Birth (dd/mm/yyyy)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
(f) Place of Birth	Village/Town	
	District	
	State	
(g) Gender (Put a cross mark in proper box)	Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="checkbox"/> Third Gender <input type="checkbox"/>	
(h) Email id#		
(i) Mobile No.#	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
(j) Address in India as mentioned in original passport	House No.	
Street/Area/Locality		
Town/Village		
District		Pin Code <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
(k) Details of current Passport	Place of Issue	
Passport No.	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Date of expiry (dd/mm/yyyy) <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Date of issue (dd/mm/yyyy)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
(l) Details of Visa of the Country of current residence	Visa Number	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Date of issue	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Date of expiry <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Type of Visa	Name of issuing Authority	
* To be filled in capital letters only # Optional		



**Note:- Copies of the relevant pages of the passport containing the particulars mentioned at items (a) to (l) and current valid visa endorsement mentioned above to be enclosed - duly self attested if sent by post and produced with the original passport if presented in person before the registration officer**

2. (a) Reason of being absent from the place of ordinary residence in India.	Employment <input type="checkbox"/>	Education <input type="checkbox"/>	Other(give Description)
--	-------------------------------------	------------------------------------	-------------------------

(b) Date from which absenting from ordinary residence in India(dd/mm/yyyy)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
--	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------

3. Full current Address in the country outside India where residing-	House No.
--	-----------

Street/Area/Locality
----------------------

Town/Village
--------------

State	Country
-------	---------

Zip code	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
----------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------

**DECLARATION** - I hereby declare that to the best of knowledge and belief –

**a.** all information given in this application is true.

**b.** I am a citizen of India by birth / domicile / naturalisation.

**c.** I have not acquired citizenship of any other country.

**d.** But for being absent from the place of my ordinary residence in India owing to the reason given in 2(a) above, I would have been ordinarily resident at the address given in my Indian Passport, which has been reproduced at 1(j) above.

**e.** I undertake to immediately inform the Electoral Registration Officer through the Indian Mission in the Country of my current residence if I renounce my Indian Citizenship or if I acquire the citizenship of any other country.

**f.** I undertake to immediately inform the Electoral Registration Officer through the Indian Mission in the country of my current residence of any change in my residential address in the country of my residence for the records of the Electoral Registration Officer. I understand that any notice sent to me at the address, which is my residential address in the country of my current residence according to the records of the Electoral Registration Officer, shall be considered as due service of notice to me under the Representation of the People Act, 1950 and the rules made there under, and that it is my responsibility to keep the Electoral Registration Officer informed of my latest residential address in the country of my current residence.

**g.** If I return to India and become ordinarily resident in India, I shall immediately inform the Electoral Registration Officer of the concerned Assembly/Parliamentary Constituency.

**h.** I have not applied for inclusion of my name in the electoral roll of any other constituency.

**i.** My name has not already been included in this or any other constituency Or My name may have been included in the electoral roll of ..... Constituency in..... State in which I was ordinarily resident earlier at the address mentioned below and, if so, I request that the same may be deleted from that electoral roll, or transposed, as may be appropriate. Full address (earlier place of ordinary residence) .....  
 ..... Elector Photo Identity Card (if issued) Number .. .....  
 date of issue.....

**j.** I have not been issued an EPIC in India/ have been issued an EPIC which is enclosed with this application for cancellation.

[Note – Any person who makes a statement or declaration which is false and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true, is punishable under Section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 (43 of 1950).]

Place.....

Date..... Signature.....

**Details of action taken**  
**(To be filled by Electoral Registration Officer of the constituency)**

Application received on .....(DD/MM/YYYY)

The application in Form 6A of Shri/Shrimati/Kumari .....has  
been :- (a) Accepted and the name has been registered in the electoral roll of .....(constituency)  
at S.No.....Part No.....

(b) Rejected for the reason:-

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name/Signature of ERO/AERO



Acknowledgement/Receipt



Acknowledgement Number \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Received the application for inclusion in name of self from Shri / Smt. / Ms. \_\_\_\_\_

[ Applicant can refer the Acknowledgement No. to check the status of application]

Name/Signature of ERO/AERO

**GUIDELINES FOR FILLING UP THE APPLICATION  
FORM-6A**

**Who can file Form-6A**

1. Every Indian citizen staying in a foreign country, who has not acquired citizenship of a foreign country, and has completed 18 years as on 1st January of the year, can make an application in Form 6A for being registered in the roll for the constituency pertaining to the locality in which his place of residence in India as mentioned in the passport is located. The application in Form 6A can be presented to the registration officer concerned.
2. The applicant should have completed eighteen years of age as on 1st January of the year. For example, if the application is for inclusion of name in the electoral roll with reference to 01-01-2017 as the qualifying date, the applicant should have completed 18 years as on 01-01-2017.

**Availability of Form 6A**

Form will be available at EROs/AEROs Office/Designated Locations/Authorized Centres. It can also be downloaded from NVSP portal i.e, <http://www.nvsp.in/> or from the ECI website, i.e, <http://eci.nic.in>.

**Where to submit the application in Form-6A**

The application should be submitted directly to the Electoral Registration Officer (ERO) of the constituency within which the place of ordinary residence of the applicant as given in the valid passport falls. The Application in Form 6A can be presented in person to the ERO or sent by post addressed to the ERO concerned. The application can also be filed online on the National Voter Service Portal (NVSP) of the Election Commission, i.e, <http://www.nvsp.in/> or on the website of Chief Electoral Officer of the State concerned (*Link of CEOs' website has been provided on the Commission's website, i.e, [http://eci.nic.in/eci\\_main1/Links.aspx](http://eci.nic.in/eci_main1/Links.aspx)*).

[The particulars and postal address of the EROs of all the constituencies in India are available on the websites of CEOs of concerned States which can be accessed through website of Election Commission of India (<http://eci.nic.in>) ]

**Documents to be attached**

3. Paste one recent passport size coloured photograph with a light background (preferably white) showing the full face of the applicant.
4. Fill in all the columns in Form-6A. The name and other particulars, as given in the valid Indian Passport, should be written.
5. If application is sent by post, it should be accompanied by photo-copy of the relevant pages of the passport containing the photograph and all other particulars of the applicant and the page containing the valid visa endorsement. **These photo-copies should be duly self-attested.** Applications without the attested photo-copies of these documents will be liable to be summarily rejected.
6. If the application is submitted in person before the ERO, the application should be accompanied by a photo-copy of the relevant pages of the passport as mentioned above. The original passport should also be produced alongwith the application for verification by the registration officer. The passport will be returned immediately after verification.


**Voting**

7. It may be noted that after enrolment of the name of the Applicant, he will be able to cast vote in election in the constituency, if he is physically present in the polling station along with his original passport on the day of poll.

\*\*\*\*\*



## Annexure 9 (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)

	<b>ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA</b> <b>Form-7</b> <b>FORM No. _____</b> (To be filled by office)																
<b>Voter Application Form for Objection for Proposed Inclusion/ Deletion of Name in Existing Electoral Roll</b> (See Rules 13(2) and (26) of the Registration of Electors Rules-1960)																	
To, The Electoral Registration Officer, No. & Name of Assembly Constituency                      No. <input type="text"/> Name _____ Or No. & Name of Parliamentary Constituency@                      No. <input type="text"/> Name _____ (@ only for Union Territories not having Legislative Assembly)																	
I submit application for objection for proposed inclusion/deletion of name in existing electoral roll.																	
(1) Name of the applicant <input type="text"/>																	
EPIC No. _____																	
Mobile No. of Self <input type="text"/> 'or'																	
Mobile No. of Relative <input type="text"/>																	
(2) Option of application/objection:- (Tick the appropriate option) (Any one)																	
<input type="checkbox"/> (i) I request to delete name of the person mentioned below already included in the current roll due to any one of the following reasons:- (tick any one)																	
<input type="checkbox"/> Death <input type="checkbox"/> Under Age <input type="checkbox"/> Absent / Permanently shifted																	
<input type="checkbox"/> Already enrolled <input type="checkbox"/> Not Indian Citizen																	
<input type="checkbox"/> (ii) I object to proposed inclusion of name of the person mentioned below due to any one of the following reasons - (tick any one)																	
<input type="checkbox"/> Death <input type="checkbox"/> Under Age <input type="checkbox"/> Absent / Permanently shifted																	
<input type="checkbox"/> Already enrolled <input type="checkbox"/> Not Indian Citizen																	
<input type="checkbox"/> (iii) I request to delete my name from electoral roll due to any one of the following reasons-(tick any one)																	
<input type="checkbox"/> Permanently shifted <input type="checkbox"/> Already enrolled <input type="checkbox"/> Not Indian Citizen																	
Death Certificate attached (Tick the appropriate option) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No																	
(3) The details of the person in respect of whom objection has been raised, are as below:-																	
Name _____ Surname _____ EPIC No.(if available) _____																	
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%;">Address</td> <td style="width: 35%;">House/Building/ Apartment No.</td> <td style="width: 15%;"></td> <td style="width: 35%;">Street/Area/Locality/ Mohalla/Road</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Town/Village</td> <td></td> <td>Post Office</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>PIN Code</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> <td>Tehsil/Taluqa/Mandal</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>District</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> <td>State/UT</td> </tr> </table>	Address	House/Building/ Apartment No.		Street/Area/Locality/ Mohalla/Road		Town/Village		Post Office		PIN Code	<input type="text"/>	Tehsil/Taluqa/Mandal		District	<input type="text"/>	State/UT	
Address	House/Building/ Apartment No.		Street/Area/Locality/ Mohalla/Road														
	Town/Village		Post Office														
	PIN Code	<input type="text"/>	Tehsil/Taluqa/Mandal														
	District	<input type="text"/>	State/UT														
<b>DECLARATION</b>																	
I HEREBY DECLARE that to the best of my knowledge and belief that I am aware that making a statement or declaration which is false and which I know or believe to be false or do not believe to be true, is punishable under Section 31 of Representation of the People Act, 1950 (43 of 1950) with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine or with both.																	
Date: _____ Place: _____ Signature of Applicant/Thumb Impression _____																	
Accessibility Instructions: In the light of provisions of Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act 2016 and Rights of Persons with Disabilities Rules, 2017, in case of persons with intellectual disability, autism, cerebral palsy and multiple disabilities etc., signature or left hand thumb impression of person with disability, or signature or left hand thumb impression of his/her legal guardian will be required.																	
✂ Acknowledgement/Receipt for application ✂																	
Acknowledgment Number _____ Date _____ Received the application in Form 7 of Shri/Smt./Ms. _____ [Applicant can refer the Acknowledgement No. to check the status of application.]																	
Name/Signature of ERO/AERO/BLO																	

GUIDELINES FOR FILLING UP THE APPLICATION

FORM-7

1. General Instruction:-

- (a) The application can be made by an elector registered in the existing electoral roll of the constituency.
- (b) The application can be an objection in respect of a registered elector/ an objection to the proposed inclusion of an entry in the electoral roll of the constituency, in which the applicant himself is registered OR a request for deletion of the applicant's own name from electoral roll.

2. Item No. 1 (Name of the applicant) -The applicant shall mention his name, EPIC no. and mobile number of self 'or' relative (father/mother/husband/legal guardian).

3. Item No. 2 (Option of objection/application of deletion):- The applicant has to tick any one option for which he intends to make the application. He must also tick any one of the reasons mentioned below the option, as to why according to him, the person against whom the objection has been made, is not qualified for inclusion in the electoral roll viz. due to death, under age, absent/permanently shifted, already enrolled in the electoral roll at the same place or some other place, not an Indian citizen etc. The onus of proof to substantiate the reason given for objection or removal of name lies with the applicant.


4. Item No. 3 (Details of the person in respect of whom objection has been made) :-The applicant has to fill up the name, surname, EPIC number and address of the person whose entry is objected to for inclusion or sought to be deleted.

5. DECLARATION:- The applicant must give a 'DECLARATION' that the facts and particulars mentioned in the application are true to the best of his/her knowledge and belief. Please note that giving any false statement made in the DECLARATION portion is a punishable offence under Section 31 of the Representation of People Act, 1950 with imprisonment with a term which may extend to one year or with fine or with both

\*\*\*\*\*

# Annexure10

## (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)

	<b>ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA</b> <b>Form-8</b>	FORM No. _____ <i>(To be filled by office)</i>																
<b>Voter Application Form for shifting of Residence/Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll/Replacement of EPIC/Marking of PwD</b> <i>(See Rules 13(3) and (26) of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960)</i>																		
To, The Electoral Registration Officer, No. & Name of Assembly Constituency                      No. <input type="text"/> Name _____ Or No. & Name of Parliamentary Constituency@                      No. <input type="text"/> Name _____ <i>(@ only for Union Territories not having Legislative Assembly)</i>																		
(I) Name of the applicant <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> EPIC No. _____ Aadhaar Details:- (Please tick the appropriate box) (a) <input type="checkbox"/> Aadhaar Number <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> or (b) <input type="checkbox"/> I am not able to furnish my Aadhaar Number because I don't have Aadhaar Number.  Mobile No. of Self (or) <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> Mobile No. of Father/Mother/Any other relative (if available) <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> Email Id of Self (or) _____ Email Id of Father/Mother/Any other relative (if available) _____																		
(II) I submit application for                      (Tick any one of the following) 1. <input type="checkbox"/> Shifting of Residence (or) 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Correction of Entries in Existing Electoral Roll (or) 3. <input type="checkbox"/> Issue of Replacement EPIC without correction (or) 4. <input type="checkbox"/> Request for marking as Person with Disability																		
<b>1. Application for Shifting of Residence</b> I have shifted my residence and I request that my name may be deleted from the previous address and shifted to the current address mentioned below. I request that a replacement EPIC may be issued to me due to change in my address. I hereby return my old EPIC.																		
Present Ordinary Residence (Full Address)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>House/Building/Apartment No.</td><td><input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Town/Village</td><td><input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></td></tr> <tr><td>PIN Code</td><td><input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></td></tr> <tr><td>District</td><td><input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></td></tr> </table>	House/Building/Apartment No.	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	Town/Village	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	PIN Code	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	District	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>Street/Area/Locality/ Mohalla/Road</td><td><input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Post Office</td><td><input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Tehsil/Taluqa/Mandal</td><td><input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></td></tr> <tr><td>State/UT</td><td><input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></td></tr> </table>	Street/Area/Locality/ Mohalla/Road	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	Post Office	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	Tehsil/Taluqa/Mandal	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>	State/UT	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>
House/Building/Apartment No.	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>																	
Town/Village	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>																	
PIN Code	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>																	
District	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>																	
Street/Area/Locality/ Mohalla/Road	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>																	
Post Office	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>																	
Tehsil/Taluqa/Mandal	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>																	
State/UT	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>																	
Self-attested copy of address proof either in the name of applicant or anyone of the parents/spouse/adult child, if already enrolled with as elector at the same address (Attach any one of the documents mentioned below ^):-  1. <input type="checkbox"/> Water/Electricity/Gas connection Bill for that address (atleast 1 year)                      2. <input type="checkbox"/> Aadhaar Card 3. <input type="checkbox"/> Current passbook of Nationalized/Scheduled Bank/Post Office                      4. <input type="checkbox"/> Indian Passport 5. <input type="checkbox"/> Revenue Department's Land Owning records including Kisan Bahi 6. <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Rent Lease Deed (In case of tenant)                      7. <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Sale Deed (In case of own house) Any Other:- (Pl. Specify) _____																		





GUIDELINES FOR FILLING UP THE APPLICATION  
FORM-8

1. General Instruction :-  
 (a) The application can be made by a registered/enrolled elector for shifting of residence, or for correction of entries or for issue of replacement EPIC or for marking as PwD.  
 (b) In case of approval of application by Electoral Registration Officer (ERO) for shifting of residence, correction of entries and issue of replacement EPIC without correction, a new replacement EPIC will be issued to the applicant and he has to return his old EPIC to the Electoral Registration Officer immediately.
2. Item No. I (Name of the applicant)- The applicant shall mention his name, EPIC no., Aadhaar number, mobile number and email id of self or relative mentioned therein. Aadhaar Number should be furnished for the purpose of authentication of entries. If the applicant does not have Aadhaar number, the same may be mentioned in box at item I (b).
3. Item No. II (Option for application)- The applicant has to tick any one of the options for making application and fill the details in the relevant section of the application. All other sections which are not relevant should be struck off.
4. Application for shifting of residence -(a) The application has to be made to the Electoral Registration Officer of the constituency in which the new address of the applicant is located.  
 (b) The applicant has to mention his new address, where he has shifted to and presently staying and attach a self-attested copy of any one of the mentioned documents as address proof in his own name or in name of his parents/spouse. He has to tick the mentioned document which he has given as address proof. Mentioned document will ensure speedy delivery of services. If he does not possess any of the mentioned documents, he has to mention name of the other document given for address proof in the blank space.
5. Application for correction of entries in existing roll - (a) If an applicant intends to get any existing entry relating to him in the electoral roll corrected, he has to tick in the appropriate box and attach the document in the support of his claim. The name of the document must be mentioned in the blank space given.  
 (b) In case, the applicant desires to change his photograph, he has to paste a recent good quality passport size unsigned colour photograph (4.5 cm X 3.5 cm) with white background, in the box meant for it.
6. Application for replacement EPIC without correction - The applicant shall put a tick in appropriate box seeking for a replacement EPIC. He shall return his mutilated/old EPIC or submit a copy of FIR/Police report for lost EPIC.
7. DECLARATION - The applicant must give a 'DECLARATION' that the facts and particulars mentioned in the application are true to the best of his/her knowledge and belief. Please note that giving any false statement made in the DECLARATION portion is a punishable offence under Section 31 of the Representation of People Act, 1950 with imprisonment with a term which may extend to one year or with fine or with both

\*\*\*\*\*



**Annexure 12  
(Chapter 2, Para 2.5)**

**FORM 10**

List of Applications for objection to inclusion of names received in  
Form 7

Designated location identity (where applications 1. List number <sup>@</sup> )	Constituency (Assembly/ <sup>£</sup> Parliamentary)					Revision identity	
	2. Period of applications (covered in this list)					From date	To date
3. Place of hearing*							
Serial number <sup>§</sup> of application	Date of receipt	Name (in full) of objector	Particulars of name objected at		Reasons in brief for objection	Date of hearing*	Time of hearing*
			Part number	Name in full			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8a 8b
£ In case of Union territories having no Legislative Assembly and the State of Jammu and Kashmir			Date of exhibition at designated location under		Date of exhibition at Electoral Registration Officer's Office under rule 16(b)		

<sup>@</sup> For this revision for this designated location  
<sup>\*</sup> Place, time and date of hearings as fixed by electoral registration officer  
<sup>§</sup> Running serial number is to be maintained for each revision for each designated location

## Annexure 13 (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)

**“Form 11**  
(See Rules 15 and 16)

### LIST OF OBJECTIONS/APPLICATIONS FOR CORRECTION OF ENTRIES/REPLACEMENT OF EPIC/MARKING OF PWD RECEIVED IN FORM 8

Designated location identity (where applications have been received)		Constituency (Assembly/Parliamentary <sup>£</sup> Constituency )			Revision identity		
1. List number <sup>@</sup>		2. Period of receipt of applications (covered in the list)			From date		To date
					.../.../...		.../.../...
3. Place of hearing *							
Serial number of application <sup>§</sup>	Date of receipt	Name of elector objecting/ making application	Reasons for objection/applications			Date of hearing*	Time of hearing*
			Whether correction of entry (Y/N)	Whether replacement of EPIC (Y/N)	Whether marking of PwD		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7(a)	7(b)
£ In case of Union Territories having no Legislative Assembly @ For this revision for this designated location *Place, time and date of hearing as fixed by Electoral Registration Officer. § Running serial number is to be maintained for each revision for each designated location			Date of exhibition at designated location under rule 15 (b)			Date of exhibition at Electoral Registration Officer’s office under rule 16 (b)	

## Annexure 14 (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)

### FORM 11A

(See rules 15 and 16)

#### LIST OF APPLICATIONS FOR SHIFTING OF ADDRESS WITHIN THE CONSTITUENCY RECEIVED IN FORM 8

Designated location identity (where applications have been received)	Constituency (Assembly/Parliamentary <sup>£</sup> Constituency )			Revision Identity	
1. List number <sup>@</sup>	2. Period of receipt of application (covered in this list)			From date ..../..../....	To date ..../..../....
3. Place of hearing*					
Serial Number <sup>§</sup> of application	Date of receipt	Name of elector objection/ making application	New Address (Present place of ordinary residence)	Date/Time hearing*	
1	2	3	4	5	
<sup>£</sup> In case of union territories having no Legislative Assembly <sup>@</sup> For this revision for this designated location * Place, time and date of hearing as fixed by Electoral Registration Officer <sup>§</sup> Running serial number is to be maintained for each revision for each designated location			Date of exhibition at designated location under rule 15(1)(b)	Date of exhibition at Electoral Registration Officer's office under rule 16(b)"	

## Annexure 15 (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)

### FORM 11B

(See rules 15 and 16)

#### **LIST OF APPLICATIONS FOR SHIFTING OF ADDRESS OUTSIDE THE CONSTITUENCY RECEIVED IN FORM 8**

Designated location identity (where applications have been received)	Constituency (Assembly/Parliamentary <sup>£</sup> Constituency)			Revision Identity	
1. List number <sup>@</sup>	2. Period of receipt of application (covered in this list)			From date	To date
				..../..../....	..../..../....
3. Place of hearing*					
Serial Number <sup>§</sup> of application	Date of receipt	Name of elector objection/ making application	New Address (Present place of ordinary residence)	Date/Time hearing*	
1	2	3	4	5	
£ In case of union territories having no Legislative Assembly @ For this revision for this designated location * Place, time and date of hearing as fixed by Electoral Registration Officer § Running serial number is to be maintained for each revision for each designated location			Date of exhibition at designated location under rule 15(1)(b)	Date of exhibition at Electoral Registration Officer's office under rule 16(b)"	

**Annexure 16**  
**(Chapter 2, Para 2.5)**

[See rule 19(1)(b)(i)] Notice  
of hearing of a claim

**Duplicate**  
(Office Copy)  
To  
(Full name  
and address  
of claimant)

.....  
.....  
.....

Reference:.....Claim No. ....

Take notice that your claim for the inclusion of your name in the electoral roll will be heard at..... (place) at.....O'clock on the .....day of.....20.... . You are directed to be present at the hearing with such evidence as you/may like to adduce.

Place.....  
Date.....

.....  
Electoral Registration Officer.

FORM 12  
[See rule 19(1)(b)(i)] Notice  
of hearing of a claim

**Original**  
(To be served on the claimant)  
To  
(Full name and address of claimant)

Reference:\_\_\_\_\_ Claim No.....

Take notice that your claim for the inclusion of your name in the electoral roll will be heard at..... (place) at..... O'clock on the..... day of.....20.... . You are directed to be present at the hearing with such evidence as you may like to adduce.

Place.....  
Date.....

.....  
Electoral Registration Officer.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE OF NOTICE  
*Received notice of the date of hearing*

Date.....

.....  
Claimant

Certified that the notice on the claimant has been duly served by me this.....day of.....on (name)..... personally/by affixation on residence.

Place.....

Serving Officer.

*N.B.*—If this notice is served by post, attach the receipt here.

**Annexure 17**  
**(Chapter 2, Para 2.5)**

[See rule 19(1)(b)(ii)]  
Notice to the objector

Duplicate  
(Office Copy)

To  
(Full name  
and address  
of objector) .....

Reference: \_\_\_\_\_ Objection No. ....

Take notice that your objection to the inclusion of the name of—  
.....  
.....  
.....

will be heard at..... (place) at.....O'clock on the .....day of.....20 . You are directed to be present at the hearing with such evidence as you may like to adduce.

Place.....  
Date.....

.....  
Electoral Registration Officer.

FORM 13  
[See rule 19(1)(b)(ii)]  
Notice to the objector

Original  
(To be served  
on the objector)

To  
(Full name  
and address  
of objector) .....

Reference: \_\_\_\_\_ Objection No. ....

Take notice that your objection to the inclusion of the name of—  
.....  
.....  
.....

will be heard at..... (place) at.....O'clock on the .....day of.....20 . You are directed to be present at the hearing with such evidence as you may like to adduce.

Place.....  
Date.....

.....  
Electoral Registration Officer.



CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE OF NOTICE  
*Received notice of the date of hearing*

Date.....

.....  
Objector

Certified that the notice on the objector has been duly served by me this.....day of.....on  
(name).....personally/by affixing on residence.

Place.....  
Date.....

.....  
Serving Officer.

---

*N.B.*— If this notice is served by post, attach the receipt here.

**Annexure 18**  
**(Chapter 2, Para 2.5)**

[See rule 19(1)(b)(ii)]

*[Notice to the person in respect of whom objection has been made]*

**Duplicate**

(Office Copy)

To

(Full name and address

of person

objected to)

Reference: \_\_\_\_\_ Objection No. \_\_\_\_\_

Take notice that the objection to the inclusion of your name at Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_ in Part \_\_\_\_\_ of the electoral roll for \_\_\_\_\_ constituency filed by (Full name \_\_\_\_\_ and address of \_\_\_\_\_ objector) \_\_\_\_\_

will be heard at \_\_\_\_\_ (place) at \_\_\_\_\_ O'clock on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_ . You are directed to be present at the hearing with such evidence as you may like to adduce. The grounds of objection (in brief) are:—

(a)

(b)

(c)

Place \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

.....  
Electoral Registration Officer.

---

**FORM 14**

[See rule 19(1)(b)(ii)]

*1[Notice to the person in respect of whom objection has been made]*

**Original**

(To be served on the person objected to)

To

(Full name and address

of person

objected to)

Reference: \_\_\_\_\_ Objection No. \_\_\_\_\_

Take notice that the objection to the inclusion of your name at Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_ in Part \_\_\_\_\_ of the electoral roll for \_\_\_\_\_ constituency filed by

(Full name

address of

objector)

will be heard at \_\_\_\_\_ (place) at \_\_\_\_\_ O'clock on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_ . You are directed to be present at the hearing with such evidence as you may like to adduce. The grounds of objection (in brief) are:—

(a)

(b)

(c)

Place \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

.....  
Electoral Registration Officer.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE OF NOTICE  
Received notice of the date of hearing

Date.....

.....  
Person objected to

Certified that the notice on the person, the entry relating to whose name has been objected to, has been duly served by me this..... day of..... on (name).....personally / [by affixation on residence.

Place.....

Date.....

.....  
Serving Officer.

---

N.B.—If this notice is served by post, attach the receipt here.

**Annexure 19**  
**(Chapter 2, Para 2.5)**

Form 15  
[See rule 19(1)(b)(iii)]

*Notice of hearing of an objection to particulars in an entry*

Duplicate

(Office copy)

To

(Full name

and address

of objector)

.....  
.....  
.....

Reference:--Objection No.....

Take notice that your objection to certain particulars in the entry relating to you will be heard at..... (place) at.....O'clock on the.....day of ..... 20.... . You are directed to be present at the hearing with such evidence as you may like to adduce.

Place.....

Date.....

.....  
Electoral Registration Officer.

FORM 15  
[See rule 19(1)(b)(iii)]  
Notice of hearing of an objection to particulars in an entry

Original

(To be served on the objector)

(Full name

and address

of objector)

.....  
.....  
.....

Reference:--Objection No.....

Take notice that your objection to certain particulars in the entry relating to you will be heard at..... (place) at.....O'clock on the.....day of ..... 20.... . You are directed to be present at the hearing with such evidence as you may like to adduce.

Place.....

Date.....

.....  
Electoral Registration Officer.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE OF NOTICE  
*Received notice of the date of hearing*

Date.....

.....  
objector

Certified that the notice on the objector has been duly served by me this.....day of .....on  
(name)..... personally/by affixation on residence.

Place.....

Date.....

.....  
Serving Officer.

---

*N.B.*—If this notice is served by post, attach the receipt here.

**Annexure 20**  
**(Chapter 2, Para 2.5)**

Form 16  
[See rule 22(1)]

Notice of final publication of electoral roll

It is hereby notified for public information that the list of amendments to the draft electoral roll for the..... constituency has been prepared with reference to.....as the qualifying date and in accordance with the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960. A copy of the said roll together with the said list of amendments has been published and will be available for inspection at my office.

.....  
Electoral Registration Officer

Place.....  
Date.....

**Annexure 21**  
**(Chapter 2, Para 2.5)**

FORM 17  
[See rule 30]

*Application for inclusion of name in the electoral roll for a local authorities' constituency*

To

Sir,  
The Electoral Registration Officer,  
..... (Local Authorities) Constituency.

I am a member of ..... which is a constituent local authority exercising jurisdiction within the limits of the local authorities' constituency. I am therefore entitled to be registered as an elector in the said constituency, and request that my name be included in the electoral roll thereof.

My address is.....

.....

.....  
.....

Yours faithfully,

Subs. by Notifn. No. S. O. 814(E), dated the 3rd September, 1987, for Form 16

# Annexure 22 (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)



**Form-18**  
(See Rule 31)

**ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA**

**Claim for inclusion of name in the electoral roll for a Graduates' Constituency**

SPACE FOR PASTING  
ONE RECENT UNSIGNED  
PASSPORT SIZE COLOR  
PHOTOGRAPH (4.5 CM  
X 3.5 CM) SHOWING  
FRONTAL VIEW OF FULL  
FACE WITH WHITE  
BACKGROUND

To,  
The Electoral Registration Officer,  
\_\_\_\_\_ (Graduates) Constituency.

Sir,

I request that my name be registered in the electoral roll for the.....(Graduates') Constituency.

1. The particulars are:-

Full Name                      Sex \_\_\_\_\_

Father's/Mother's/Husband's Name (in full)

Qualification \_\_\_\_\_

Occupation \_\_\_\_\_

House Address (Place of ordinary residence)

House/Building/Apartment No.	Street/ Mohalla
Town/Village	Post Office
Police Station/Tehsil/Taluqa/Mouza	
District	State

Age  Years  Months Date of Birth   /   /

Disability (if any):- (Tick appropriate box) (optional Field)

Visual impairment  Speech & hearing disability  Locomotor disability  Other

Whether registered as an elector for any assembly constituency \_\_\_\_\_

If yes, then mention the following---

(a) Number and Name of the Assembly constituency \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Part/Polling Station No.(if known) \_\_\_\_\_

(c) Date of Birth   /   /

(d) EPIC Number (if any) \_\_\_\_\_

Aadhaar Details:- (Please tick the appropriate box)

(a)  Aadhaar Number                      or

(b)  I am not able to furnish my Aadhaar Number because I don't have Aadhaar Number

Contact Number :-

Mobile No. (optional)

Landline

Email Id (if any) \_\_\_\_\_

2. \*I am a graduate of the.....University having passed the degree/diploma examination in the year.....

OR

\*I am in possession of a diploma/certificate in.....which is a qualification equivalent to that of a graduate University in India having passed the examination for the diploma/certificate in the year.....



3. In support of my claim as being a graduate/in possession of the above diploma/certificate. I submit herewith.....

4. \*\*My name has not been included in the electoral roll for this or any other graduates' constituency.

OR

\*\*My name has been included in the electoral roll for the.....graduates' constituency under the address given below and I request that it be deleted from that roll

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

5. I declare that I am a citizen of India and that all the particulars given above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Place \_\_\_\_\_  
Date \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of claimant

NOTE : Any person who makes a statement or declaration which is false and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true is punishable under section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950.

\*Strike off the paragraph not applicable.  
\*\*Strike off the inappropriate alternative.

.....(Perforation).....  
Intimation of action taken

The application in Form 18 of Shri/Smt./Kumari.....address.....has been—

- (a) accepted and the name of Shri/Smt./Kumari.....has been registered at Serial No.....in Part No.....
- (b) rejected for the reason.....

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Electoral Registration Officer,  
(Address) \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

.....(Perforation).....  
Receipt of application


Received the application in Form 18 from Shri/Smt./Kumari\*.....address\* .....

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Electoral Registration Officer,  
(Address) \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\*To be filled in by the applicant

## Annexure 23 (Chapter 2, Para 2.5)



**Form-19**  
(See Rule 31)  
**ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA**

**Claim for inclusion of name in the electoral roll for a Teachers' Constituency**

SPACE FOR PASTING ONE RECENT UNSIGNED PASSPORT SIZE COLOR PHOTOGRAPH (4.5 CM X 3.5 CM) SHOWING FRONTAL VIEW OF FULL FACE WITH WHITE BACKGROUND

To,  
The Electoral Registration Officer,  
\_\_\_\_\_ (Teachers') Constituency.

Sir,  
I request that my name be registered in the electoral roll for the \_\_\_\_\_ (Teachers') Constituency.

**1. The particulars are:-**

Full Name                      Sex \_\_\_\_\_

Father's/Mother's/Husband's Name (in full)

House Address (Place of ordinary residence)

House/Building/Apartment No.	Street/ Mohalla
Town/Village	Post Office
Police Station/Tehsil/Taluqa/Mouza	
District	State

Age  Years  Months Date of Birth   /   /

Disability (if any):- (Tick appropriate box) (optional Field)

Visual impairment  Speech & hearing disability  Locomotor disability  Other

Whether registered as an elector for any assembly constituency \_\_\_\_\_  
If yes, then mention the following--

(a) Number and Name of the Assembly constituency \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Part/Polling Station No.(if known) \_\_\_\_\_

(c) Date of Birth   /   /

(d) EPIC Number (if any) \_\_\_\_\_

**Aadhaar Details:-** (Please tick the appropriate box)

(a)  Aadhaar Number                      or

(b)  I am not able to furnish my Aadhaar Number because I don't have Aadhaar Number

**Contact Number :-**

Mobile No. (optional)

Landline

Email Id (if any) \_\_\_\_\_

**2. During the last six years, I have been engaged in teaching for a total period of more than three years as follows-**

Name of Educational Institution	From (Date)	To (Date)	Period
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			

In support of the above, I submit herewith \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

3. \*My name has not been included in the electoral roll for this or any other teachers' constituency.

OR

\*My name has been included in the electoral roll for the.....teachers' constituency under the address given below and I request that it be deleted from that roll :-

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

4. I declare that I am a citizen of India and that all the particulars given above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Place \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of claimant

NOTE : Any person who makes a statement or declaration which is false and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true is punishable under section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950.

\*Strike off the paragraph not applicable.

.....(Perforation).....

Intimation of action taken

The application in Form 19 of Shri/Smt./Kumari.....address

..... has been-

(a) accepted and the name of Shri/Smt./Kumari.....has been registered at Serial No..... in Part No.....

(b) rejected for the reason.....

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Electoral Registration Officer,  
(Address) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

.....(Perforation).....

Receipt of application

Received the application in Form 19 from Shri/Shrimati/Kumari\*.....

address\*.....

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Electoral Registration Officer,  
(Address) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\*To be filled in by the applicant

## **Annexure 24**

### **(Chapter 3, Para 3.5)**

#### Check List for First Visit of ER Observers

(The Report of first visit should answer all the questions given below in detail, mention corrective action taken if any)

- Whether there are any vacancies of EROs and AEROs.
- Whether BLOs have been appointed according to the instructions of the Commission –
  - Is there one BLO per Polling Station?
  - Are all BLOs registered as voter in the concerned Polling Station?
  - How many BLOs are teachers?
  - Have BLOs been given Identity cards as prescribed by the Commission?
  - Do BLO residences have Name Boards as prescribed by the Commission?
  - Whether BLOs are properly trained?
  - Whether BLAs have been appointed for each Polling booth by every recognized political party? Whether DEO and EROs have held meeting of political parties to request them to appoint BLAs.
  - Have designated officers been appointed for each polling station and have they been properly trained?
  - Have a hard copy and a soft copy of the Electoral Roll Published as draft been given to all recognized political parties?
- Has the Electoral Roll been published on the website of the CEO? Has electoral roll of the entire Assembly Constituency been published at the notice board of the ERO, and electoral roll of the concerned part been published on the notice board of the polling station.
- Are forms 6, 6A, 7, 8 and 8A available in adequate number at every polling station?
- Has adequate publicity been given to the process of summary revision?
- Has the district put in place an effective Public Grievance Management System? This should include –
  - A call center with a toll free number.
  - A SMS based complaint registration system.
  - A web based complaint registration system.
  - A separate counter and a separate register for complaints in the office of DEO and EROs.
  - A mechanism for timely inquiry and action on all complaints.

- A mechanism to inform the complainant about the result of inquiry and action taken.
- The ER Observer should make an analysis of the E roll published as a draft using format 1 to 8 prescribed by the Commission. Based on the analysis the observer will be able to find major areas which require corrective action. The observer should then in consultation with the EROs and AEROs help the DEO in making a strategy to take corrective action during the revision period to ensure a 100% correct roll. Major points in the analysis are: -
- Elector Population Ratio (EP Ratio). This is on an average 61% for the country as a whole. For every district it should be equal to the percentage of population in the above 18 age group. In other words every person 18 years or more of age should be enrolled as a voter.
- Age Cohort wise EP Ratio. The percentage of population in every age cohort is available from the data of Census of India. This percentage should match with the percentage of electors in every age cohort. If the percentage of electors is less it may be because of low enrollment and if it is more it may be because of non deletion of dead or shifted voters.
- Gender Ratio. Gender ratio of the population should match with the elector gender ratio. If it does not match it may mean that either the women or men are not enrolled fully.
- The percentage of inclusions, deletions etc. It has been our experience that on an average every year there is 4% inclusion and 2% deletion resulting in 2% increase in the roll. However this is only indicative. The observer should look with suspicion any abnormal increase in inclusion or deletion and compare it with inclusion and deletion in previous years. Observer should also compare deletions based on form 7 and suo-moto deletions.
- The observer should make an analysis of the PER and ECIP coverage polling station wise and help the DEO in devising strategies for achieving 100% coverage.
- The observer should see what percentage of forms received are accepted by the ERO. If there are large scale rejections, the observer should find out the reasons for that.
- The observer should also see that forms are not received in bulk from any political party or NGO.
- The observer should check the arrangements made for receiving forms at the polling stations, the arrangements for putting the notices at the notice board of the polling stations, the arrangements for transmission of forms to the ERO on a daily basis and data entry of forms on a daily basis.
- The observer should check whether ERMS is working well in the district. If there are any glitches, they should be immediately brought to the notice of the CEO for correction.
- Whether the multimedia campaign on enrollment is being run properly in the district?
- Has a baseline study of Knowledge, Attitudes and Practices of voters been carried out in the district?

### Check List for Second Visit of ER Observers

(The Report of first visit should answer all the questions given below in detail, mention corrective action taken if any)

- Whether multi-layered checking by DEO (1%), ERO (3%), AERO (5%) and BLO (100%) is being done to verify the correctness of E rolls.
- Whether working copies of E rolls have been printed and given to the BLOs for verification, and whether BLOs are verifying the working copies by door to door survey?
- Whether the corrections made in working copies by the BLOs are being carried out in the rolls by the ERO before finally printing the Roll and printing of EPIC?
- Whether rolls have been checked to see that names of all eminent personalities of the district are included in the rolls?
- Whether rolls have been checked for gross errors like gender mismatch of photographs etc.
- In each constituency 20 polling stations with highest inclusions and 20 polling stations with highest deletions should be re-verified.
- Check the quality of disposal of claims and objections by EROs and AEROs: -
  - o Whether notices are properly served?
  - o Whether reasonable opportunity of being heard is being given in all cases?
  - o Whether proper record of all cases is being kept?
  - o Have any names where EPICs have already been made deleted from the rolls. These records should be re-verified to see that there was due service of notice and reasonable opportunity of hearing was given.
  - o Whether the applicants are being communicated in writing and on SMS the order of the ERO on their applications.
- In border areas possibility of double enrollment in both the districts should be checked.
- In cases of inclusions of voters in the age group beyond 20 years, it should be checked whether the voter has given his previous address, where he/she was enrolled earlier, and has ERO of the concerned AC been informed that this voter has shifted residence?
- Whether de-duplication has been done. Care should be taken that no deletions should be done only on the basis of computer de-duplication. Computer de-duplication software only

throws up possible duplicates, which should be verified in the field. Deletion should be done only after following the statutory provisions of notice and hearing.

- Check the process of making and distribution of EPICs.
- Check the quality of photographs in the rolls.
- How effective is the multi-media campaign? Has there been significant increase in young voters?
- How effective is the public grievance management system?

#### **Check List for Third Visit of ER Observers**

(The Report of first visit should answer all the questions given below in detail, mention corrective action taken if any)

- Whether the working copies have been verified by the BLOs on every page?
- Whether data entry has been done properly?
- Have arrangements been made for supply of finally published rolls to the recognized political parties?
- Have all complaints been inquired into and action taken on them before finalizing the roll?
- Has statistical analysis in formats 1 to 8 been done before final publication and have rolls been found to be healthy in all respects?
- Whether PDFs have been made for printing of rolls?
- Whether arrangements have been made for final publication of rolls in the polling stations, ERO offices, DEO offices, and website of CEO?
- Has an assessment been done of the work of BLOs, and BLOs identified for prizes to be give on the National Voters' Day?
- Whether arrangements have been made for printing of EPIC of all newly enrolled voters and distribution of EPIC to newly enrolled voters on the National Voters Day (NVD) at every polling station?
- Have arrangements been made for holding NVD function in every polling station on 25<sup>th</sup> January.
- Have arrangements been made for holding NVD function at the Tahsil and district headquarters?
- Have all newly enrolled voters been informed that they will be felicitated and given EPIC on the NVD at their respective polling stations?
- Have arrangements for proper documentation of NVD been made in the district?
- Will final publication of rolls happen on time in the district?

**Annexure 25**  
**(Chapter 5, Para 5.4)**

**No. and Name of the Assembly Constituency:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**of Electoral Roll:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Part No.**

**REGISTER**

**FOR**

**BOOTH LEVEL**

**OFFICER**

**Name of the Booth Level Officer:**

**Designation of the Booth Level Officer:**

**Address of the Booth Level Officer:**

**Telephone/Mobile No. of the Booth Level Officer:**



**NON-AVAILABILITY CERTIFICATE OF SERVING GOVERNMENT OFFICERS  
FOR APPOINTMENT AS BOOTH LEVEL OFFICERS.**

This is to certify that have granted permission for appointment of retired Government servants as Booth Level Officers (BLOs) for the polling stations given in the list below. This is further to certify that before granting permission for appointment of retired Government servants as Booth Level Officers all efforts have been made to find serving Government servants residing within the area of the polling station for appointment as Booth Level Officer but no such Government servant has been found.

List of polling stations where permission has been granted for retired Government servants to be appointed as BLOs.

Assembly Constituency No. and Name	Name and No. of polling station

Signature:- \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the DEO: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the District \_\_\_\_\_

System Generated           

To be filled by BLO           

New Addition           

**STATEMENT-1**  
**SUMMARY OF LAST REVISION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS**

1. Date of publication of final roll in last revision
2. Total No. of Electors in the part
3. Total No. of male Electors
4. Total No. of female Electors
5. Total No. of TG Electors New Addition ←
6. Gender ratio =  $\frac{\text{Female Elector}}{\text{Total No. of Male Electors in the part}} \times 1000$
7. Age cohort of the part:
  - (a) 18 to 19 age group =  $\frac{\text{No. of Electors in 18-19 age group} \times 100}{\text{Total no. of Electors in the Part}}$
  - (b) 20 to 29 age group =  $\frac{\text{No. of Electors in 20-29 age group} \times 100}{\text{Total no. of Electors in the Part}}$
  - (c) 30 to 39 age group =  $\frac{\text{No. of Electors in 30-39 age group} \times 100}{\text{Total no. of Electors in the Part}}$
  - (d) 40 to 49 age group =  $\frac{\text{No. of Electors in 40-49 age group} \times 100}{\text{Total no. of Electors in the Part}}$
  - (e) 50 to 59 age group =  $\frac{\text{No. of Electors in 50-59 age group} \times 100}{\text{Total no. of Electors in the Part}}$
  - (f) 60 to 69 age group =  $\frac{\text{No. of Electors in 60-69 age group} \times 100}{\text{Total no. of Electors in the Part}}$
  - (g) 70 to 79 age group =  $\frac{\text{No. of Electors in 70-69 age group} \times 100}{\text{Total no. of Electors in the Part}}$
  - (h) 80+ age group =  $\frac{\text{No. of Electors in 80+ age group} \times 100}{\text{Total no. of Electors in the Part}}$

**STATEMENT-2**  
**HOUSE TO HOUSE SURVEY FORMAT FOR PREPARATION OF BLO REGISTER**

Number and Name of Assembly Constituency ..... Part Number ..... Section Number ..... Section Name .....  
 Particulars of Enrolled and Un-enrolled Family members (having age 17 or above in Month/Jan/April/July/Oct)

S.No.	House No.	Enrollment Status (Enrolled/Un-Enrolled)	If Un-Enrolled then Month and Year of Eligibility of Prospective Voter (Jan/April/July/Oct)	Elector Details						Contact Details			Aadhar		PWD		Whether Permanently Sighted (S)/Deaf (D)/Repeated (R)	Correction of Entries	
				Name of The Elector	*Relation Type	Name/EPIC of Relative	Sex (M/F/TG)	S.No. in E-Roll (for enrolled members)	EPIC Number (will be populated in case of enrolled)	Date of Birth (DD/MM/YYYY)	Mobile No	E-Mail Id	Whether Aadhar Succeeded/Verified (S/V/N)	If No, whether Form 6B collected (Y/N)	**If PWD with category of disability as VI / SHD / LD / O	Percentage of disability			Whether Permanent Sighted (S)/Deaf (D)/Repeated (R)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

\*Relation Type--Head of the Family (Self), Husband (H), Wife (W), Son (S), Daughter (D), Son-in-law (SL), Daughter-in-law (DL), Grandson (GS), Grand Daughter (GD), Brother (B), Sister (S), Others (O)

\*\*Visual Impairment (VI); Speech & hearing disability (SHD); Locomotor disability (LD); Others (O)

\*\*\*Name (N); Gender (G); DoB / Age (D); Relation Type (RT); Relation Name (RN); Address (A); Mobile Number (M); Photo (P); Pre-filled in case of enrolled members

In Col. 3 if status is enrolled then the information in Col. 5-14 will be available as pre-filled to the BLO

In Col. 3 if status is un-enrolled then entries in Col. 5 to 8, and 10 to 13 have to be entered by the BLO



System Generated



To be filled by BLO



New Addition

**STATEMENT-3**  
**PART POPULATION**

New Addition

HouseNo.	Total no. of persons living in the house			Total no. of PWD living in the house (IF ANY)			
	Male	Female	Third Gender	Male	Female	Third Gender	Total





**STATEMENT-6** (New Elector/ Unenrolled Elector)

AC No. and Name:		List of un-enrolled eligible 18+ citizens - Who are yet to be enrolled						Part Number:		Statement 6	
Sl. No.	House Number (actual/ NHN)	Details of Eligible Person					Details of Relative already enrolled in E-Roll in the same Part				
		Name of the Person	Sex (M/F/ TG)	Mobile no.	E-mail id	**If PWD write category of disability as VI / SHD / LD / O	Name	*Relation with the un-enrolled eligible person	EPIC no.		
1	2 (2)	3 (5)	4 (8)	5 (12)	6 (13)	7 (16)	10(7)	11(6)	12(7)		

Signature of BLO	
Name of BLO	

\* Relationship- Father (F), Mother (M), Spouse (S), Other (O)  
 \*\* Visual impairment (VI); Speech & hearing disability (SHD); Locomotor disability (LD); Others (O)  
 These fields are captured from Statement 2  
 Note: Figures in bracket ( ) are column numbers of Statement 2





**STATEMENT-8** (List of Corrections and PwD Elector with Type of Disability)

AC No and Name:		List of Correction in entries and PWD electors with type of disability										Statement-8		
Part Number:		Part Number:										Statement-8		
Sl. No.	House Number (actual/NNHN)	Name of the Elector	Sex (M/F/TG)	SI No. in E-Roll	EPIC No.	Mobile No.	E-mail id	Whether correction is required in entries of E-roll or EPIC (Y/N)	*If Yes please specify as (any Four) N/G/D/RT/RN/A/M/P	Type of Disability			% of disability	
										Visual impairment (VI)	Speech & hearing disability (SHD)	Locomotor disability (LD)		Others (O)
1	2 (2)	3 (5)	4 (8)	5 (9)	6 (10)	7 (12)	8 (13)	9 (19)	10(20)	11 (16)	12(16)	13(16)	14(16)	15 (17)

1 <sup>st</sup> Survey	
Signature of BLO	
Name of BLO	

\*Name (N); Gender (G); DoB/Age (D); Relation Type (RT); Relation Name (RN); Address (A) Mobile Number (M); Photo (P)

These fields are captured from Statement 2

Note: Figures in bracket ( ) are column numbers of Statement 2

System Generated



To be filled by BLO



New Addition



**STATEMENT -9**  
**NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN THE PART**

1. Number of newly constructed houses since last revision and the details:-
2. Number of newly constructed buildings that have come up since last revision give details:-
3. Number of newly constructed societies that have come up since last revision and their details:-
4. Increase/ Decrease in Total population of part/ village =  $(\text{Total Population at time of Current Revision} - \text{Total Population at time of Previous Revision})$
5. Elector population ratio at time of Current Revision =  $\frac{\text{Total No. of Electors X 100}}{\text{Total Population at time of Current Revision}}$
6. Elector population ratio at time of Previous Revision =  $\frac{\text{Total No. of Electors X 100}}{\text{Total Population at time of Previous Revision}}$
7. Increase/ Decrease in Elector population ratio =  $(\text{SL NO. 5-SL NO. 6})$

New Addition

**Annexure 26**  
**(Chapter 8, Para 8.7)**

DECLARATION BY STUDENTS LIVING IN  
HOSTELS/MESSES/ELSEWHERE  
(TO BE ATTACHED WITH FORM 6)

SPACE FOR PASTING  
ONE RECENT  
PASSPORT SIZE  
PHOTOGRAPH  
(3.5 CM X 3.5 CM)  
SHOWING FRONTAL  
VIEW OF FULL FACE  
WITHIN THIS BOX

I, .....(NAME IN BLOCK LETTERS),  
: son/daughter of \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ (address of native place), hereby declare that :----

(a) I am a bonifide student of .....( name of the institution) and pursuing .....(details of the course) from .....(month).....(year) to.....(month).....(year)

\* (b) I am presently residing at –

(i) \_\_\_\_\_ (if residing in hostel/mess, mention Room No./Block No./ Block Name, etc. of the hostel/mess).

OR

\* (ii) \_\_\_\_\_ (if residing elsewhere outside the hostel/mess, mention complete postal address of the place of stay outside the hostel/mess).

(c) \* I want to be registered in the electoral roll/retain my registration in the electoral roll of my native place at my above-mentioned residential address with my parents/guardian.

OR

\*I want to be registered in the electoral roll of the constituency where I am presently residing.

II. I am aware that registration in the electoral roll of more than one constituency or more than once in a constituency is not permitted under the election law and am also aware of the penal provisions of Sec. 31 of the R.P.Act, 1950, which reads as follows: -

*"If any person makes in connection with (a) the preparation, revision or correction of an electoral roll, or (b) the inclusion or exclusion of any entry in or from an electoral roll, a statement or declaration in writing which is false and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.*

Place : \_\_\_\_\_ (signature of the student)  
Date : \_\_\_\_\_

It is certified that the information given in the declaration at (a) above and the photograph have been verified from the records of the institution and are found to be correct.

Place/Date:

Signature and seal of the Head  
Master/Principal/Registrar/Director/Dean

**Annexure 27**  
**(Chapter 9, Para 9.1)**

**FORM OF OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

(To be made by either of the parents/Guru of the first time applicant in the age group of 18-21 years who has no age proof)

I, ..... whose name is enrolled at the Serial No. .... in the Part No. .... of electoral roll of the ..... Assembly Constituency do swear in the name of the God / solemnly affirm that my son / daughter/ Chela..... is .....years of age as on 1<sup>st</sup> January, 20... and is residing with me.

Place:

Date:

Signature of the parent/Guru

Sworn in the name of God/solemnly affirmed by Shri/Shrimati ..... at ..... (Place) at ..... (hour) this the ..... day of ..... 20... before me.

Signature of Electoral Registration  
Officer / Assistant Electoral Registration  
Officer with Seal

**Annexure 28**  
**(Chapter 9, Para 9.4)**

**LANGUAGE OF ELECTORAL ROLLS  
TABLE**

Sl. No.	Name of State/UT	Area	Language(s)
	(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	All 175 Assembly constituencies	Telugu
2.	Telangana	8-Boath (ST) 10-Mudhole 13-Jukkal (SC)	Telugu and Marathi
		17-Nizamabad (Urban)	Telugu and Urdu
		57-Musheerabad, 58-Malakpet, 59-Amberpet, 60-Khairatabad, 61-Jubilee Hills, 62-Sanathnagar, 63-Nampally, 64-Karwan, 65-Goshamahhal, 66-Charminar, 67-Chandrayangutta, 68-Yakutpura, 69-Bahadurpura, 70-Secunderabad and 71-Secunderabad Cantt. (SC)	Telugu, English and Urdu
		All other assembly constituencies	Telugu
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	All 60 ACs	English
4.	Assam	1-Ratabari(SC) 2-Patharkandi 3-Karimganj North 4-Karimganj South 5-Badarpur 6-Hailakandi 7-Katlichera 8-Algapur 9-Silchar 10-Sonai 11-Dholai(SC) 12-Udharbond 13-Lakhipur 14-Barkhola and 15-Katigora	Bengali
		16-Haflogra(ST)	English
		All other ACs	Assamese

Sl. No.	(1)	(2)	(3)
5.	Bihar	All 243 ACs	Hindi
6.	Chhattisgarh	All 90 ACs	Hindi
7.	Goa	All 40 ACs	English and Konkani/ Marathi
8.	Gujarat	All 182 ACs	Gujarati
9.	Haryana	All 90 ACs	Hindi
10	Himachal Pradesh	All 68 ACs	Hindi
S r . No.	Jammu & Kashmir	Name of Assembly Constituencies	Language(s) in which roll is recommended for printing
1.	Jammu & Kashmir	48-Inderwal	Urdu and Hindi
2.		49-Kishtwar	Urdu and Hindi
3.		50-Padder Nagseni	Urdu and Hindi
4.		51- Bhaderwah	Urdu and Hindi
5.		52- Doda	Urdu and Hindi
6.		53- Doda West	Urdu and Hindi
7.		54- Ramban	Urdu and Hindi
8.		55- Banihal	Urdu and Hindi
9.		56- Gulabgarh (ST)	Urdu and Hindi
10.		57- Reasi	Urdu and Hindi
11.		58- Shri Mata Vaishno Devi	Urdu and Hindi
12.		59- Udampur West	Urdu and Hindi
13.		60-Udhampur East	Urdu and Hindi
14.		61-Chenani	Urdu and Hindi
15.		62-Ramnagar (SC)	Urdu and Hindi
16.		63-Bani	Urdu and Hindi
17.		64-Billawar	Urdu and Hindi
18.		65-Basohli	Urdu and Hindi
19.		66-Jasrota	Urdu and Hindi
20.		67-Kathua (SC)	Urdu and Hindi
21.		68-Hiranagar	Urdu and Hindi
22.		69-Ramgarh (SC)	Urdu and Hindi
23.		70-Samba	Urdu and Hindi
24.		71-Vijaypur	Urdu and Hindi
25.		72-Bishnah (SC)	Urdu and Hindi
26.		73-Suchetgarh (SC)	Urdu and Hindi
27.		74- R.S. Pura-Jammu South	Urdu and Hindi

28.		75-Bahu	Urdu and Hindi
29.		76-Jammu East	Urdu and Hindi
30.		77-Nagrota	Urdu and Hindi
31.		78-Jammu West	Urdu and Hindi
32.		79-Jammu North	Urdu and Hindi
33.		80-Marh (SC)	Urdu and Hindi
34.		81-Akhnoor (SC)	Urdu and Hindi
35.		82-Chhamb	Urdu and Hindi
36.		83-Kalakote-Sunderbani	Urdu and Hindi
37.		84-Nowshara	Urdu and Hindi
38.		85-Rajouri (ST)	Urdu and Hindi
39.		86-Budhal (ST)	Urdu and Hindi
40.		87-Thanamandi (ST)	Urdu and Hindi
41.		88-Surankote (ST)	Urdu and Hindi
42.		89-Poonch Haveli	Urdu and Hindi
43.		90-Mendhar (ST)	Urdu and Hindi
	(B).		
All other Assembly Constituencies			Urdu

Sl. No.	(1)	(2)	(3)
12.	Jharkhand	All ACs	Hindi
13.	Karnataka	1-Nippani 2-Chikkodi-Sadalga 11-Belgaum Uttar 12-Belgaum Dakshin 13-Belgaum Rural 14-Khanapur 47-Basavakalyan 51-Bhalki 52-Aurad (SC) 76-Haliyal 77-Karwar	Kannada and Marathi
		44-Gulbarga Dakshin 45-Gulabarga Uttar	Kannada and Urdu
		146-Kolar Goad Fields (SC) 154-Rajarajeshwarinagar 156-Mahalakshmi Layout 157-Malleshwaram 159-Pulakeshinagar (SC) 160-Sarvagnanagar 161-C.V. Raman Nagar (SC) 162-Shivajinagar 163-Shanti Nagar 164-Gandhi Nagar 165-Rajaji Nagar 166-Govindaraj Nagar 167-Vijay Nagar 168-Chamrajpet 169-Chickpet 170-Basavanagudi 173-Jayanagar	Kannada and English
		All other ACs	Kannada
14.	Kerala	1-Manjeswar 2-Kasaragoa	Malayalam and Kannada
		88-Devikulam (SC)	Malayalam and Tamil
		All other ACs	Malayalam
15.	Madhya Pradesh	150-Bhopal Uttar 151-Narela 152-Bhopal Dakshin-Paschim 153-Bhopal Madhya 180-Burhanpur	Hindi and Urdu
		All other ACs	Hindi



Sl. No.	(1)	(2)	(3)
16.	Maharashtra	52-Nagpur South West, 53-Nagpur South , 54-Nagpur East, 55-Nagpur Central, 56-Nagpur West, 57-Nagpur North (SC), 146-Ovala Majiwada, 147-Kopri Pachpakhadi, 148-Thane, 149-Mumbra Kalwa, 150-Airoli, 151-Belapur, 152-Borivali, 153-Dahisar, 154-Magathane, 155-Mulund, 156-Vikhroli, 157-Bhandup West, 158-Jogeshwari East, 159-Dindoshi, 160-Kandivali East, 161-Charkip, 162-Malad West, 163-Goregaon, 164-Versova, 165-Andheri West, 166-Andheri East, 167-Vile Parle, 168-Chandvali, 169-Ghatkopar West, 170-Ghatkopar East, 171-Nankhurd Shivaji Nagar, 172-Anushakti Nagar, 173-Chembur , 176-Vandre East, 177-Vandre West, 178-Dharavi (SC), 179-Sion Koliwada, 180-Wadala, 182-Worli, 183-Shivadi, 185-Malabar Hill, 187-Colaba, 205-Chinchwad, 206-Pimpri (SC), 207-Bhosari, 208-Vadgaon Sheri, 209-Shivajinagar, 210-Kothrud, 211-Khadakwasala, 212-Parvati, 213-Hadapsar, 214-Pune Cantonment (SC), 215-Kasba Peth	Marathi and English

Sl. No.	(1)	(2)	(3)
16.	Maharashtra	86-Nanded North, 87-Nanded South, 106-Phulambri, 107-Aurangabad Central, 108-Aurangabad West (SC), 109-Aurangabad East, 114-Malegaon Central, 115-Malegaon Outer, 136-Bhiwandi West, and 137-Bhiwandi East	Marathi and Urdu
		174-Krula (SC), 175-Kalina, 181-Mahim, 184-Byculla, and 186-Mumbadevi	Marathi, English and Urdu
		250-Akkalkot, 251-Solapur South, 271-Chandgad, 280-Shirol, and 288-Jat	Marathi and Kannada
		All other ACs	Marathi
17.	Manipur	41-Chandel(ST) 42-Tengnoupal(ST) 43-Phungyar(ST) 44-Ukhrul(ST) 45-Chingai(ST) 46-Saikul(ST) 47-Karong(ST) 48-Mao(ST) 49-Tadubi(ST) 50-Kangpokpi 51-Saitu(ST) 52-Tamei(ST) 53-Tamenglong(ST) 54-Nungba(ST) 55-Tipaimukh(ST) 56-Thanlon(ST) 57-Henglep(ST) 58-Churachandpur(ST) 59-Saikot(ST) 60-Singhat(ST)	English
		All other ACs	Manipuri
18.	Meghalaya	All 60 ACs	English
19.	Mizoram	All 40 ACs	English
20.	Nagaland	All 60 ACs	English

Sl. No.	(1)	(2)	(3)
21.	Orissa	127-Chhatrapur (SC) 133-Berhampur 137-Paralakhemundi 138-Gunupur (ST) 140-Rayagada (ST)	Oriya and Telugu
		All other ACs	Oriya
22.	Punjab	All 117 ACs	Punjabi
23.	Rajasthan	All 200 ACs	Hindi
24.	Sikkim	All 32 ACs	English
25.	Tamil Nadu	3-Tiruttani	Tamil and Telugu
		11-Dr. Radhakrishnan Nagar 12-Perambur 13-Kolathur 14-Villivakkam 15-Thiru-Vi-Ka-Nagar (SC) 16-Egmore (SC) 17-Royapuram 18-Harbour 19-Chepauk Thiruvallikeni 20-Thousand Lights 21-Anna Nagar 22-Virugapakkam 23-Saidapet 24-Thiyagarayanagar 25-Mylapore 26-Velachery	Tamil and English
		54-Veppanahalli 55-Hosur 56-Thalli	Tamil, Telugu and Kannada
		109-Gudalur (SC) 232-Padmanabhapuram 233-Vilavancode 234-Killiyoor	Tamil and Malayalam
		All other ACs	Tamil
26.	Tripura	All 60 ACs	Bengali
27.	Uttarakhand	All 70 ACs	Hindi

Sl. No.	(1)	(2)	(3)
28.	Uttar Pradesh	3-Saharanpur Nagar, 4-Saharanpur, 7-Gangoh, 8-Kairana, 14-Muzaffar Nagar, 17-Najibabad, 18-Nagina (SC), 19-Barhapur, 20-Dhampur, 21-Nehtaur (SC), 22-Bijnor, 23-Chandpur, 24-Noorpur, 26-Thakurdwara, 27-Moradabad Rural, 28-Moradabad Nagar, 29-Kundarki, 30-Bilari, 31-Chandausi (SC), 32-Asmoli, 33-Sambhal, 34-Suar, 35-Chamraua, 37-Rampur, 40-Naugawan Sadat, 41-Amroha, 47-Meerut Cantt., 48-Meerut, 49-Meerut South, 60-Garhmukteshwar, 75-Koil, 76-Aligarh, 97-Firozabad, 115-Badaun, 124-Bareilly, 125-Bareilly Cantt , 127-Pilibhit , 135-Shahjahanpur, 171-Lucknow West, 174-Lucknow Central, 213-Sishamau, 214-Arya Nagar, 278-Tanda, 286-Bahraich, 313-Khalilabad 356-Mau	Hindi and Urdu
		All other ACs	Hindi

Sl. No.	(1)	(2)	(3)		
29.	West Bengal	22-Kalimpong 23-Darjeeling 24-Kurseong 25-Matigara Naxalbari (SC) 26-Siliguri 27-Phansidewa (ST)	Bengali and Nepali		
		29-Islampur 30-Goalpokhar 31-Chakulia	Bengali and Hindi		
		115-Rajarhat New Town 116-Bidhannagar 149-Kasba 153-Behala Purba 154-Behala Paschim 157-Metiaburaz 158-Kolkata Port 159-Bhabanipur 160-Rashbehari 161-Ballygunge 162-Chowrangee 163-Entally 164-Beleghata 165-Jorasanko 166-Shyampukur 167-Maniktala 168-Kashipur Belgachhia	English		
		224-Kharagpur Sadar	Bengali and English		
		All other ACs	Bengali		
		30.	A & N Islands	1 P.C.	Hindi and English
		31.	Chandigarh	1 P.C.	Hindi and Punjabi
32.	D & N Haveli	1 P.C.	Gujarati and Marathi		
33.	Daman & Diu	1 P.C.	English and Gujarati		
34.	NCT of Delhi	20-Chandni Chowk 21-Matia Mahal 22-Ballimaran 54-Okhla 63-Seemapuri (SC) 65-Seelampur 69-Mustafabad	Hindi, Urdu and English		
		All other ACs	Hindi and English		
35.	Lakshadweep	1 P.C.	Malyalam		
36.	Puducherry	29-Mahe	Malyalam		
		30-Yanam	Telugu		
		All other ACs	Tamil		

## Annexure 29 (Chapter 9, Para 9.9)

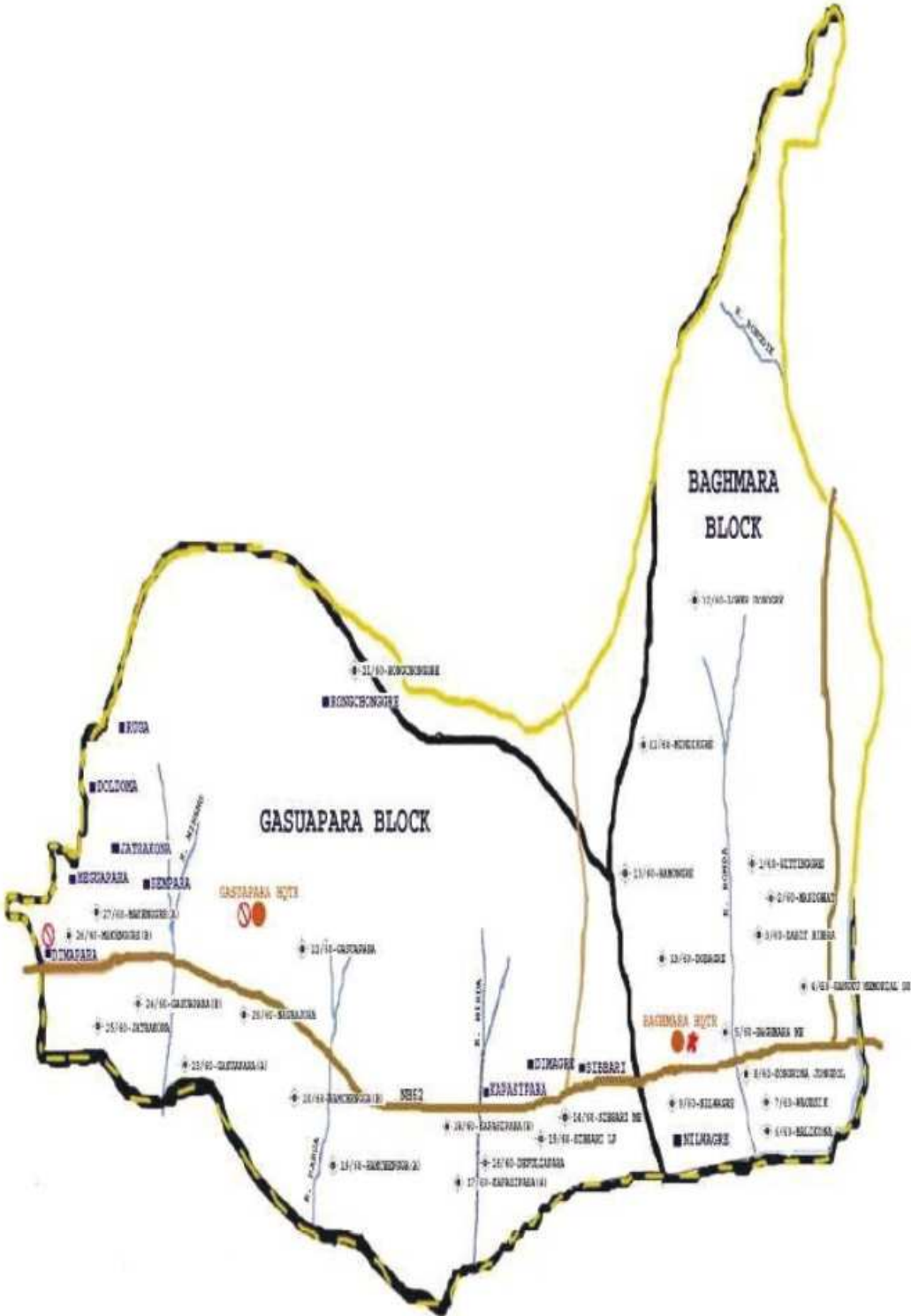
### ELECTORAL ROLL, 2009 STATE - MEGHALAYA

No. , Name and Reservation Status of Assembly Constituency : 60 - BAGHMARA(ST)

<b>1. DETAILS OF REVISION</b>					
Year of Revision : 2009		Type of Revision : Draft Integrated Mother Roll 2009			
Qualifying Date : 01.01.2009		Date of Publication : 10.11.2008			
<b>2. CONSTITUENCY DETAILS</b>					
a) No. , Name and Reservation Status of Parliamentary Constituency(ies) in which the Assembly Constituency is located : <b>2 - TURA(GEN)</b>			b) District(s) in which the Assembly Constituency is located:  <b>SOUTH GARO HILLS</b>		
<b>3. COMPONENTS OF THE ROLLS</b>					
a) Mother Roll		Basic roll of Revision, 2008 integrated with all supplements prepared in accordance with the extent of the newly Delimited Constituency.			
<b>4. DETAILS OF PARTS, POLLING STATIONS</b>				a) Total No. of Parts	28
b) Polling Stations (including Auxiliary Polling Stations)				c) <i>Polling Station Locations</i>	
<i>Type</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>No.</i>
<i>For Men</i>	1	<i>Main</i>	28	<i>With Single Polling Stations</i>	28
<i>For Women</i>	1	<i>Auxiliary</i>	0	<i>With Multiple Polling Stations</i>	0
<i>General</i>	26	<i>Total</i>	28	<i>Total</i>	28
<i>Total</i>	28				
<b>5. NET NUMBER OF ELECTORS</b>					
<b>Male</b>		<b>Female</b>		<b>Total</b>	
10169		9934		20103	

**Annexure 30  
(Chapter 9, Para 9.9)**

**Map of 60-Baghmara (ST) Assembly Constituency**



**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Electoral Roll Part No.	Details of Sections covered by the Part	No. of Auxiliary polling stations, if any.	Net Number of Electors		
			Male	Female	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1	Dosigittim, Gittinggre Songmong, Dinre Ading, Chibrennggre, Gitting Bibra, Asokgre, So mangittim	0	363	338	701
2	Imikagre, Lomagar, Agimpai Nokma Colony, Masighat, Masighat Pig Farm, Dabigre, Blue Hills	0	265	248	513
3	Bolongading, Mandanokap, Gongga Nagar, Dabit Nalsagittim, Dabit Songittal, Dabigre	0	373	342	715
4	Bolsal Ading, Rangdokram, Bolsalgre, Dopagrang	0	455	485	940
5	Balsrigittim, Hospital Campus, Veterinary Campus, Dilsa Jarek, Block Campus, Govt.H.E.S.Compound, Konagittim	0	362	364	726
6	Malikhona, R.C.Mission Campus, Police Campus, Bazar Area	0	492	442	934
7	Wagestik, Balsri Ading, Makbilkol	0	265	265	530
8	Dabram, Kongkhona Jongkol, Arapara	0	438	448	886
9	Nilwagre, Rongdotchigre, Rasuagre, Adinggre, Dasanggre Rongchikgre, Bedolboi, Lower Netrikona	0	450	412	862
10	Jaksongram, Dubagre, Eringgre, Jenggittim	0	235	227	462
11	Agronggre, Namisikgre, Gara Samka, Wamisenggre, Gara Songittal, Dangsu Colony, Rongbatgittim, Ruthagre, Chramgre, Rompa Asim, Balkal Asim, Mindikgre, Baladinggre	0	507	436	943
12	Upper Dosogre, Lower Dosogre, Dokgre, Upper Darit Asim, Lower Darit Asim, Baganggre	0	207	190	397
13	Aritakgre, Dorakgre, Jadogre, Bamongre, Wakcholgre, Somegre, Denggagre, Bajragre	0	270	283	553
14	Adapgre, Sibbari, Baniagre, Chambil Badimagre, Chambil Tolejang, Chengbagre, Dipogre	0	522	526	1048
15	Sibbari Gosegaon, Baigonkona, Kongkona, Domdomagre, Banajuri	0	465	461	926
16	Mandanggre, Dimagre, Defuliapara, Ousjora	0	235	261	496
17	Kapasipara	0	276	261	537
18	Batabari, Chengkali, Jadugre	0	242	256	498
19	Ranbengga, Jatapara, Kolapara, Dumnikura, Bilkona, Namchapara	0	709	0	709
20	Ranbengga, Jatapara, Kolapara, Dumnikura, Bilkona, Namchapara	0	0	745	745
21	Chawekchi Bandsagre, Rongdigre, Genapara, Balmoragre, Daritgre, Sawekolgre, Wagebokgre, Rongchonggre, Darit Wachal Chairing, Darit Wame Songittal, Darit Nilwasa, Ampangdanggre, Darit Betegre, Kujolgre, Daidanggre, Darit Dolonggre, Gungre	0	491	465	956
22	Rongsepgre, Doragre, Koudok, Rongsanggre, Diudinegre, Rongronggre, Dakolgre, Rongbokgre, Minenggre, Rongsigre, Meka Adagre, Molnegre, Dagandagre, Damal Nokatgre, Pilnegre, Damalgre, Narangkolgre, Telekali	0	542	496	1038
23	Gasuapara, Rangajora	0	377	391	768
24	Pokirkona, Angratuli, Gobrakona, Karonggittim, Gaudibol, Rakipara	0	360	343	703
25	Jatrakona, New Jatrakona, Silbaripara, Makburipara, Kadimboka	0	265	266	531
26	Nagrajora, Minenggre, Charipara, Sewal Kosegre, Rongsugre, Gaijanggre, Sempara, Chirengkonagittim	0	414	384	798
27	Dangsubil, Dinapara, Chitompagre, Megua Songittal, Atisia Songmong, Atisia Nokat	0	281	314	595



**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Electoral Roll Part No.	Details of Sections covered by the Part	No. of Auxiliary polling stations, if any.	Net Number of Electors		
			Male	Female	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
28	Cherengpara, Mangkeng Nokat, Mangkeng Songmong, Gandugre, Bandspara	0	308	285	593

**Annexure 31**  
**(Chapter 9, Para 9.9)**

**Electoral Roll – 2009, Assembly Constituency 60 – Baghmara (ST) - Meghalaya**

<b>SUMMARY OF ELECTORS</b>						
<b>No., Name and Reservation Status Of Assembly Constituency</b>			<b>60 Baghmara (ST)</b>			
<b>A) NUMBER OF ELECTORS</b>						
		Roll Type	Roll Identification	No. of electors		
				Men	Women	Total
<b>I</b>	<b>Original</b>	Mother Roll	Basic roll of revision .....(year) integrated with all supplements prepared in accordance with the extent of the newly delimited constituency.	<b>10169</b>	<b>9934</b>	<b>20103</b>
<b>II</b>	<b>Additions List</b>	Supplement 1	Special summary revision .....(year)			
		Supplement 2	Continuous Updating, ..... (year)			
<b>III</b>	<b>Deletions List</b>	Supplement 1	Special summary revision ..... (year)			
		Supplement 2	Continuous Updating, ..... (year)			
<b>Net Electors in the Roll after Summary Revision 2006 (I+II-III)</b>				<b>10169</b>	<b>9934</b>	<b>20103</b>

Meghalaya

Place : Baghmara

Shri D. D. Sangma , MCS

Date : 09.11.2008

Electoral Registration Officer, 60-Baghmara (ST)

**Annexure 32**  
**(Chapter 9, Para 9.9)**

**ELECTORAL ROLL, 2009**  
**STATE - MEGHALAYA**



No. , Name and Reservation Status of Assembly Constituency :	<b>60 - BAGHMARA(ST)</b>	Part No. 1		
No. , Name and Reservation Status of Parliamentary Constituency(ies) in which the Assembly Constituency is located : <b>2 - TURA(GEN)</b>				
<b>1. DETAILS OF REVISION</b>				
Year of Revision : 2009 Qualifying Date : 01.01.2009 Type of Revision : Draft Integrated Mother Roll 2009 Date of Publication : 10.11.2008	Roll Identification : Basic roll of Revision, 2008 integrated with all supplements prepared in accordance with the extent of the newly Delimited Constituency.			
<b>2. DETAILS OF PART &amp; POLLING AREA</b>				
No. and Name of sections in the part :				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 - Dosik Gittim,</li> <li>2 - Gittinggre Songmong,</li> <li>3 - Dimre Ading,</li> <li>4 - Chibrengre,</li> <li>5 - Giting Bibra,</li> <li>6 - Asokgre,</li> <li>7 - So.Man Gittim</li> </ul>	Main Village : SOMAN GITTIM  District : SOUTH GARO HILLS  Sub Division : Block : Municipality : Ward No. : Police Station : Pin Code : 794102 Post Office :			
<b>3. POLLING STATION DETAILS</b>				
No. and Name of Polling Station : <b>1 - GITTINGGRE</b> Address of Polling Station : <b>GITTINGGRE L P SCHOOL, GITTINGGRE</b>	Type of Polling Station (Male/Female/General)	<b>GENERAL</b>		
	Number of Auxiliary Polling Stations in this Part :	<b>0</b>		
<b>4. NUMBER OF ELECTORS</b>				
<b>Starting Sl. No.</b>	<b>Ending Sl. No.</b>	<b>Net Electors</b>		
		<b>Male</b>	<b>Female</b>	<b>Total</b>
1	701	363	338	701

## Annexure 33 (Chapter 9, Para 9.9)

**Electoral Roll 2006 of Assembly Constituency 25 - LOKICHERRA(ST) , Mizoram**

Part No 1

Section No & Name: 1 KANHMUN, Sub-Division: KAWRTHAH, District: MAMIT, Pin: 796471

<p>1 EPIC No : HJC0023143 Name : RAMZAUVA Father's Name : NEIHALHA (L) House No : 1 Age : 52 Sex : Male</p> 	<p>2 EPIC No : HJC0022582 Name : L.RINMAWII Husband's Name : RAMZAUVA House No : 1 Age : 49 Sex : Female</p> 	<p>3 EPIC No : HJC0001305 Name : REBEKI Father's Name : RAMZAUVA House No : 1 Age : 25 Sex : Female</p> 
<p>4 EPIC No : HJC0003145 Name : LALSANGZUALI Father's Name : RAMZAUVA House No : 1 Age : 23 Sex : Female</p> 	<p>5 EPIC No : HJC0003210 Name : VANLALFAKA Father's Name : RAMZAUVA House No : 1 Age : 20 Sex : Male</p> 	<p>6 EPIC No : HJC0001743 Name : LALTHANNGURI Husband's Name : LALAWTA(L) House No : 2 Age : 69 Sex : Female</p> 
<p>7 EPIC No : HJC0023226 Name : LALCHHINGPUII Father's Name : LALAWTA(L) House No : 2 Age : 49 Sex : Female</p> 	<p>8 EPIC No : HJC0002998 Name : HMINGCHUNGUNGA Father's Name : LALLAWTA (L) House No : 2 Age : 43 Sex : Male</p> 	<p>9 EPIC No : HJC0023234 Name : Darthanmawii Father's Name : Lailawta (L) House No : 2 Age : 39 Sex : Female</p> 
<p>10 EPIC No : HJC0023671 Name : Lalrotinga Father's Name : Lalrotinga House No : 2 Age : 24 Sex : Male</p> <p style="font-size: 2em; opacity: 0.5; transform: rotate(-45deg); position: absolute; top: 50%; left: 50%; pointer-events: none;">DELETED</p> 	<p>11 EPIC No : Name : Lalawthanga Mother's Name : Velchhingi House No : 2 Age : 29 Sex : Male</p> 	<p>12 EPIC No : HJC0019422 Name : Thanglun Husband's Name : Zosanglura (L) House No : 3 Age : 46 Sex : Female</p> 
<p>13 EPIC No : Name : Zonunkimi Chhangte Father's Name : Zosanglura (L) House No : 3 Age : 19 Sex : Female</p> 	<p>14 EPIC No : HJC0001727 Name : Banthanga Father's Name : Chawla (L) House No : 4 Age : 66 Sex : Male</p> 	<p>15 EPIC No : HJC0001735 Name : Laizami Husband's Name : Banthanga House No : 4 Age : 76 Sex : Female</p> 
<p>16 EPIC No : HJC0001933 Name : Lalduhawma Father's Name : Banthanga House No : 4 Age : 45 Sex : Male</p> 	<p>17 EPIC No : HJC0023564 Name : Daniaia Father's Name : Banthanga House No : 4 Age : 30 Sex : Male</p> 	<p>18 EPIC No : HJC0022673 Name : Lainunmawia Father's Name : Huama House No : 5 Age : 39 Sex : Male</p> 
<p>19 EPIC No : HJC0022574 Name : Hmangaihpai Husband's Name : Lainunmawia House No : 5 Age : 35 Sex : Female</p> 	<p># 20 EPIC No : HJC0003228 Name : Ramzauva Father's Name : Banthanga House No : 6 Age : 39 Sex : Male</p> 	<p># 21 EPIC No : HJC0003129 Name : Fakzuali Husband's Name : Ramzauva House No : 6 Age : 37 Sex : Female</p> 
<p>22 EPIC No : HJC0019471 Name : Lalsangluaia Father's Name : Khunthang (L) House No : 7 Age : 86 Sex : Male</p> <p style="font-size: 2em; opacity: 0.5; transform: rotate(-45deg); position: absolute; top: 50%; left: 50%; pointer-events: none;">DELETED</p> 	<p>23 EPIC No : HJC0022632 Name : Sapmawia Father's Name : Lalrotinga House No : 7 Age : 46 Sex : Male</p> <p style="font-size: 2em; opacity: 0.5; transform: rotate(-45deg); position: absolute; top: 50%; left: 50%; pointer-events: none;">DELETED</p> 	<p>24 EPIC No : HJC0024042 Name : Rainmingthang Husband's Name : Sapmawia House No : 7 Age : 41 Sex : Female</p> 
<p>25 EPIC No : HJC0004119 Name : Chuauthanpari Husband's Name : Laitanpuia Raite House No : 7 Age : 23 Sex : Female</p> 	<p>26 EPIC No : Name : Lalbiakdiki Father's Name : Sapmawia House No : 7 Age : 19 Sex : Female</p> 	<p>27 EPIC No : Name : Laitanpuia Raite Father's Name : Lalianthanga House No : 7 Age : 31 Sex : Male</p> 
<p>28 EPIC No : HJC0000182 Name : Panawra Father's Name : Thata (L) House No : 8 Age : 74 Sex : Male</p> 	<p># 29 EPIC No : HJC0003657 Name : Zothanpuii Husband's Name : L.Rama House No : 8 Age : 31 Sex : Female</p> 	<p>30 EPIC No : HJC0019364 Name : Lainnuna Pachuau Father's Name : L.Sangluaia House No : 9 Age : 44 Sex : Male</p> 

N.B. :- Age as on 01.01.2006

# - Corrected as per Supplement

Page No. 2 of 44

Issued by the Electoral Registration Officer, 25 - LOKICHERRA(ST) AC

## Annexure 34 (Chapter 9, Para 9.9)

Electoral Roll – 2009, Assembly Constituency 60 - Baghmara (ST) – Meghalaya

SUMMARY OF ELECTORS						
No., Name and Reservation Status <i>Of Assembly Constituency</i>				60 Baghmara (ST)		<b>Part No. 1</b>
B) NUMBER OF ELECTORS						
		Roll Type	Roll Identification	No. of electors		
				Men	Women	Total
I	<b>Original</b>	Mother Roll	Basic roll of revision .....(year) integrated with all supplements prepared in accordance with the extent of the newly delimited constituency.	<b>363</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>701</b>
II	<b>Additions List</b>	Supplement 1	Special summary revision .....			
		Supplement 2	Continuous Updating, .....			
		Sub-Total				
III	<b>Deletions List</b>	Supplement 1	Special summary revision .....			
		Supplement 2	Continuous Updating, .....			
		Sub-Total				
<b>Net Electors in the Roll after Summary Revision 2008 (I+II-III)</b>				<b>363</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>701</b>
B) NUMBER OF MODIFICATIONS						
Roll Type		Roll Identification		No. of modifications		
Supplement 1		Special summary revision .....				
Supplement 2		Continuous Updating, .....				
Sub-Total						

Place : Baghmara

Shri D. D. Sangma , MCS

Date : 09.11.2008

Electoral Registration Officer, 60-Baghmara (ST)

## Annexure 35 (Chapter 9, Para 9.9)

Electoral Roll - 2009, Assembly Constituency 60 - Baghmara(ST) - Meghalaya

Part No : 1

Sl. No.	House No.	Name of Elector	Relation ship	Name of Relation	Sex	Age	EPIC No.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
<b>Section : 2 - Gittinggre Songmong , District - South Garo Hills , Pin - 794102</b>							
242	63	Withila Sangma	O	Karchon Sangma	F	31	BSN0525238
243	63	Lapinna M. Sangma	F	Kachon N. Sangma	F	24	BSN0525287
244	63	Dith Marak	F	Sengman Sangma	M	22	BSN0526822
245	63	Tecin Sangma	H	Dith Marak	F	21	BSN0526830
246	64	Paul Sangma	F	Jackson Marak	M	34	BSN0527143
247	64	Lebitha R. Marak	F	Marush N. Sangma	F	23	BSN0526889
248	65	Rosilla Marak	O	Chibin Sangma	F	51	BSN0528356
249	66	Prearin Sangma	O	Oldon Marak	F	55	BSN0527440
250	66	Sebeni Sangma	O	Oldon Marak	F	38	BSN0527408
251	66	Wilseng M. Sangma	F	Oldon S. Marak	M	24	BSN0528000
252	66	Naiadin Sangma	O	Hiltlar Sangma	M	22	BSN0528018
253	66	Lenitha M Sangma	M	Leubini M. Sangma	F	19	BSN0666313
254	66	Brithing M. Sangma	M	Lebini M. Sangma	M	19	BSN0666321
255	66	Emparina M. Sangma	F	Lebine M. Sangma	F	19	TYN0001594
256	67	Tilno Asngma	H	Chaseng Marak	F	43	BSN0525907
257	67	Suja Sangma	F	Aida Sangma	M	22	BSN0528604
258	68	Phjio Sangma	O	Ebison Sangma	M	38	BSN0524611
259	68	Komuria Sangma	O	Phijo Sangma	F	36	BSN0524629
260	68	Tillinson M. Sangma	F	Phijo M. Sangma	M	22	BSN0525386
261	69	Joshmoni Sangma	O	Ramon Sangma	F	44	BSN0524942
262	70	Grebalsn Shira	O	Mondi Sangma	M	39	BSN0528679
263	70	Boknaging Sangma	O	Grebalsn Shira	F	30	BSN0527986
264	71	Pethison Marak	O	Polbat Sangma	M	44	BSN0660530
265	71	Sunilla Sangma	O	Potolson Marak	F	39	BSN0660548
266	72	Protest Sangma	F	Sasindra Marak	M	66	BSN0526137
267	72	Tanggal Marak	O	Nagan Ch. Marak	M	28	TYN0001602
268	72	Joshna S. Marak	F	Protesh Sangma	F	24	TYN0001610
269	72	Tengsrang Marak	F	Protest Sangma	M	19	BSN0666347
270	72	Salganchi Marak	F	Protest Sangma	F	18	BSN0666339
271	75	Kemon Sangma	F	Chedang Sg	M	39	BSN0527705
272	76	Chetrok Sangma	F	Lt. Ebansing Sangma	M	61	BSN0671461
273	76	Nangchan Marak	O	Lt. Romot Sangma	M	52	BSN0671529
274	76	Nith Sangma	O	Nangchan Marak	F	42	BSN0671537
275	77	Satchira S. Marak	O	Harmish Marak	F	18	BSN0675041
276	78	Suban S. Marak	O	Lading Sangma	M	18	BSN0675058
277	79	Jolush R. Marak	O	Morash Sangma	M	18	BSN0675066
278	80	Marcy R. Marak	F	Marben B. Marak	F	21	TYN0001347
279	81	Mathew B. Marak	F	Nickolas D. Sangma	M	23	TYN0001354
280	82	Rupalli M. Sangma	H	Chinal S. Marak	F	25	TYN0001362
281	83	Dine S. Marak	F	Ramput N. Sangma	M	19	TYN0001370
282	84	Mazina M. Sangma	F	Lt. Jendalsn Marak	F	25	TYN0001412
283	85	Silben S. Marak	F	Jogen M. Sangma	M	28	TYN0001438
284	86	Binelston D. Shira	F	Nogen Marak	M	25	TYN0001461
285	87	Ringasing Sangma	F	Hether Sangma	M	50	TYN0001479
286	88	Malben B. Marak	F	Radha T. Sangma	M	35	TYN0001487

Col 4: Relationship Code: F-Father, M-Mother, H-Husband, O-Other; Col 6: Sex M-Male, F-Female;  
Col 7: Age as on : 01.01.2009; Col 8: Electors Photo Identity Card Number

Page 8 of 20

# - Corrected as per Supplement

Issued by Electoral Registration Officer



**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	Yadav Ramsingh Rajmurti	M	Rect		Serv. No. 2813595L, The Asst., Record Officer, Madras, Regiment	R/o Sasmoem Vasco Da Gama
2	Patil Bhimgowda B	M	CISF		Asst. Commandant, CISF Unit, GSL, Goa.	H. No.20-48(I) Shutebhat., Vasco Da Gama
3	Patil Shaila Bhimagowda	W			Asst. Commandant, CISF Unit, GSL Goa.	H. No.20-48(I) Shutebhat., Vasco Da Gama
4	Brij Mohan Mohan	M	Mo(az)3		142432-k, Ins Hanco Dabolim	Varnapuri Mangur
5	Mrs. Rajani Mohan	W		11	142432-k Ins, Hanco Dabolim	Varnapuri Mangur
6	Swamy Govind	M	Ls(srz)		148742/a, Cannodore, Bureau of Sailore Ma	Vasco-da-gama
7	Desai Sanju Narshma	M	Lt		99 bm Commandant, 99 bm	Vasco
8	Patil Shirish Norsingh	M	(ins)tir		113155-y Bureau, Of Sailors	Mangor Hill
9	Walia Rajesh	M	Offr		21858 G Fit Lt Sts., Adjit Air Force Stat	B-5 Navelkar Flat
10	Walia Swati S.	W		16	21858 G Fit Lt Sts., Adjit Air Force Stat	B-5 Navelkar Flat
11	Solanki V.K.	M	Road(ad)		Indian Navy Comondore, Bureau Of Sailors	Mangor Hill, Vasco-da-gama
12	Benki Naresh Kumar	M			Ins Nirdeshak, C/o F.m.o.vzay11	Mhn 45/c
13	Varghese K.j.		14589510-m		E.m.e.Records	Vasco-da-gama
14	N.N.Ramesh	M	Slt		Asst Civilian Staff Officer Dte,	Railway Qu.Vasco
15	Ambersheth Sandeep S.	M	Lt		Asst Civilian Staff Officer Dte., Persona New Delhi	Mangur Hill ,Vasco
16	Pawar Sanjiv Ganpati	M	Rect		Mz 2787794-h Maratha Light, Aililekh Karya Belgaum 50009	Mangur Hill, Head Land, Sada
17	Pawar Gangabai Ganpati	W			Mz 2787794-h Maratha Light, Aililekh Karya 500009	Mangur Hill Head Land, Sada
18	Ghosh S.r	M	Cha(sf)		201273-r, gabs C/o Civilian, Gazetted Bur	Mangurhill Vasco
19	Ghosh Smt.B.Ghosh	W		7	201273-r, gabs C/o Civilian, Gazetted Bur	Mangurhill Vasco
20	Angotta Angotta Ram Sarup	M	Am		107648-f, ins Hanco, Dabolim	Mangur Hill
21	Angotta nSatya Devi	W		9	107648-f, ins Hanco, Dabolim	Mangur Hill
22	Rao K.n	M	Incoa		Indian Navy A/ld Ins M., Hansa,Dabolim	H.no.70-g., Varnunapuri, Mangor Hill,Vas
23	Israel Mohammad	M	Sla		Nsa N.s.a.Indian Navy Cabs, Bureau Of Sa	Varunapuri Mangor Hill, Vasco Da Gama
24	Israel N.n.Beguem	W		22	Nsa N.s.a.Indian Navy Cabs, Bureau Of Sa	Varunapuri Mangor Hill, Vasco Da Gama
25	Ram Chandra Ram Chandra	M	(gai)(bgi)		Indian Navy,Asst Civilian, Staff Omca,Bombay-88	Near Vasco Sports., Vasco
26	Israel Mrs.Loures	W		22	Nsa N.s.a.Indian Navy Cabs, Bureau Of Sa	Varunapuri Mangor Hill, Vasco Da Gama
27	Panigrahi Nityananad	M	Cheaa		Cabs Cita Camp Mankund, Bombay Service No	H.no.T-17d Varunapuri, Mangor Hill Vasco
28	Panigrahi Indira	W		26	Cabs Cita Camp Mankund, Bombay Service No	H.no.T-17d Varunapuri, Mangor Hill Vasco
29	Yadav Raj Kumar Singh	M	Mo Hech (a		Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai., Sr No.141348Y	H.no.T-13-e Varunapuri, Mangor,Vasco
30	Yadav Girija	W		28	Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai, Sr.No.141348Y	H.no.T-13-e Varunapuri, Mangor,Vasco.
31	Singh Pramod Kumar	M	Lema		Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai, Service No.171897.	H.no.T-39-j Varunapuri, Mangor
32	Singh Anita	W		30	Cabs Mankhurd,Mumbai, Service No.171897.	H.no.T-39-j Varunapuri, Mangor
33	Singh Jai	M	Lema		Cabs, Mankhurd Mumbai, Service No.168919	H.no.T-43-h, Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco Da
34	Singh Sushila	W		32	Cabs Mankhurd,Mumbai, Service No.168919	H.no.T-43-h, Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco Da
35	Kumar Ravinder Kumar	M	Moam-ii		Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.T-21e, Varunapuri, Mangor VascoDa
36	Tyagi Neelima Kumar	W		34	Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.T-21e, Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco Da
37	Singh Baleshwar	M	Moaa(w)i		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.T-77-c, Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco Da
38	Singh Pradeep Kumar	M	(son)		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.T-77-c, Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco

**Note**

Electors Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.



**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
39	Shekhawat Gokul Singh	M	Hon.sub-It		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.T-76-h, Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco
40	Shekhawat Phoopka Kanwar	W		38	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.T-76-h, Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco
41	Vazhathetthi Paulase Baby	M	Aa3		Cabs Mankhurd Bombay	H.no.T-78-h, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill Vasco
42	Beena Baby	W		40	Cabs Mankhurd Bombay	H.no.T-78-h, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill Vasco
43	Sahaj Vivek Sahaj	M	Lema		Nay Co.	Nay (g) Hansa, Dabolim Air Port
44	Sahaj Vibha Sahaj	W		42	Nay Co.	Nay (g) Hansa, Dabolim Air Port
45	Singh Ram Autar	M	Lema		Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.89-g Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco
46	Singh Brij Rani	W		44	Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai.	H.no.89-g Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco
47	Negi Jagdish Singh	M	Peelu		May Gen	H.no.279-a Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco
48	Negi Sandhya	W		48	May Gen	H.no.279-a Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco
49	Kumar Praveen	M	Aa3		Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.214,K Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco
50	Sharma Anuradha Kumar	W		50	Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.214,K Varunapuri, Mangor Vasco
51	Adhikari Sukumar	M	Lema		Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.244,New Vadem, Vasco Da Gama
52	Adhikari Rithika	W		52	Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.244,New Vadem, Vasco Da Gama
53	Singh Urmila	W		64	Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.8-c Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
54	Dhara Chand	M	Laom		Commdore Bureau Of Sailors, Mumbai	H.no.41-b Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
55	Pramila Devi	W		66	Commdore Bureau Of Sailors, Mumbai	H.no.41-b Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
56	Chander Krishna	M	Laom		Commandore Bureau Of Sailors, Mumbai	H.no.132-h Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
57	Chander Kiran	W		68	Commandore Bureau Of Sailor, Mumbai	H.no.132-h Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
58	Sharma Hari Om	M	Laom		Commandore Bureau Of Sailors, Mumbai	H.no.132 H, Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
59	Sharma Sharma	W		70	Commandore Bureau Of Sailors, Mumbai	H.no.132 H, Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
60	Sutum Dtna Kalyana Raman	M			Cabs Mumbai	Varunapuri Mangor Vasco
61	Audha	W		72	Cabs Mumbai	Varunapuri Mangor Vasco
62	Chittilapillay Lona Babu	M	Baar 3		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.10-d Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco Da Gama
63	Mini Babu	W		74	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.10-d Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco Da Gama
64	Ali Taufique	M	Cheaar		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.79- Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
65	Zaribi	M			Cabs Mumbai	H.no.79 Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
66	Singhadon Ram	M	Ac Heer		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.75-g Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
67	Tadev Urmila	W		78	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.75-g Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
68	Nirmela Unajay Appasaheb	M	Aceaaril		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.10-d Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
69	Nirmela Sanggeta Sanjay	W		80	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.10-d Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
70	Om Dutt Rakesh	M	Eaar2		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.165 Mangor Vasco
71	Anju Rakesh	W		82	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.165 Mangor Vasco
72	Singh Naveen Kumar	M	Cheaar		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.79-e Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
73	Singh Nikita	W		84	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.79-e Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
74	Ram Karan	M	Ceaaril		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.10-d Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco

**Note**

Elector Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.

**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Bailot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
75	Singh Sanggeta	W		88	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.10-d Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
76	Bhan Suraj	M	Lema		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.131 H.Mangor Hill, Varunapuri
77	Bhan Saroj Devi	W		88	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.131 H.Mangor Hill, Varunapuri
78	Awasthi Sanjeev	M	Eaa-2		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.79-g Varunapuri Vasco
79	Awasthi Anju	W		90	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.79-g Varunapuri Vasco
80	Singh Bhagirath	M	Lema		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.74-g Varunapuri Vasco
81	Singh Madhu Nagar	W		92	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.74-g Varunapuri Vasco
82	Singh Pratap	M	Lema		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.74-g Varunapuri Vasco
83	Yadav Sunita Singh	W		94	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.471-e Varunapuri Vasco
84	Mahanty Manamohan	M	Lema		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.148/e Varunapuri Vasco
85	Bahadur Amarendra	M	Lam		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.88-b Varunapuri Vasco
86	Bahadur Renu Singh	W		97	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.88-b Varunapuri Vasco
87	Kumar Ravindra	M	Mcam-ii		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.327 E Varunapuri Vasco
88	Kumar Nelima Tyagi	W		99	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.327 E Varunapuri Vasco
89	Jaibir Singh Siwach	M	Eaa-3		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.84-a Varunapuri Vasco
90	Kiran Swlach	W		101	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.84-a Varunapuri Vasco
91	Padhi Prasant Kumar	M	Lam		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.27-e Varunapuri Vasco
92	Padhi Anjali Kumari	W		103	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.27-e Varunapuri Vasco
93	Khanka Ganesh Singh	M	Poelar		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.83-k Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
94	Khanka Parvati	W		105	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.83-k Varunapuri Mangor
95	Ashok Kumar	M	Poela		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.148-b Varunapuri Vasco
96	Usha Kumari	W		107	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.148-b Varunapuri Vasco
97	A.Deenadayalan	M	Lenar		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.471, Shantinagar Vasco
98	D.Maheshwari	W		109	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.471 Shantinagar Vasco
99	Sharma Dinesh G.	M	Chaaw		Cabs Mumbai	House Of Mario Rodrigues, Mangor Vasco Da
100	Sharma Saria	W		111	Cabs Mumbai	House Of Mario Rodrigues, Mangor Vasco Da
101	Pathak Shree Bhagawan	M	Aa-3		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.80-b, Varunapuri Vasco, Da Gama
102	Pathak Gauri	W		113	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.80-b, Varunapuri Vasco, Da Gama
103	Singh Baleshwar	M	Mcaa(w)i		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.72-g Varunapuri Vasco
104	Singh Meera Devi	W		115	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.72-g Varunapuri Vasco
105	Singh Sandeep Kumar	M		115	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.72-g Varunapuri Vasco
106	Singh Pradeep Kumar	M		115	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.72-g Varunapuri Vasco
107	G.Pratheep		Am(w)2		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.78-i Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
108	Preethi	W		119	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.78-i Varunapuri Mangor
109	Sharma Kapoor Chand	M	Lsa		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.260-c Varunapuri Vasco
110	Sharma Pushpa	W		121	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.260-c Varunapuri Vasco
111	Singh Rajkumar	M	Mscpo li		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.215.I, Varunapuri Vasco
112	Singh Shanti Devi	W		123	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.215.I, Varunapuri Vasco
113	Mahte Bhagirath	M	Aa(w)2		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.77-b Varunapuri Vasco
114	Mahte Shaibya	W		125	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.77-b Varunapuri Vasco
115	Vinay Kumar	M	Lam		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.39-k Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
116	Beena Devi	W		127	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.39-k Varunapuri Mangor

**Note**

Electors Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.

**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Electo Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
117	Surendra Prasad	M	Mceaar		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.81-j Varunapuri Vasco
118	Anita Kumari	W		129	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.81-j Varunapuri Vasco
119	Thakur Surendra Prasad	M	Mceaar		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.81-j Varunapuri Vasco
120	Thakur Narad	W		131	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.315f, Varunapuri Vasco
121	Thakur Ruchi	W		131	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.315f, Varunapuri Vasco
122	Thakur Sanjay Kumar	M		131	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.315f Varunapuri Vasco
123	P.t.Suresh	M	Lema		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.118 Mangor Vasco, Da Gama
124	D.Snoglothika	W		135	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.118 Mangor Vasco
125	Singh Avtar	M	Lema		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.278-j Varunapuri Vasco
126	Singh Kiran Devi	W		137	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.278-j Varunapuri Vasco
127	Dhurendra Manjhi	M	Lema		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.26-f-Varunapuri Vasco
128	Vidya Wati	W		139	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.26-f-Varunapuri Vasco
129	Ansari Mohammad Mubarak	M	Lema		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.26-f-Varunapuri Vasco
130	Ansari Nazarun Khateen	W		141	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.26-f-Varunapuri Vasco
131	Kalarikandy Sathish	M	Eaa		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.74-f-Varunapuri Vasco
132	Kalarikandy Nisha Sathish	W		143	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.74-f-Varunapuri Vasco
133	Jagdish	M	Eaa		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.324-g Varunapuri Vasco
134	Maya Kaur	W		145	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.324-g Varunapuri Vasco
135	Kakade Pradeep Gulab	M	Aa(w)3		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.12-c Varunapuri Vasco
136	Kakade Varsha Pradeep	W		147	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.12-c Varunapuri Vasco
137	Islampur Anil	M	Poaf		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.439, Shantinagar Vasco
138	Islampur Anamika A.	W		149	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.439, Shantinagar Vasco
139	Om Dutt Rakesh	M	Cheaar		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.308 B Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
140	Anju Rakesh	W		82	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.308 B Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
141	Sonraj	M	Lemar		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.227h Varunapuri Vasco
142	Verma Sudha	W		153	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.227h Varunapuri Vasco
143	Pandey Dharmendra Kumar	M	Lema		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.46-l Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
144	Pandey Sushma	W		155	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.46-l Varunapuri Mangor
145	Nannapu Raju Ravikant Raju	M	Laom		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.436,New Vadem Vasco
146	Sreelatha	W		157	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.436,New Vadem Vasco
147	Nayak Pravakat	M	Poaf		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.279-n Varunapuri Vasco
148	Lilabti	M			Cabs Mumbai	H.no.279-n Varunapuri Vasco
149	Yadav Lal Babu	M	Poa		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.278-j Naval Base Mangor, Hill Vasco
150	Yadav Chandrakala	W		161	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.278-j Naval Base Mangor
151	Totdar Bijendra Singh	M	Mcaa li		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.216-o Varunapuri Vasco
152	Totdar Saroj	W		163	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.216-o Varunapuri Vasco
153	U.Somasundaran	M	Cpoaf		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.199-c Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
154	P.Babu Gireesh	M	Eaa3		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.312 C Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
155	Subitha Gireesh	W		166	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.312 C Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
156	Hazra Tarunkumar	M	Lam		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.288a Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
157	Hazra Piyali	W		168	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.288a Varunapuri Mangor
158	Bai Kishan	M	Loam		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.22'e' Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
159	Kavita	W		170	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.22'e' Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
160	Gusain Birender Singh	M	Poaf		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.288-f Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco

**Note**

Electo Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.

**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
161	Gusain Sarita	W		172	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.286-f Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
162	Singh Abhiram Prasad	M	Mapoaci		Commdore Bureau Of Sailors	Qtr.No.A1 Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
163	Singh Suryamani Devi	W		174	Commdore Bureau Of Sailors	Qtr.No.A1 Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
164	Rajesh Kumar	M	Laom		Cabs Mumbai	H.no.211-n Mes.Colony, Mangor Hill Vasco
165	Veena	W		176	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.211-n Mes. Colony Mangor, Hill Vasco
166	Singh Jai Singh	M	Lema		Lema	H.no.46-c Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
167	Singh Sushila	W		178	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.46-c Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
168	Singh Sandeep Kumar	M			Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.77-c Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco Da
169	Singh Meera Devi	W		38	Cabs Mumbai	H.no.77-c Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco Da
170	S.Vinod Kumar	M	Mech(ar)		Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.215-h Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
171	Kumar Sindhu Vinod	W		58	Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.215-h Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
172	Kumar Subhod	M	Mcam-ii		Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.t-19-c Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
173	Kumar Kusum	W		58	Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.t-19-c Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
174	Salaria Subhash Singh	M	Cpdaof		Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.81-j Varunapuri Mangor, Hills Vasco
175	Salaria Tripta	W		60	Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.81-j Varunapuri Mangor, Hills Vasco
176	Ram Niwas	M	Lpf		Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.39-l Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
177	Babita Devi	W		62	Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.39-lVarunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
178	Singh Tejpratap	M	Cpoaof		Cabs Mankhurd Mumbai	H.no.8-c Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
179	Jagdish Chand Rana	M	Mcelarii		Indian Navy Rages (goa), Ins-hansa Commad Cheeta, Camp Mankhurd Mumbai	Qtr.No.315 Varnapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
180	Sarai Rana	W		182	Indian Navy Rages (goa), Ins-hansa Commad Cheeta, Camp Mankhurd Mumbai	Qtr.No.315 Varnapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
181	Dhiman Lokh Raj	M	Mcam-ii		Indian Navy (aviation Teach), Commandore B Mankhurd, Mumbai 400088	H.no.10-c Varunapuri Vasco, Da Gama
182	Dhiman Kanta	W		184	Indian Navy (aviation Teach), Commandore B Mankhurd, Mumbai 400088	H.no.10-c Varunapuri Vasco, Da Gama
183	Swamy P.Duraj	M	Chaa		Rages Goa Ins Hansa Cabs., Manikhurd Mumbai	Cabin No.4 Mopost Cpo's, Mess/ins Hansa
184	Swamy K.Jaya Bharatha Devi	W		186	Rages Goa Ins Hansa Cabs., Manikhurd Mumbai	Cabin No.4 Mopost Cpo's, Mess/ins Hansa
185	Yadav Ajay Kumar	M	Cheaa		Indian Navy Rages Goa Ihs, Hansa, Command Sailors Cheetha, Camp Mankhurd Mumbai=400	321 'a' Varunapuri Mangor Hill, Vasco
186	Ramania G.Venkath	M	Lema		Rages Goa Ihs Hansa,Cabs, Mankhurd Mumbai	C-bsf,Hansa Vihar/ins, hansa.
187	Sah Shankar Prasad	M	Lam		Indian Navy Rages Goa Ihs Hansa., Command Sailors Cheetha Camp, Mankhurd Mumbai-400	Varunapuri Mangor Hill
188	Naik Nagraj	M	Constable		Cisf Unit Gsl Goa.	Mhn 281,Gurudwara Road Vasco
189	Mishra Om Prakash	M	Lam		Naval Aviation Inas, 310/hansa.	386-G, Varunapuri,Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama.
190	Mishra Rekha	W		206	Naval Aviation Inas, 310/hansa.	386-G,Varunapuri,Mangor Hill, Vasco-Da-Gama.
191	Singh Ajay Kumar	M	Am4		Navy Cabs, Mumbai.	289-1, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama.

**Note**

Elector Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.

**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
192	Singh Kiran	W		208	Navy Cabs , Mumbai.	289-1, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama.
193	Singh Virendra	M	Lema		Inas 310, Hansa.	42/12, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama.
194	Singh Asha	W		210	Inas 310, Hansa.	42/12, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama.
195	Jha Bipin Kumar	M	Am(w)3		Naval Aviation	309-c, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama.
196	Jha Renu	W		212	Naval Aviation	309-c, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama.
197	Singh Hari Prasad	M	Mca Li		Ins Hansa/310	81-G Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama.
198	Sing Ramawati Devi	W		214	Ins Hansa/310	81-G Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama.
199	Yadav Sanjay Kumar	M	Lemar		Naval Aviation, Inas 310, Ins Hansa	80/f Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama.
200	Yadav Kalpana Devi	W		216	Naval Aviation, Inas 310 Ins, Hansa	80/f Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
201	Sunil Kumar	M	Lemr		Navy Ins Hansa/bld, Cabs, Mumbai	387/b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama.
202	Anupama Kumar	W		218	Navy Ins Hansa/bld, Cabs, Mumbai	387/b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
203	Patel Kamlesh Amrit	M	Lema		Indian Navy, the Cabs, Cheetha, Camp, Mankhurd, Mumbai-88	434-g, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
204	Patel Purvi	W		220	Indian Navy, the Cabs, Cheetha, Camp, Mankhurd, Mumbai-88	434-g, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
205	Narayanan S.	M	Lemar		Navy Hansa Cabs, Cheeta Camp., Mankhurd. Mumbai	149-Vasco-Da-Gama.
206	Singh Abha	W		247	Navy Cabs	309/d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
207	Prakash Om	M	Lemar		Navy	27/f, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
208	Mangalia Renu Prakash	W		249	Navy	27/f, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
209	Singh Ram Prakash	M	Lema		Navy	24/b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
210	Singh Sheela Devi	W		251	Indian Navy Ald/ins, Hansa, Dabolim Air Port	24/b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
211	Kottarathomyaul George Jose	M	Poela		Navy	420/h, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
212	Kottarathomyaul Shini	W		253	Navy	420/h, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
213	Kumar Mritunjay	M	Mech(a)3		Navy	325/d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
214	Geetanajali Kumar	W		255	Navy	325/d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
215	R.Prasad T.V	M	Lemar		Navy Ald/ins Hansa, Dabolim, Air Port	39/f, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
216	R.Prasad T.Usha Rani	W		257	Navy Ald/ins Hansa, Dabolim, Air Port	39/f, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
217	Singh Avtar	M	Lema		Navy Ald/ins Hansa, Dabolim, Air Port	386/a, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
218	Singh Manjit Kaur	W		137	Navy Ald/ins Hansa, Dabolim, Air Port	386/a, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
219	Chander Shiva	M	Lemar		Indian Navy, Ald/hansa	24/d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
220	Chander Girija	W		261	Indian Navy, Ald/hansa	24/d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
221	Singh Anju Kumar	M	Ladm		Aviation Commodore Bereau Of, Sailors, Cheeta Camp Mankhurd, Mumbai	75/b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
222	Shaikh Mohammad Yusuf	M	Lam		Ins Hansa/aed ,Dabolim Air Port	132/h, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill.
223	Biswas Samar	M	Poaf		Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheeta, Mankhurd, Mumbai	19/d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill.
224	Biswas Anima	W		265	Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheeta, Mankhurd Mumbai	19/d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill.
225	Mishra Shivshankar	M	Poaf		Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheeta Camp, Mankhurd Mumbai	287/r, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill.

**Note**

Elector Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.

**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
226	Kumar Nandepu Sanjeev	M	Am(w)3		Cabs. Mankhurd Mumbai	325/e, Varunapuri, Vasco-Da-Gama
227	Mishra Anantika Prasad	M	Amw3		Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheetah Camp Mankhurd, Mumbai	404/g, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
228	Mishra Usha	W		296	Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheetah Camp Mankhurd, Mumbai	404/g, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
229	Yadav Brahamdeo Prasad	M	Amw3		Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheetah Camp Mankhurd, Mumbai	423/e, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
230	Yadav Rita	W	Cham	271	Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheetah Camp Mankhurd, Mumbai	423/e, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
231	Singh Tejwant	M	Cham		Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheetah Camp Mankhurd, Mumbai	422/e, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
232	Singh Jasbir Kaur	W		273	Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheetah Camp Mankhurd, Mumbai	422/e, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
233	Singh Dharmendra	M	Cham		Cabs. Mankhurd Mumbai	307/h, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
234	Singh Nirmala	W		275	Cabs. Mankhurd Mumbai	307/h, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
235	Chowdhury Nabarun	M	Cpoaf		Indian Navy	307/c, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
236	Chowdhury Dalia	W		277	Indian Navy	307/c, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
237	Kumar Narinder	M	Chaa		Commodore Bureau Cheetah, Camp Mankhurd Mumbai	300/b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
238	Manju Kumar	M		279	Commodore Bureau Cheetah, Camp Mankhurd Mumabi	300/b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
239	Singh Ram Niwas	M	Cpoaf		Cabs. Cheetah Camp Mankurd, Mumbai	312/b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
240	Singh Malti	W		281	Cabs. Cheetah Camp Mankurd., Mumbai	312/b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
241	Rai Jai Prakash	M	Cpoaf		Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheetah Camp Mankurd, Mumbai	324/d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
242	Rai Ratan	W		283	Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheetah Camp Mankurd, Mumbai	324/d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
243	Singh Raj Kishore	M	Laom		Ins Hansa, Dabolim Goa.	134/c, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
244	Singh Ranjana	W		285	Ins Hansa, Dabolim Goa.	134/c, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
245	Bodhi Reddy Chandrashekhar	M	Laom		Ins Hansa, Dabolim Goa.	26/g, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
246	Singh Krishna Kumar	M	Laom		Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheetah Camp Mankhurd, Mumbai	82/k, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
247	Singh Manju	W		288	Commodore Bureau Of Sailors, Cheetah Camp Mankhurd, Mumbai	82/k, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
248	Anand Kumar	M	Lam		Cabs Cheetah Camp, Mankhurd, Mumbai.	80/h, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
249	Sheela Rani Kumar	W		290	Cabs Cheetah Camp Mankhurd, Mumbai	80/h, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
250	Singh Manoj Kumar	M	Lam		Aed/ins Hansa, Dabolim, Vasco	83/h, Varunapuri
251	Singh Govind	M	Lam		Cabs. Cheetah Camp. Mankhurd, Mumbai	434/a, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
252	Singh Pushpa Yadav	W		293	Cabs. Cheetah Camp. Mankhurd, Mumbai	434/a, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
253	Yadav Arjun	M	Lam		Cabs Cheetah Camp. Mankhurd, Mumbai	40/j, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
254	Yadav Saroj	W		295	Cabs Cheetah Camp. Mankhurd, Mumbai	40/j, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
255	Babu Suresh	M	Poaf		Cabs. Mankhurd, Cheetah Cabs., Mumbai	151/b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
256	Sharma Mukesh Kumar	M	Amw4		Cabs. Cheetah Camp, Mankhurd, Mumbai.	389/g, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama

**Note**

Elector Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.

**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
257	Sharma Urmila	W		298	Cabs. Cheetah Camp, Mankhurd, Mumbai	389/g, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
258	Rai Manoj Kumar	M	Am4		Cabs. Cheetah Camp, Mankhurd, Mumbai	141/e Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
259	Rai Pramila	W		300	Cabs. Cheetah Camp, Mankhurd, Mumbai	141/e Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
260	Singh Rana Pratap	M	Lam		Ins Hansa Dabolim	40/i, Varunapuri
261	Naik Gajanan Tama	M	260583ok		Madras Regiment Wellington, (nilgirls).	H.No.202, Housing Colony, New Vaddem.
262	Patra Arun Kumar	M	Powtr		Serv.No.170101-w, Indian, Navy, C A B S, Mumbai-88.	419-B, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Dabolim, Vasco Da Gama.
263	Pandey Raghubansh Mani	M	Poelar		Serv.No.164638-B, Indian, Navy, I N S, H A N S A / 310, S Q D N	18 F, Mangor Hill, Vasco Da Gama
264	Singh Udai Pratap	M	Poela		Serv.No.167261, Indian Navy.	23-F, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama.
265	Kumar Rajesh	M	Am (w)3		Serv.No.170563-w, Indian Navy., C A B S Mumbai-88	422-D, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama.
266	Kumar Rajesh	M	Lwtr		Serv.No.116511, Indian Navy., C A B S, Mumbai-88	386-i, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
267	Sharma Mukesh Kumar	M	Amw3		Serv.No.176263-Z, Indian Navy., A E D / I N S H A N S A., Dabolim	69-G, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
268	Kumar Nandepu Sandeep	M	Am (W)3		Serv.No.174567-W, Indian Navy., I N S / A E D	325-E, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
269	Yadav Brahamdeo Prasad	M	A M (W)3		Serv.No.172 359-A, Indian Navy., I N S H A N S A / A E D, Dabolim Airport	423-E, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
270	Mishra Anantika Prasad	M	A M (W)3		Serv.No.173018-Z, Indian Navy., I N S H A N S A / A E D, Dabolim, Airport.	404-G, Varunapuri Mangor Hill, Vasco Da Gama
271	Katewa Ravindra Kumar	M	Mobo Aof		Serv.No.203956-N, Indian Navy., I N S H A M S A / A E D, Dabolim, Airport	319-E, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
272	Singh Tejwant	M	Mcam-ii		Serv.No.164076, Indian Navy., I N S H A N S A / A E D, Dabolim, Airport	422-E, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
273	Singh Anju Kumar	M	Laom		Serv.No.170910-H, Indian Navy., I N S H A N S A / A E D, Dabolim, Airport	260-L, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama.
274	Reddy Chandrasekhar Bodhi	M	Laom		Serv.No.171111-R, Indian Navy., I N S H A N S A / A E D., Dabolim Airport.	26-G, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama.
275	Mishra Shoi Shankar	M	Poaf		Serv.No.166074, Indian Navy., I N S H A N S A / A E D., Dabolim Airport.	142-E, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama.
276	Vudimudi Narayan Raju Badari	M	Poaf		Serv.No.171118-F, Indian Navy., I N S H A N S A / A E D, Dabolim Airport	31-H, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
277	Suryavanshi Madhukaran Narayan	M	Laom		Serv.No.17100 G-A, Indian Navy., C A B S, Cheetah Camp., Mumbai-88	202-H, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
278	Kumar Sanjeev	M	Lemar		Serv.No.179244-Z, Indian Navy., C A B S, Cheetah Camp., Mumbai-88	12-B, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
279	Kumar Ashwani	M	Lema		Serv.No.170820-B, Indian Navy., I N S H A N S A / A E D., Dabolim Airport.	386-C, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
280	Singh Avtar	M	Lema		Serv.No.177418-Z, Indian Navy., I N S H A N S A / A E D., Dabolim Airport	202-M, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
281	Tari Somnath Uttam	M	Era-3		Serv.No.180483-R, Indian Navy., C A B S Cheetah Camp., Mumbai-88	469, Shantinagar, Vasco Da Gama
282	Rawat Dinesh Singh	M	Mcam I I		Serv.No.163924-F, Indian Navy., C A B S Cheetah Camp., Mumbai-88	308-C, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
283	Thankappan Biju	M	A M 3		Serv.No.178526, Indian Navy., C A B S Mankhurd, Mumbai.	146-A, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
284	Singh Baldev	M	Poaf		Serv.No.1164747-a, Indian Navy., C A B S Mankhurd Mumbai.	208-F, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama

**Note**

Electors Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.

**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Electo Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
285	Kumar Hrishkesh	M	Poaf		Serv.No.185073-W, Indian Navy., C A B S Mankhurd Mumbai.	288-N, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
286	Yadav Harendra Prasad	M	Chaa		Serv.No.192497-W, Indian Navy., C A B S Mankhurd Mumbai.	318-G, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
287	Naik Gajanan Tama	M	Sep		Serv.No.2805830-K,The Madras, Regiment Wellington (nilgiris)	Old Housing Colony New, Vaddem Last Bus Stop, Vasco Da Gama
288	Muthamizham Palani Samy	M	Poaf		Serv.No.174210-H, Indian Navy., C A B S Mankhurd Mumbai.	131-C, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
289	Singh Baljit	M	A M 4		Serv.No.117508-R, Indian Navy., C A B S, Mankhurd Mumbai	288-A, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
290	Nayak Pravakar	M	Cpoaf		Serv.No.162504-B, Indian Navy., C A B S Mankhurd Mumbai.	310-D, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
291	Singh Sudhir	M	Powtr		Serv.No.171212-W, Indian Navy., C A B S Mankhurd, Mumbai	279-A Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
292	Kumar Virender	M	Powtr		Serv.No.163853-R, Indian Navy., C A B D Mankhurd, Mumbai.	287-M, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
293	Singh Prem	M	Mscpo-1		Serv.No.106677-Z, Indian Navy., C A B S Mankhurd Mumbai.	418-F, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
294	Sharma Mukesh Kumar	M	S P O		Serv.No.164806-K, Indian Navy., C A B S Mankhurd Mumbai	28610, Varunapuri Mangor Hill, Vasco Da Gama
295	Singh Umeshwar	M	S P O		Serv.No.168932-N, Indian Navy., C A B S Mankhurd Mumbai	142-G, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
296	Mistry Soumitra Rajan	M	Lro (Tal)		Serv.No.168932-H, Indian Navy., C A B S Mankhurd Mumbai	Comlen (Goa) H.Q.G.N.A.I N.S, Gomantak
297	Tajur Rafique	M	Lah		Serv.No.177295-T Aircats/ I N S. H A N S A Dabolim Goa.	82-G, Varunapuri Mangor Hill., Vasco Da Gama
298	Dahiya Ramkanwar	M	Poelp		Serv.No.189053-N Aircats/ I N S H A N S A, Dabolim Goa	17-E, Varunapuri Mangor Hill, Vasco Da Gama
299	Ahrai John	M	Poa(Ah)		Serv.No.165092-K, Aircats/ I N S H A N S A, Dabolim Goa	206-G Varunapuri Mangor Hill, Vasco Da Gama
300	Yadav Jai Ram	M	Mcpor(tel)		Serv.No.177295-T, Aircats/ I N S H A N S A, Dabolim Goa	78-B, Varunapuri Mangor Hill, Vasco Da Gama
301	Yadav Sunaina	W		188	Indian Navy Rages Goa Ihs, Hansa, Command Sailors Cheetha, Camp Mankhurd Mumbai=40	321 'a' Varunapuri Mangor Hill, Vasco
302	Katuyar Naveen	M	Chmech(al)		Indian Navy Rages Goa Ihs, Hansa,Cabs C Mankhurd, Mumbai 400088	13-e Varunapuri Mangor Hill, Vasco
303	Katiyar Rama	W		190	Indian Navy Rages Goa Ihs, Hansa,Cabs C Mankhurde, Mumbai 400088	13-e Varunapuri Mangor Hill, Vasco
304	Wagh Ashok Madhukar	M	Agchaa		Indian Navy Rages Goa Ihs, Hansa,Command Sailors Cheetha, Camp Mankhurd Mumbai=400	Qtr.No.d5 Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
305	Wagh Manisha Ashok	W		192	Indian Navy Rages Goa Ihs, Hansa,Command Sailors Cheetha, Camp Mankhurd Mumbai=400	Qtr.No.d5 Varunapuri Mangor, Vasco
306	Singh Chand Dee	M	Cha(se)		Indian Navy Rages Goa Ihs, Hansa,Command Sailors Cheetha, Camp Mankhurd Mumbai=400	11,c.Varunapuri Mangore Hill, Vasco
307	Singh Abha	W		194	Indian Navy Rages Goa Ihs, Hansa,Command Sailors Cheetha, Camp Mankhurd Mumbai=400	11,c.Varunapuri Mangore Hill, Vasco
308	Das Sudan Charan	M	Poaf		Indian Navy Cabs,Mankhurd, Mumbai=400088	286h Varunapuri Mangore Hill, Vasco
309	Singh Kulvant	M	Eaar-ii		Indian Navy,Commandore Bureau, Of Sail Mankhurd, Mumbai-400088	214-m Varunapuri Mangore, Hill Vasco
310	Singh Vandana	W		197	Indian Navy,Commandore Bureau, Of Sail Mankhurd, Mumbai-400088	214-m Varunapuri Mangore, Hill Vasco
311	Rajkishor Prasad	M	Loam		Indian Navy Ihs Hansa Regas, Goa,Cabs	Jsa-10 Varunapuri Mangore, Hill Vasco

**Note**

Electo Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.



**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Electo Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
312	Mala Devi	W		199	Indian Navy Ihs Hansa Reges, Goa,Cabs	Jsa-10 Varunapuri Mangore, Hill Vasco
313	Choudhary Ashok Kumar	M	Lemar		Indian Navy Rages Goa Ihs Hansa., Mankhur	P/28-h Varunapuri Mangore Hill, Vasco
314	Choudhary Indira Devi	W		201	Indian Navy Rages Goa Ihs Hansa., Mankhur	P/28-h Varunapuri Mangore, Hill Vasco
315	Kavitha Narayanan	W		222	Navy Hansa Cabs,Cheetah Camp., Mankhurd Mumbai	149-Vasco-Da-Gama
316	Tiwari Umesh	M	Chela		Navy	67/a, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
317	Tiwari Prtima	W		224	Navy	67/a, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
318	Mahender Kumar	M	Poela		Indian Navy	142-d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
319	Suman Kumar	W		226	Indian Navy	142-d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
320	Chaudhary Chitranjan Kumar	M	Mech(a)3		Indian Navy,Ins Hansa.	142-d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
321	Chaudhary Anjana	W		228	Indian Navy,Ins Hansa.	417-F, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
322	Sanjay Kumar	M	Eaa 3		Indian Navy, Ins Hansa	417-b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
323	Kumar Neena Dhiman	W		230	Indian Navy, Ins Hansa.	417-b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
324	Rathore Krishna Sing	M			Navy Ald, Hansa, Dabolim Airport	328/e, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
325	Rathore Saroj	W		232	Navy Ald, Hansa, Dabolim Airport	328/e, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
326	Ram Bishesh Nath	M	Cheaar		Navy Cabs	Qno.69-o,Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
327	Ram Kumari Shyam	W		234	Navy Cabs	Qno.69-c,Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama.
328	Kumar Manoj	M	Lam		Navy Ins Hansa,Inas 300.	82-H,Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
329	Kumar Kanta Punja	W		236	Navy Ins Hansa, Inas 300	82-H,Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
330	Sathyanathan K.A.	M	Mcaa(w)ii		Navy Ins Hansa,Aed Dabolim, Air Port	414/g, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
331	Sathyanathan Sheena	W		238	Navy Ins Hansa, Aed Dabolim, Air Port	414/g, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
332	Muralidharan Srinivasan V.	M	Mcaaii		Navy Cabs Mankhurd, Cheetah, Camp,Mumbai	405/d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
333	Kumar Dharmender	M	Poelp		Navy Ins Hansa, Bld Cabs,Mumbai	279/p, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
334	Bhatia Sunita Kumar	W		241	Navy Ins Hansa,Bld Cabs,Mumbai	279/p, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
335	Yadav Shrikant	M	Poelr		Navy (electrical) Cabs.	143/b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
336	Yadav Sumitra	W		243	Navy (electrical) Cabs.	143/b, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
337	Dekate Ujjwal Anil	M	Lemar		Indian Navy Cabs, Mumbai	387/c, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
338	Dekate Vaishali U	W		245	Indian Navy Cabs,Mumbai	387/c, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
339	Singh Chandra Deo	M	Mca(se)ii		Navy Cabs	309/d, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill., Vasco-Da-Gama
340	Rathod Vinod M.	M	Constable		Serv.No.0135500240, C I F S, Unit S C C L Ballampalli	Mangor Hill Vasco Da Gama
341	Naik Nagraj	M	Cost		Serv.No.942294902, Office Of, The Commandant, Cifs Unit, Gsl,Goa	R/o H.no.281, Gurudwara Road., Mangor Hill Vasco Da Gama
342	Naik Namita	W		346	Serv.No.942294902, Office Of, The Commandant,Cifs Unit,Gsl, Goa	R/o H.no.281, Gurudwara Road., Mangor Hill Vasco Da Gama
343	Muridhar B.r.	M	Const		Serv.No.911310119, Office Of, The Asst.Commandant, Cifs, Unit, Gsl, Goa	Mhn-188,Near Twins Bar, Mangor Hill.
344	Muridhar Pramila Bind	W		346	Serv.No.911310119, Office Of, The Asst.Commandant, Cifs, Unit, Gsl, Goa	Mhn-188, Near Twins Bar, Mangor Hill

**Note**

Electo Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.

**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
345	Kumar Bhupinder	M	Lro(tel)		Serv.No.174454-n, Indian, Navy, Cabs, Mumbai.	R/o, H.no.19/2, 2w, Detachment., C/o H.q. Goa Naval Area
346	Rekha Kumar	W		352	Serv.No. 174454-n, Indian, Navy, Cabs, Mumbai	R/o, H.no.19/2, 2w, Detachment., C/o H.q. Goa Naval Area
347	K.r. Mahesh Babu	M	Sub-olk		Serv.No.Jo-305734k , Capt Record, Officer, Abhilekh Karyalaya, Madras, Eng.Group,P.o.4201,Bangalore	R/o P-400/b, Mes Colony, Varunapuri, Vasco.
348	K.r. Sanitha A.r	W		354	Serv.No.Jo-305734k, Capt Record, Officer, Abhilekh Karyalaya, Madras, Eng.Group, P.o.4201,Bangalore	R/o P-400/b, Mes Colony, Varunapuri, Vasco.
349	Pattammadatil Chandrasekharan	M	Sub		Serv.No.Jo-3055181 Capt Record, Officer, Abhilekh Karyalaya, Madras, Eng. Group, P.o.4201, Bangalore	R/o P/399/a, Mes Colony, Mangor Hill, Vasco
350	Gosh Ranjit Kumar	M	Lme		Serv.No.118708-t, Navy Cabs., Ab12/ele-04, Mumbai 400 088	R/o 166/o, Down Mangor Hill,, Vasco
351	Benjamin Johnson	M	Pock(s)		Serv.No.150579-a Mankhurd Ab. 12/ele04 Mumbai 400 088	Mhn-879 Mangor, Vasco
352	Benjamin Jasmine	M			Serv.No.150579-a Mankhurd, Ab12/ele-04, Mumbai 400 088	Mhn-879 Mangor, Vasco
353	Pal Suresh Kumar	M	Lsa		Serv.No.117015-w, Mankhurd, Ab12/ele-04, Mumbai 400 088	R/o 684, Gurudwara Road, Vasco
354	Pal Vandana	M			Serv.No.117015-w, Mankhurd, Ab12/ele-04, Mumbai 400 088	R/o 684, Gurudwara Road, Vasco
355	Ram Keshav	M	Poacf		Serv.No.168372-r, Inas-300., Ins Hansa, Dabolim Airport,Goa	R/o Qtr No.140 A, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill Vasco
356	Ram Kamlesh	M			Serv.No.168372-r, Inas-300, Ins Hansa, Dabolim Airport,Goa	R/o Qtr No.140 A, Varunapuri, Mangor Hill Vasco
357	Singh Sanjay Kumar	M	U/nvk(sa)		Serv.No.03405-r, Coast Guard, Buvik, Bn/03405,Mumbai 88	P-234, Cgra Mangor Hill
358	Singh Antu	M			Serv.No.03405-r, Coast Guard, Buvik, Bn/03405, Mumbai 88	P-234, Cgra Mangor Hill
359	Rawat Suresh P.S.	M	Lma		Serv.No.123045-k, Cabs., Mankhurd,Ab12/ein04, Mumbai 400 088	R/o Shop No.9, C/o Anil Cold, Stores Varunapuri Mangor, Hill Vasco
360	Salasani Venkatesh Venkat Kumar	M	Rect		Serv.No.26135,96-n, Office Of, The Asst.Record Officer Records, The Madras Regiment.	H.No.87, Vasco
361	D'souza Roberte	M	Constable		Asst. Commandant, CISF, Unit, GSL, Goa	Voddant, H.No.253, Vasco Da, Gama
362	Suryavanshi Eknath Pandur	M	Constable		Asst. Commandant, CISF, Unit, GSL, Goa.	H.No.112, Nr. Old MES, Pump House, Shantinagar,, Vasco Da Gama
363	Suryavanshi Priya Eknath	M			Asst. Commandant, CISF, Unit, GSL,Goa.	H.No.112, Nr.Old MES, Pump House, Shantinagar,, Vasco Da Gama.

**B. ARMED POLICE FORCE**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Buckle No.	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)

NIL

**C. FOREIGN SERVICE**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)

NIL

**Note**

Elector Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.

---

Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA

Place : Mormugao  
Date : 30/09/2008

Electoral Registration Officer  
25-Vasco-Da-Gama Assembly Constituency

---

**Note**

Elector Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.

**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

<b>Supplement Details</b>		<b>Last Part : 31</b>
Supplement No. : 1		<b>Service Electors</b>
Revision ID : Special Revision on account of Delimitation		<b>Mother Roll :</b> Basic Roll of Revision, 2008 Integrated with all Supplements prepared in accordance with the extact of newly delimited constituency.
Supplement Process & Year : 2008		
Supplement Type : List of additions, Deletions and Corrections		

**Component List I : ADDITIONS LIST**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Bailot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<b>NIL</b>						

**B. ARMED POLICE FORCE**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Buckle No.	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Bailot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<b>NIL</b>						

**C. FOREIGN SERVICE**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Bailot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
<b>NIL</b>					

**Component List II : DELETIONS LIST**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Bailot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<b>NIL</b>						

**B. ARMED POLICE FORCE**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Buckle No.	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Bailot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<b>NIL</b>						

**C. FOREIGN SERVICE**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Bailot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
<b>NIL</b>					

**Component List III : CORRECTIONS LIST**

**A. DEFENCE SERVICES**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Rank	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Bailot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<b>NIL</b>						

**B. ARMED POLICE FORCE**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Buckle No.	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Bailot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<b>NIL</b>						

**Note**

Electors Type above will be M for an elector who is the member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.  
Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.

**Electoral Roll, 2008 of Assembly Constituency 25-Vasco-Da-Gama (General), (S05) GOA**

**Component List III : CORRECTIONS LIST**

**C. FOREIGN SERVICE**

Sl. No.	Name Of Elector	Elector Type	Husband's Sl. No.	Regimental Address for despatch of Ballot paper	House Address
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
<b>NIL</b>					

Place : Mormugao

Date : 30/09/2008

Electoral Registration Officer

25-Vasco-Da-Gama Assembly Constituency

**Note**

Electors whose names are included in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, and it will be W for an elector who finds a place in this list by virtue of being the wife of a member of Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service. If a wife herself belongs to Defence Services/ Armed Police Service/ Foreign Service, she would be categorised as member, and not as a wife.

Whenever an elector is categorised as a member, Rank/Buckle No. must be given in case of Defence Services/Armed Police Service.

**Annexure 37**  
**(Chapter 9, Para 9.11)**

**Format 1 A** **(With DEO)**

**Polling Station wise elector information (Gender Ratio)**

District	
AC No. & Name	
Gender Ratio of District (As Per Census)	
Gender Ratio of District (As Per current Electoral roll)	

Polling Station Number	Census Gender Ratio of district		Electorals as per roll on the basis of the last General Election which was held (give year)		Electorals as per last final roll (give qualifying date) as th publication of (draft/final) roll		Electorals as per now proposed (draft/final) roll			
	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>AC Total</b>										

**Format 1 B** **(With CEO)**

**Constituency wise elector information (Gender Ratio)**

Name of State:	
Gender Ratio of State (As Per Census)	
Gender Ratio of State (As Per current Electoral roll)	

Name Of District	Assembly Constituency		Census Gender Ratio of district		Electorals as per roll on the basis of the last General Election which held (give year)		Electorals as per last final roll w.r.t. the publication of (draft/final) roll		Electorals as per now proposed (draft/final) roll			
	No	Name	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
<b>State Total</b>												



## District Age-Cohort Wise Elector Information

Format 3A

<b>Name of District:</b>		Year of Revision	
District Population in numbers (projected upto the year of current revision)			
District Population of 18+ only (projected upto year of current revision) [Y]			

Age Cohort	Projected Census Population in age cohort (Projected upto the year of current revision)	%age of (2) to 'X' i.e. total Population as per census	Electors as per proposed (draft/final) roll w.r.t. (give date) as qualifying date	%age of (4) to 'X' i.e. total population as per voter roll	%age of (4) to 'Y' i.e. registered voters vs eligible voters
<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>
18-19					
20-29					
30-39					
40-49					
50-59					
60-69					
70-79					
80+					
<b>District Total</b>					

- 1 Constituency wise figures to be kept in a similar format for each constituency within the district by the DEO.
2. Wide variation and discrepancies should be closely studied and reasons ascertained by the DEO at district level and the ERO at constituency level.



**State Age-Cohort Wise Elector Information**

Name of State:				Year of Revision	
Total State Population in numbers (projected upto the year of current revision)					
State Population of 18+ only (in numbers projected to year of current revision)					
Age Cohort	Projected Census Population in age cohort (Projected upto the year of current revision)	%age of (2) to 'X' i.e. total Population as per census	Electors as per proposed (draft/final) roll w.r.t. (give date) as qualifying date	%age of (4) to 'X' i.e. total population as per voter roll	%age of (4) to 'Y' i.e. registered voters vs eligible voters
1	2	3	4	5	6
18-19					
20-29					
30-39					
40-49					
50-59					
60-69					
70-79					
80+					
<b>State Total</b>					

**Polling Station wise Information on Inclusion and Deletions in Current Electoral Rolls Over Previous Roll**

Name of AC:

Polling Station	Number of Electors in last published draft/final roll w.r.t. (give date) as qualifying date		Total claims lodged in Form 6 subsequent to last publication of roll		Total Claims admitted		Total Objections Lodged in Form 7 subsequent to last publication of roll		Total Objections admitted		Suo-motu Deletion subsequent to last publication of roll		Total Deletions subsequent to last publication of roll		Number of Deletions due to				Net change over previous roll	% Change over previous roll		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Expired	Shifted	Repeated	Male			Female	(+/-)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
<b>AC Total</b>																						

**Constituency-wise Information on Inclusion and Deletions in Current Electoral Over Previous Roll**

Name of State:

Assembly Constituency	Number of Electors in last published draft/final roll w.r.t. (give date) as qualifying date		Total claims lodged in Form 6 subsequent to last publication of roll		Total Claims admitted		Total Objections Lodged in Form 7 subsequent to last publication of roll		Total Objections admitted		Suo-motu Deletion subsequent to last publication of roll		Total Deletions subsequent to last publication of roll		Number of Deletions due to				Net change over previous roll	% Change over previous roll		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Expired	Shifted	Repeated	Male			Female	(+/-)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
<b>District Total</b>																						
<b>State Total</b>																						

**Polling Station wise Information on EPIC & Photo Coverage in Current Roll**

**Name of AC**

Polling Station	Total Electors	Total Photos in the Roll	Non Photo Entries	% of Non Photo Entries	Total EPIC holders	Residual Electors (without EPIC)	% of Residual Electors	Latest %age of EPIC coverage against roll
1	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<b>AC Total</b>								

**Constituency wise Information on EPIC & Photo Coverage in Current Rolls**

**Name of State:**

Name Of District	Assembly Constituency	Total Electors	Total Photos in the Roll	Non Photo Entries	% of Non Photo Entries	Total EPIC holders	Residual Electors (without EPIC)	% of Residual Electors	Latest %age of EPIC coverage against roll
1	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>State Total</b>									

**Format 5C (With CEO)**

**Photo Coverage in Current Rolls**

**Name of State:**

Name Of District	Assembly Constituency		PS with <50% Photo elector	PS with >50%<60 % Photo elector	PS with >60%<70 % Photo elector	PS with >70%<80 % Photo elector	PS with >80%<90 % Photo elector	PS with >90% Photo elector	% of Non-photo Electors
	No	Name							
<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>State Total</b>									

**Format 5D (With GEO)**

**EPIC Coverage in Current Rolls**

**Name of State:**

Name Of District	Assembly Constituency		PS with <50% EPIC	PS with >50%<60 % EPICr	PS with >60%<70 % EPIC	PS with >70%<80 % EPIC	PS with >80%<90 % EPIC	PS with >90% EPIC	% of Residual Electors
	No	Name							
<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>State Total</b>									





Format 8A (With DEO)

**Polling Station Wise Information on Migrated Electors**

A.C Number and Name		Electors found shifted during BLO survey since last draft publication	Of column 4, shifted with entire family	Of column 4, shifted without entire family	suo-motu Notice Issued against column 5	suo-motu Notice Issued against column 6	Suo-motu Deleted under Rule 21A			Notice issued on Form 7 against column 5	Notice issued on Form 7 against column 6	Deleted through Form 7 during revision period			
Polling Station	Total Electors						Against column 7	Against column 8	Total (9+10)			Against column 12	Against column 13	Total (14+15)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
<b>Constituency total</b>															

Format 8B (With CEO)

**Constituency wise Information on migrated Electors**

Name of State:		Assembly Constituency	Total Electors	Electors found shifted during BLO survey since last draft publication	Of column 5, shifted with entire family	Of column 5, shifted without entire family	suo-motu Notice Issued against column 6	suo-motu Notice Issued against column 7	Suo-motu Deleted under Rule 21A			Notice issued on Form 7 against column 6	Notice issued on Form 7 against column 7	Deleted through Form 7 during revision period		
Name Of District	#								Name	Against column 8	Against column 9			Total (10+11)	Against column 13	Against column 14
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
<b>State Total</b>																

**Annexure 38**  
**(Chapter 12, Para 12.1)**  
**Election Commission of India**

REGISTER

OF

CLAIM APPLICATIONS  
(Form 6)

FOR

INCLUSION OF NAMES IN ELECTORAL ROLL (AFTER  
FINAL PUBLICATION OF ELECTORAL ROLL)

District..... State: .....

No. & Name of Assembly/Parliamentary Constituency .....

No. of Register : .....

Year from ..... To.....

**CERTIFICATE**

*This is to certify that the Register contains pages from \_\_\_\_\_*

*to \_\_\_\_\_ . (number*

*of pages in words). I have actually counted the pages and found them correct.*

Signature

Date:

Electoral Registration Officer of  
\_\_\_\_\_ Assembly Constituency and

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Here insert the Designation )



## Completion Instructions for Form 6 Register

**Page No.** A running page no. will be given at the top corner of each page of the register.

- Col. 1 – Application No.:** This will be a running serial number, starting from 1, for the applications received in Form 6. Each application received after final publication upto the next draft publication shall be continuously numbered.
- Col.2 – Date of presentation of the Application.** The date should be after date of final publication.
- Col.3 –** In areas where there is no house numbering, House No., if any, available in the relevant part of the electoral roll in respect of any other family members of the applicant should be filled up by the official receiving the application. This is necessary whenever the supplements are integrated to bring the person under the same household.
- Col.4 –** Indicate the letter “F/M/H/O”, as the case may be, in bracket after the name of the relation.
- Col.5 –** Indicate complete EPIC no. with full prefix.
- Col.6 –** The electoral roll part that covers the address of the applicant should be mentioned by the official from the current electoral roll.
- Col.7 –** Electoral roll part is further sub-divided into sections for every separately identifiable locality within the Part and each such section is having distinct numeric number. The official should indicate the no. & name of the relevant section after checking from the current electoral roll.
- Col.13 –** The serial number of accepted claims should be one more than the previous existing serial number in the relevant part of electoral roll. Subsequent applications for same part to be consecutively numbered.
- Col.14 –** Intimation of decision taken should be given in the prescribed form within 3 days.
- Col.15 –** The applications received in a calendar month should be disposed of during the next month and the manuscript should be prepared for every part separately, in duplicate, by hand by 25th of that month. The format of the manuscript will be same as that of the electoral roll.
- Col.16 –** One copy of the manuscript of additions should be attached below the relevant part and the other copy should be sent to the center, where electoral roll database is maintained for data entry.
- Col.17 –** The data entered will be stored in the database of the relevant Assembly constituency for printing at the time of next draft publication or on the last date for filing nominations in case there is a bye-election from the constituency.
- Co.18 –** Normally during continuous updation, electors who have shifted their residence either within the constituency or have shifted in from other constituency will file applications. Each such application will have corresponding deletion of the entry in the relevant part of electoral roll of the constituency of previous residence. Action should be taken after disposal of the

**claim application for intimating the ERO concerned for deletion of the other entry. This should be done in a time bound manner and as such all such intimations should be given within one month thereafter.**



## REGISTER OF CLAIM APPLICATIONS (Form 6)

Decision Taken	Date of decision	If accepted Part No. and Sl. No. in the Electoral Roll	Date of intimation of decision to applicant	Date of preparation of manuscript	Date of transfer for data entry	Date of printing of supplements	Whether intimation sent to other ERO concerned to delete the entry	
	Accepted	Rejected						
<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>

*Please refer to completion instructions for Form 6 Register*

# Election Commission of India

REGISTER

OF

OBJECTIONS

(Form 7)

SEEKING DELETION OF NAME IN ELECTORAL ROLL (AFTER FINAL  
PUBLICATION OF ELECTORAL ROLL)

District..... State: .....

No. & Name of Assembly/Parliamentary Constituency .....

No. of Register : .....

Year from ..... To.....

## **CERTIFICATE**

*This is to certify that the Register contains pages from \_\_\_\_\_  
to \_\_\_\_\_. (number of pages in words). I have actually counted the pages and found  
them correct.*

Date:

Signature  
Electoral Registration Officer of  
\_\_\_\_\_ Assembly  
\_\_\_\_\_ Constituency and

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Here insert the Designation )

## Completion Instructions for Form 7 Register

**Page No.** A running page no. will be given at the top corner of each page of the register.

- Col. 1 – Application No.:** This will be a running serial number, starting from 1, for the applications received in Form 7. Each application received after final publication upto the next draft publication shall be continuously numbered.
- Col.2 – Date of presentation of the Application.** The date should be after date of final publication.
- Col.3 –** In areas where there is no house numbering, House No., if any, available in the relevant part of the electoral roll in respect of any other family members of the applicant should be filled up by the official receiving the application.
- Col.4-6 &8** These columns are in respect of person whose entry is being objected to. In case the EPIC no. is not indicated by the objector, the same may be taken from the electoral roll, if available. Indicate complete EPIC no. with full prefix if the person is having any EPIC issued in that constituency or any other constituency in India.
- Col. 7** Electoral roll part is further sub-divided into sections for every separately identifiable locality within the Part and each such section is having distinct numeric number. The official should indicate the no. & name of the relevant section after checking from the current electoral roll.
- Col.14 –** Intimation of decision taken should be given in prescribed form within 3 days.
- Col.15 –** The applications received in a calendar month should be disposed of during the next month and the manuscript should be prepared for every part separately, in duplicate, by hand by 25<sup>th</sup> of that month. The format of the manuscript will be same as that of the supplement of deletion of electoral roll.
- Col.16 –** One copy of the manuscript of deletions should be attached below the relevant part and the other copy should be sent to the center where electoral roll database is maintained for data entry.
- Col.17 –** The data entered will be stored in the database of the relevant Assembly constituency for printing at the time of next draft publication or on the last date for filing nominations in case there is a bye-election from the constituency.







**Election Commission of India**

**REGISTER**

OF

**CORRECTION APPLICATIONS**

**(Form 8)**

FOR

**CORRECTION OF ENTRIES IN ELECTORAL ROLL**

**(AFTER FINAL PUBLICATION OF ELECTORAL ROLL)**

District..... State: .....

No. & Name of Assembly/Parliamentary Constituency .....

No. of Register : .....

Year from ..... To.....

**CERTIFICATE**

*This is to certify that the Register contains pages from \_\_\_\_\_*

*to \_\_\_\_\_ (number*

*of pages in words). I have actually counted the pages and found them correct.*

Signature

Date:

Electoral Registration Officer of  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Assembly Constituency  
and

\_\_\_\_\_

### Completion Instructions for Form 8 Register

**Page No.** A running page no. will be given at the top corner of each page of the register.

**Col. 1 – Application No.-** This will be a running serial number, starting from 1, for the applications received in Form 8. Each application received after final publication upto the next draft publication shall be continuously numbered.

**Col.2 –** Date of presentation of the Application. The date should be after date of final publication.

**Col.3 - 5** In these columns note down the existing details of the applicant seeking correction in the electoral roll.

**Col.6 -** In this column indicate in capital letters the corrections to be made. Use separate row for correction of each field like name, relation name, age, sex, EPIC No. etc. in the following manner:-

NAME - RAKESH KUMAR
AGE - 25
SEX - MALE

**Col.12 –** Intimation of decision taken should be given in prescribed form within 3 days.

**Col.13 –** The applications received in a calendar month should be disposed of during the next month and the manuscript should be prepared for every part separately, in duplicate, by hand by 25<sup>th</sup> of that month. The format of the manuscript will be same as that of the supplement of correction of electoral roll.

**Col.14 –** One copy of the manuscript of corrections should be attached below the relevant part and the other copy should be sent to the center where electoral roll database is maintained for data entry.

**Col.15 -** The data entered will be stored in the database of the relevant Assembly constituency for printing at the time of next draft publication or on the last date for filing nominations in case there is a bye-election from the constituency.



## REGISTER OF CORRECTION APPLICATIONS (Form 8)

Date of Hearing, if necessary	Decision Taken		Date of decision	Date of intimation of decision	Date of preparation of manuscript	Date of transfer for data entry	Date of printing of supplements
	Accepted	Rejected					
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

*Please refer to completion instructions for Form 8 Register*

**Annexure 39**  
**(Chapter 16, Para 16.4)**

**Declaration**

I hereby declare that Mr./Ms \_\_\_\_\_, son/daughter of Mr./Ms \_\_\_\_\_ who has submitted an application for registration as overseas elector in electoral roll of AC \_\_\_\_\_ is my \_\_\_\_\_ (relationship). I hereby declare that I have checked all particulars of his/her self-attested documents enclosed with his/her application in Form 6A and have verified that to the best of my knowledge and belief they are true. I hereby also verify the signature of the applicant. I am registered as an elector at Sr. No. .... in Part No. .... of elector roll of ..... Assembly Constituency.

(signature of the relative of the applicant)

**Note:- Any person who makes a statement or declaration which is false and which he either knowing or believing to be false or does not believe to be true is committing a punishable offence under Section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950.**

**Annexure 40**  
**(Chapter 20, Para 20.4)**  
**List of Alert and notification messages**

Notifications to Applicant:

MiD - 1	Your Application has been received for addition/shifting/deletion/correction. Use <id> for further reference
MiD - 2	Your Application is incomplete as <particulars> not furnished. Re-submit with complete details
MiD - 3	Your entry in electoral roll <sl. no., part no.> has been proposed for deletion
MiD - 4	BLO <name, mobile No.> may contact/verify you between <date> to <date>
MiD - 5	BLO <name> verification of your application done on <date>
MiD - 6	Your application <id> has been rejected by ERO due to <reason>. You may appeal to DEO/CEO <designation, address> before <date>
MiD - 7	Visit ERO office at <venue> on <date> between <time> to <time> for personal hearing for your application <id>
MiD - 8	<Name> has been added in/deleted from electoral Roll at <Sr. no.> in <part no.> within <AC name> on <date>
MiD - 9	Your EPIC <No.> is sent for printing
MiD - 10	Your EPIC <No.> is ready. Please collect during office hours from <address>/BLO shall deliver it shortly/You will receive it by Post.

SMS in Cases of Appeal to DEO/CEO

MiD - 1	Appeal for <ref no.> to DEO/CEO has been received.
MiD – 1a	Officer <name, mobile No.> may contact/verify you between <date> to <date>
MiD – 1b	Officer <name> field verification of your application done on <date>
MiD - 2	Your application <id> has been rejected by DEO due to <reason>. You may appeal to CEO <address> in 15 days
MiD – 2a	Your application <id> has been rejected by CEO due to <reason>.
MiD - 3	Personal hearing for your application <id> has been scheduled by DEO/CEO on <date> between <time> to <time> at <venue>
MiD - 4	Your appeal is upheld. ERO <constituency name> has been directed to carry out changes in electoral Rolls
MiD - 5	<Name> has been added in/deleted from electoral Roll at <Sr.no.> in <part no.> within <AC name> on <date>

Notifications to Supervisor:

MiD - 1	Application <no.> in form <no.> has been registered and checklist has been generated. Ready for BLO <part No.> field verification
MiD - 2	BLO <part No.> has/has not submitted report for application <id> /in prescribed time limit.
MiD - 3	BLO <part No.> has submitted report for application <id> without <reasons/documents>. BLO re-verification required.

Notifications to BLO:

MiD - 1	Application <id> in form <no.> for your part has been registered for verification
MiD - 1a	Application <id> in form <8> for your part has been registered for migration at ERO <AC No., name, state>. Field verification to be done on or before <date>
MiD - 2	Checklist for Application <id> has been generated at ERO office, to be verified on or before <date>
MiD - 3	Application <id> BLO field verification report received as Correct/ incorrect due to <reason>
MiD - 4	Application <id> has been allocated to you for re-verification
MiD - 5	Application <id> BLO field re-verification report received as Correct/incorrect due to <reason>.
MiD - 6	<Name> has been added in/deleted from electoral Roll at <Sr.no.> in <part no.> within <AC name> on <date>
MiD - 7	Application <id> EPIC <No.> is sent for printing.
MiD - 8	Application <id> EPIC <No.> is ready. Please collect for delivery to applicant.

Notifications to ERO/AERO

MiD - 1	Application <id> after BLO field verification on <date> and AERO scrutiny on <date> is ready for your decision/since <date>. Please process/Early
MiD - 2	Application <id> after BLO re-verification <date> and AERO scrutiny on <date> is ready for your decision/since <date>. Please process/Early
MiD - 3	Reminder. Hearing for application <id> has been scheduled on <date> at <time>
MiD - 4	Application <id> in form <8> for your AC <part/sl. No.> has been registered for migration at ERO <AC No., name, state> is pending for BLO field verification since <date>. Report to be sent on or before <date>
MiD - 5	Application <id> with EPIC <No.> has been migrated and added to electoral Roll at <Sr. No.> in part no. <part no.> of <AC No., name, state> on default.
MiD - 5a	Application <id> with EPIC <No.> has been migrated and added to electoral Roll at <Sr. No.> in part no. <part no.> of <AC No., name, state>

## Annexure 41 (Chapter 21, Para 21.2)

### The Third Schedule to the R.P. Act, 1950

(See section  
10)

#### Allocation of Seats in the Legislative Councils

Name of State	Total number of seats	Number to be elected or nominated under article 171(3)				
		Sub-clause (a)	Sub-clause (b)	Sub-clause (c)	Sub-clause (d)	Sub-clause (e)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. Andhra Pradesh	58	20	5	5	20	8
2. Telangana	40	14	3	3	14	6
2. Bihar	75	24	6	6	27	12
3. Madhya Pradesh*	90	31	8	8	31	12
4. Maharashtra	78	22	7	7	30	12
5. Karnataka	75	25	7	7	25	11
6. Tamil Nadu <sup>#</sup>	78	26	7	7	26	12
7. Uttar Pradesh	100	36	8	8	38	10

\* Provisions relating to Constitution of the Madhya Pradesh Legislative Council under the Legislative Councils Act, 1957 have been brought into force. Consequently, Legislative Council in Madhya Pradesh has not been constituted.

<sup>#</sup> Substituted by The Tamil Nadu Legislative Council Act, 2010 dated 18.5.2010. Consequently the Resolution passed by the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly on 7.6.2011 for withdrawal of decision to create Legislative Council in Tamil Nadu.

[Column (3) – Local Authorities’ Constituency  
Column (4) – Graduates’  
Constituency Column (5) –  
Teachers’ Constituency Column (6)  
– By MLAs Constituency  
Column (7) – Nominated Members]



**Annexure 42**  
**(Chapter 21, Para 21.2)**

The Fourth Schedule to the R. P. Act, 1950  
[See section 27(2)]

**LOCAL AUTHORITIES FOR PURPOSES OF  
ELECTIONS TO LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS**

ANDHRA PRADESH

1. Municipal Corporations
2. Municipalities
3. Nagar Panchayats
4. Cantonment Boards
5. Zila Praja Parishads
6. Mandal Praja Parishads

TELANGANA

1. Municipal Corporations
2. Municipalities
3. Nagar Panchayats
4. Cantonment Boards
5. Zila Praja Parishads
6. Mandal Praja Parishads

BIHAR

1. Nagar Parishads
2. Cantonment Boards
3. Nagar Panchayats
4. Zila Parishads
5. Panchayat Samitis
6. Nagar Nigams (Corporations)
7. Gram Panchayats

MADHYA PRADESH

1. Municipalities
2. Janapada Sabhas
3. Mandal Panchayats
4. Cantonment Boards
5. Notified Area Committees
6. Town Area Committees

MAHARASHTRA

1. Municipalities
2. Cantonment Boards (\*)
4. Zilla Parishad

(\* Entry \_3' omitted by Act 21 of 1989, sec. 5)

## KARNATAKA

1. City Municipal Corporations
2. City Municipal Councils
3. Town Municipal Councils
4. Town Panchayats
5. Zilla Panchayats
6. Taluk Panchayats
7. Grama Panchayats
8. Cantonment Boards

## TAMIL NADU

1. Municipalities, as referred to in article 243Q of the Constitution
2. Panchayat Union Councils
3. Cantonment Boards
4. District Panchayats referred to in the Tamil Nadu Panchayat Act, 1994 (Tamil Nadu Act 21 of 1994)
5. Kshetra Panchayats
6. Cantonment Boards

## UTTAR PRADESH

1. Municipal Corporations
  2. Municipal Councils
  3. Zilla Panchayats
  4. Nagar Panchayats
  5. Kshetra Panchayats
  6. Cantonment Boards
-

## **Annexure 43**

### **(Chapter 22, Para 22.2)**

#### **Format of Electoral Rolls of Local Authorities' Contituency**

(Note: - Roll shall be published Part wise for each local authorities' constituency. Roll of each part will be published section wise. Separate inclusion, deletion and modification supplementary lists shall be published along with the mother roll till the electoral roll is integrated.)

Constituency Header

Part Header

Part No. of Electoral Roll

Part Summary

Constituency Summary

Each Part of the Electoral Roll shall be published sectionwise, in the following columns:-

Section No.....

Name of Local Authority.....

1. Serial Number in Part
2. First Name of Elector
3. Surname of Elector
4. Name of Relation
5. Surname of Relation
6. Relation Type (Father/Mother/Husband/Other)
7. Sex
8. Date of Birth
9. Whether literate(Yes/No)
10. Photo
11. EPIC Number
12. Name of State where elector is enrolled in Assembly Constituency (if enrolled in any assembly constituency)
13. No. of Assembly Constituency where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any assembly constituency)
14. Name of Assembly Constituency where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any assembly constituency)
15. No. of Part of Assembly Constituency where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any assembly constituency)
16. Name of Part of Assembly Constituency where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any assembly constituency)
17. Serial Number in Part where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any assembly constituency)

## **Annexure 44**

### **(Chapter 22, Para 22.2)**

#### **Format of Electoral Rolls of Graduates' Contituency**

(Note:- Roll shall be published Part wise for each Graduates' Constituency. Roll of each part will be published section wise. Separate inclusion, deletion and modification supplementary lists shall be published along with the mother roll till the electoral roll is integrated. There shall be as many supplementary lists as the number of revisions after the last integration)

Constituency Header

Part Header

Electoral Roll of the Part

Part Summary

Constituency Summary

The Electoral Roll of the part shall be published in the following columns:-

1. Serial number in part
2. First name of elector
3. Surname of elector
4. Name of relation
5. Surname of relation
6. Relation type (Father/Mother/Other)
7. Sex (Male/Female/Other)
8. Date of Birth
9. Name of local authority of which elector is a member
10. Photo
11. EPIC number
12. Name of State where elector is enrolled in Assembly Constituency (if enrolled in any Assembly Constituency)
13. No. of Assembly Constituency where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any Assembly Constituency)
14. Name of Assembly Constituency where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any Assembly Constituency)
15. No. of part of Assembly Constituency where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any Assembly Constituency)
16. Name of part of Assembly Constituency where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any Assembly Constituency)
17. Serial number in part where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any Assembly Constituency)

## **Annexure 45**

### **(Chapter 22, Para 22.2)**

#### **Format of Electoral Rolls of Teachers' Contituency**

(Note: - Roll shall be published Part wise for each teachers' constituency. Roll of each part will be published section wise. Separate inclusion, deletion and modification supplementary lists shall be published along with the mother roll till the electoral roll is integrated.)

Constituency Header

Part Header

Part No. of Electoral Roll

Part Summary

Constituency Summary

Each Part of the Electoral Roll shall be published in the following columns: -

1. Serial Number in Part
2. First Name of Elector
3. Surname of Elector
4. Name of Relation
5. Surname of Relation
6. Relation Type (Father/Mother/Husband/Other)
7. Sex
8. Date of Birth
9. Name(s) of specified educational institution(s) where engaged in teaching for three years out of last six years (names of all such educational institutions should be given in which the elector has been engaged in teaching in the last six years)
10. Photo
11. EPIC Number
12. Name of State where elector is enrolled in Assembly Constituency (if enrolled in any assembly constituency)
13. No. of Assembly Constituency where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any assembly constituency)
14. Name of Assembly Constituency where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any assembly constituency)
15. No. of Part of Assembly Constituency where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any assembly constituency)
16. Name of Part of Assembly Constituency where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any assembly constituency)
17. Serial Number in Part where elector is enrolled (if enrolled in any assembly constituency)

## **Annexure 46**

### **(Chapter 23, Para 23.2)**

#### **Certificate**

Certified that all changes in the membership of..... (name of the local body concerned such as Municipalities/District Boards/Cantonment Boards/Notified Area Committee/Zilla Parishads/Panchayat Samitis/Mandal Panchayats etc.) during the quarter ending March/June/September/December, 20.... Have been intimated to the Electoral Registration Officer vide letter No. .... date ..... mentioned below:-

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Chief Executive Officer

.....  
(name of the local body concerned)

Date:

## Annexure 47 (Chapter 23, Para 23.3)

PREPARATION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS OF GRADUATES' CONSTITUENCIES OF.....LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

Notice under rule 31(3) of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960

(1) In pursuance of rule 31(3) of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 each of the Electoral Registration Officers whose particulars appear in the FIRST SCHEDULE below calls upon every person entitled to be registered in the electoral roll of the constituency mentioned therein to send to, or deliver at, his Office on or before the 7th November 20...( day) at the latest an application in Form 18 appended to the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 and reproduced in the second schedule below, for inclusion of his/her name.

(2) The applications may also be sent to the Assistant Electoral Registration Officers/Designated Officers whose particulars are shown in the FIRST SCHEDULE below.

*As the electoral rolls for the Graduates' Constituencies are required to be prepared afresh every time before an election, all persons whose names are included in the existing electoral rolls for these Constituencies should also submit fresh applications in the prescribed form.*

**Qualifications-** Every person who is a citizen of India, is ordinarily resident in the constituency and has for at least 3 years before 1<sup>st</sup> November (i.e qualifying date) been either a Graduate of a University in the territory of India or in possession of an equivalent qualification is eligible to be included in the electoral roll. The list of the said equivalent qualifications is available with the officers mentioned in the First Schedule below. The period of three years shall be computed from the date on which the result of the qualifying degree examination was declared and published by the University or other authority concerned.

(3) The application in Form 18 (annexed at SECOND SCHEDULE) must be duly supported by any one of the following forms of documentary evidence in all cases: -

- (a) The degree, diploma or certificate in original granted by the University or Institution concerned or any copy thereof duly self attested and duly authenticated by any of the Additional Designated Officers, who is of the rank of :- (a) Tehsildar; (b) Principals of the Govt. Degree Colleges/Inter Colleges; (c) Principals of the Govt. Girls Degree Colleges / Girls Inter Colleges; (d) Joint Block Development Officers of all Blocks; (e) Executive Officers (Gazetted) of Nagar Palikas/Nagar Panchayats; (f) All the Gazetted Officers of the District concerned (f) **Notary Public.** ; or
- (b) A copy of an entry in the Government record or a certificate issued to a Graduate employee by the Gazetted Head of Offices, in the prescribed format which is reproduced as THIRD SCHEDULE below, on the basis of entries in Government records in his custody or a copy of an entry in the record of the Statutory Body, Corporation or Public Undertaking specifying the degree, diploma or certificate possessed by the claimant duly attested by the Head of the office concerned; or
- (c) An attested copy of the card of registration as registered Graduate issued by the University, a certified copy of the relevant entry in the list of registered Graduates' the Roll of Advocate, the register of Medical Practitioners, the register of Chartered Accountants, the register of Engineers maintained by Institute of Engineers etc.; or
- (d) An affidavit by the claimant supported by a certificate from the Registrar of the University, or the Principal of a College affiliated to any University or from the Head of the Department of such

College under whom he had studied.

- (e) The mark sheet in original granted by the university or Institution concerned or any copy thereof duly self attested and duly authenticated by the Additional Designated Officer provided that there is clear indication there that claimant has passed the concerned examination.

(4) The eligible persons should apply for enrolment of their names in the prescribed Form 18 along with supported documents listed in para 3 above, as per the procedure given below:-

- a) In case where the applications are sent by post to the ERO/AERO/Designated Officer, the applicant has to enclose with his application, a copy of his degree/certificate/mark sheet duly self attested and duly authenticated by the Additional Designated Officer.
- b) In cases where the applicant directly submits his application in person before the Designated Officer duly appointed for the purpose, he will produce the original degree/certificate/mark sheet before the Designated Officer.

(5) Any application where the above procedure is not followed will be summarily rejected by the ERO as incomplete.

(6) Applications in bulk whether submitted in person or by post, shall not be considered for inclusion by the ERO. However, the Head of the Institutions may forward the applications of all his staff together. One member of a family may also submit the Form 18 of other members of the same family and may get the certificate verified by producing original certificates in respect of each member or submitting copies of supporting documents duly self-attested by the applicant and duly authenticated by the Additional Designated Officer.

(7) It should be noted that any person who makes a statement or declaration in the application which is false and which he either knows or believes to be false, or does not believe to be true will be punishable under section 31 of the Representation of People Act, 1950.

(8) Printed applications in Form 18 may be obtained from the Offices of ERO/AERO/Designated Officers. Manuscript, typewritten, cyclostyled or privately printed forms will also be accepted.



FIRST SCHEDULE

Name of Constituency:					
Extent:					
Particulars of Election Officers*	Name	Designation	Office Address	Contact Telephone numbers	Extent of Jurisdiction#
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1. Electoral Registration Officer					
2. Assistant Electoral Registration Officer					
3. Assistant Electoral Registration Officer					
4. Assistant Electoral Registration Officer					
5. Designated Officer					
6. Designated Officer					
7. Designated Officer					
8. Designated Officer					
9. Designated Officer					
10. Designated Officer					

Signature and Seal of the Electoral Registration Officer

Note for CEO and ERO. (not to be printed in the notice and advertisement )

\* The number of AEROs and Designated Officers will be as per actual position in any constituency. The number indicated in the format is purely illustrative.

# The extent of jurisdiction (Col. 6) will be the whole constituency for the ERO, the whole district within a constituency for the AERO and defined area – such as sub-division or circle or block – for the Designated Officer. This needs to be spelt out clearly in the notice for every individual officer.

-----

THIRD SCHEDULE  
FORMAT

*Certificate issued to a Graduate employee by the Gazetted head of office regarding his educational qualification*

Certified on the basis of entries in Government records in my custody that Shri/Kumari/ Smt.  
\_\_\_\_\_ (here give name in full) son/daughter/wife of  
\_\_\_\_\_ who is employed in this office as  
\_\_\_\_\_ has passed \_\_\_\_\_ (Here mention the particulars of the  
degree/diploma examination) from \_\_\_\_\_  
(Here mention the name of the University / Board) in the year \_\_\_\_\_.

Place : \_\_\_\_\_

(Signature of Head of Office)

Date : \_\_\_\_\_

(To be signed by a Gazetted Officer.)

**Annexure 48**  
**(Chapter 23, Para 23.3)**

**ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA**

**Revision of Electoral Rolls for Graduates' Constituencies of .....**

**Legislative Council**

*Notice under rule 31(4) of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960*

In pursuance of rule 31(4) of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, each of the Electoral Registration Officers of (1).....(2)..... Graduates' Constituencies vide his notice dated 1<sup>st</sup> October 2015, called upon every person entitled to be registered in the electoral roll of the relevant Graduates' constituency mentioned above, to send to, or deliver at, his office on or before ----- **(i.e. the last date of receipt of applications)** application in Form 18 appended to the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 and reproduced in the second schedule of the said notice published in the edition dated 1<sup>st</sup> October, 2015 of (1)..... and (2) Newspapers.

All the above mentioned persons may submit their applications in Form 18 on or before before ----- **(i.e. the last date of receipt of applications)**, if not already done.

The said details are also available in the official website of the Chief Electoral Officer, Maharashtra at [www.....](http://www.....)

## Annexure 49 (Chapter 23, Para 23.4)

### PREPARATION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS OF TEACHERS' CONSTITUENCIES OF .....LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

#### *Notice under rule 31(3) of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960*

In pursuance of rule 31 (3) of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 each of the Electoral Registration Officers whose particulars appear in the FIRST SCHEDULE below hereby calls upon every person entitled to be registered in the electoral roll of the constituency mentioned in the said Schedule to send to or deliver at his Office, on or before 7th November, 20... at the latest, an application in Form 19 appended to the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 and reproduced in the Second Schedule below, for inclusion of his/her name.

2. The applications may also be sent to the Assistant Electoral Registration Officers / Designated Officers whose particulars are shown in the FIRST SCHEDULE.

***As the electoral rolls for the Teachers' Constituencies are required to be prepared afresh every time before an election, all persons whose names are included in the existing electoral rolls for these Constituencies should also submit fresh applications in the prescribed form.***

3. Qualifications: - Every person who is a citizen of India, and is ordinarily resident in the constituency and has, within the six years immediately before 1<sup>st</sup> November, 20 , been engaged for a total period of at least three years in teaching in any of the educational institutions, within the State specified to be not lower in standard than that of a Secondary School is eligible to be included in the electoral roll. The list of Educational Institutions so specified is available with the officers mentioned in the First Schedule.

4. Every application in Form 19 by a person seeking enrolment in Teachers' Constituency shall be accompanied by a certificate from the Head of the Educational Institution certifying the engagement of the person concerned as a teacher for a total period of three years within the last preceding six years. The format for the certificate will be as follows:-

‘CERTIFICATE’

“This is to certify that Shri/Smt./Km. \_\_\_\_\_ has been teaching in \_\_\_\_\_ (name of the institution) for a total period of three years within the last preceding six years against a sanctioned post on regular/ad-hoc\*\*basis.

2.(a)\*\*As per the records of the Institution, He/She has been engaged in this institution continuously from (date) to (date).

OR

(b)\*\*As per the records of the Institution, He/She has been engaged in this institution for the following periods of service:-

From \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

From \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

From \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

-----

-----

-----

-----

(Signature, Name & Seal of the Head of Institution)

(\*\*Strike out whichever is not applicable)

6. In the case of a person who is not engaged in teaching on the date of application, the Certificate should be signed by the Head of the Institution, in which he last served.

7. Applications in bulk whether submitted in person or by post, shall not be considered for inclusion by the ERO. However, the Head of the Institutions may forward the applications of all his staff together. One member of a family may also submit the Form 19 of other members of the same family and may get the certificate verified by producing original certificates in respect of each member.

8. It should be noted that any person who makes a Statement or declaration in the application which is false and which he either knows or believes to be false, or does not believe to be true will be punishable under Section 31 of the Representation of People Act, 1950.

9. Printed applications of Form 19 may be obtained from the Offices of ERO/AERO/Designated Officers or Manuscript, typewritten, cyclostyled or privately printed forms will also be accepted.

(Here print the First and Second schedules)

**FIRST SCHEDULE**

Name of Constituency:					
Extent:					
Particulars of Election Officers*	Name	Designation	Office Address	Contact Telephone numbers	Extent of Jurisdiction#
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1. Electoral Registration Officer					
2. Assistant Electoral Registration Officer					
3. Assistant Electoral Registration Officer					
4. Assistant Electoral Registration Officer					
5. Designated Officer					
6. Designated Officer					
7. Designated Officer					
8. Designated Officer					
9. Designated Officer					
10. Designated Officer					

Signature and Seal of the Electoral Registration Officer

Note for CEO and ERO. ( not to be printed in the notice and advertisement )

\* The number of AEROs and Designated Officers will be as per actual position in any constituency. The number indicated in the format is purely illustrative.

# The extent of jurisdiction (Col. 6) will be the whole constituency for the ERO, the whole district within a constituency for the AERO and defined area – such as sub-division or circle or block – for the Designated Officer. This needs to be spelt out clearly in the notice for every individual officer.

**Annexure 50**  
**(Chapter 23, Para 23.4)**

**ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA**  
**Preparation of Electoral Rolls for-----Teachers' Constituency of-----**

**Legislative Council**

*Notice under rule 31(4) of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960*

In pursuance of rule 31 (3) of the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960, the Electoral Registration Officers 1).....(2).....(3)..... Teachers' Constituencies vide their notice dated 1<sup>st</sup> October 20--, called upon every person entitled to be registered in the electoral roll of the relevant constituency mentioned above, to send to, or deliver at, his Office, on or before (i.e. the last date of receipt of applications), an Application in Form 19 appended to the Registration of Electors Rules, 1960 and reproduced in the second schedule of the said notice published in the edition dated 1<sup>st</sup> October 2015 of (1).....and (2).....Newspapers.

All the above mentioned persons may submit their applications in Form 19 on or before (i.e. the last date of receipt of applications), if not already done.

The said details are also available in the official website of the Chief Electoral Officer, Maharashtra at [www. ....](http://www. ....)

**Annexure 51**  
**(Chapter 23, Para 23.4)**

**Certificate of head of Institution of an educational institution specified by the State Government under clause (b) of sub-section (3) of section 27 of Representation of the People Act, 1950**

‘CERTIFICATE’

“This is to certify that Shri/Smt./Km. \_\_\_\_\_ has been teaching in \_\_\_\_\_ (name of the institution) for a total period of three years within the last preceding six years against a sanctioned post on regular / ad-hoc \*\* basis.

2. (a) \*\*As per the records of the Institution , He / She has been engaged in this institution continuously from \_\_\_\_\_(date) to \_\_\_\_\_(date).

OR

(a) \*\*As per the records of the Institution, He/She has been engaged in this institution for the following periods of service: -

From \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_

From \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

From \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

-----

-----

(Signature, Name & Seal of the Head of Institution)

(\*\* Strike out whichever is not applicable)

*N.B: If any person, who has applied for inclusion of his name in a teachers' constituency, has been engaged in teaching in more than one specified educational institutions in the last six years, the certificate from the Head of institution of each of such educational institution will be required for the period for which he was engaged in teaching in that educational institution.*

*In the case of a person who is not engaged in teaching on the date of application, the Certificate should be signed by the Head of the Institution, in which he last served.*



## Annexure 52 (Chapter 23, Para 23.10)

### Database Structure of Legislative Council Electoral Rolls

#### Database Name: ECICONTROLTABLE

1. Table Name- TC\_LIST

CCODE	bigint	Primary Key and Identity Yes
ST_CODE	char(3)	Checked
TC_NO	int	Checked
TC_NAME_EN	nvarchar(100)	Checked
TC_NAME_V1	nvarchar(100)	Checked

2. Table Name- GC\_LIST

CCODE	bigint	Primary Key and Identity Yes
ST_CODE	char(3)	Checked
GC_NO	int	Checked
GC_NAME_EN	nvarchar(100)	Checked
GC_NAME_V1	nvarchar(100)	Checked

3. Table Name- TPART\_LIST

CCODE	bigint	Primary Key and Identity Yes
ST_CODE	char(3)	Checked
TC_NO	int	Checked
TPART_NO	int	Checked
DIST_NO	int	Checked
TPART_NAME_EN	nvarchar(100)	Checked
TPART_NAME_V1	nvarchar(100)	Checked

4. Table Name- GPART\_LIST

CCODE	bigint	Primary Key and Identity Yes
ST_CODE	char(3)	Checked
GC_NO	int	Checked
GPART_NO	int	Checked
DIST_NO	int	Checked
GPART_NAME_EN	nvarchar(100)	Checked
GPART_NAME_V1	nvarchar(100)	Checked

**Database Name: EDETAILS\_TC\_GC**

## 1. Table Name- T\_ELECTORS

CCODE	bigint	Primary Key and Identity
ST_CODE	char(3)	Yes
	int	Checked
PART_NO	int	Checked
TC_NO	int	Checked
TPART_NO	int	Checked
FNAME_EN	nvarchar(50)	Checked
FNAME_V1	nvarchar(50)	Checked
LNAME_EN	nvarchar(50)	Checked
LNAME_V1	nvarchar(50)	Checked
RLN_TYPE	char(1)	Checked
RFNAME_EN	nvarchar(50)	Checked
RFNAME_V1	nvarchar(50)	Checked
RLNAME_EN	nvarchar(50)	Checked
RLNAME_V1	nvarchar(50)	Checked
ADDRESS	nvarchar(300)	Checked
INSTI_NAME	nvarchar(200)	Checked
DOB	date	Checked
AGE	int	Checked
EPIC_NO	nvarchar(17)	Checked

## 2. Table Name- G\_ELECTORS

CCODE	bigint	Primary Key and Identity
ST_CODE	char(3)	Yes
AC_NO	int	Checked
PART_NO	int	Checked
GC_NO	int	Checked
GPART_NO	int	Checked
FNAME_EN	nvarchar(50)	Checked
FNAME_V1	nvarchar(50)	Checked
LNAME_EN	nvarchar(50)	Checked
LNAME_V1	nvarchar(50)	Checked
RLN_TYPE	char(1)	Checked
RFNAME_EN	nvarchar(50)	Checked
RFNAME_V1	nvarchar(50)	Checked
RLNAME_EN	nvarchar(50)	Checked
RLNAME_V1	nvarchar(50)	Checked
HOUSE_NO	nvarchar(20)	Checked
QUALIFICATION	nvarchar(50)	Checked
OCCUPATION	nvarchar(100)	Checked
DOB	date	Checked
AGE	int	Checked
EPIC_NO	nvarchar(17)	Checked



**Annexure 54**  
**(Chapter 24, Para 24.3)**

**FORMAT FOR ISSUING CERTIFIED COPY OF EXTRACT FROM**  
**ELECTORAL ROLL(with photograph)**

*(Letter head of the authority issuing the extract)*

**Dy. No. of the Application**  
( as entered in the register on  
receipt of each application)

**Date of issue :**

**EXTRACT FROM ELECTORAL ROLL OF \_\_\_\_\_ (Assembly/ Parliamentary**

**Constituency) in the State/UT of \_\_\_\_\_**

<b>PARTNO.</b>	
Section No.	_____ (here)

<b>1</b>	<b>EPIC No.</b>
Elector's Name:	
Father's Name:	
House No.:	Photo
Age:                      Sex:	

Certified to be true extract from the electoral roll of the above-mentioned constituency, revised w.r.t. 01.01.20..... / 01.04.20...../01.07.20.../01.10.20..... as the qualifying date and as in force on the date of issue of this certificate.

Place:

(Signature and seal of competent authority)

Date

**Annexure 55**  
**(Chapter 25, Para 25.2)**

**FORM ID : BLA 1**

Communication with regard to Authorised Persons to intimate names of representatives authorised by recognised NATIONAL OR STATE Political party for appointment of Booth Level Agents

To

1. The Chief Electoral Officer,  
.....(State/Union Territory).
2. The District Election Officer,  
.....  
.....(State/Union territory)
3. The Electoral Registration Officer,  
Of ..... assembly constituency.

Subject:- Revision of electoral rolls – Authorisation of persons to appoint Booth Level Agents (BLAs)

Sir,

In pursuance of instructions issued by the Election Commission of India vide its letter No.23/BLA/2008/ERS dated 19<sup>th</sup> November, 2008, I hereby communicate that the following person (s) has/have been authorised by the party, which is a National Party/State Party in the State of ..... to intimate the names of the party representatives who shall be appointed as Booth Level Agents to receive printed copies of the draft/final electoral roll on behalf of the party from the Designated Officer/Booth Level Officers appointed by the Election Commission of India during the revision of rolls with reference to 1<sup>st</sup> January, 20.....as the qualifying date..

Name of the person authorised to appoint	Name of office held in the party	District(s)/constituency/constituencies in respect of which he/she has been authorised
1	2	3
(1)		
(2)		
(3)		

2. The specimen signatures of the above mentioned person (s) so authorised are given below:-

(1) Specimen signatures of Shri

..... (i)  
..... (ii) .....  
(iii) .....

(2) Specimen signatures of Shri

.....  
..... (i)  
..... (ii)  
.....  
(iii) .....

(3) Specimen signatures of Shri

.....  
..... (i)  
..... (ii)  
.....  
(iii) .....

Yours faithfully,

of the Party

Place.....  
Date.....

(Seal of the Party)

President/Secretary Name

NB.

1. This must be delivered to the Electoral Registration Officer, District Election Officer and the Chief Electoral Officer concerned by 3 p.m. **within 7 days of announcement** of the scheduled date for draft publication.

2. Form must be signed in ink by the office bearer (s) mentioned above. No facsimile signature or signature by means of rubber stamp, etc., of any office bearer shall be accepted.

3. The seal of the party must be put.

4. No form transmitted by fax or e-mail shall be accepted.

**Annexure 56**  
**(Chapter 25, Para 25.2)**

**FORM ID: BLA 2**

Intimation as to the name of Booth Level Agent appointed by the Persons Authorised by recognised  
NATIONAL OR STATE Political party for appointment of Booth Level  
Agents

To  
The Designated Officer/Booth Level Officer Electoral  
Roll Part No.....  
..... Constituency.

Subject:- Revision of electoral rolls – Appointment of Booth Level Agents  
(BLAs). Sir,

In pursuance of instructions issued by the Election Commission of India vide its letter No.23/BLA/2008/ERS dated 19<sup>th</sup> November, 2008, I have been authorised by the party to appoint Booth Level Agents of the party. In pursuance thereof, I hereby appoint Shri/Smt/Kum.....as the Booth Level Agent of the party for electoral roll part No.....of .....Assembly Constituency. He/she will collect printed copies of the draft/final electoral roll for the said part on behalf of the party from the Designated Officer/Booth Level Officers appointed by the Electoral Registration Officer during the revision of rolls with reference to 1<sup>st</sup> January, 20....as the qualifying date..

His/her name is included in this part of the electoral roll at serial no He/she is well conversant with the area covered by the part of the electoral roll and is in a position to verify the entries in the electoral roll.

Specimen signatures of Shri/Smt./Kum. ....  
(i) ..... (ii) .....  
(iii) .....

Yours faithfully,

Place: (Name and Signature of the  
Date : Authorised person of the Party)

(Seal of the Party).

N.B.

1. This must be delivered to the Designated Officer/Booth Level Officer appointed by the Electoral Registration Officer for the part of the electoral roll on draft publication of electoral roll at the designated location any time commencing from the date of draft publication of the roll till the last date for filing claims and objections.
2. Form must be signed in ink by the authorised person mentioned above. No facsimile signature or signature by means of rubber stamp, etc. shall be accepted.
3. This Form must be presented in person before the Designated Officer/Booth Level Officer

**Annexure 57**  
**(Chapter 25, Para 25.2)**

**FORM OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

I hereby acknowledge receipt of printed copy of draft / final electoral roll of part No.....of .....Assembly Constituency. There are .....number of pages of the printed roll and .....number of entries.I have verified the copy of the roll with the copy displayed by the Designated Officer/Booth Level Officer at the polling station and satisfied that entries in both the copies of electoral roll are identical.

**Date :**

**(full signature of BLA)**

Name in full:

Name of the Party:



**Annexure 58**  
**(Chapter 25, Para 25.2)**

**FORMAT FOR FURNISHING LIST OF DEAD VOTERS**

**No. & Name of assembly constituency:**

**Electoral Roll Part No.**

<b>Sl.No. of entry in the electoral roll</b>	<b>Name of the elector</b>	<b>EPIC No., if issued</b>	<b>Source of information</b>	<b>Remarks</b>

I hereby declare that the information furnished by me is on the basis of proper verification of the part of the electoral roll given to me and I am aware of the penal provisions of Section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 for making false declaration.

**Date:**

**(full signature of BLA)**

Name in full:

Name of the

Party:

**Annexure 59**  
**(Chapter 25, Para 25.2)**

**FORMAT FOR FURNISHING LIST OF SHIFTED ELECTORS**

**No. & Name of assembly**

**constituency:**

**Electoral Roll Part No.**

<b>Sl.No. of entry in the electoral roll</b>	<b>Name of the elector</b>	<b>EPIC No., if issued</b>	<b>Place of shifting (with address if known)</b>	<b>Source of information</b>

I hereby declare that the information furnished by me is on the basis of proper verification of the part of the electoral roll given to me and I am aware of the penal provisions of Section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 for making false declaration.

**Date:**

Name of the Part

**(full signature of BLA)**

Name in full:

## FAQs

Q1. What are the main categories of electors in India?

Ans.- There are 3 categories of electors in India: -

- (i) General electors
- (ii) Oversees (NRI) electors , and
- (iii) Service Electors .

Q2. What is the condition for getting registered in electoral roll?

Ans. Applicant should be

- i. An Indian citizen,
- ii. of 18 years or more of age with reference to qualifying dates,
- iii. ordinary resident of the area concerned.

Q3. What is the relevant date for determining the age of 18 years? Can I get myself registered as a voter on the day when I have completed 18 years of age?

Ans.- With the amendment made in Section 14(b) of the Representation of the People Act 1950, four qualifying dates i.e., 01st January, 01st April, 01st July and 01st October have come into effect in place of one qualifying date of 1st January. Any eligible citizen who has completed or is completing 18 years of age on any of the four qualifying date of the year can submit advance application in Form-6 for registration any time in the year from the date of draft publication of electoral roll during SSR. Applications will be processed and registration will be done in the relevant quarter in which the applicant attains the qualifying age of 18 years.

Q.4: When will the ERO process the advance claims received with respect to the subsequent qualifying dates of the year?

Ans. Such advance claims received during Annual Summary Revision and also after final publication shall be disposed of by the EROs in the concerned subsequent quarters only under continuous updation, in the first month of subsequent quarter.

Q.5: What is the relevant date for revision of electoral roll after the Election Laws (Amendment) Act, 2021 came into existence?

Ans. The Annual Summary Revision is conducted with reference to 01st January of the year only, in which the roll is finally published, as qualifying date. During a non-election year, no regular revision activities would be there for the subsequent qualifying dates of the year. However, during a year when general election to State Assembly of House of People is due, a second Summary Revision may be conducted w.r.t. the qualifying date proximate to the said general election. However, there would be no restriction on filing of advance application with reference to the subsequent qualifying dates of summary revision in a year and such advance applications will be disposed of under continuous updation.

Q. 6 Can a non-citizen of India become a voter in the electoral rolls in India?

Ans.- No. A person who is not a citizen of India is not eligible for registration as a voter in

the electoral rolls in India. Even those who have ceased to be citizens of India on acquiring the citizenship of another country are not eligible to be enrolled in the electoral rolls in India.

Q7. Can a non-resident Indian settled in foreign land become an elector of electoral roll in India?

Ans. Yes. According to the provisions of Sec 20A of the Representation of the People Act, 1950 by the Representation of the People (Amendment) Act, 2010, a person who is a citizen of India and who has not acquired the citizenship of any other country and is otherwise eligible to be registered as a voter and who is absenting from his place of ordinary residence in India owing to his employment, education or otherwise is eligible to be registered as a voter in the constituency in which his place of residence in India as mentioned in his passport is located.

Q8. How can one get registered/enrolled in the electoral roll?

Ans. One has to file the application for the purpose, in prescribed Form 6(6A in case of overseas Indian), before the Electoral Registration Officer (ERO)/Assistant Electoral Registration Officer (AERO) of the constituency within which the place of ordinary residence of the applicant falls. The application accompanied by copies of the relevant documents can be filed in person before the concerned ERO/AERO or sent by post or can be handed over to the Booth Level Officer of polling area concerned, or can be filed online through NVSP portal/VHA mobile application or on website of Chief Electoral Officer of the concerned state/ECI. While filing Form 6 on line, the copies of necessary documents should also be uploaded.

Q9. From where registration forms can be obtained?

Ans. Forms can be downloaded from the website of Election Commission of India. Forms are also available free of cost in offices of Electoral Registration Officers / Assistant Electoral Registration Officers and Booth Level Officers of the concerned polling station areas.

Q10. What documents are required to be enclosed with Form 6?

Ans. One recent passport size coloured photograph, duly affixed in the box given for the purpose in Form 6 and photo-copies of documentary proof of age and residence are required to be enclosed with Form 6. The list of documentary proof of DoB and residence which can be enclosed with Form 6 is given in the form itself and guidelines appended thereto. For filling up Form 6, the said guidelines enclosed therewith may be referred to.

Q11. Is it mandatory to provide the Aadhaar details of the applicant in the field provided in the Forms for registration?

Ans. No it is a purely voluntary field and non-submission of Aadhaar details shall not be a ground for the rejection of the application by the Electoral Registration Officer. It is expected from the applicant to furnish the Aadhaar details voluntarily for the sake of purification of electoral roll.

Q. 12 I am a student staying at the place of study in a hostel / mess far from my native place. I want to get myself registered at my present address of residence. What should I do?

- Ans.- In case of a student residing at the place of study, in hostel or mess managed by the educational institutions or elsewhere will have the option to get himself / herself registered as elector at his / her native place with his / her parents or at the address of hostel / mess where he / she is resident for the time being for pursuing his / her studies. The course pursued by the said students should be recognized by Central / State Governments / Boards / Universities / Deemed Universities and such courses should be of not less than 1 year's duration. Such student who wants to enrol himself / herself at the hostel / mess will have to attach a bonafide certificate (as per the specimen at Annexure II of Guidelines attached to Form 6 available on the website of Election Commission) from the Headmaster / Principal / Director / Registrar / Dean of his/her educational institution with Form 6
- Q13. A homeless person, who is otherwise eligible for registration as an elector, does not possess documentary proof of ordinary residence. What is the procedure of verification in such case?
- Ans. In case of homeless persons, the Booth Level Officer will visit the address given in Form 6 at night to ascertain that the homeless person actually sleeps at the place which is given as his address in Form 6. If the Booth Level Officer is able to verify that the homeless person actually sleeps at that place, no documentary proof of place of residence shall be necessary. Booth Level Officer must visit for more than one night for such verification. After conducting such verification and to the satisfaction of ERO that the person fulfills all the prescribed conditions, necessary action for enrolment shall be done.
- Q 14. I am a tenant and my landlord does not want me to get enrolled. How can I get enrolled as a voter? Who is competent authority to verify claim applications and objections?
- Ans.- To get enrolled in the voter list is your statutory right. Please check the electoral roll of your area available on website of Election Commission / Chief Electoral Officer of the state / in office of Electoral Registration Officer / Assistant Electoral Registration Officer. If your name is not included in the roll, please fill up Form 6 and submit it to the ERO/ AERO/ Booth Level Officer.
- Q15. Where the postal address of the Electoral Registration Officers can be obtained from?
- Ans.- Postal addresses of all Electoral Registration Officers are available on the website of Election Commission of India / Chief Electoral Officers of respective State / Union Territory (link to which has been provided on the Election Commission of India website).
- Q. 16 If I apply on line, whether I need to send physical signed copy of the form with documents to the Electoral Registration Officer's address?
- Ans.- As soon as the ERO/AERO receives Form 6 filed on line, the same would be downloaded and BLO would be deputed to visit your residence for verification.
- Q17. Where can the list of claims and objections be seen?
- Ans. It can be seen on the website of the Chief Electoral Officer of the State concerned. It can also be seen on the notice board at the office of the Electoral Registration Officer.
- Q18. How will an applicant know that his/her name is included in the electoral roll?

- Ans.- The decision of the Electoral Registration Officer will be communicated to the applicant by post on his address given by him in Form 6 and also by SMS on the mobile number given by him in Form 6. Electoral rolls are also available on the website of the Chief Electoral Officer of the State concerned and can be seen by anybody.
- Q. 19 How can corrections be made if there are some mistakes in the entries in the electoral roll pertaining to electors?
- Ans.- For correction of mistakes in electoral rolls, an application in Form 8 is to be submitted to the Electoral Registration Officer concerned.
- Q. 20 I have shifted from my residence where I am registered an elector to some other place. How do I ensure that I am enrolled in my new place of residence?
- Ans.- In case the shifting, please fill form 8 and submit to the ERO of the constituency where your new residence is located.
- Q21. I have shifted my residence recently. I have Electors Photo Identity Card (EPIC) with the old address. Can I get new EPIC for the present address?
- Ans. First of all, you have to ensure that you are enrolled in the electoral roll of the concerned Assembly Constituency in which your new address is located. The Electoral Registration Officer will issue a new EPIC, with the same number, of the shifted address.
- Q22. My EPIC has some errors. What is the procedure to have a new EPIC with correct particulars?
- Ans. You can make an application in Form 8 for rectification of the errors in your EPIC. The Electoral Registration Officer will issue a new EPIC, with the same number, after making the necessary corrections.
- Q23. I have lost my old EPIC. How can I get a new EPIC?
- Ans. A replacement EPIC can be issued to an elector on the receipt of Form-8 for the purpose, alongwith a copy of FIR/Police Report.
- Q24. Who can object to the inclusion of names in electoral rolls?
- Ans. Any person who is a voter in the concerned constituency may object to the inclusion of names in electoral roll on the ground that the person whose names is included or is proposed to be included is not eligible to be registered as a voter in that constituency. An objection can be made in Form 7 to the concerned ERO along with the relevant proof.
- Q.25 My neighbour / relative has shifted his residence to a new place but his name still continues in the electoral roll. In which Form the application for deletion of his name from the electoral roll can be made?
- Ans.- For deletion of name of a shifted/dead/absentee elector, application can be made in Form 7. For deletion of a duplicate entry also, application should be made in Form 7.
- Q.26. When can one get registered in electoral roll. Is enrollment being on throughout the year.
- Ans. The Election Commission normally orders revision of existing electoral roll every year sometime in the months of September to October and such revised rolls are

finally published in first week of January of the coming year. One can submit claim application (Form 6) during period for lodging claims and objections to Electoral Registration Officer or an officer designated to receive such applications, i.e., Designated Officer. Even after final publication, the rolls are updated continuously and one can get registered anytime during the continuous updation by filing a claim application to ERO/AERO.

Q.27 Can one be enrolled at more than one place?

Ans. No. A person cannot be enrolled as a voter at more than one place in view of the provisions contained in Sections 17 and 18 of Representation of the People Act, 1950. Likewise, no person can be enrolled as an elector more than once in any electoral roll. Any person while applying for fresh enrolment, makes a statement or declaration that his/her name is not included in the electoral roll of any other constituency, and if such statement/declaration is false and which the applicant either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true, he is liable to be punished under section 31 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950.

Q.28. If I have a complaint against the order of Electoral Registration Officer, to whom I should make an appeal?

Ans. During the period of revision, you can file an appeal to the District Election Officer. In the case of the period of continuous updation, such appeal against any order of ERO will lie before the District Magistrate/Additional DM/Executive Magistrate/District Collector of the District concerned. A further appeal against the order of Appellate Authority will lie before the Chief Electoral Officer of the State.

Q. 29 Who is an overseas (NRI) elector? Can an NRI settled in foreign land become an elector of electoral roll in India?

Ans.- An overseas elector is a person who is a citizen of India and who has not acquired citizenship of any other country and is otherwise eligible to be registered as a voter and who is absenting from his place of ordinary residence in India owing to his employment, education or otherwise is eligible to be registered as a voter in the constituency in which his place of residence in India as mentioned in his passport is located. According to the provisions of Section 20A of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, an NRI settled in foreign land can become an elector in electoral roll in India.

Q. 30 How can an overseas Indian (NRI) get registered / enrolled in the electoral roll?

Ans.- He/she has to file an application for the purpose in prescribed Form 6A before the Electoral Registration Officer / Assistant Electoral Registration Officer of the constituency within which the place of ordinary residence of the applicant in India as given in his/her passport falls. The application accompanied by duly self-attested copy of the relevant documents can be filed in person before the concerned ERO/AERO or sent by post addressed to him or can be filed online through NVSP portal/VHA mobile app or on the website of Chief Electoral Officer of the concerned state/ECI.

Q31. What documents are required to be enclosed with Form 6A?

Ans.- One recent passport size coloured photograph, duly affixed in Form 6A, photo-copies of the relevant pages of the passport containing photograph, his address in India

and all other particulars of the applicant and also the page of passport containing the valid visa endorsement.

Q32. Where the entries pertaining to overseas (NRI) elector find place in the electoral roll?

Ans.- Name of overseas elector is included in a separate section for "Overseas Electors" which is the last section of the roll of that particular part / polling station area of the constituency in which his place of residence in India as mentioned in his passport is located.

Q33. Whether Electoral Registration Officer is to be informed of the change in current residential address of the overseas (NRI) electors in the country of his/her residence?

Ans.- Yes. It is the responsibility of the overseas elector to keep the Electoral Registration Officer informed of the change in residential address in the country of his/her residence.

Q34. Whether Electoral Registration Officer is to be informed when the overseas (NRI) elector returns to India and becomes ordinarily resident in India?

Ans.- Yes. An overseas elector must do so. In such a case, the person can then be registered as a general elector at the place where he is ordinarily resident in India.

Q35. How can an overseas (NRI) elector whose name is enrolled in the electoral roll exercise his/her franchise?

Ans.- After enrolment, an overseas (NRI) elector becomes able to cast his/her vote in an election in the Constituency, in person, at the polling station provided for the part where he/she is registered as an overseas (NRI) elector.

Q 36. Is an overseas (NRI) elector issued an EPIC?

Ans. – An overseas (NRI) elector is not issued an EPIC as he is allowed to cast his vote in an election in the constituency, in person at the polling station on production of his original passport.

Q.37. Whether the overseas (NRI) elector should surrender EPIC, if already issued to him, in India?

Ans. Yes. The overseas elector should surrender EPIC, if already issued to him, in India, along with submission of Form 6 A.

Q.38 Who is a service voter?

Ans. Service voter is a voter having service qualification. According to the provisions of sub-section (8) of Section 20 of Representation of the People Act, 1950, service qualification means –

- (a) Being a member of the armed Forces of the Union; or
- (b) Being a member of a force to which provisions of the Army Act, 1950 (46 of 1950), have been made applicable whether with or without modification;
- (c) Being a member of an Armed Police Force of a State, and serving outside that state; or
- (d) Being a person who is employed under the Government of India, in a post outside India.



Q.39 What are the application Forms in which various categories of service voters have to apply for enrollment as elector?

Ans. Following are the application Forms in which various categories of service voters are to make application for enrollment as service voter: -

1. Members of Armed Forces – Form 2
2. Members of Armed Police Force of a State, serving outside that State – Form 2 A
3. Persons employed under Government of India on post outside India – Form 3

However, if a service personnel has opted to get himself enrolled as general elector at place of his posting, where he is actually residing, he will have to apply in Form 6 like other general electors.

Q.40 What is the process of enrollment of any service personnel as a service voter?

Ans. Election Commission normally orders revision/update of rolls for service voters every year. The Commission sends a communication to Ministry of Defence, Ministry of Home Affairs and Ministry of External Affairs intimating them of the commencement of revision programme. As soon as the programme is announced, persons having service qualification can fill up the application in statutory Form 2 / 2A / 3, and handover to the officer in-charge of record office or the nodal authority in Ministry of External Affairs (in case of persons employed under Government of India on a post outside India). All the activities of summary revision including submission of Forms by eligible service personnel through their Record Officer/Commanding Officer are done online through service voters portal exclusively meant for service personnel. The person applying in Form 2 / 2A has also to submit a declaration to the effect that he did not get enrolled as general elector in any constituency which is the part of the Form itself. The officer in-charge, after verification of the Form forwards the same to the Electoral Registration Officer concerned to process the Form and to take necessary action for enrolment.

Q.41 Is spouse (wife or husband) or son/daughter of a service voter also enrolled as a service voter?

Ans. The spouse of a service voter shall, if he/she is ordinarily residing with his/her spouse, can also be registered as service voter in the constituency specified by that person. The service voter has to make a statement to the effect in the relevant Form 2/2A/3 that his/her wife/husband ordinarily resides with him/her. The wife/husband will be enrolled as a service voter on the basis of declaration made by her husband/his wife in the application form itself submitted by him/her and no separate declaration / application is required to be made by the wife/husband. A son/daughter/relative/servant etc. residing ordinarily with a service voter cannot be enrolled as service voter.

Q.42. Can one be enrolled simultaneously as a service voter at his native place as well as a general voter at the place of posting?

Ans. No. A person, at a particular time, cannot be enrolled as a voter at more than one place in view of the provisions contained under Sections 17 and 18 of Representation of People Act, 1950. Likewise, no person can be enrolled as an elector more than

once in any electoral roll. As explained above, a service voter has option either to get himself registered as service voter at his native place or as general elector at the place of posting. When a person applies for registration as a service voter in Form 2 / 2A, he has to submit a declaration in a prescribed format to the effect that he did not get enrolled as ordinary general elector in any constituency.

Q.43 Who is a Classified Service Voter?

Ans. Service voter belonging to Armed Forces or forces to which provisions of Army Act, 1950 are applicable, has option of either voting through postal ballot or through a proxy voter duly appointed by him. A service voter who opts for voting through a proxy is called Classified Service Voter (CSV).

Q.44 Who is a 'proxy'? What is the procedure of appointment of a 'proxy'?

Ans. A service voter may appoint (by applying to Returning Officer in Form 13 F of Conduct of Elections Rules, 1961 – Form available at the website of Election Commission) any person as his / her proxy to give vote on his / her behalf and in his / her name at the polling station. The proxy shall have to be ordinary resident of that constituency. He need not be a registered voter but he / she must not be disqualified to be registered as a voter. A 'proxy' can be appointed in the following two ways: -

- If a service voter is at the place of his posting, he has to put his signature in Form 13F before the Commanding Officer of the Unit and then to send the Form to his proxy for affixing his / her signature before a Notary / First Class Magistrate. Thereafter, the proxy can submit the Form to the Returning Officer concerned.
- If a service voter is at his native place, both he and his proxy can sign Form 13 F before a Notary / First Class Magistrate and then send to the Returning Officer concerned.

Q.45 Can a Classified Service Voter be issued postal ballots by the Returning Officer?

Ans. A Classified Service Voter cannot be issued postal ballots but the appointed proxy shall physically come and vote at the polling station which covers the classified voter's home address.

Q. 46 For what period a proxy remains valid?

Ans.- The provision for voting through proxy is valid till the person making the appointment is a service voter. Once appointed, the proxy will continue until his appointment is revoked by the service voter. The facility of proxy voter can be revoked and the proxy can be changed at any time or for any number of times by the Classified Service Voter. Thus a Classified Service Voter can revoke and opt back for postal ballot route or even substitute the proxy by intimating the Returning Officer in Form 13 G of Conduct of Elections Rules, 1961 (Form available at the website of Election Commission). Revocation will become effective from the date it is received by the Returning Officer.

Q. 47 When should the application for appointment of a proxy be made?

Ans.- Application for appointment of a proxy should be received by the Returning Officer before the last date of filing of nomination papers. An application for appointment of a proxy received after the last date of filing nomination papers cannot be considered

for the election in progress, though it will be valid for subsequent elections unless revoked / changed

Q.48 In which language the last part of rolls is prepared for service voters?

Ans. The last part containing the list of service voter is prepared in English only.

Q.49 Is a service voter issued Elector Photo Identity Card (EPIC) like ordinary electors?

Ans. A service voter is not issued Elector Photo Identity Card (EPIC). Elector Photo Identity Card (EPIC) is a document of identity which an elector has to show at the polling station at the time of casting his vote. As service voters are issued postal ballots or votes through his 'proxy', they are not required to visit the polling stations personally and therefore Elector Photo Identity Cards (EPICs) is not issued to them.

Q.50 Is a service voter required to apply for issue of a postal ballot paper?

Ans. No; the Returning Officer will himself send a postal ballot paper to him through his record office (or direct or through the Ministry of External Affairs in the case of a service voter serving outside India).

Q51 What is the relevant date for revision of electoral rolls for Legislative Council Constituencies?

Ans.- In the case of Local Authorities Constituencies there is no qualifying date, however the qualifying date for being enrolled in Graduates and Teachers Constituencies 1st day of November of the year in which the preparation or revision of the electoral rolls is commenced.

Q. 52 How can one get registered/enrolled in the electoral rolls for Legislative Constituencies?

Ans.- For enrolment in electoral roll for Local Authorities Constituencies only ex-officio and nominated members of the Local Authorities in the concerned State are eligible. The application for inclusion can be made in Form 17 to the Electoral Registration Officer. For registration in Graduates and Teachers Constituencies, one has to file the application for the purpose, in prescribed Form 18 or 19 as the case may be, before the ERO/AERO of the constituency within which the place of ordinary residence of the applicant falls. The application accompanied by copies of the relevant documents can be filed in person before the concerned ERO/AERO or sent by post addressed to him.

Q. 53 From where Form 17/18/19 can be obtained?

Ans.- It can be downloaded from the website of Election Commission of India. Forms are also available free of cost in offices of Electoral Registration Officers / Assistant Electoral Registration Officers.

Q. 54 What are the conditions for enrolment in Graduates and Teachers Constituencies?

Ans.- For enrolment in a Graduates' Constituency one should be an ordinarily resident in that Constituency, and should have, for at least three years before the qualifying date (1st November of the year), been either a Graduate of a university in India or in possession of any of the qualification deemed to be equivalent to that of a Graduate of a university in India. For registration in electoral roll for a Teachers' Constituency, one should be ordinarily resident in that Constituency and within the six years immediately before the qualifying date (1st November of the year), for a total period of at least three years, should have been engaged in teaching in any of the educational

institutions notified by the State Government within the State, not lower than in standard than that of a secondary school.

Q. 55 What documents are required to be enclosed with Form 18?

Ans.- The eligible person should apply for enrolment of their names in the prescribed Form-18 along with any of the documents listed below-

- (i) The degree/diploma certificate, in original, issued by the University or Institution concerned or a copy thereof, duly authenticated by the Designated Officer/ Additional Designated Officer/Gazetted Officer of the District concerned.
- (ii) A copy of an entry in the Government record or a certificate issued to a Graduate employee by the Gazetted Head of Offices/Institutes on the basis of entries in Government records in his custody or a copy of an entry in the record of Statutory Bodies, Corporations or Public undertakings specifying the degree, diploma or certificate possessed by the claimant, duly at tested by the Head of the office concerned; or
- (iii) An attested copy of the card of registration as Registered Graduate issued by the University, a certified copy of the relevant entry in the list of Registered Graduates', the Roll of Advocates, the Register of Medical Practitioners, the Register of Chartered Accountants, the Register of Engineers maintained by Institute of Engineers, etc.;or
- (iv) An Affidavit by the claimant, supported by certificate from the Registrar of a University, or the Principal of a College affiliated to university or from the Head of the Department of such College under whom he had studied; or
- (v) The mark sheet, in original, issued by the University or Institution concerned or a copy there of, duly authenticated by the Additional Designated Officer/ Gazetted Officer of the District concerned/Notary Public.

Q. 56 What documents are required to be enclosed with Form 19?

Ans.- Every person applying for enrolment (in Form-19) in Teachers' constituency must submit documentary proof of having been engaged in teaching in any of the specified educational institutions for a total period of at least three years within six years immediately before the qualifying date. Electoral Registration Officer / Assistant Electoral Registration Officer concerned should make such verification of the documentary proof as he considers necessary. A certificate by the Head of the teaching institution should normally be considered adequate documentary proof of possessing that teaching qualification. If any person, who has applied for inclusion of his name in a teachers' constituency, has been engaged in teaching in more than on specified educational institutions in the last six years, the certificate from the Head of institution of each of such educational institution will be required for the period for which he was engaged in teaching in that educational institution.

\*\*\*\*\*





भारत निर्वाचन आयोग  
**ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA**

Nirvachan Sadan, Ashoka Road, New Delhi-110001

*"No voter to be left behind"*